Statistics for Data Science Unit 5 Homework: Joint Distributions

September 27, 2016

1. Unladen Swallows

In the async lecture, we built a model consisting of two random variables: Let W represent the wingspan of a swallow, and V represents the velocity.

We assume W has a normal distribution with mean 10 and standard deviation 4.

We assume that $V = 0.5 \cdot W + U$, where U is a random variable (which we might call error). We assume that U has a standard normal distribution and is independent of W.

Using properties of variance and covariance, derive each element of the variance-covariance matrix for W and V.

2. Broken Rulers

You have a ruler of length 1 and you choose a place to break it using a uniform probability distribution. Let random variable X represent the length of the left piece of the ruler. X is distributed uniformly in [0,1]. You take the left piece of the ruler and once again choose a place to break it using a uniform probability distribution. Let random variable Y be the length of the left piece from the second break.

- (a) Find the conditional expectation of Y given X, E(Y|X).
- (b) Find the unconditional expectation of Y. One way to do this is to apply the law of iterated expectations, which states that E(Y) = E(E(Y|X)). The inner expectation is the conditional expectation computed above, which is a function of X. The outer expectation finds the expected value of this function.
- (c) Compute E(XY). Hint: if you take an expectation conditional on a value of X, X is just a constant inside the expectation. This means that E(XY|X) = XE(Y|X)
- (d) Using the previous results, compute cov(X, Y).

3. Great Time to Watch Async

Suppose your waiting time in minutes for the Caltrain in the morning is uniformly distributed on [0, 5], whereas waiting time in the evening is uniformly distributed on [0, 10]. Each waiting time is independent of all other waiting times.

- (a) If you take the Caltrain each morning and each evening for 5 days in a row, what is your total expected waiting time?
- (b) What is the variance of your total waiting time?

- (c) What is the expected value of the difference between the total evening waiting time and the total morning waiting time over all 5 days?
- (d) What is the variance of the difference between the total evening waiting time and the total morning waiting time over all 5 days?

4. Maximizing Correlation

Show that if Y = aX + b where X and Y are random variables and $a \neq 0$, corr(X, Y) = -1 or +1.

5. Optional Challenge Problem: Working with Poisson Variables

A Poisson random variable M is a discrete random variable with probability mass function given by

$$P_M(m) = \frac{\alpha^m}{m!} e^{-\alpha}, m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Where α is a parameter.

Let N be another random variable that, conditional on M = m, is equally likely to take on any value in the set 0, 1, 2, ..., m

- Find the joint PMF of M and N
- Find the marginal PMF of N, $P_N(n)$
- \bullet Explain the significance of N in terms of a Poisson process.