

Experiment 6

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Subject name: ADBMS Subject code: 23CSP-333

1. Problem Description/Aim:

Medium-Problem Title: Gender Diversity Tracking-Create a PostgreSQL stored procedure to track gender diversity in the workforce. The procedure takes a gender as input and returns the total number of employees of that gender, providing HR with instant and secure reporting.

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

- Create a table employees with columns like emp_id,emp_name and gender.
- Insert sample data with varying genders.
- Create a stored procedure 'count_employees_by_gender' that:- Takes a gender as input- Counts the number of employees with that gender.- Returns the result as an OUT parameter.
- Call the procedure in a DO block to capture and display the result.

Sample Output Description:

Input: 'Male'---- Output: 3

Input: 'Female'---- Output: 2-HRsees results instantly without accessing full employee data.

Hard Problem Title: Order Placement and Inventory Management-Automate the ordering process in a retail company. The procedure validates stock availability, logs sales, updates inventory, and provides real-time confirmation or rejection messages.

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

- Create products table with columns: product_id, product_name, price, quantity remaining, quantity sold.
- Create sales table with columns: sale_id, product_id, quantity, total_price, sale date.
- Create a stored procedure place_order that:- Takes product_id and quantity as input.- Checks if quantity_remaining is sufficient.- If yes:- Logs the sale in sales table.- Updates products(decrease quantity_remaining, increase quantity_sold).- Display "Product sold successfully!!".- If no:- Display "Insufficient quantity available!!"
- Call the procedure for different orders to validate functionality.

Sample Output Description: Order 5 units of Smartphone (stock available): "Product sold successfully!"- Order 100 units of Tablet (insufficient stock): "Insufficient Quantity Available!"- Inventory updates automatically for successful orders.

2. Objective: The objective is to automate critical business operations using PostgreSQL stored procedures. For HR, it tracks gender diversity by returning the total count of employees by gender. For retail, it manages orders by validating stock, logging sales, updating inventory, and providing real-time confirmation or rejection messages. This ensures efficiency, accuracy, and real-time insights in both workforce and inventory management.

2. Codes

```
-- Sample data
INSERT INTO employees (emp_name, gender) VALUES
('Tanmay', 'Male'),
('Aniket', 'Female'),
('Jyoti', 'Male'),
('Rohan', 'Female'),
('Keshav', 'Male');
select * from EMPLOYEES;
----CREATING A PROCEDURE----
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE count employees by gender(
  IN input_gender VARCHAR,
      OUT total count int
)
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS $$
BEGIN
  SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total count
  FROM employees
  WHERE gender = input gender;
END;
$$;
---CALLING THE PROCEDURE-----
DO $$
DECLARE
  result INT;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
CALL count_employees_by_gender('Male', result);

RAISE NOTICE 'TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE %', result;

END;
```

\$\$;

```
DO $$
 33
 34
       DECLARE
           result INT;
 35
 36 V BEGIN
           CALL count_employees_by_gender('Male', result);
 37
           RAISE NOTICE 'TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE %', result;
 38
 39
       END;
Data Output Messages Notifications
NOTICE: TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE 3
DO
Query returned successfully in 104 msec.
```

------HARD PROBLEM -----

```
CREATE TABLE products (

product_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,

product_name VARCHAR(100),

price NUMERIC(10,2),

quantity_remaining INT,

quantity_sold INT DEFAULT 0
);
```

INSERT INTO products (product_name, price, quantity_remaining) VALUES

```
('Tablet', 20000, 30),
('Laptop', 60000, 20);
CREATE TABLE sales (
  sale id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  product_id INT REFERENCES products(product_id),
  quantity INT,
  total_price NUMERIC(10,2),
  sale date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE place_order(
  IN p_product_id INT,
  IN p_quantity INT
)
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS $$
DECLARE
  available_stock INT;
  product_price NUMERIC(10,2);
BEGIN
  SELECT quantity_remaining, price
  INTO available_stock, product_price
  FROM products
  WHERE product_id = p_product_id;
  IF available_stock IS NULL THEN
```

```
RAISE NOTICE 'Product ID % does not exist!', p_product_id;
   ELSIF available stock >= p_quantity THEN
     -- LOGGING THE ORDER
     INSERT INTO sales (product id, quantity, total price)
     VALUES (p product id, p quantity, p quantity * product price);
     UPDATE products
     SET quantity remaining = quantity remaining - p quantity,
       quantity sold = quantity sold + p quantity
     WHERE product id = p product id;
  RAISE NOTICE 'Product sold successfully!';
   ELSE
     RAISE NOTICE 'Insufficient Quantity Available!';
   END IF;
 END;
 $$;
 CALL
          PLACE ORDER(2,20);
                                  --PRODUCT
                                                 SOLD
                                                          SUCCESSFULLY
                                                                              AND
 QUANTITY REMAINING COLUMN SET TO -20 AND DATA LOGGED TO SALES TABLE
 SELECT * FROM SALES;
 SELECT * FROM PRODUCTS;
 CALL PLACE ORDER(3,100); --INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY AVAILABLE
```

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Query returned successfully in 158 msec.

