

How Can a Wellness Technology Company Play It Smart? - Bellabeat

Ask

Characters and products

• Stakeholders

○ Urška Sršen: Bellabeat's cofounder and Chief Creative Officer
○ Sando Mur: Mathematician and Bellabeat's cofounder; key member of the Bellabeat executive team
○ Bellabeat marketing analytics team

• About Bellabeat Products

1. Bellabeat app: The Bellabeat app provides users with health data related to their activity, sleep, stress, menstrual cycle, and mindfulness habits. This data can help users better understand their current habits and make healthy decisions. The Bellabeat app connects to their line of smart wellness products.
2. Leaf: Bellabeat's classic wellness tracker can be worn as a bracelet, necklace, or clip. The Leaf tracker connects to the Bellabeat app to track activity, sleep, and stress.
3. Time: This wellness watch combines the timeless look of a classic timepiece with smart technology to track user activity, sleep, and stress. The Time watch connects to the Bellabeat app to provide you with insights into your daily wellness.
4. Spring: This is a water bottle that tracks daily water intake using smart technology to ensure that you are appropriately hydrated throughout the day. The Spring bottle connects to the Bellabeat app to track your hydration levels.
5. Bellabeat membership: Bellabeat also offers a subscription-based membership program for users. Membership gives users 24/7 access to fully personalized guidance on nutrition, activity, sleep, health and beauty, and mindfulness based on their lifestyle and goals.

About the company

Urška Sršen and Sando Mur founded Bellabeat, a high-tech company that manufactures health-focused smart products. Sršen used her background as an artist to develop beautifully designed technology that informs and inspires women around the world. Collecting data on activity, sleep, stress, and reproductive health has allowed Bellabeat to empower women with knowledge about their own health and habits. Since it was founded in 2013, Bellabeat has grown rapidly and quickly positioned itself as a tech-driven wellness company for women.

By 2016, Bellabeat had opened offices around the world and launched multiple products. Bellabeat products became available through a growing number of online retailers in addition to their own e-commerce channel on their website. The company has invested in

traditional advertising media, such as radio, out-of-home billboards, print, and television, but focuses on digital marketing extensively. Bellabeat invests year-round in Google Search, maintaining active Facebook and Instagram pages, and consistently engages consumers on Twitter. Additionally, Bellabeat runs video ads on Youtube and display ads on the Google Display Network to support campaigns around key marketing dates.

Sršen knows that an analysis of Bellabeat's available consumer data would reveal more opportunities for growth. She has asked the marketing analytics team to focus on a Bellabeat product and analyze smart device usage data in order to gain insight into how people are already using their smart devices. Then, using this information, she would like high-level recommendations for how these trends can inform Bellabeat marketing strategy.

Business task

1. kaggle datasets download -d arashnic/fitbit

Process

Data source: <https://www.kaggle.com/arashnic/fitbit>

Installing and loading needed packages and libraries

```
## — Attaching packages —
tidyverse 1.3.1 —

## ✓ ggplot2 3.3.6      ✓ purrr 0.3.4
## ✓ tibble 3.1.7      ✓ dplyr 1.0.9
## ✓ tidyr 1.2.0       ✓ stringr 1.4.0
## ✓ readr 2.1.2       ✓ forcats 0.5.1

## — Conflicts —
tidyverse_conflicts() —
## ✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✖ dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

Importing the datasets

```
## Rows: 940 Columns: 15
## — Column specification
##
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityDate
## dbl (14): Id, TotalSteps, TotalDistance, TrackerDistance,
LoggedActivitiesDi...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 940 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
##
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityDay
```

```

## dbl (2): Id, Calories
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 940 Columns: 10
## — Column specification

```

```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityDay
## dbl (9): Id, SedentaryMinutes, LightlyActiveMinutes, FairlyActiveMinutes,
Ve...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 940 Columns: 3
## — Column specification

```

```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityDay
## dbl (2): Id, StepTotal
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 2483658 Columns: 3
## — Column specification

```

```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): Time
## dbl (2): Id, Value
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 22099 Columns: 3
## — Column specification

```

```

## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityHour
## dbl (2): Id, Calories
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 22099 Columns: 4
## — Column specification

```

```

## Delimiter: ","

```

```
## chr (1): ActivityHour
## dbl (3): Id, TotalIntensity, AverageIntensity
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 22099 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityHour
## dbl (2): Id, StepTotal
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 1325580 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityMinute
## dbl (2): Id, Calories
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 1325580 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityMinute
## dbl (2): Id, Intensity
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 1325580 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ActivityMinute
## dbl (2): Id, Steps
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 1325580 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
```

```
## chr (1): ActivityMinute
## dbl (2): Id, METs
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 188521 Columns: 4
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): date
## dbl (3): Id, value, logId
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 413 Columns: 5
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): SleepDay
## dbl (4): Id, TotalSleepRecords, TotalMinutesAsleep, TotalTimeInBed
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
## Rows: 67 Columns: 8
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): Date
## dbl (6): Id, WeightKg, WeightPounds, Fat, BMI, LogId
## lgl (1): IsManualReport
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this
message.
```

```
sleepDay <-
  read_csv("C:/Users/Koyenikan Arinola/Desktop/New
folder/Fitabase_data/sleepDay_merged.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 413 Columns: 5
## — Column specification
```

```
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): SleepDay
## dbl (4): Id, TotalSleepRecords, TotalMinutesAsleep, TotalTimeInBed
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
```

```
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

Data summary

Name	hourlysteps
Number of rows	22099
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityHour	0	1	19	21	0	736	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v variable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8482 35e+09	2.422 5e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
StepTotal	0	1	3.2017 00e+02	6.903 8e+02	0	0	40	357	10554

```
## [1] 33
```

Data summary

Name	hourlyCalories
Number of rows	22099
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityHour	0	1	19	21	0	736	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v variable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8482 35e+09	2.422 5e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
Calorie s	0	1	9.7390 00e+01	6.070 0e+01	42	63	83	108	948

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	hourlyintensities
Number of rows	22099
Number of columns	4

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	3

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityHour	0	1	16	18	0	736	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_var iable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8482 35e+09	2.422 5e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	4.4451 15e+09	6.9621 81e+09	88776 89391
TotalInte nsity	0	1	1.2040 00e+01	2.113 0e+01	0	0	3.0000 00e+00	1.6000 00e+01	180
AverageI ntensity	0	1	2.0000 00e-01	3.500 0e-01	0	0	5.0000 00e-02	2.7000 00e-01	3

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	hourlyCalories
Number of rows	22099
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityHour	0	1	19	21	0	736	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v ariable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8482 35e+09	2.422 5e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
Calorie s	0	1	9.7390 00e+01	6.070 0e+01	42	63	83	108	948

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	heartrate_seconds
Number of rows	2483658
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
Time	0	1	19	21	0	961274	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	5.513765e+09	1950223761.0	2022484408	4388161847	5553957443	6962181067	8877689391
Value	0	1	7.733000e+01	19.4	36	63	73	88	203

[1] 14

Data summary

Name dailyActivity
Number of rows 940
Number of columns 15

Column type frequency:

character 1
numeric 14

Group variables None**Variable type: character**

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityDate	0	1	8	9	0	31	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.855407e+09	2.424805e+09	15039603	2.320127e+09	4.445115e+09	6.962181e+09	8.877689e+09
TotalSteps	0	1	7.637910e+03	5.087150e+03	0	3.789750e+03	7.405500e+03	1.072700e+04	3.601900e+04
TotalDistance	0	1	5.490000e+00	3.920000e+00	0	2.620000e+00	5.240000e+00	7.710000e+00	2.803000e+01

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
TrackerDistance	0	1	5.4800 00e+0 0	3.9100 00e+0 0	0	2.6200 00e+0 0	5.2400 00e+0 0	7.7100 00e+0 0	2.8030 00e+0 1
LoggedActivitiesDistance	0	1	1.1000 00e-0 1	6.2000 00e-0 1	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	0.0000 00e+0 0	0.0000 00e+0 0	4.9400 00e+0 0
VeryActiveDistance	0	1	1.5000 00e+0 0	2.6600 00e+0 0	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	2.1000 00e-0 1	2.0500 00e+0 0	2.1920 00e+0 1
ModeratelyActiveDistance	0	1	5.7000 00e-0 1	8.8000 00e-0 1	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	2.4000 00e-0 1	8.0000 00e-0 1	6.4800 00e+0 0
LightActiveDistance	0	1	3.3400 00e+0 0	2.0400 00e+0 0	0	1.9500 00e+0 0	3.3600 00e+0 0	4.7800 00e+0 0	1.0710 00e+0 1
SedentaryActiveDistance	0	1	0.0000 00e+0 0	1.0000 00e-0 2	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	0.0000 00e+0 0	0.0000 00e+0 0	1.1000 00e-0 1
VeryActiveMinutes	0	1	2.1160 00e+0 1	3.2840 00e+0 1	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	4.0000 00e+0 0	3.2000 00e+0 1	2.1000 00e+0 2
FairlyActiveMinutes	0	1	1.3560 00e+0 1	1.9990 00e+0 1	0	0.0000 00e+0 0	6.0000 00e+0 0	1.9000 00e+0 1	1.4300 00e+0 2
LightlyActiveMinutes	0	1	1.9281 00e+0 2	1.0917 00e+0 2	0	1.2700 00e+0 2	1.9900 00e+0 2	2.6400 00e+0 2	5.1800 00e+0 2
SedentaryMinutes	0	1	9.9121 00e+0 2	3.0127 00e+0 2	0	7.2975 00e+0 2	1.0575 00e+0 3	1.2295 00e+0 3	1.4400 00e+0 3
Calories	0	1	2.3036 10e+0 3	7.1817 00e+0 2	0	1.8285 00e+0 3	2.1340 00e+0 3	2.7932 50e+0 3	4.9000 00e+0 3

```
## [1] 33
```

Data summary

Name	dailyCalories
Number of rows	940
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityDay	0	1	8	9	0	31	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v ariable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8554 07e+09	2.4248 05e+09	15039 60366	232012 7002.0	44451 14986	6.9621 81e+09	88776 89391
Calorie s	0	1	2.3036 10e+03	7.1817 00e+02	0	1828.5	2134	2.7932 50e+03	4900

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	dailyIntensities
Number of rows	940
Number of columns	10

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	9

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityDay	0	1	8	9	0	31	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.855407e+09	2.424805e+09	1503960366	2.320127e+09	4.445115e+09	6.962181e+09	8.877689e+09
SedentaryMinutes	0	1	9.912100e+02	3.012700e+02	0	7.297500e+02	1.057500e+03	1.229500e+03	1.440000e+03
LightlyActiveMinutes	0	1	1.928100e+02	1.091700e+02	0	1.270000e+02	1.990000e+02	2.640000e+02	5.180000e+02
FairlyActiveMinutes	0	1	1.356000e+01	1.999000e+01	0	0.000000e+00	6.000000e+00	1.900000e+01	1.430000e+02
VeryActiveMinutes	0	1	2.116000e+01	3.284000e+01	0	0.000000e+00	4.000000e+00	3.200000e+01	2.100000e+02
SedentaryActiveDistance	0	1	0.000000e+00	1.000000e-02	0	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	1.100000e-01
LightActiveDistance	0	1	3.340000e+00	2.040000e+00	0	1.950000e+00	3.360000e+00	4.780000e+00	1.071000e+01
ModeratelyActiveDistance	0	1	5.700000e-01	8.800000e-01	0	0.000000e+00	2.400000e-01	8.000000e-01	6.480000e+00
VeryActiveDistance	0	1	1.500000e+00	2.660000e+00	0	0.000000e+00	2.100000e-01	2.050000e+00	2.192000e+00

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	minuteCaloriesNarrow
Number of rows	1325580
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityMinute	0	1	19	21	0	44160	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v ariable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8478 98e+09	2.4223 13e+09	15039 60366	2.3201 27e+09	4.4451 15e+09	6.9621 81e+09	8.8776 89e+09
Calorie s	0	1	1.6200 00e+00	1.4100 00e+00	0	9.4000 00e-01	1.2200 00e+00	1.4300 00e+00	1.9750 00e+01

[1] 33

Data summary

Name	minuteIntensitiesNarrow
Number of rows	1325580
Number of columns	3

Column type frequency:

character	1
numeric	2

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityMinute	0	1	19	21	0	44160	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v ariable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	484789 7691.9	2.4223 13e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
Intensi ty	0	1	0.2	5.2000 00e-01	0	0	0	0	3

[1] 33

Data summary

Name minuteStepsNarrow
Number of rows 1325580
Number of columns 3

Column type frequency:

character 1
numeric 2

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityMinute	0	1	19	21	0	44160	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v variable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8478 98e+09	2.4223 13e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
Steps	0	1	5.3400 00e+00	1.8130 00e+01	0	0	0	0	220

[1] 33

Data summary

Name minuteMETsNarrow
Number of rows 1325580
Number of columns 3

Column type frequency:

character 1
numeric 2

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
ActivityMinute	0	1	19	21	0	44160	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_v ariable	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	4.8478 98e+09	2.4223 13e+09	15039 60366	23201 27002	44451 14986	69621 81067	88776 89391
METs	0	1	1.4690 00e+01	1.2060 00e+01	0	10	10	11	157

[1] 33

Data summary

Name sleepDay
 Number of rows 413
 Number of columns 5

Column type frequency:

character 1
 numeric 4

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
SleepDay	0	1	20	21	0	31	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_vari able	n_mi ssing	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1	5.0009 79e+09	2.0603 6e+09	15039 60366	39773 33714	47029 21684	69621 81067	87920 09665
TotalSleep Records	0	1	1.1200 00e+00	3.5000 0e-01	1	1	1	1	3
TotalMinu tesAsleep	0	1	4.1947 00e+02	1.1834 0e+02	58	361	433	490	796
TotalTime InBed	0	1	4.5864 00e+02	1.2710 0e+02	61	403	463	526	961

[1] 24

Data summary

Name weightLoginfo

Number of rows 67
Number of columns 8

Column type frequency:

character 1
logical 1
numeric 6

Group variables None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
Date	0	1	19	21	0	56	0

Variable type: logical

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	count
IsManualReport	0	1	0.61	TRU: 41, FAL: 26

Variable type: numeric

skim_v variable	n_mi ssin g	comple te_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
Id	0	1.00	7.0092 82e+0 9	1.9503 22e+0 9	1.5039 60e+0 9	6.9621 81e+0 9	6.9621 81e+0 9	8.8776 89e+0 9	8.8776 89e+0 9
Weight Kg	0	1.00	7.2040 00e+0 1	1.3920 00e+0 1	5.2600 00e+0 1	6.1400 00e+0 1	6.2500 00e+0 1	8.5050 00e+0 1	1.3350 00e+0 2
Weight Pounds	0	1.00	1.5881 00e+0 2	3.0700 00e+0 1	1.1596 00e+0 2	1.3536 00e+0 2	1.3779 00e+0 2	1.8750 00e+0 2	2.9432 00e+0 2
Fat	65	0.03	2.3500 00e+0 1	2.1200 00e+0 0	2.2000 00e+0 1	2.2750 00e+0 1	2.3500 00e+0 1	2.4250 00e+0 1	2.5000 00e+0 1
BMI	0	1.00	2.5190 00e+0 1	3.0700 00e+0 0	2.1450 00e+0 1	2.3960 00e+0 1	2.4390 00e+0 1	2.5560 00e+0 1	4.7540 00e+0 1
LogId	0	1.00	1.4617 72e+1 2	7.8299 48e+0 8	1.4604 44e+1 2	1.4610 79e+1 2	1.4618 02e+1 2	1.4623 75e+1 2	1.4630 98e+1 2


```
## [1] 8
```

Datasets needed for the analysis are:

hourlySteps, hourlyCalories, hourlyIntensities, Dailyactivity, sleepDay. This is because there are 33 and 24 distinct user's activities to analyze and the goal of this analysis to check for activities by hour and day. weightloginfo and heartrate datasets have 8 and 14 distinct users inputs which is not enough for inference

Preparing the datasets and creating data frames

```
hourlycalories <- hourlyCalories%>%arrange(Id)#For uniform order
```

```
hourlysteps
```

```
## # A tibble: 22,099 × 3
##       Id ActivityHour      StepTotal
##   <dbl> <chr>          <dbl>
## 1 1503960366 4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM      373
## 2 1503960366 4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM      160
## 3 1503960366 4/12/2016 2:00:00 AM      151
## 4 1503960366 4/12/2016 3:00:00 AM         0
## 5 1503960366 4/12/2016 4:00:00 AM         0
## 6 1503960366 4/12/2016 5:00:00 AM         0
## 7 1503960366 4/12/2016 6:00:00 AM         0
## 8 1503960366 4/12/2016 7:00:00 AM         0
## 9 1503960366 4/12/2016 8:00:00 AM      250
## 10 1503960366 4/12/2016 9:00:00 AM     1864
## # ... with 22,089 more rows
```

```
hourlyActivity_df <-
data.frame(hourlyintensities, total_calories=hourlycalories$Calories,
           Total_Steps= hourlysteps$StepTotal)
```

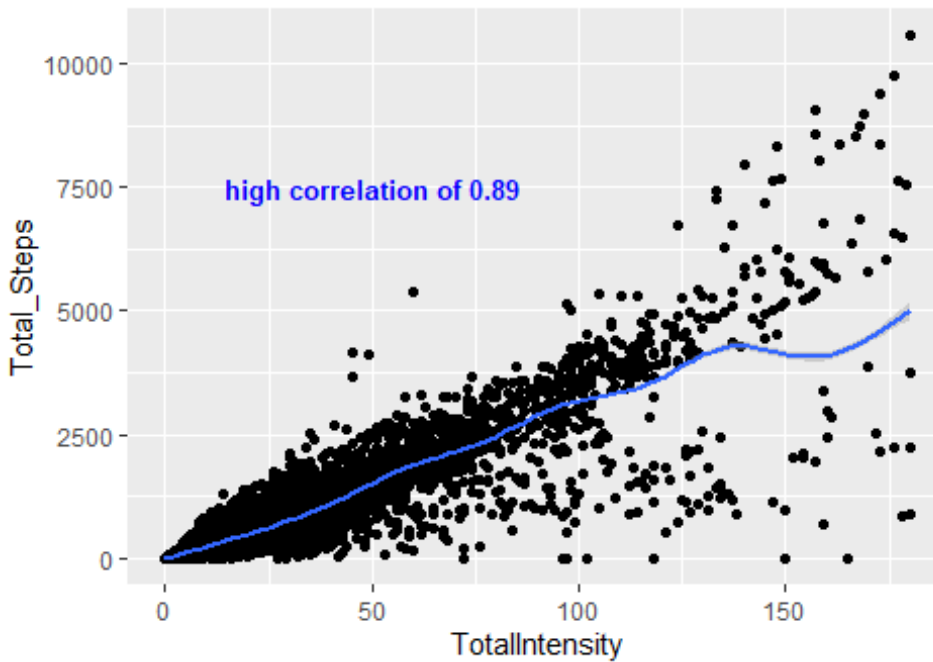
```
hourlyActivity_df_sep<-hourlyActivity_df%>%
  separate(col=ActivityHour,into = c('the_date', 'the_time'),sep=" ")
```

Analyse

Checking for correlation between User's Intensity, Steps, Calories

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'
```

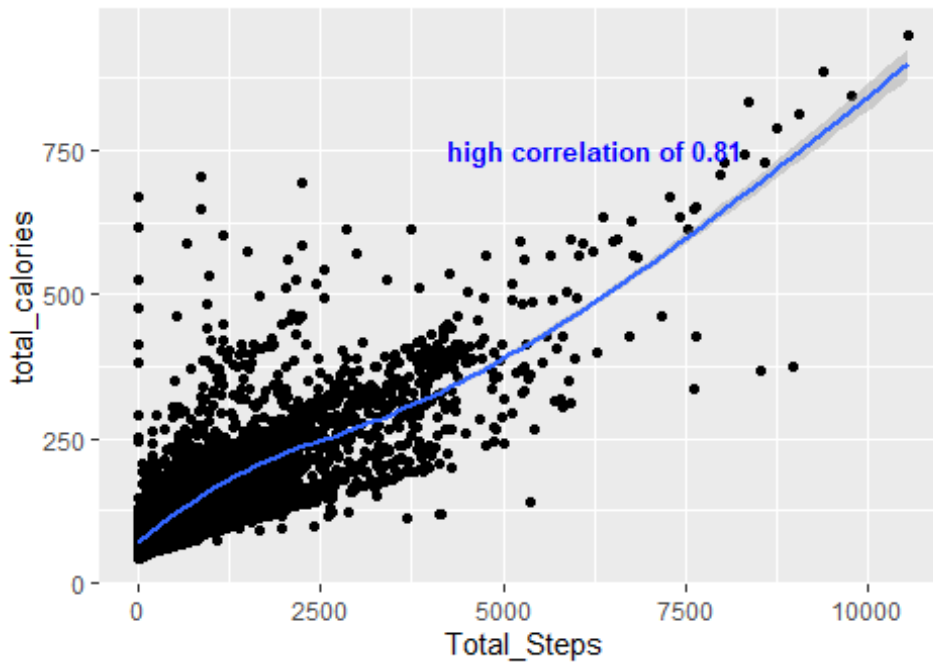
Total_Steps vs Total_Intensity



```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: hourlyActivity_df_sep$TotalIntensity and
hourlyActivity_df_sep$Total_Steps
## t = 299.91, df = 22097, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.8933518 0.8985529
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.895983

## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'
```

Total_calories vs Total_Intensity

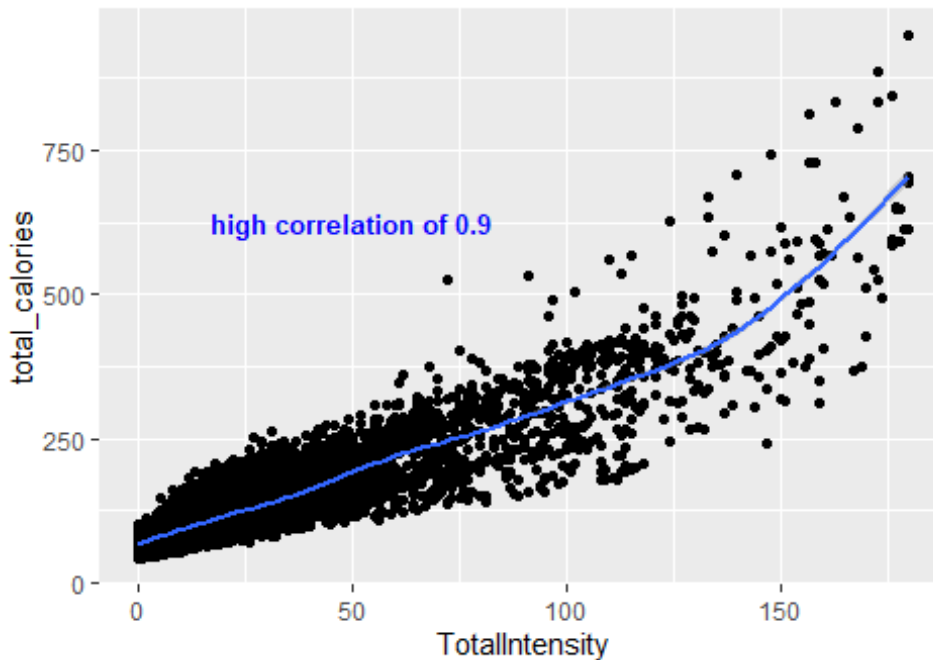


```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: hourlyActivity_df_sep$Total_Steps and
hourlyActivity_df_sep$total_calories
## t = 209.05, df = 22097, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.8104921 0.8193486
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.814968
```

The plot shows a linear relationship between Total_steps and Total_calories burnt. Alerting Users on their total steps taken at intervals and Introducing challenges that helps in taking more steps would help users interested in burning more calories, which will result to happier users.

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'
```

Total_calories vs Total_Intensity

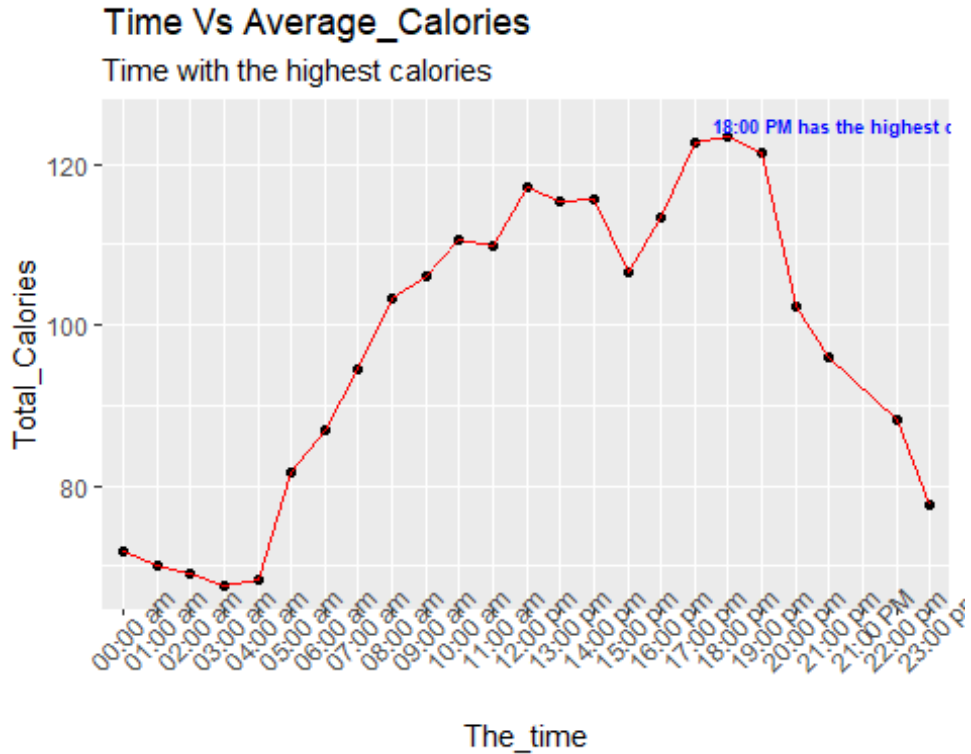
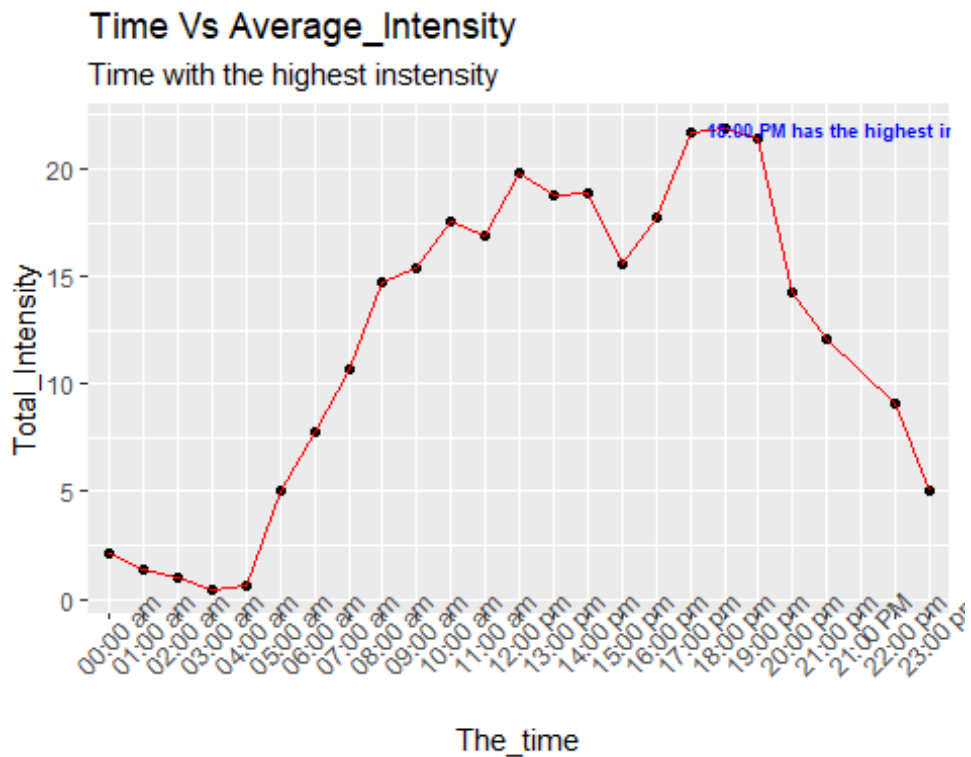


```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: hourlyActivity_df_sep$TotalIntensity and
hourlyActivity_df_sep$total_calories
## t = 300.99, df = 22097, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.8939999 0.8991711
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.8966161
```

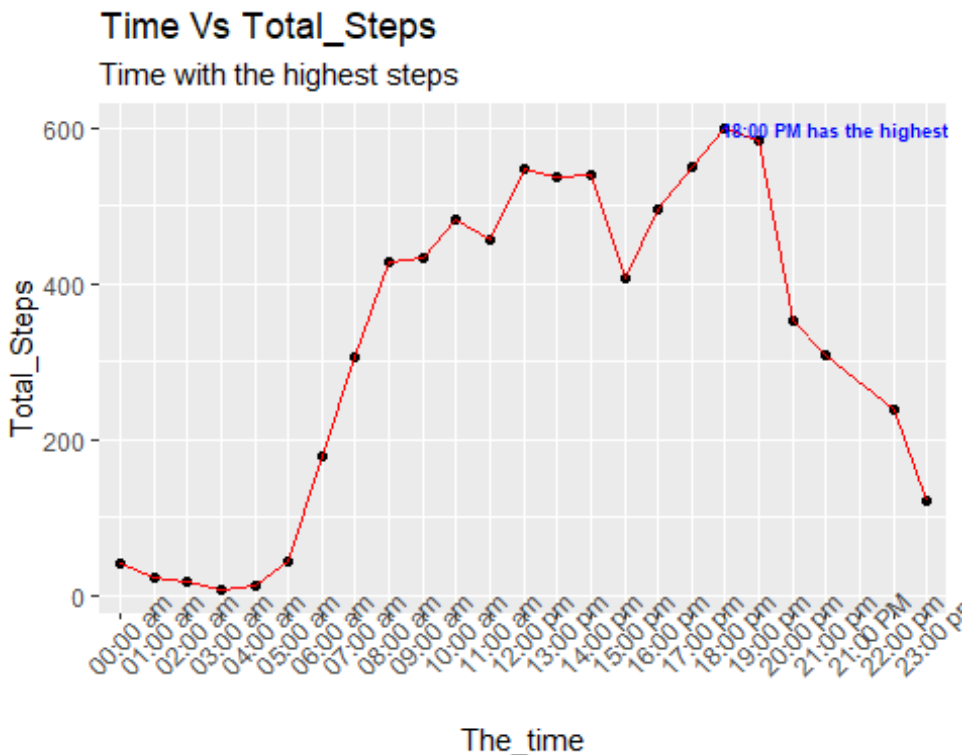
The plot shows a positive linear relationship between Total_intensity and Total_calories burnt. Introducing workout challenges would help users interested in burning more calories. ### Checking the for the most active hour of the day

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'The_time'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

Checking for the time with the highest intensities and calories burnt



Checking for the time with the most steps



The graph shows that there are more Activities going at 18:00 PM, 17:00 PM and 17:00 PM respectively and little or no activity at 2:00 AM, 3:00 AM and 1:00 AM. Creating a schedule reminder or alerting Users in the evening on steps or intensity would help create a routine which results to healthy habits.

Checking the for the daily trend

```
## Warning: Expected 2 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 940 rows
[1, 2,
## 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, ...].

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Date'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

The plots above shows a slight decrease in users activities, creating reminders and challenges would help Users stay consistent.

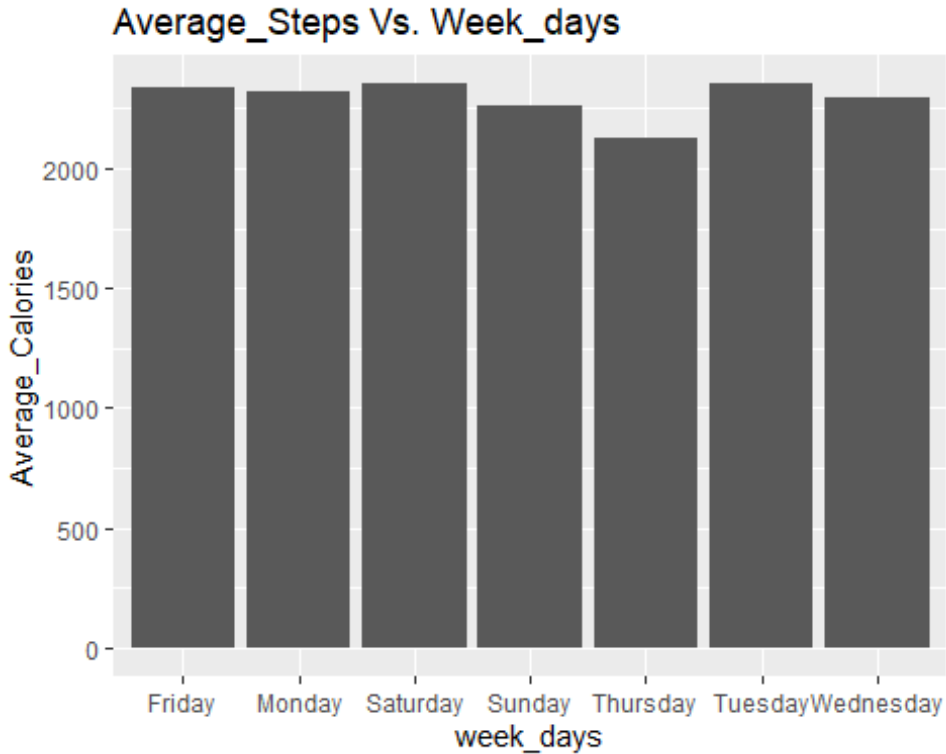
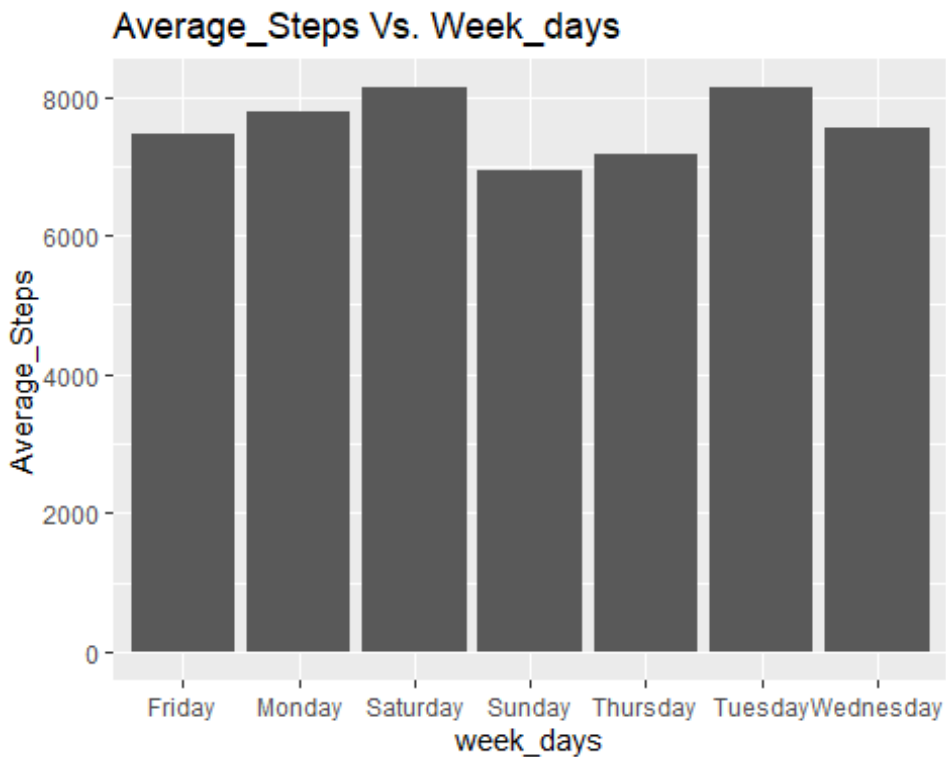
Checking for activites by days of the week

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'week_days'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.

## # A tibble: 7 × 3
## # Groups:   week_days [7]
##   week_days Average_Calories Average_Steps
##   <chr>           <dbl>         <dbl>
```

## 1 Saturday	2353.	8131
## 2 Tuesday	2353.	8126.
## 3 Monday	2324.	7782
## 4 Wednesday	2297.	7545.
## 5 Friday	2333.	7449.
## 6 Thursday	2130.	7159.
## 7 Sunday	2264.	6937.

Users on an average are more active on Saturdays and tuesdays and least active of Sundays

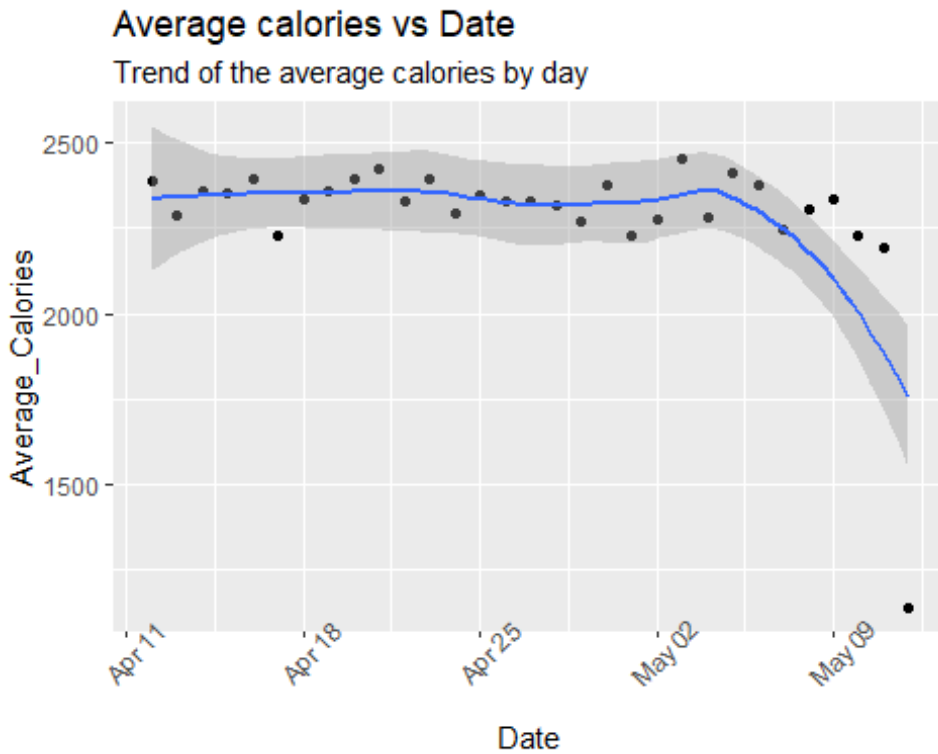


The plots above shows the highest Average steps and Calories in days of the week. Creating a schedule

reminder or alerting Users on the Saturdays or Tuesdays or days the would be available would help create a weekly routine which results to healthy habits.

there's a Slight decrease in average calories taken by day

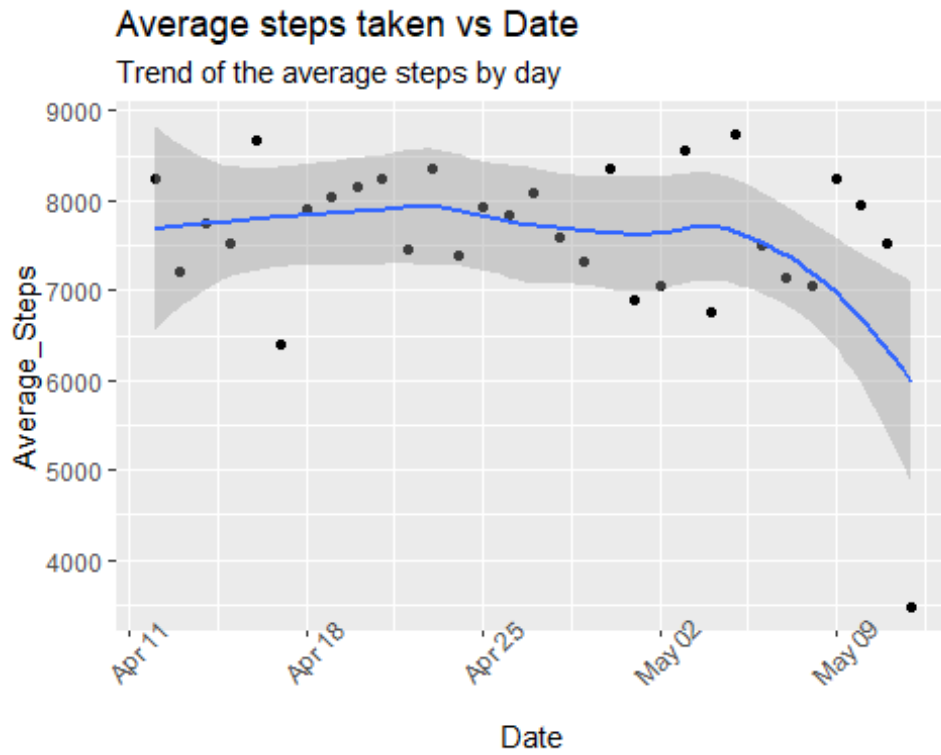
```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



there's a

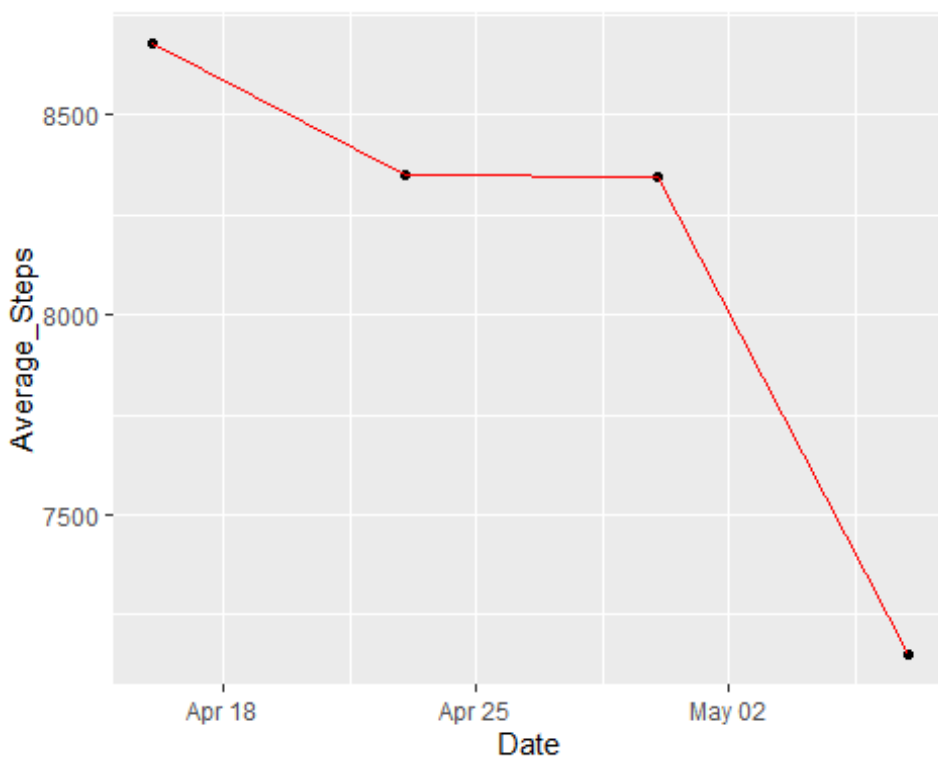
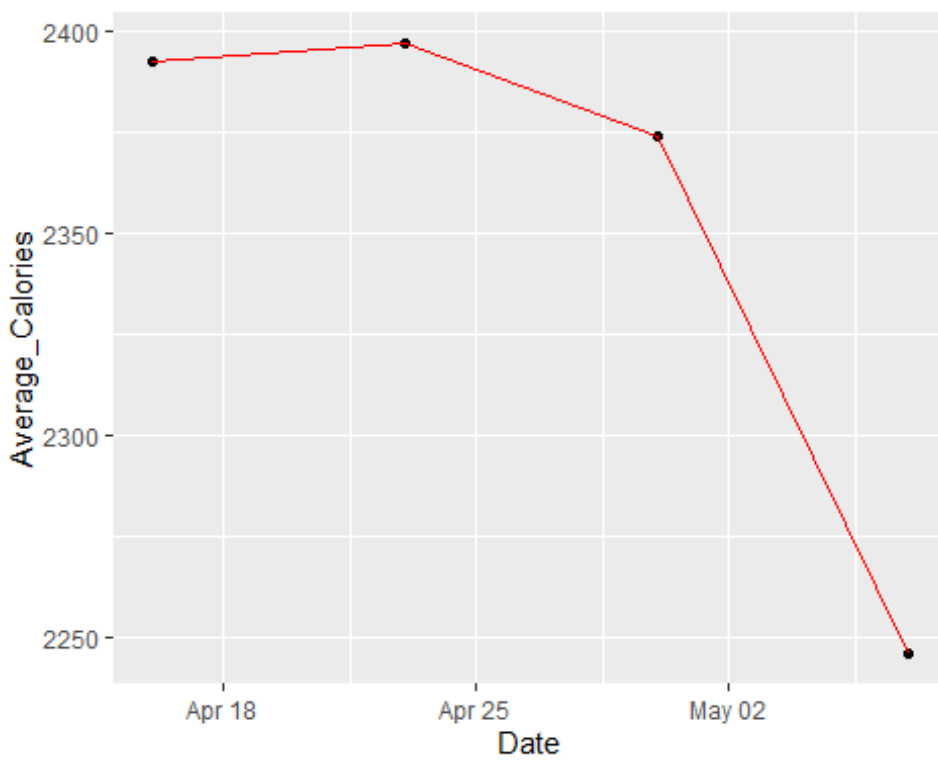
Slight decrease in average steps taken by day

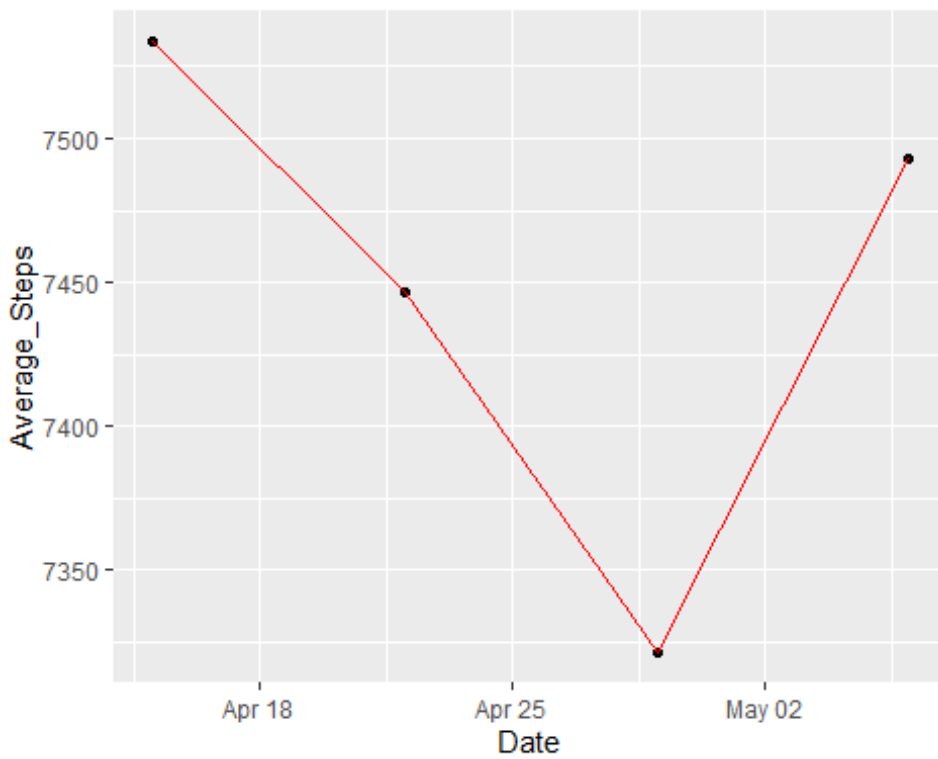
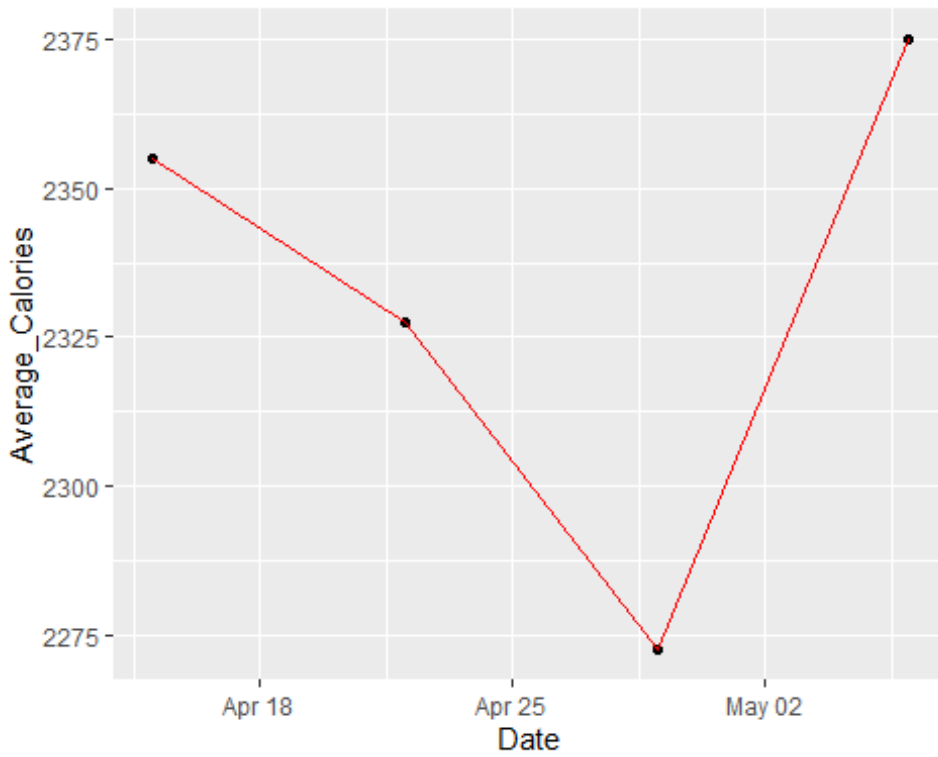
```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



decline by day filtering saturdays and tuesdays

Verifying the





From the Plots above, there's a decline on Saturdays but inconsistent variation on Tuesdays

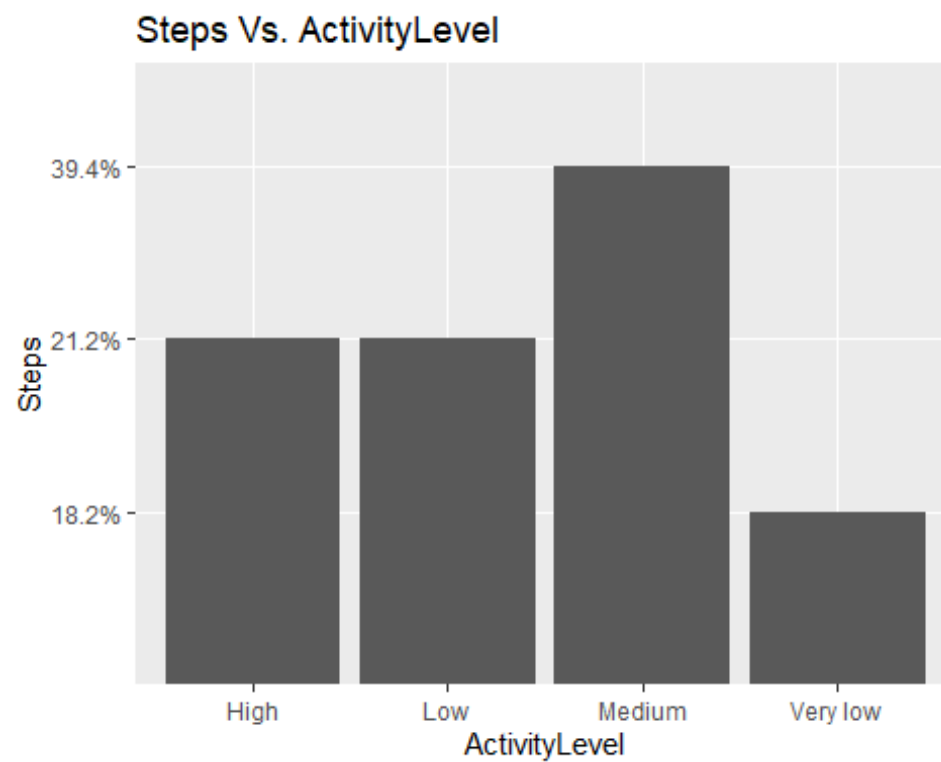
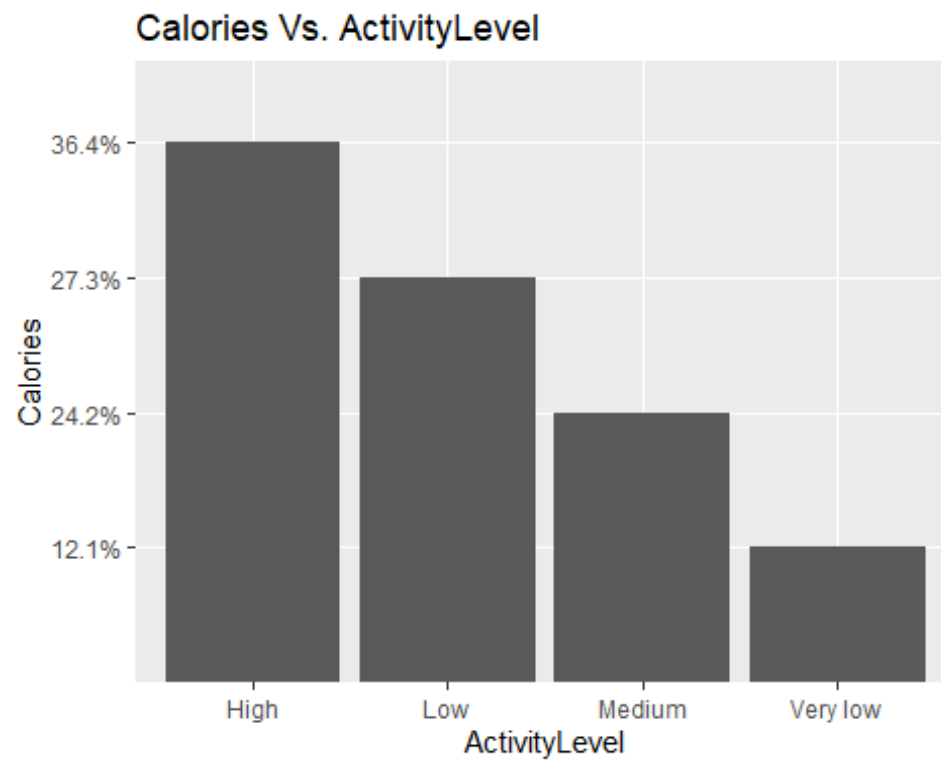
Checking for the general percentage of Users' activities based on levels:

The average calories and steps by day representation

```
##   UserActivity_info1 UserActivity_infoCalories UserActivity_infoSteps
## 1      ActivityLevel           Calories           Calories
## 2              High      Above 2700      Above 10000
## 3              Low    between 1600 and 2000  between 4000 and 7000
## 4             Medium    between 2000 and 2700  between 7000 and 10000
## 5      Very Low      less than 1600      less than 4000

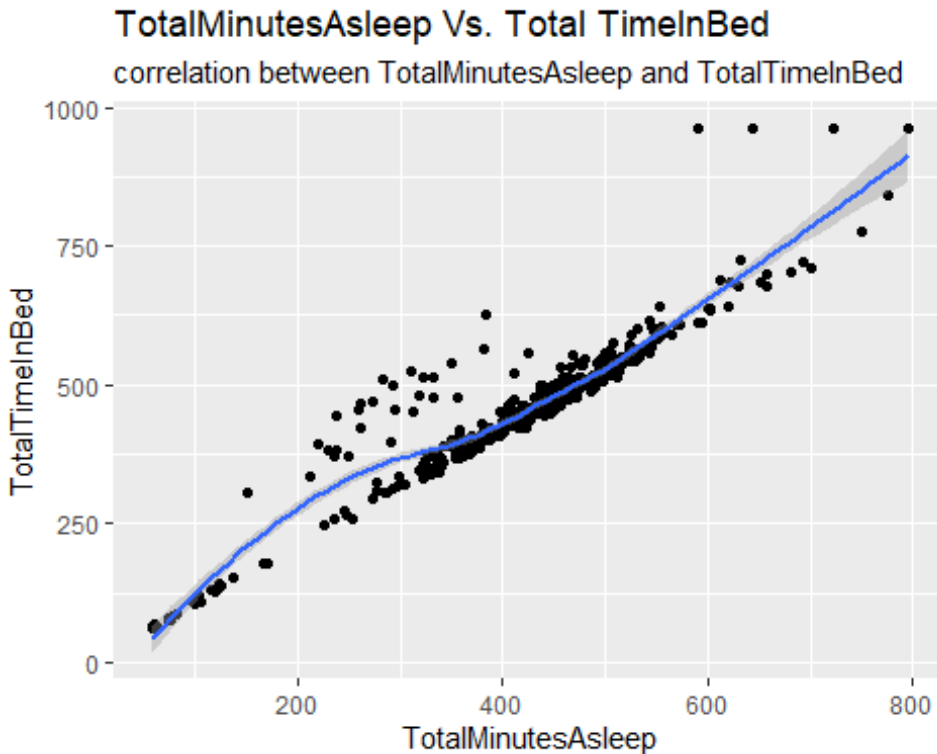
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Id'. You can override using the
## `.groups`
## argument.
```

Summary of user's average activity by day



Checking correlation between users and Total minutes as sleep

```
ggplot(data=sleepDay, aes(x=TotalMinutesAsleep, y=TotalTimeInBed)) +  
  geom_point()+geom_smooth()+  
  labs(title = "TotalMinutesAsleep Vs. Total TimeInBed", subtitle =  
    "correlation between TotalMinutesAsleep and TotalTimeInBed")  
  
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
cor(sleepDay$TotalMinutesAsleep, sleepDay$TotalTimeInBed)  
  
## [1] 0.9304575
```

The above shows a strong relationship and high correlation between Total time in bed and total minutes asleep

Relation ship between total minutes asleep and total sleep record

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'  
  
## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =  
## parametric, : at 0.99  
  
## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =  
## parametric, : radius 0.0001  
  
## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =  
## parametric, : all data on boundary of neighborhood. make span bigger
```

```
## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =
## parametric, : pseudoinverse used at 0.99

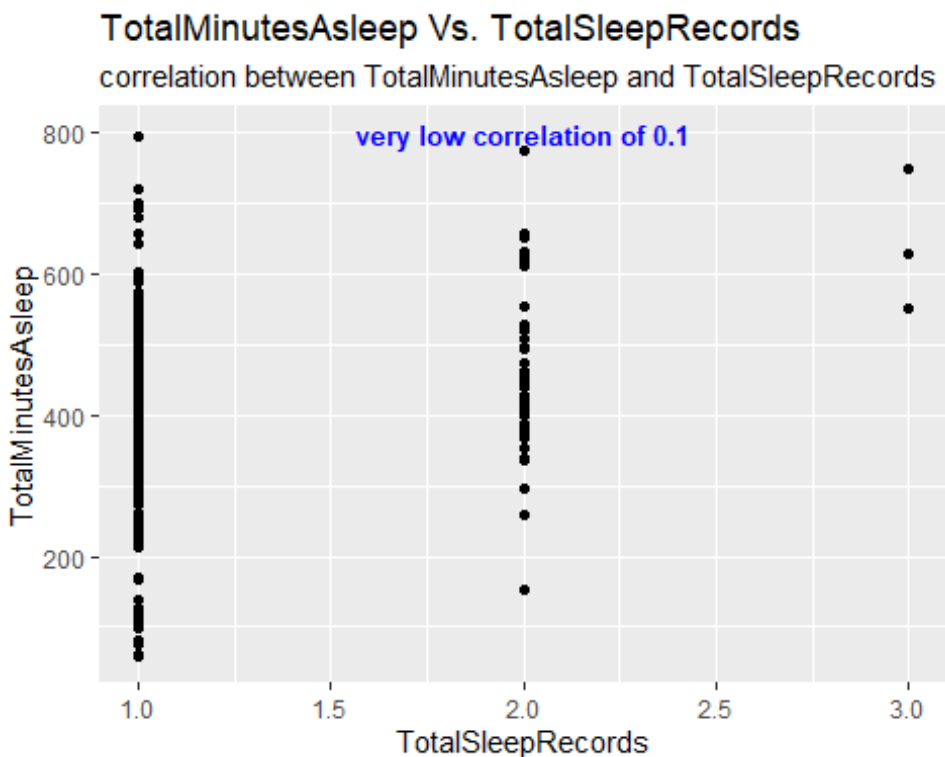
## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =
## parametric, : neighborhood radius 0.01

## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =
## parametric, : reciprocal condition number 1

## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =
## parametric, : There are other near singularities as well. 4.0401

## Warning in simpleLoess(y, x, w, span, degree = degree, parametric =
## parametric, : zero-width neighborhood. make span bigger

## Warning: Computation failed in `stat_smooth()`:
## NA/NaN/Inf in foreign function call (arg 5)
```



```
## [1] 0.9304575
```

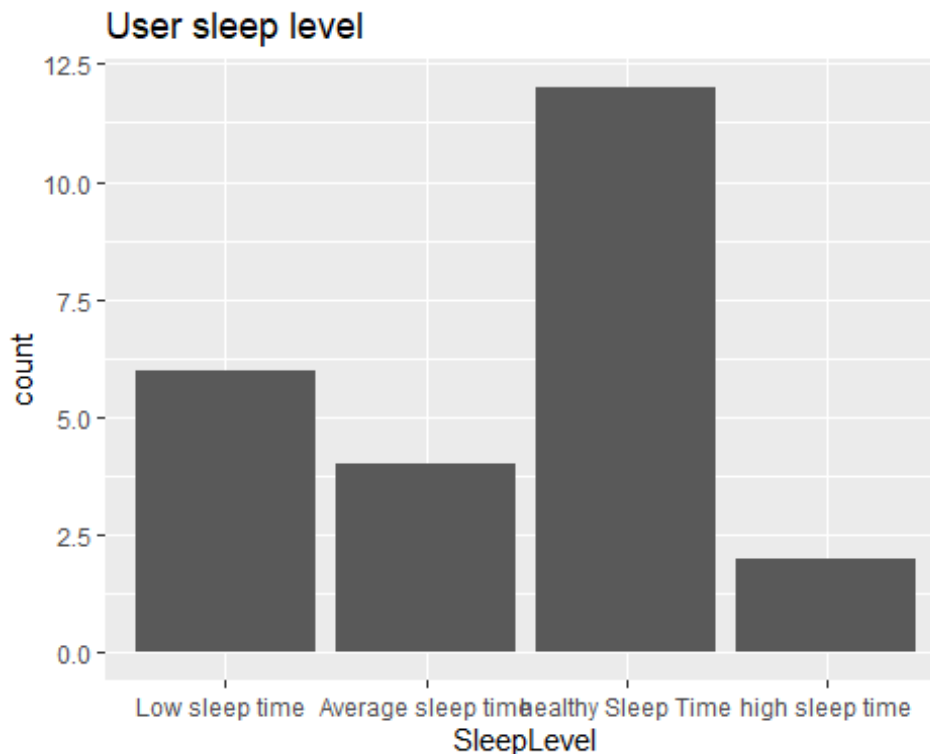
The plot shows that that users who slept more than once per day got more total sleep time

###Users' sleep level

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Id'. You can override using the
## `.groups`
## argument.
```



```
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:   Id [24]
##           Id Average_sleep SleepLevel
##           <dbl>         <dbl> <fct>
## 1 1503960366          360. "Average sleep time"
## 2 1644430081          294. "Low sleep time "
## 3 1844505072          652. "high sleep time"
## 4 1927972279          417. "healthy Sleep Time"
## 5 2026352035          506. "high sleep time"
## 6 2320127002           61. "Low sleep time "
## 7 2347167796          447. "healthy Sleep Time"
## 8 3977333714          294. "Low sleep time "
## 9 4020332650          349. "Average sleep time"
## 10 4319703577          477. "healthy Sleep Time"
## # ... with 14 more rows
```



```
##           SleepLevel Percentage
## 1   Low sleep time      18.2%
## 2 Average sleep time    12.1%
## 3 healthy Sleep Time    36.4%
## 4   high sleep time      6.1%
```

Relationship between daily activity and minutes asleep

```
Sleepday_sep<-sleepDay %>%
  separate(col=SleepDay,into = c('the_date', 'the_time'),sep=" ")
```

```
## Warning: Expected 2 pieces. Additional pieces discarded in 413 rows [1, 2, 3, 4, ## 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, ...].
```

```
Sleepday_sep2 <- Sleepday_sep %>%  
  group_by(Id,  
the_date=as.Date(the_date, "%m/%d/%Y"))%>%  
  summarise(TotalMinutesAsleep, TotalTimeInBed,  
TotalSleepRecords)
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Id', 'the_date'. You can override  
using  
## the `.groups` argument.
```

```
DailyActivity_df_sep2 <- DailyActivity_df_sep %>%  
  summarise(the_date=as.Date(the_date, "%m/%d/%Y"), Id, the_date, TotalSteps,  
Calories, TotalActivity = VeryActiveDistance + LightlyActiveMinutes +  
SedentaryMinutes + FairlyActiveMinutes + SedentaryActiveDistance)
```

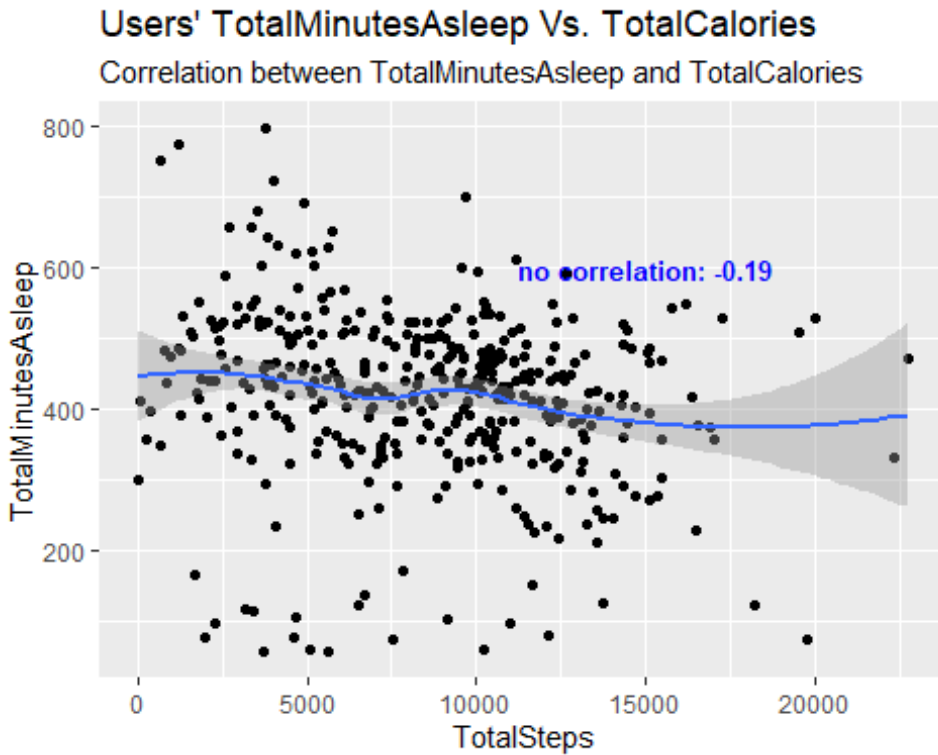
```
SleepVsActivity <- merge(Sleepday_sep2,  
DailyActivity_df_sep2, by=c("Id", "the_date"))
```

```
write.csv(SleepVsActivity, "C:/Users/Koyenikan Arinola/Desktop/New  
folder/SleepVsActivity2.csv", row.names = TRUE)
```

The relationship between Steps/Calories and Total minutes asleep

```
ggplot(data=SleepVsActivity, aes(x=TotalSteps, y=TotalMinutesAsleep)) +  
geom_point()+geom_smooth()+  
  labs(title = "Users' TotalMinutesAsleep Vs. TotalCalories", subtitle =  
"Correlation between TotalMinutesAsleep and TotalCalories") +  
  annotate("text", x=15000, y=600, label="no correlation: -0.19", color="Blue",  
fontface="bold", size=3.5)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```

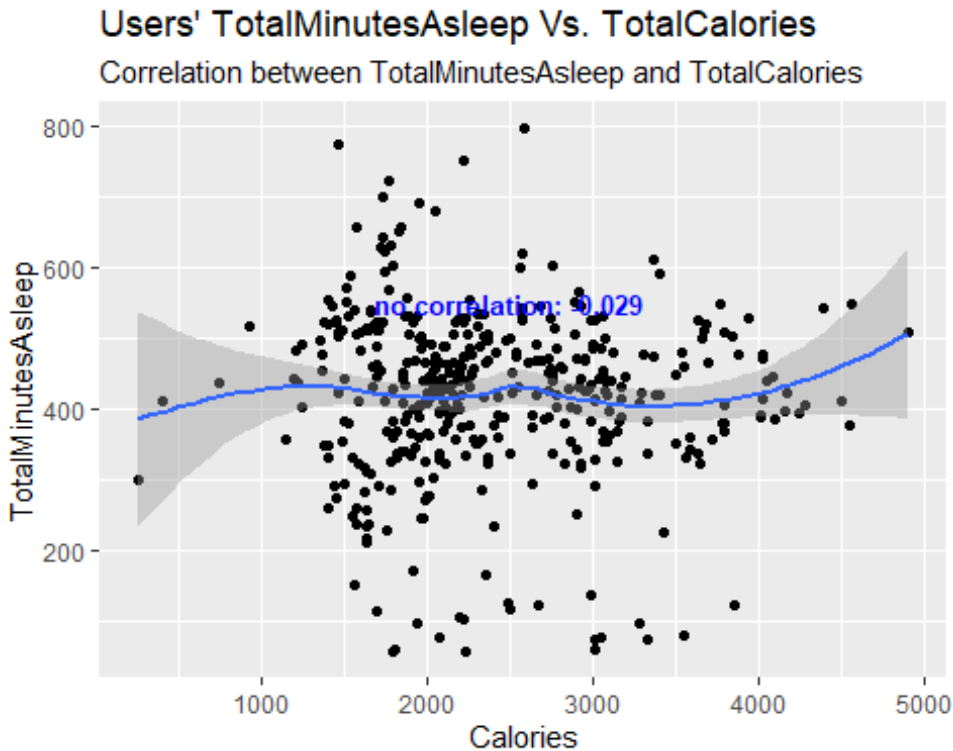


```
cor(SleepVsActivity$TotalSteps, SleepVsActivity$TotalMinutesAsleep)

## [1] -0.1868665

ggplot(data=SleepVsActivity, aes(x=Calories, y=TotalMinutesAsleep)) +
  geom_point()+geom_smooth()+
  labs(title = "Users' TotalMinutesAsleep Vs. TotalCalories", subtitle =
"Correlation between TotalMinutesAsleep and TotalCalories") +
  annotate("text", x=2500,y=550,label="no correlation: -0.029",color="Blue",
         fontface="bold", size=3.5)

## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
cor(SleepVsActivity$Calories, SleepVsActivity$TotalMinutesAsleep)
```

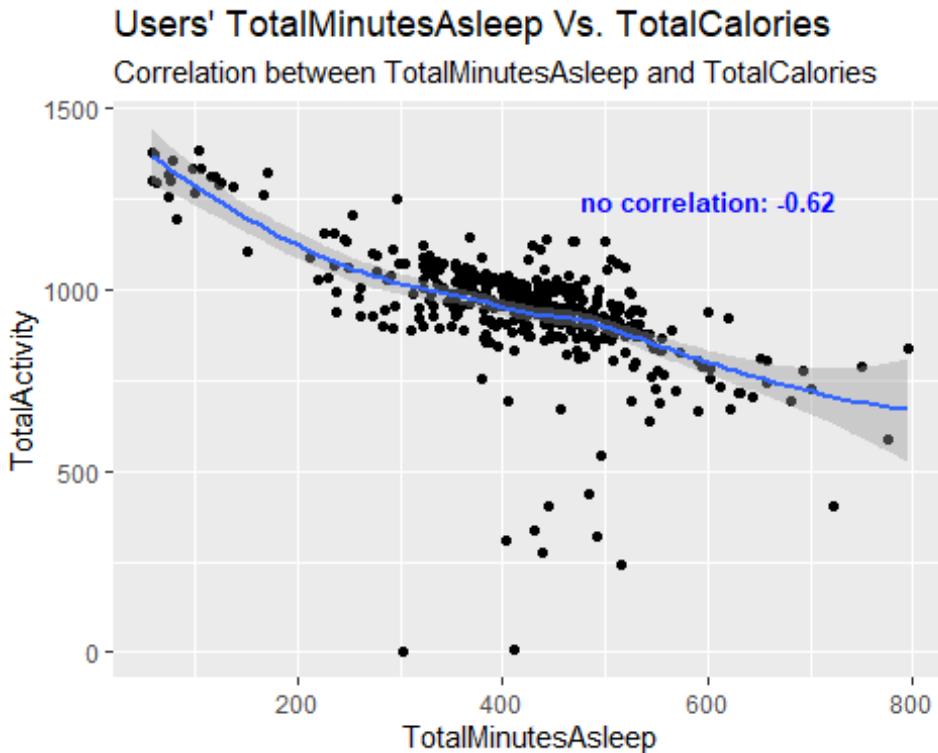
```
## [1] -0.02852571
```

The plot above shows that there's no relationship between steps/calories burnt and total minutes asleep

The relationship between total sleep minutes and total activity

```
ggplot(data=SleepVsActivity, aes(x=TotalMinutesAsleep, y=TotalActivity)) +
  geom_point()+geom_smooth()+
  labs(title = "Users' TotalMinutesAsleep Vs. TotalCalories", subtitle =
"Correlation between TotalMinutesAsleep and TotalCalories") +
  annotate("text", x=600,y=1250,label="no correlation: -0.62",color="Blue",
fontface="bold", size=3.5)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```

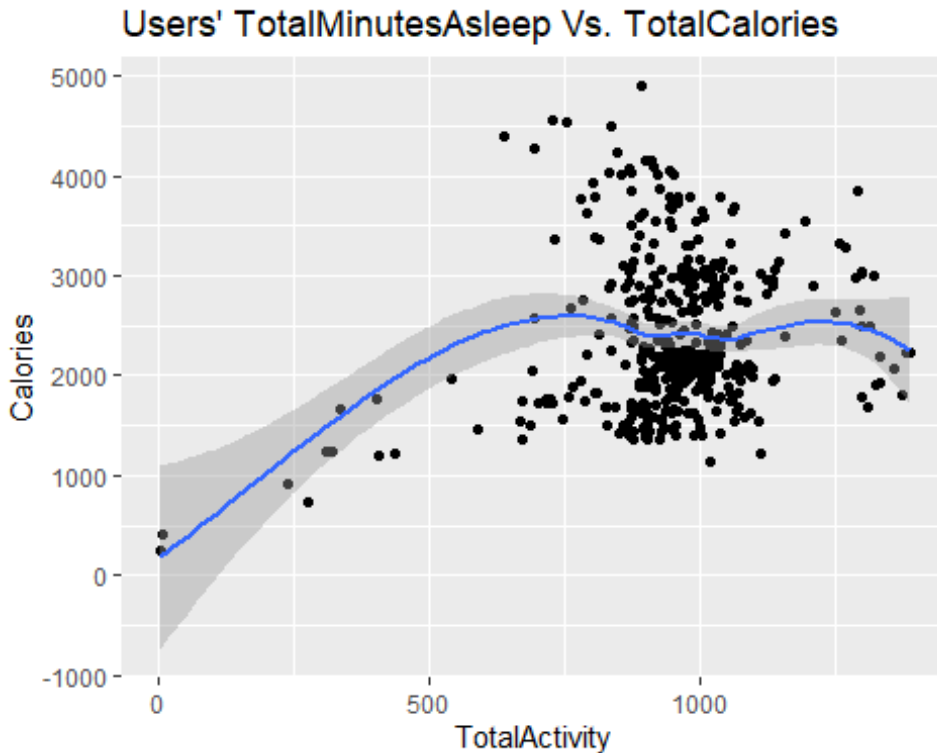


```
cor(SleepVsActivity$TotalActivity, SleepVsActivity$TotalMinutesAsleep)
## [1] -0.6154308
```

The plot above shows a negative relationship between total sleep minutes and total activities which implies that activities keep users awake

The relationship between Calories and Total activity

```
ggplot(data=SleepVsActivity, aes(x= TotalActivity, y = Calories)) +
  geom_point()+geom_smooth()+
  labs(title = "Users' TotalMinutesAsleep Vs. TotalCalories")
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



The plot above shows a positive relationship between the total active minutes and the total calories burnt. This implies that active minute during the day contributes to the amount of calories burnt.

Recommendations for Bellabeats from the Analysis.

Observation:

63.7% of users burns less 2700 calories and 42.2% takes less than 10000 steps daily

There's a high positive relationship and high correlation between;
 ○ Calories burnt and steps taken; the higher steps taken the more calories burnt
 ○ Calories burnt and total intensity;
 ○ Steps taken and total intensity
 There's a positive relationship
 ○ Calories and total activity minutes

Recommendation:

Bellabeats can leverage on this finding to educate its users on impacts on intensities, steps taken, activities affects calories burnt job suits users' various needs such as gaining, burning or maintaining their calories in take for healthy living.

Observation:

○ There's higher intensities, steps taken, calories burnt at 5:00 pm, 6:00 pm, 7:00 pm and lower records between 1:00 am and 3:00 am
 ○ There's higher intensities, steps taken, calories burnt on Saturdays and Tuesdays
 ○ There's a slight decline in trends of calories and steps taken on Saturdays and inconsistent trends on other days of the week.

Recommendation:

It is observed that there's high record of intensities, steps and calories during after working hours. Bellabeats can leverage on this information to create various workout or eatot challenges and also create scheduling features so users can include these challenges to their daily or weekly routines during their free time for consistency and healthy habits.

Observation:

18.2% of users sleeps below 300 minutes per day and 6.1% of users sleeps above 500 minutes.

There's a high positive relationship and high correlation between; ○ Total minutes asleep and total minutes in bed; users who stay in bed more sleep more.

There's a negative relationship ○ Total minutes asleep and total activities minutes; this means that users who are more active sleep less.

Users who sleep more than once per day have higher minutes asleep asleep.

Calories burnt have no relationship with the total minutes asleep

Recommendation:

Bellabeats can make use of this information to educate users on the health benefits of just enough sleeps and how the amount time in bed affects the total time asleep. Creating a scheduling feature and alarm feature will remind users to take a nap wake up as the case may be.