Report on Superstore Dataset Analysis

OBJECTIVE:

Analysis of a Superstore

ABSTRACT OF THE PROJECT:

The project is to develop Analysis of a Superstore.

TECHNOLOGY USED:

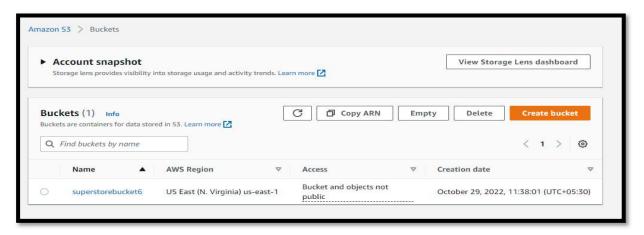
- Snowflake
- Cloud (AWS/Azure)

IMPLEMENTATION:

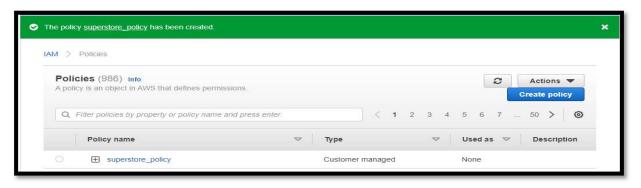
1. Create an External Stage to load the data continuously

In AWS,

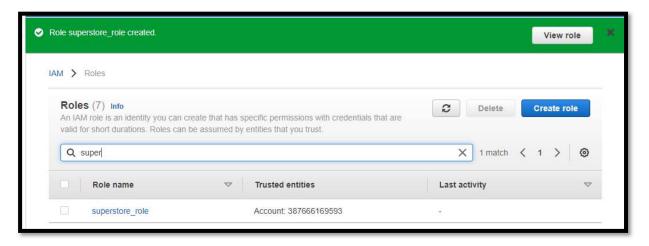
Step 1: Create Bucket



Step 2: Create Policy

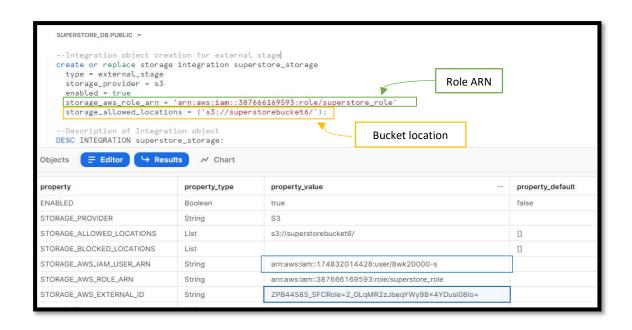


Step 3: Create Role



In Snowflake,

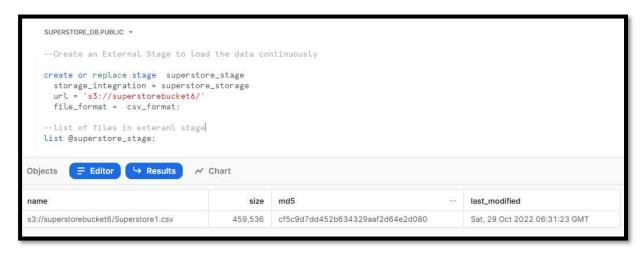
Step 4: Integration Creation (Integrating the bucket with storage)



Step 5: Editing trust policy

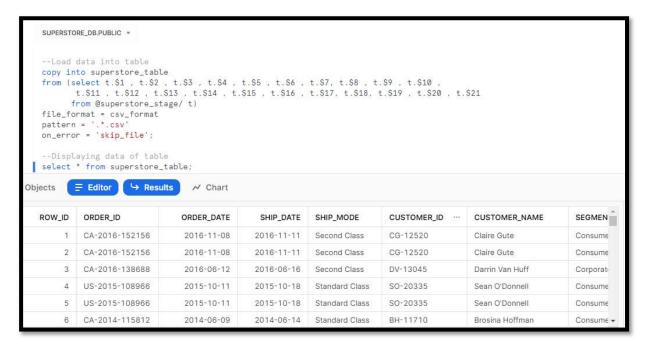
```
IAM > Roles > superstore_role > Edit trust policy
Edit trust policy
           "Version": "2012-10-17",
    2
    3 +
           "Statement": [
    4 +
                  "Effect": "Allow",
    6 +
                  "Principal": {
                      "AWS": "arn:aws:iam
    7
                         ::174832014428:user
                          /8wk20000-s"
    8
   9
                  "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
                  "Condition": {
   10 -
                      "StringEquals": {
   12
                          "sts:ExternalId":
                           "ZPB44585_SFCRole
                           =2_GLqMR2zJbeqYWy98x4Y
                           Dusi08Io=
   13
   14
                 }
   15
   16
   17 }
```

Step 6: Create External stage and listing the files



Load the data from the External Stage to the respective Table

- Step 1: Created Table superstore_table
- Step 2: Loading data into table superstore_table from external stage

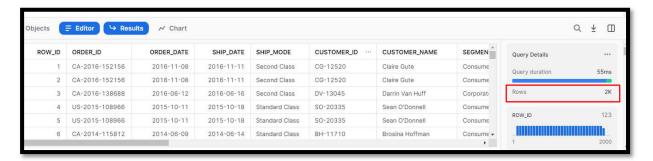


2. Create a scheduler to schedule the job at 12:00 AM IST hours every Thursday to perform previous step

Step 1: Created a task to schedule a job at 12:00 AM IST hours every Thursday

Step 2: The task will load the data from external stage to source table

Before task was executed:



After task was executed:



3. Create an alternative of the above step for auto ingestion of new record sets uploaded on the blob storage into respective snowflake table.

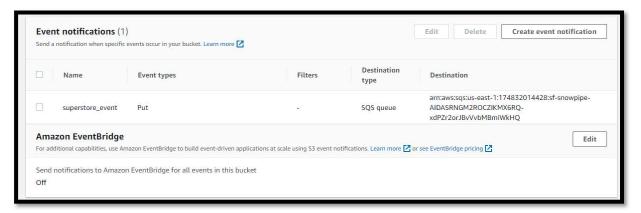
Step 1: Snowpipe created with auto-ingestion

```
create or replace pipe superstore_pipe auto_ingest=true as
    copy into superstore_table
    from @superstore_stage;
```

Step 2: Description of snowpipe



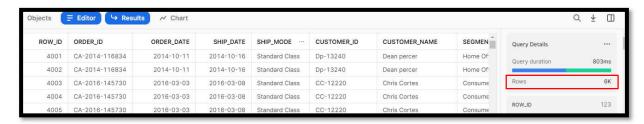
Step 3: Event Notification created in AWS S3



Before Upload Source table has 4k rows:

ROW_ID	ORDER_ID	ORDER_DATE	SHIP_DATE	SHIP_MODE	CUSTOMER_ID	CUSTOMER_NAME	SEGMEN	Query Details	
1	CA-2016-152156	2016-11-08	2016-11-11	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consume	Query duration	625m
2	CA-2016-152156	2016-11-08	2016-11-11	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consume		-
3	CA-2016-138688	2016-06-12	2016-06-16	Second Class	DV-13045	Darrin Van Huff	Corporate	Rows	4
4	US-2015-108966	2015-10-11	2015-10-18	Standard Class	SO-20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consume		

Step 4: After Uploading source file into S3, Fetching all data from source table



4. Implement SCD 2 in for the above data flow

- Step 1: Created a stream to capture DML changes made to the source table
- Step 2: Created a task to merge data into target table

```
--Merged data into target table with versioning history which will capture through task

CREATE OR REPLACE TASK super_target_merge

WAREHOUSE = superstore_wh

SCHEDULE = 'I minute'

WHEN

SYSTEMSSTREAM_HAS_DATA('superstore_stream')

AS

merge into super_target t

using superstore_stream s

on t.Row_ID=s.Row_ID and (metadataSaction='DELETE')

when matched and metadataSisupdate='FALSE' then update set rec_version=9999, stream_type='DELETE'

when matched and metadataSisupdate='TRUE' then update set rec_version=rec_version-1, stream_type='UPDATE'

when not matched then insert

(Row_ID,Order_ID,Order_Date,Ship_Date,Ship_Mode,Customer_ID,Customer_Name,Segment,Country,City,State,Postal_Code,Region,Product_ID,Category,

Sub_Category,Product_Name,Sales,Quantity,Discount,Profit,stream_type,rec_version,REC_DATE)

values(s.Row_ID,s.Order_ID,s.Order_Date,s.Ship_Date,s.Ship_Mode,s.Customer_ID,s.Customer_Name,s.Segment,s.Country,s.City,s.State,s.Postal_Code,

[s.Region,s.Product_ID,s.Category,s.Sub_Category,s.Product_Name,s.Sales,s.Quantity,s.Discount,s.Profit, metadataSaction,0,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP());
```

Step 3: Displayed the target table that will return all the records with versioning history Update:

select	* from sup	er_target wher	e row_id=777;				
Objects	≡ Editor	→ Results	√ Chart				
	SALES	QUANTITY	DISCOUNT	PROFIT	STREAM_TYPE ···	REC_VERSION	REC_DATE
Pencil, #2	SALES 32.76	QUANTITY 7	DISCOUNT 0.2	PROFIT 3.6855	STREAM_TYPE ···	REC_VERSION	REC_DATE 2022-10-29 23:26:26.874 -0700

Delete:

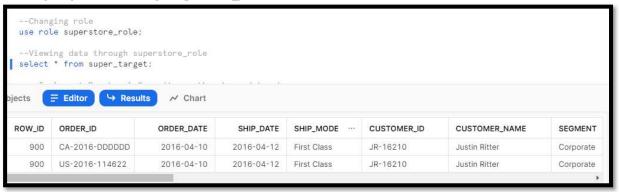


5. Implement Row Level and Column Level Security on the above dataset.

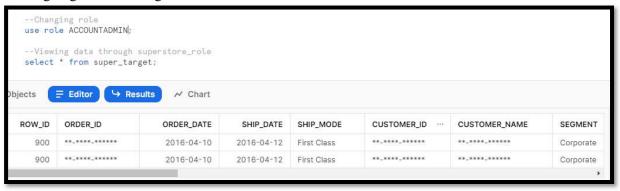
1. Column level Security

- Created a new role (superstore role)
- Created masking policy
- Masked sensitive columns from target table when viewed from any other role.

Viewing target table through superstore_role:



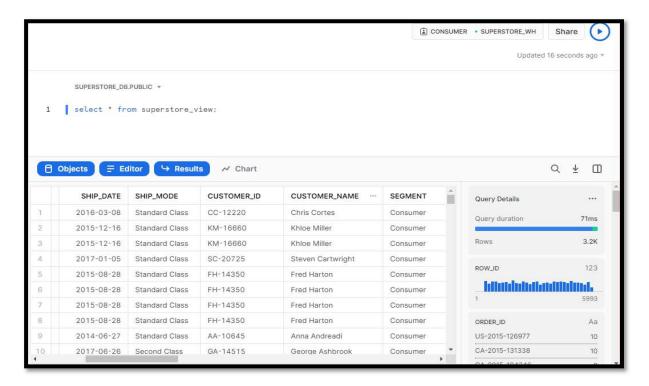
Viewing target table through other role:



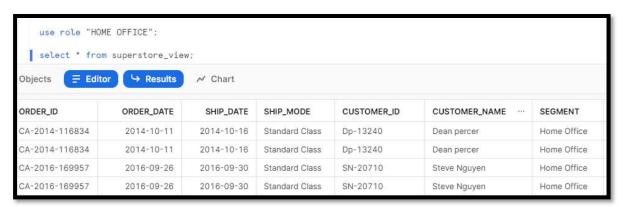
2. Row level Security:

- Created roles based on a relevant column
- Created users with their default roles
- Granted secure view of respective entries/rows to the roles.

Viewing superstore data for Consumer role:



Viewing superstore data for Home Office user:



Negative testing:

