Module 4 Quiz

Quiz, 10 questions

1 point

1.

What is a potential downside of the shown getAndAdd() function, which employs optimistic concurrency in the following code block?

```
1 getAndAdd(int delta) {
2  while (true) {
3    cur = this.get();
4    next = cur + delta;
5    if (this.compareAndSet(cur, next) return cur;
6    }
7 }
```

	A. It may perform many unused	computations
1	A, it illay periorili illariy urlused	Computation

- B. It requires the use of expensive locks.
- C. It may deadlock.
- D. It may livelock.

1 point

2.

Under what circumstances might optimistic concurrency be a good strategy when designing a concurrent algorithm?

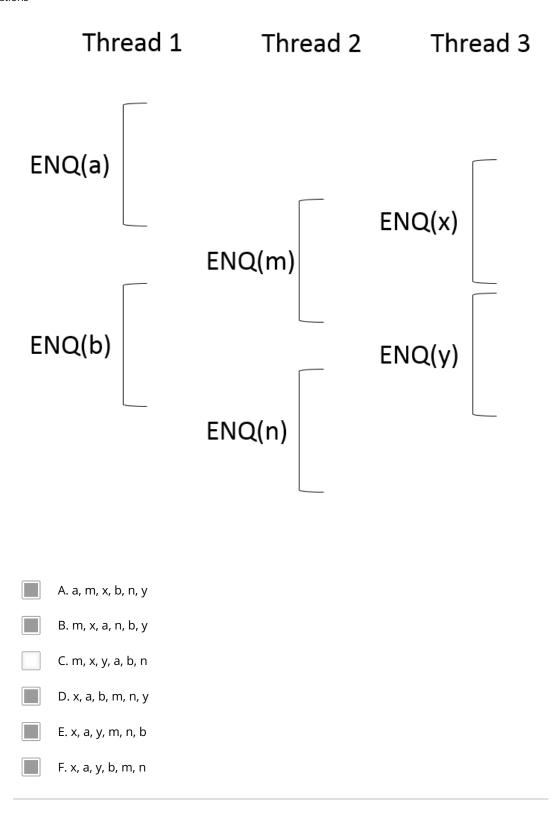
- A. Computation on the shared object is very expensive compared to the overhead of locks.
- B. You expect very low contention.
- C. The optimistically computed operation has side effects.

Module 如何如整riables in an implementation of a sequential queue would need to be handled differently in a concurrent implementation? Quiz, 10 questions

	A. Since not all variables would be part of a data race, only those that would be part of a data race.				
	B. Since all variables would be part of a data race, all variables.				
	C. All variables that are used in an enqueue operation.				
	D. All variables that are used in a dequeue operation.				
	E. None of the above.				
1 poin 4. What's	s the best way to modify TAIL.NEXT in a concurrent implementation of ENQ(X)?				
	A. LOCK(X) { TAIL.NEXT = X }				
	B. ISOLATED(X) {TAIL.NEXT = X }				
	C. TAIL.NEXT.COMPAREANDSET(TAIL, X)				
	D. TAIL.NEXT.COMPAREANDSET(NULL, X)				
	E. Both A and B				
1 poin	nt .				

Module 4 Quiz

Please choose all options that are correct.
Quiz, 10 questions



1 point Consider the scenario where threads T1 and T2 (and no other threads) are attempting to obtain a lock on L1. Which of the following are linearizable orderings of statements executed? Module~4~Quiz

Please choose all options that are correct. Quiz, 10 questions

B. 1) T1 success C. 1) T1 unable D. 1) T1 unable E) 1) T1 success F. 1) T1 unable True True False		
Success C. 1) T1 unable D. 1) T1 unable E) 1) T1 success F. 1) T1 unable 1 point True False	calls L1.lock(). 2) T2 calls L1.lock(). 3) T2 is unable to sfully obtains lock.	obtain lock. 4) T1
Unable D. 1) T1 unable E) 1) T1 success F. 1) T1 unable 1 point True False 1 point	calls L1.lock(). 2) T2 calls L1.lock(). 3) T1 is unable to sfully obtains lock.	obtain lock. 4) T2
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success F. 1) T1 unable 1 point True False 1 point 1 inch of the fo	calls L1.lock(). 2) T2 calls L1.lock(). 3) T2 successfully to obtain lock.	obtains lock. 4) T1 is
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False 1 point nich of the fo		
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	llowing operations are <u>not</u> linearizable?	
A. PUT(illowing operations are not linearizable? all options that are correct.	
B. PUTI		

	E. GET (key)
	E. GET (Rey)
1 poir	nt
	is a possible downside of using locks to transform a sequential MST algorithm into a rrent algorithm?
	A. As our merged tree gets smaller, we have more collisions when using trylock, the reducing performance.
	B. This method may not account for all data races.
	C. It results in a deadlock.
	D. The merging step could result in two processes attempting to merge the same nodes and thus result in a bug.
	E. There would be more code, which would hurt our brains.
1 poir	nt entered to the control of the con
10.	
ls it po	ossible for a minimum spanning tree to have the same total weight as its original grap
	A. Yes
	B. No
	I, Fan Yang , understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in permaner failure of this course or deactivation of my Coursera account.



