PC817 Series

** Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC817I/PC817P) (Page 656)
***TÜV (VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

- 1. Current transfer ratio (CTR: MIN. 50% at I_F=5mA)
- 2. High isolation voltage between input and output ($V_{\rm iso}$: 5 000 $V_{\rm rms}$)
- 3. Compact dual-in-line package

PC817: 1-channel type

PC827: 2-channel type **PC837**: 3-channel type

PC847: 4-channel type

4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380

Applications

Photocoupler

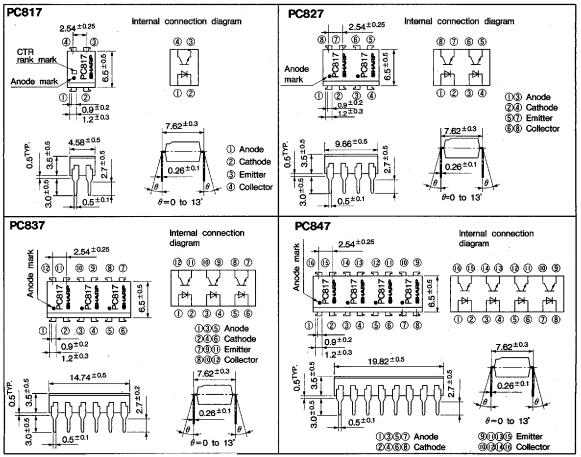
- 1. Computer terminals
- 2. System appliances, measuring instruments

High Density Mounting Type

- Registers, copiers, automatic vending machines
- 4. Electric home appliances, such as fan heaters, etc.
- 5. Medical instruments, physical and chemical equipment
- 6. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

(Unit: mm)

Outline Dimensions



8180798 0011741 OT5 📟

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25℃)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Forward current	I_{F}	50	mA	
	*1Peak forward current	I _{FM}	1	Α	
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V	
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW	
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	35	V	
	Emitter-collector voltage	VECO	6	V	
	Collector current	I _C	50	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	150	mW	
	Total power dissipation	Ptot	200	mW	
	*2Isolation voltage	Viso	5 000	V _{rms}	
	Operating temperature	Topr	-30 to +100	ဗ	
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C	
	*3Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	Ĉ	

^{*1} Pulse width $\leq 100 \,\mu$ s, Duty ratio = 0.001

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25℃)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage		$V_{\mathbf{F}}$	I _F =20mA	_	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage		V_{FM}	$I_{FM} = 0.5A$	_	-	3.0	V
	Reverse current		$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbb{R}}$	$V_R = 4V$	_	_	10	μА
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark	current	ICEO	$V_{CE}=20V$	-	ı	10-7	A
Transfer charac- teristics	*4Current transfer ratio		CTR	$I_F=5mA$, $V_{CE}=5V$	50	_	600	%
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V _{CE(sat)}	I_F =20mA, I_C =1mA	-	0.1	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance		Riso	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 ¹⁰	1011	_	Ω
	Floating capacitance		Cf	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		f_c	V_{CE} =5V, I_C =2mA, R_L =100 Ω , -3dB	_	80	_	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	tr	$V_{CE}=2V$, $I_{C}=2mA$, $R_{L}=100\Omega$	_	4	18	μs
		Fall time	t_f			3	18	μs

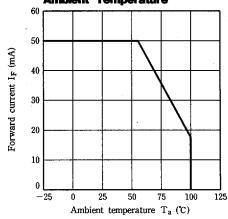
^{*4} Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below.

Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC817A	A	80 to 160
PC817B	В	130 to 260
PC817C	С	200 to 400
PC817D	D	300 to 600
PC8※7AB	A or B	80 to 260
PC8※7BC	B or C	130 to 400
PC8 × 7CD	C or D	200 to 600
PC8*7AC	A, B or C	80 to 400
PC8 × 7BD	B, C or D	130 to 600
PC8※7AD	A, B, C or D	80 to 600
PC8*7	A, B, C, D or No mark	50 to 600

※:1 or 2 or 3 or 4

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs.

Ambient Temperature



^{*2 40} to 60%RH, AC for 1 minute

^{*3} For 10 seconds

Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation VS.
Ambient Temperature

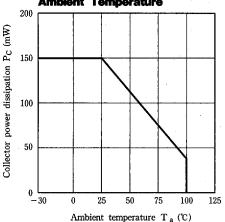


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

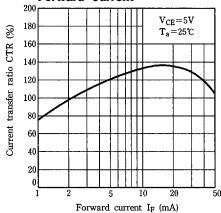


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

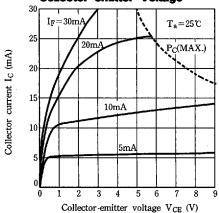


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

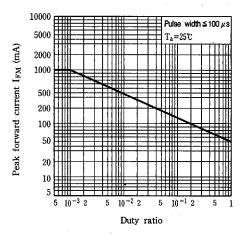


Fig. 5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

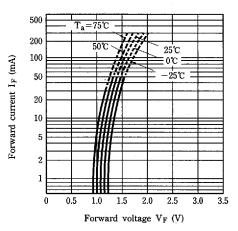


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

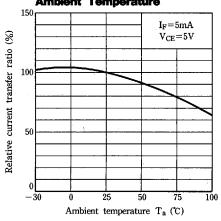


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs.
Ambient Temperature

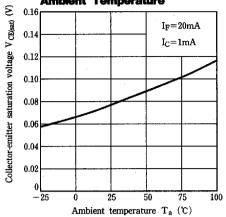
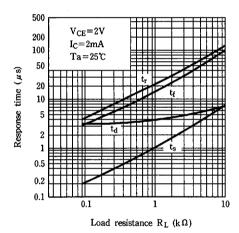
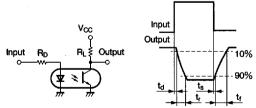


Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frepuency Response

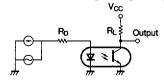


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

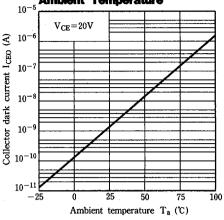


Fig.11 Frequency Response

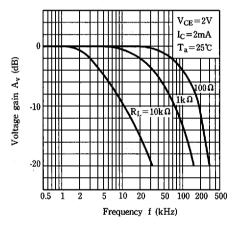
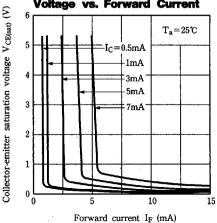


Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation
Voltage vs. Forward Current



• Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use" (Page 78 to 93)