Homework Exercise 1

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W203 Statistics for Data Science

Unit 1 Homework

Exercise

Load the dataset found in the file, cars.csv.

```
setwd("C:/Users/K/Desktop/Berkeley/00_Academics/01_2017 Summer/W203 STATS/hw01")
data <- read.csv('cars.csv')
# check the data
head(data)</pre>
```

```
## mpg cyl disp hp drat wt qsec vs am gear carb
## 1 21.0 6 160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0 1 4 4
## 2 21.0 6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0 1 4 4
## 3 22.8 4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1 1 4 1
## 4 21.4 6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0 3 1
## 5 18.7 8 360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0 3 2
## 6 18.1 6 225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0 3 1
```

nrow(data)

[1] 25

?cars

starting httpd help server ...

done

1. What are the variables in the file?

str(data)

```
##
  'data.frame':
                   25 obs. of 11 variables:
   $ mpg : num 21 21 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 ...
   $ cyl : int
                6 6 4 6 8 6 8 4 4 6 ...
   $ disp: num 160 160 108 258 360 ...
##
         : int
               110 110 93 110 175 105 245 62 95 123 ...
   $ drat: num
                3.9 3.9 3.85 3.08 3.15 2.76 3.21 3.69 3.92 3.92 ...
               2.62 2.88 2.32 3.21 3.44 ...
         : num
##
   $ qsec: num
                16.5 17 18.6 19.4 17 ...
                0011010111...
##
         : int
         : int
                11100000000...
   $ gear: int
                4 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 ...
   $ carb: int
               4 4 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 4 ...
```

2. Find the mean, median, minimum, maximum, 1st quartile and 3rd quartile for the mpg variable.

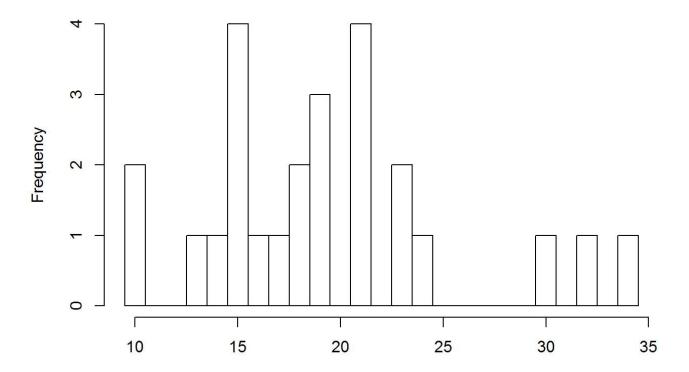
```
summary(data$mpg)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 10.40 15.20 18.70 19.49 21.50 33.90
```

3. Create a histogram of the mpg variable.

```
hist(data$mpg, breaks = 10:35 - 0.5,
main = 'Distribution of Variable "mpg"', xlab = NULL)
```

Distribution of Variable "mpg"



4. What is the standard deviation of mpg variable?

```
std = sd(data$mpg)
std
```

```
## [1] 6.047446
```

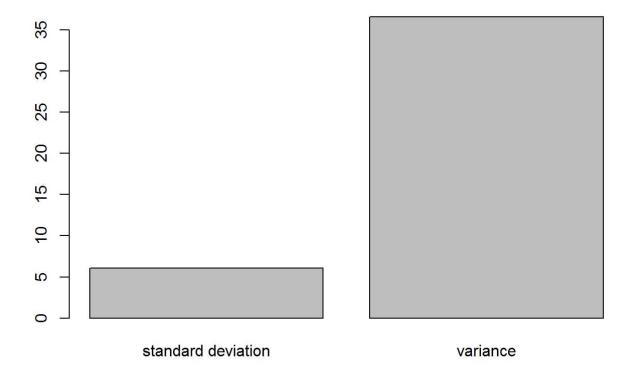
5. What is the variance of mpg variable?

```
variance = var(data$mpg)
variance
```

```
## [1] 36.5716
```

6. What is the relationship of the standard deviation to the variance? Why does the standard deviation and variance of the mpg variable differ?

```
# create a table and compare the values visually
mpg_df <- data.frame(variable=c("standard deviation", "variance"), val = c(std, variance))
barplot(mpg_df$val, names.arg = mpg_df$variable)</pre>
```



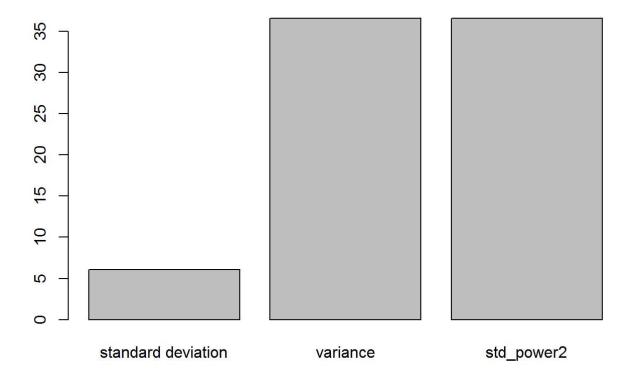
```
# The standard deviation is the square root of the variance by definition.
# Let's check if this is true here.

std_power2 <- std **2
check <- std_power2 == variance
check</pre>
```

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```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# viualize this
new.row1 <- data.frame(variable = "std_power2", val = std_power2)
mpg_df <- rbind(mpg_df, new.row1)
barplot(mpg_df$val, names.arg = mpg_df$variable)</pre>
```



7. How many data points are there for the cyl variable?

```
length(data$cyl)
```

[1] 25

summary(data\$cyl) # note there is two NAs

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## 4.000 4.000 6.000 6.261 8.000 8.000 2
```

8. What is the mean of the cyl variable?

```
mean(data$cyl, na.rm=T)
```

[1] 6.26087