Let X1,..., X100 be the measurements of fine particulate air pollution

$$T(M,\sigma^{-\lambda}|X) = L(X|M,\sigma^{\lambda}) T(M) T(\sigma^{-\lambda})$$

$$\propto \left[\prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{x_{i}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}}(\ln x_{i}-\mu)^{2}\right]\right] \left[\frac{1}{\sigma_{o}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma_{o}^{2}}(\mu-\mu_{o})^{2}\right]\right] \left[(\sigma^{2})^{\alpha-1} e^{-b\sigma^{2}}\right]$$

$$\propto \left[\prod_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}^{-1}\right] \sigma^{-n-2\alpha+2} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\ln X_{i}^{-}M)^{2}\right] \sigma_{o}^{-1} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} (M-M_{o})^{2}\right] e^{-b\sigma^{-2}}$$

$$\pi(\mu_{1}\sigma^{-2}, x) \propto \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}}\sum_{i=1}^{n}(-2\mu_{in}x_{i}+\mu^{2})-\frac{1}{2\sigma_{e}^{2}}(\mu^{2}-2\mu_{in}^{2})\right]$$

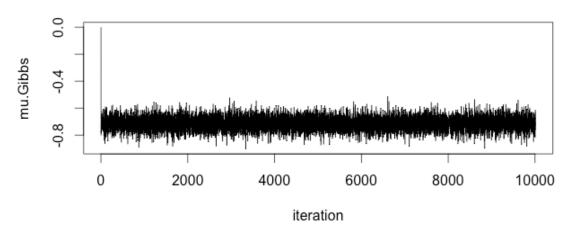
$$T(\sigma^{-1} | M_{/X}) \propto (\sigma^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}+\alpha-1} \exp\left[-\sigma^{-1} \left(b+\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\ln x_i - M_i)^2\right)\right]$$

$$\sigma^{-2} | M_{,X} \sim Ga(a + \frac{a}{2}, b + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\ln x_i - M_i)^2)$$

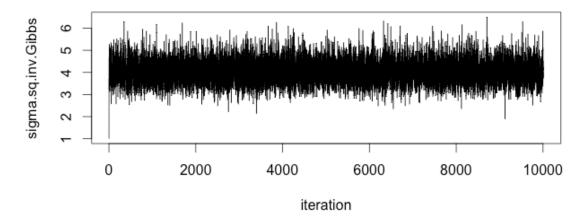
Lab 8

Using the full conditionals and weak priors  $\mu \sim (0,100)$  and  $\sigma^{-2} \sim Ga(0.001,0.001)$ , I ran Gibbs sampling with 10,000 iterations to estimate the marginal posterior distributions of  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^{-2}$ . Examination of the trace plots below suggests that convergence has been reached and the space has been explored reasonably well.

## Trace plot for mu



## Trace plot for sigma^(-2)



After throwing out 10 burn-ins for both  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^{-2}$ , I obtained the following estimates of  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^{-2}$ 

Table: Estimates of the marginal posterior distributions of  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^{-2}$  from Gibbs sampling

	Mean	95% CI
μ	-0.7150	[-0.8132, -0.6161]
$\sigma^{-2}$	4.0380	[2.9688, 5.2499]

I then calculated a mean and variance for each iteration using the formulas

$$Mean = e^{\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}}$$

$$Var = (e^{\sigma^2} - 1)e^{2\mu + \sigma^2}$$

Next, using all the means and variances from all the iterations, I determined 95% credible intervals for the mean and variance of the pollution levels

Table: 95% credible intervals for mean and variance of pollution levels

	95% CI
Mean	[0.5027, 0.6201]
Var	[0.0586, 0.1388]