1. Group anagram:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
void sort(char* a)
{
  int n = strlen(a);
  for (int i = 0; i < n - 1;
   i++) {
     for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
     {
        if (a[i] > a[j])
          char temp = a[i];
          a[i] = a[j];
          a[j] = temp;
     }
   }
int isAnagram(char* a, char* b)
  char i[100];
  strcpy(i,a);
  char j[100];
  strcpy(j,b);
  int len1 = strlen(i);
  int len2 = strlen(j);
  if (len1 != len2)
     return 0;
  for (int k = 0; k < len 1; k++)
     i[k] = tolower(i[k]);
    j[k] = tolower(j[k]);
  sort(i);
  sort(j);
  for (int k = 0; k < len 1; k++)
```

```
if (i[k] != j[k])
        return 0;
   }
  return 1;
int main()
  char arr[][40] =
  {"eat","tea","tan","ate","nat","bat"}; int n =
  sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
     printf("%s ",arr[i]);
     for(int j=i+1; j< n-1; j++){
        if (is Anagram (arr[i], arr[j])) \{\\
          printf("%s ",arr[j]);
          for(int k=j; k< n-1; k++){
          strcpy(arr[k], arr[k+1]);
           }
          n--;
          j--;
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
```

2.Odd even using recursion

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
void even(int a,int b)
{
   if(b>a)
   {
   if(b%2)
   even(a,b-1);
```

```
else
  even(a,b-2);
  if(b\%2==0)
  printf("%d ",b);
}
void odd(int a,int b)
  if(b>a)
     if(b%2)
     odd(a,b-2);
     else
     odd(a,b-1);
     if(b%2)
    printf("%d ",b);
   }
int main()
  int a=2,b=25;
  printf("Even:\n");
  even(a,b);
  printf("\nOdd:\n");
  odd(a,b);
  return 0;
}
```

3. Grid projection:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <limits.h>
int nonzero(int m,int n,int a[m][n])
{
   int c=0;
   for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
   {
     for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
     {</pre>
```

```
if(a[i][j]!=0)
      c++;
  return c;
int colmax(int m,int n,int a[m][n])
  int maximum=INT_MIN,s=0;
  for(int j=0; j< n; j++)
    maximum=INT_MIN;
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
      if(a[i][j]>maximum)
      maximum=a[i][j];
    s+=maximum;
  return s;
int rowmax(int m,int n,int a[m][n])
  int maximum=INT_MIN,s=0;
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
    maximum=INT MIN;
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
      if(a[i][j]>maximum)
      maximum=a[i][j];
    s+=maximum;
  return s;
int gridprojection(int m,int n,int a[m][n])
  int x=nonzero(m,n,a);
```

```
int y=colmax(m,n,a);
int z=rowmax(m,n,a);
return x+y+z;
}
int main()
{
  int m,n;
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  int a[m][n];
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
        {
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
             {
                  scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
             }
        }
        printf("%d",gridprojection(m,n,a));
        return 0;
}</pre>
```

4. Circular prime:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int isPrime(int n)
{
   for(int i=2;i*i<=n;i++)
    {
      if(n%i==0)
      return 0;
   }
   return 1;
}
int circularprime(int n)
{
   int c=0;
   int t=n;
   while(t>0)
   {
```

```
c++;
    t = 10;
  int num=n;
  while(isPrime(num))
    int r=num%10;
    int d=num/10;
    num=(int)pow(10,c-1)*r+d;
    if(num==n)
    return 1;
  return 0;
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  if(circularprime(n))
  printf("Yes");
  else
  printf("No");
  return 0;
```

5. Edit distance:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int min(int a,int b,int c)
{
   if(a<=b && a<=c)
   return a;
   if(b<=c && b<=a)
   return b;
   return c;
}
int editDistance(int m,int n,char a[m],char b[n])
{</pre>
```

```
int dp[m+1][n+1];
  for(int i=0;i<=m;i++)
     for(int j=0; j <=n; j++)
        if(i==0)
        dp[i][j]=j;
        else if(j==0)
        dp[i][j]=i;
        else if(a[i-1]==b[j-1])
        dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1];
        else
        dp[i][j] = 1 + min(dp[i][j-1], dp[i-1][j], dp[i-1][j-1]);
     }
   }
  return dp[m][n];
int main()
  char a[50],b[50];
  scanf("\%[^\n]\%*c",&a);
  \operatorname{scanf}("\%[^{n}]\%*c",\&b);
  int m=strlen(a);
  int n=strlen(b);
  printf("%d",editDistance(m,n,a,b));
  return 0;
}
```

6.Longest palindromic substring:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int palindrome(int s,int e,char c[])
{
    while(s<=e)
    {
        if(c[s]!=c[e])
        return 0;</pre>
```

```
s++;
     e--;
  return 1;
char* LongestPalindromicSubstring(char* c)
  int n=strlen(c),maxlen=1;
  char* maxstr=&c[0];
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
   {
     for(int j=i+maxlen;j<n;j++)
       if(j-i>maxlen && palindrome(i,j-1,c))
          maxlen=j-i;
          maxstr=&c[i];
     }
  char* result=(char*)malloc(maxlen+1);
  strcpy(result,maxstr);
  result[maxlen]='\0';
  return result;
int main()
  char c[100];
  \operatorname{scanf}("\%[^{n}]\%*c",&c);
  printf("%s",LongestPalindromicSubstring(c));
  return 0;
}
```

7.Sum of odd numbers in an array using recursion:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int oddsum(int n,int a[n])
{
   if (n == 0)
```

```
return 0;
  int currentSum = (a [n - 1] \% 2 != 0) ? a [n - 1] :
  0; return currentSum + oddsum( n - 1,a);
int main()
  int a[]=\{1,3,2,4\};
  int n=4;
  printf("%d",oddsum(n,a));
  return 0;
}
8. Pivot index in array:
#include<stdio.h>
int pivot(int n,int a[]){
  if(n==0) return -1;
  int leftSum = 0;
  int total = 0;
  for(int i=0; i< n; i++){
     total += a[i];
  }
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
     if(leftSum == total - leftSum - a[i])
        return i;
     leftSum+=a[i];
  return -1;
int main(){
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int a[n];
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
     scanf("%d",&a[i]);
   }
  printf("%d",pivot(n,a));
```

9. Valid prime anagrams in a range:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int isPrime(int n)
  for(int
  i=2;i*i<=n;i++) {
     if(n\%i==0)
    return 0;
  }
  return 1;
int isAnagram(int a,int b)
  int c[10]=\{0\};
  while(a>0)
    c[a%10]++;
     a = 10;
  while(b>0)
    c[b%10]--;
    b/=10;
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
    if(c[i]!=0)
    return 0;
  return 1;
int main()
  int m,n,k=0;
  int p[100];
  scanf("%d
  %d",&m,&n); for(int
```

```
i=m;i<=n;i++) {
    if(isPrime(i))
    p[k++]=i;
}
p[k]='\0';
for(int i=0;i<k;i++)
    {
    for(int j=i+1;j<n-1;j++)
        {
        if(isAnagram(p[i],p[j]))
        printf("%d %d\n",p[i],p[j]);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

10.Product of maximum three integers in an array:

```
#include <stdio.h>
void sort(int n,int v[n])
{
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(v[i]>v[j])
            {
                 int temp=v[i];
                 v[i]=v[j];
                 v[j]=temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
int maxproduct(int n,int v[n])
{
    sort(n,v);
    int b=v[0]*v[1]*v[n-1];
    int a=v[n-1]*v[n-2]*v[n-3];
```

```
if(a>b)
return a;
else
return b;
}
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int v[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&v[i]);
    }
    printf("%d",maxproduct(n,v));
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

10.Find all permutations of a given string:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void generatePermutation(char *str,const int start, int end)
{
 char temp;
 int i,j;
 for(i = \text{start}; i < \text{end-1}; ++i){
 for(j = i+1; j < end; ++j)
  temp = str[i];
 str[i] = str[j];
  str[j] = temp;
 generatePermutation(str , i+1 ,end);
  temp = str[i];
  str[i] = str[j];
  str[j] = temp;
 printf("%s\n",str);
```

```
}
int main()
{
  char str[] = "ABC";
  int n = strlen(str);
  generatePermutation(str,0,n);
}
```

10.Deleting the anagrams:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void sort(char a[],int n)
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
     for(int j=i+1; j< n; j++)
       if(a[i]>a[j])
          char temp=a[i];
          a[i]=a[j];
          a[j]=temp;
int isAnagram(char a[],char b[])
  int
  len1=strlen(a),len2=strlen(b);
  char temp1[100],temp2[200];
  strcpy(temp1,a);
  strcpy(temp2,b);
  sort(temp1,len1);
  sort(temp2,len2);
  if(len1!=len2)
  return 0;
  for(int i=0;i<len1;i++)
```

```
if(temp1[i]!=temp2[i])
     return 0;
  return 1;
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  char v[n][100];
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
     scanf("%s",&v[i]);
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
     printf("%s ",v[i]);
     for(int j=i+1; j< n; j++)
       if(isAnagram(v[i],v[j]))
          for(int k=j;k<n-1;k++)
             strcpy(v[k],v[k+1]);\\
          j--;
          n--;
  return 0;
```