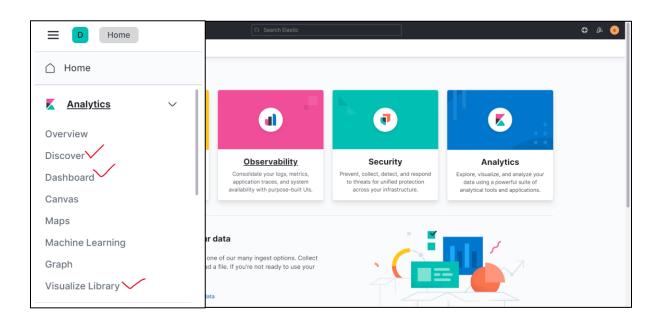
# Kibana 시각화

Discover, Dashboard, Visualize Library 살펴보기



• 기존에 사용되는 Sysmon 제거하기

(Sysmon-logstash 연결 때 수행했던 Sysmon 설정 제거)

• 관리자모드로 cmd를 열고 sysmon.exe -u 수행

```
C:#Users#ksj7r#Desktop#winlogbeat-7.15.0-windows-x86_64>sysmon.exe -u

System Monitor v13.24 - System activity monitor
By Mark Russinovich and Thomas Garnier
Copyright (C) 2014-2021 Microsoft Corporation
Using libxm12. libxm12 is Copyright (C) 1998-2012 Daniel Veillard. All Rights Reserved.
Sysinternals - www.sysinternals.com

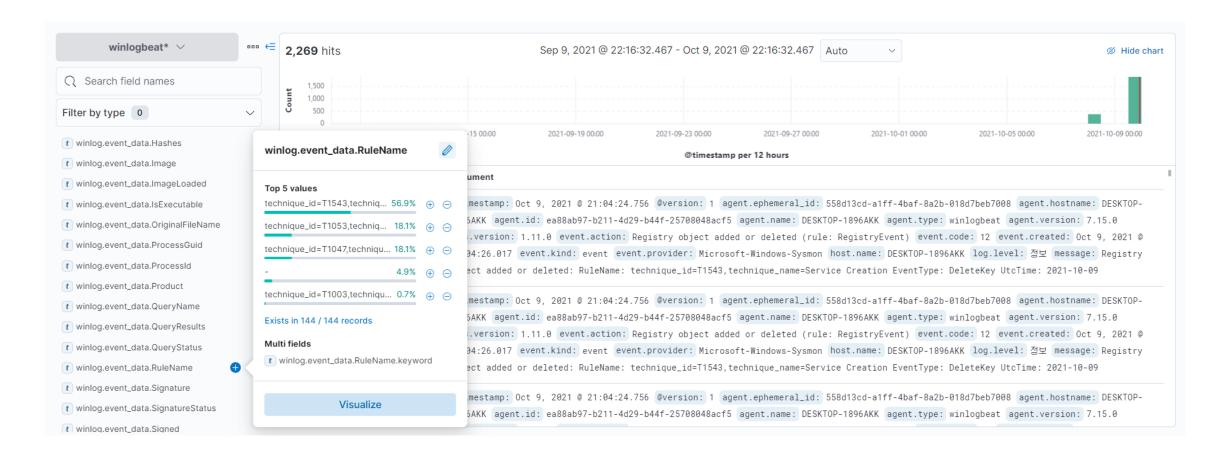
Stopping Sysmon.
Sysmon stopped.
Sysmon remove.
Stopping SysmonDrv..
SysmonDrv stopped.
SysmonDrv stopped.
SysmonDrv removed.
Removing service files......
```

- <a href="https://github.com/olafhartong/sysmon-modular">https://github.com/olafhartong/sysmon-modular</a> 다운로드
  - 파워쉘에서 다음 실행
  - \$> git clone https://github.com/olafhartong/sysmon-modular.git
  - \$> cd sysmon modular
  - \$> . .₩Merge-SysmonXml.ps1
  - \$> Merge-AllSysmonXml -Path ( Get-ChildItem '[0-9]\*₩\*.xml') -AsString | Out-File sysmonconfig.xml

- 해당 깃 폴더에서 cmd를 열고
  - sysmon.exe -accepteula -i sysmonconfig.xml

```
C:\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Users\Upers\Users\Users\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upers\Upe
```

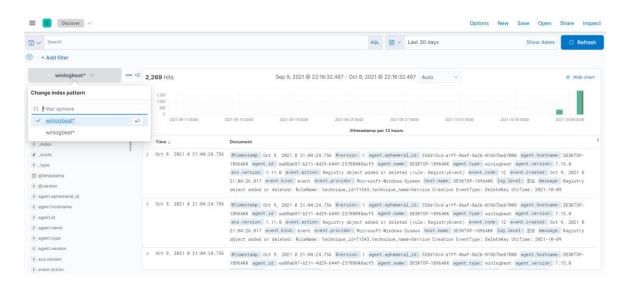
• 설정 완료 후 Kibana Discover에서 mitre att&ck와 관련된 정보들이 출력됨을 확인



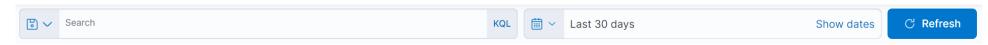
- Discover?
  - Elastic Search의 데이터를 탐색하고 검색 및 질의를 수행할 수 있음
  - 모아진 로그 데이터들을 살펴보고 검색할 수 있는 공간이라고 생각

- 데이터 가져오기 다음 참고 (Sysmon-logstash 팀 자료조사)
  - https://github.com/K-Shield-Jr/Research/issues/1

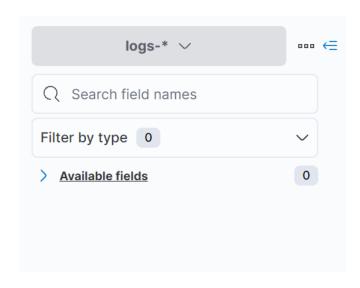
• 위 작업 과정 중 sysmon에 사용되는 xml 파일은 해당 PPT 2~4번 슬라이드를 참고 Mitre ATT&CK 프레임워크 매핑이 설정된 sysmonconfig.xml 사용할 것



• Discover로 들어가 데이터를 가져오고 생성된 인덱스 패턴을 확인



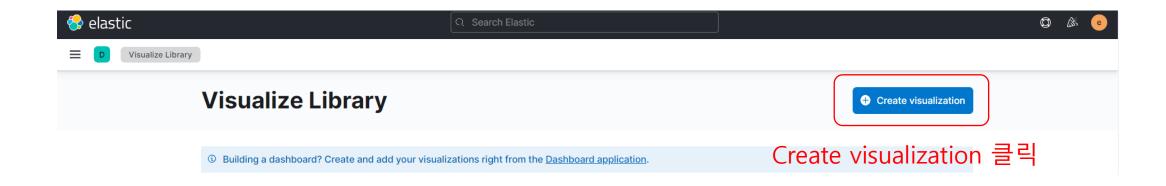
- 검색할 쿼리, 날짜 조건 입력 하여 데이터 탐색 가능
- Elastic Search 쿼리 문법 가이드
  - <a href="https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/7.15/query-dsl-query-string-query.html#query-string-syntax">https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/7.15/query-dsl-query-string-query.html#query-string-syntax</a>



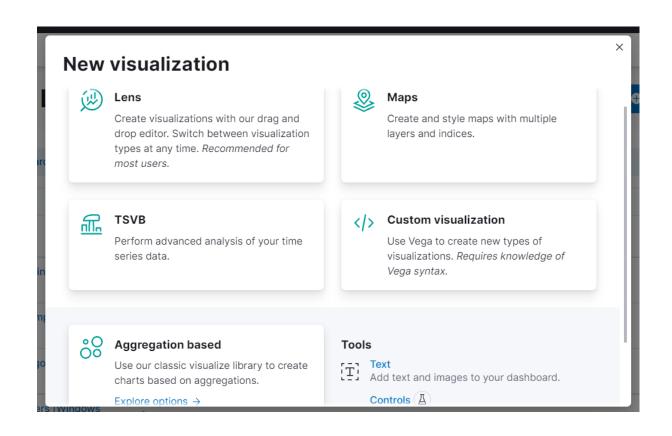
• 모든 필드가 표시되지만 Available fields를 설정하면 특정 필드만 표시되게 할 수 있다

- 키바나 인덱스 패턴?
  - Elastic search는 인덱스 형태로 데이터를 저장/관리
    - → DB의 테이블과 비슷한 개념

- 인덱스 패턴을 지정하는 이유
  - 사용자가 탐색하고자 하는 데이터를 키바나에 알려주기 위해 지정함



• Visualize를 여러 개 생성해 대시보드의 구성요소로 사용할 수 있음



#### • Lens:

드래그 인 드롭 에디터를 이용해 시각화를 만든다. 언제든지 Visualizaition들의 타입을 전환할 수 있음

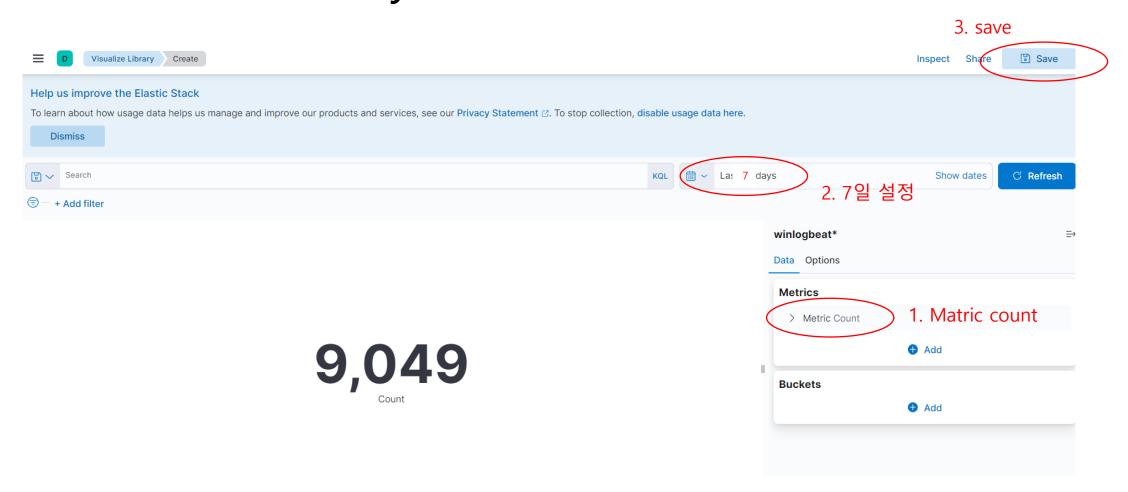
- Maps : 여러 레이어와 인덱스들을 통해 맵 생성 가능
- TSVB :
   데이터를 시계열로 시각화 할 수 있음
- Custom :

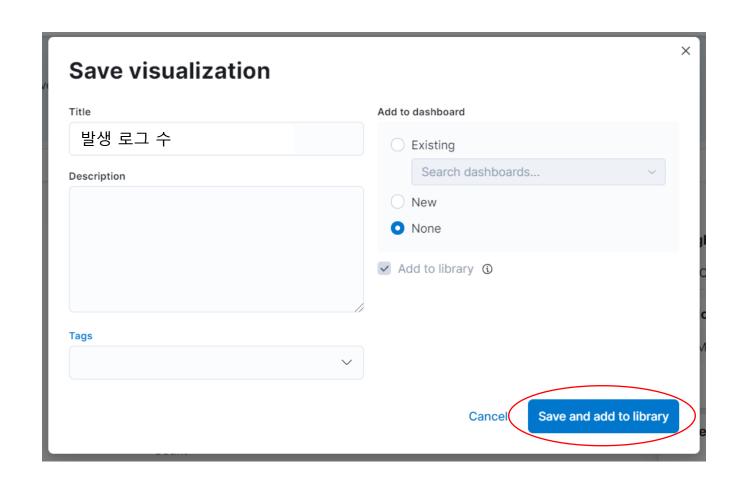
Vega를 사용해 새 유형의 Visualizations를 만들 수 있음. Vega 문법을 사용할 줄 알아야 함

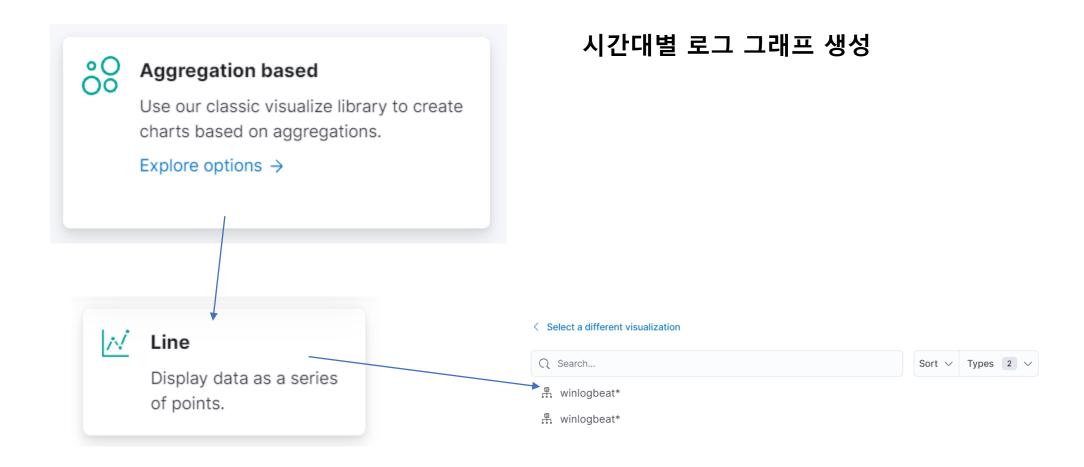
Aggregation based :

기존 시각화 라이브러리를 사용해 집계 기반으로 차트 생성 가능

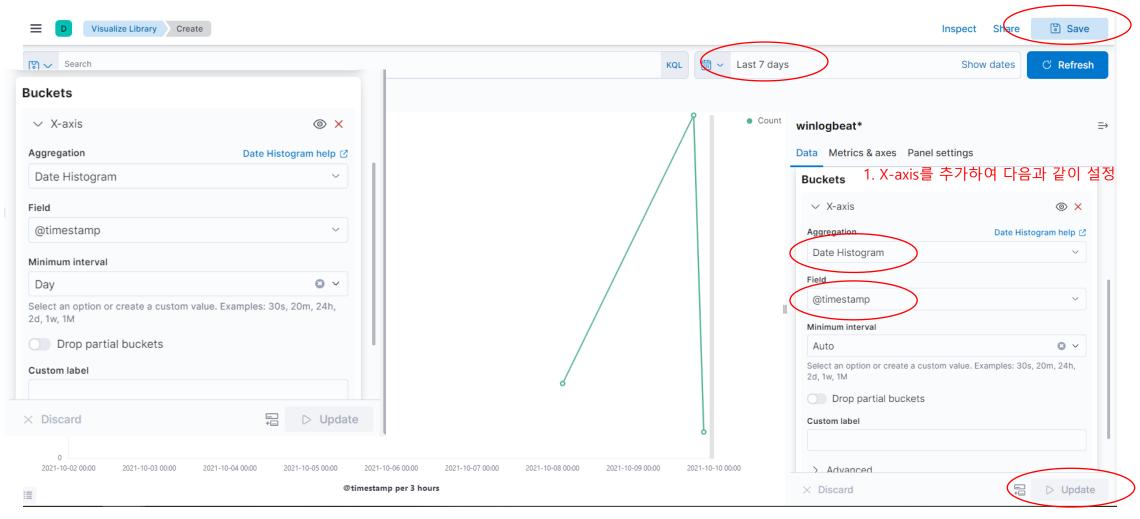


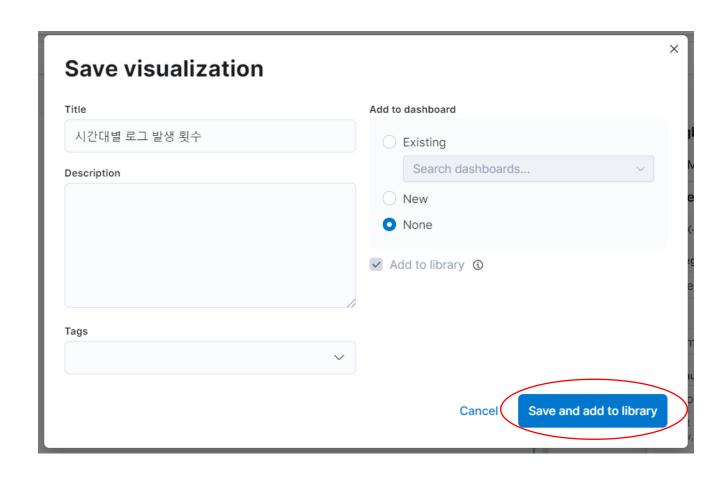






#### 3. save



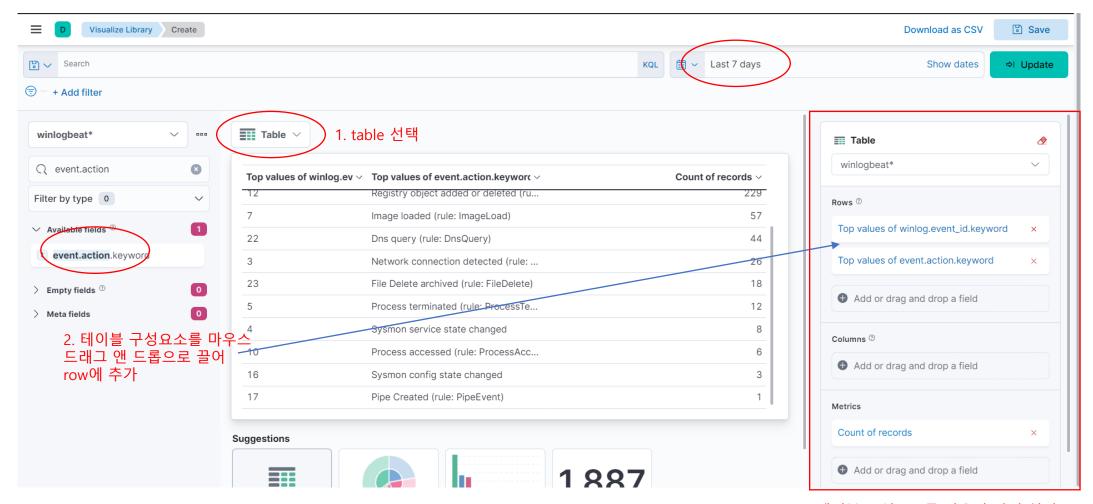


• Lens를 사용해 시각화 하기

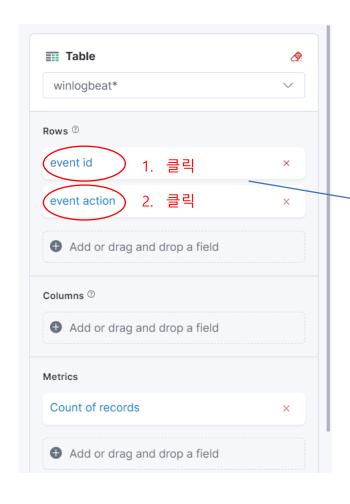


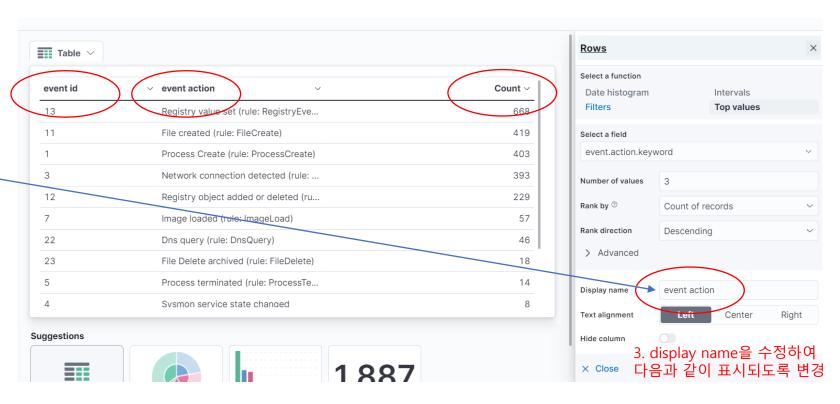
#### Lens

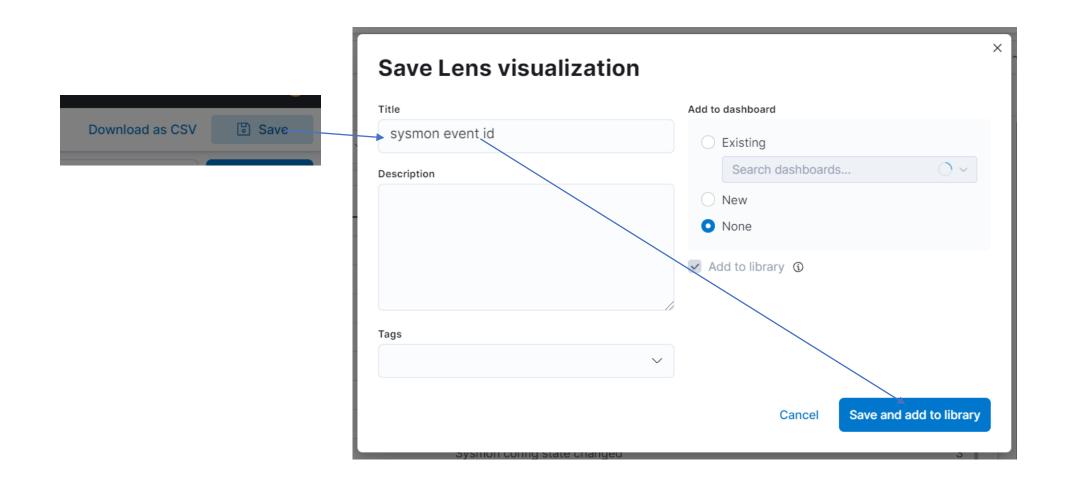
Create visualizations with our drag and drop editor. Switch between visualization types at any time. Recommended for most users.

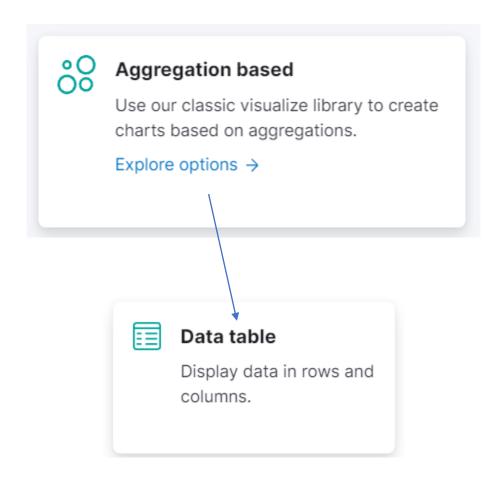


3. 테이블 구성요소를 다음과 같이 설정

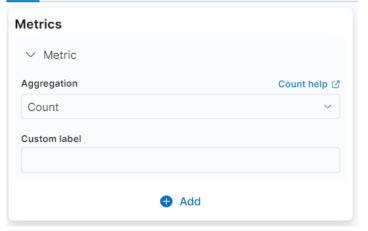




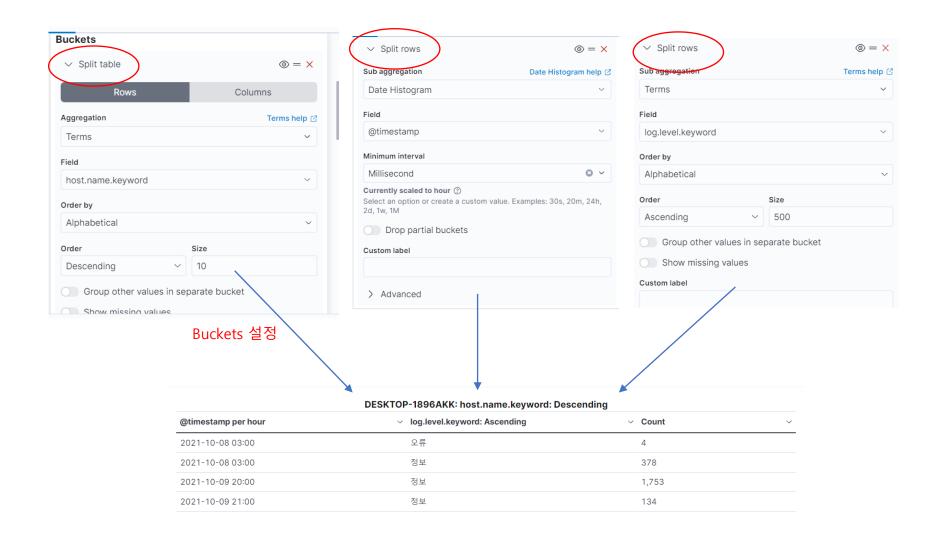


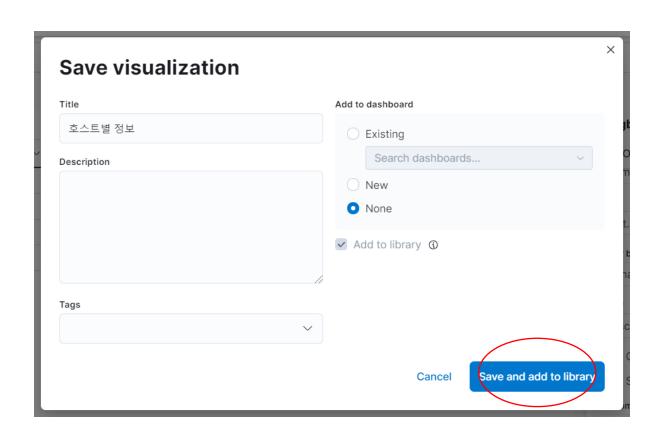


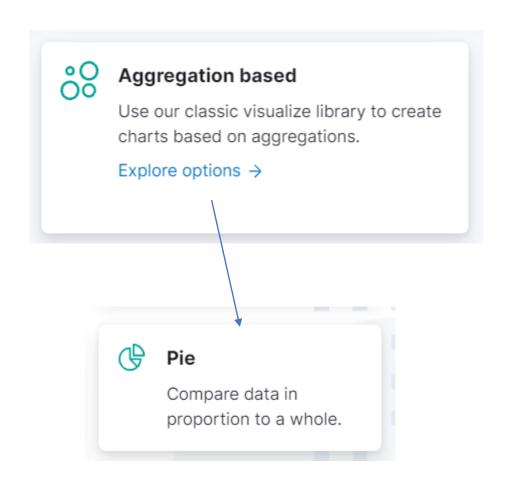
호스트별 정보 생성하기



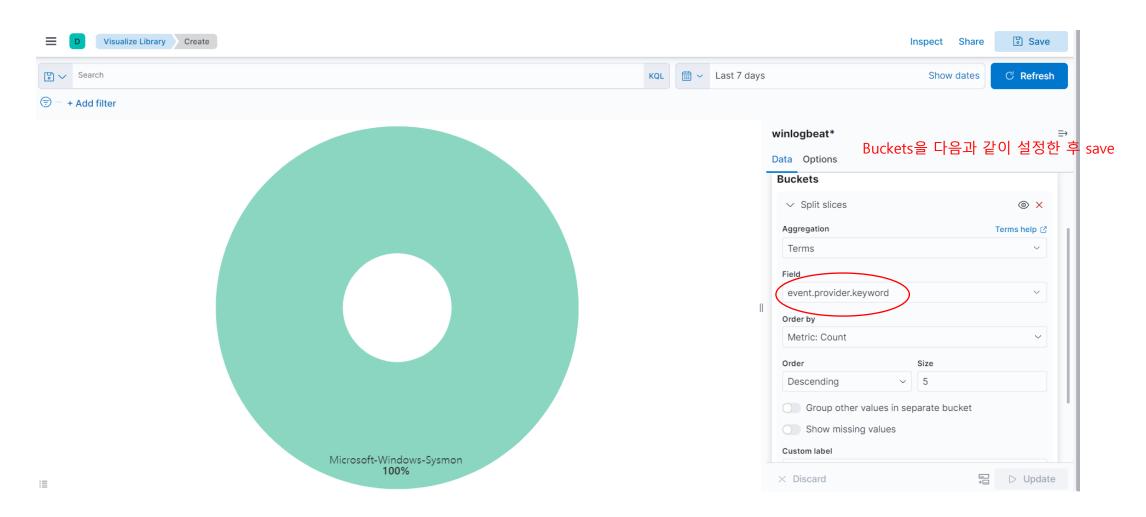
Metrics 설정

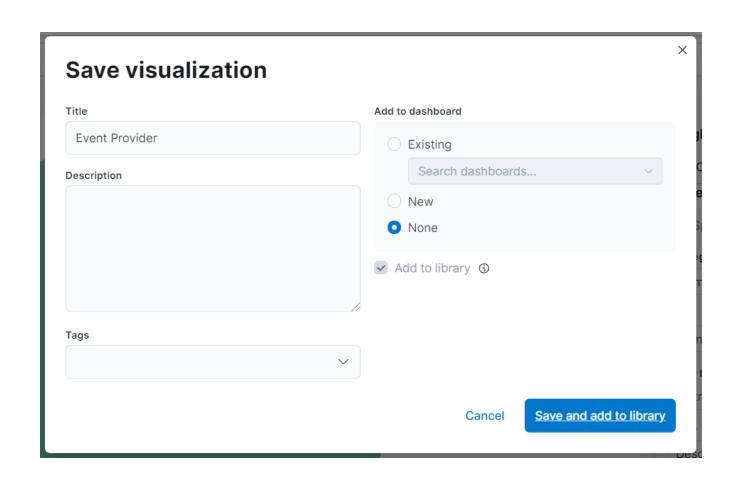


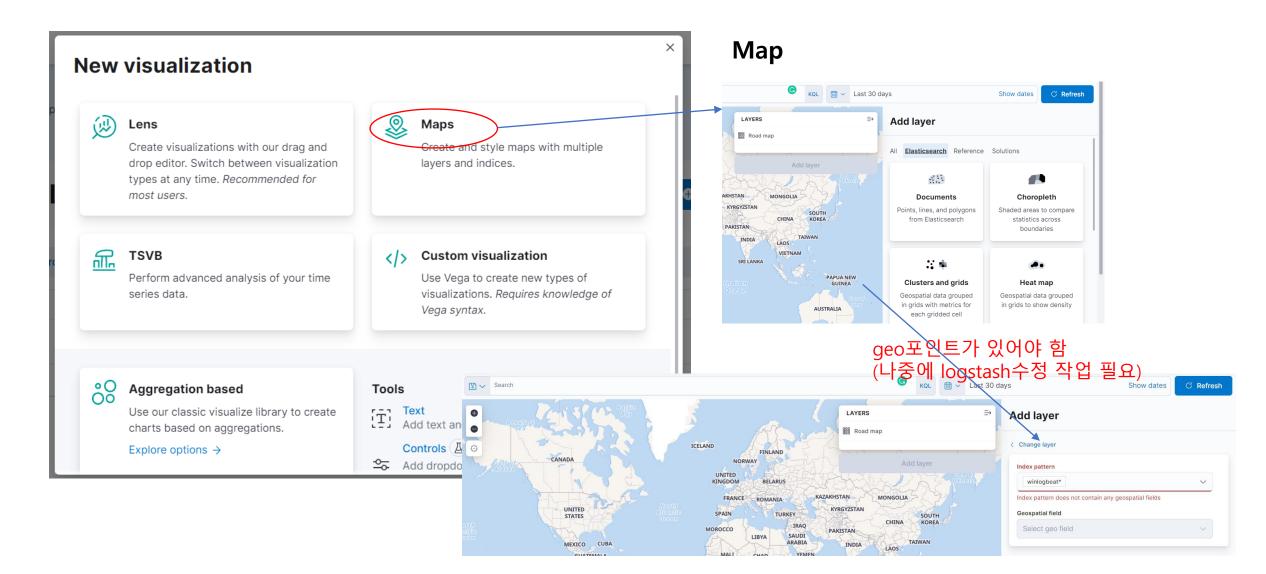




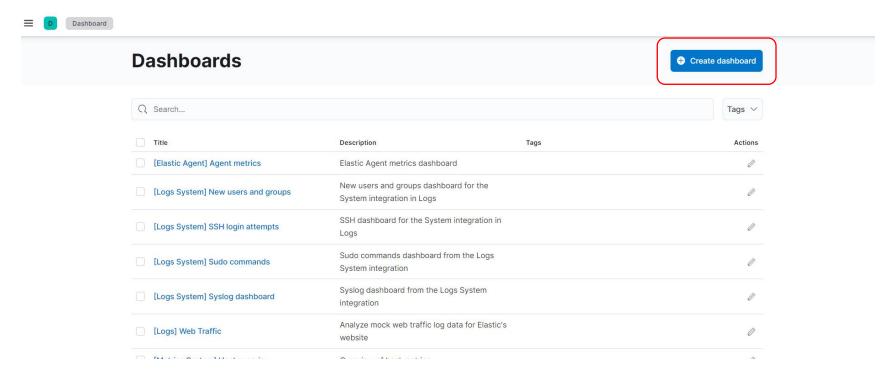
파이 차트 생성하기



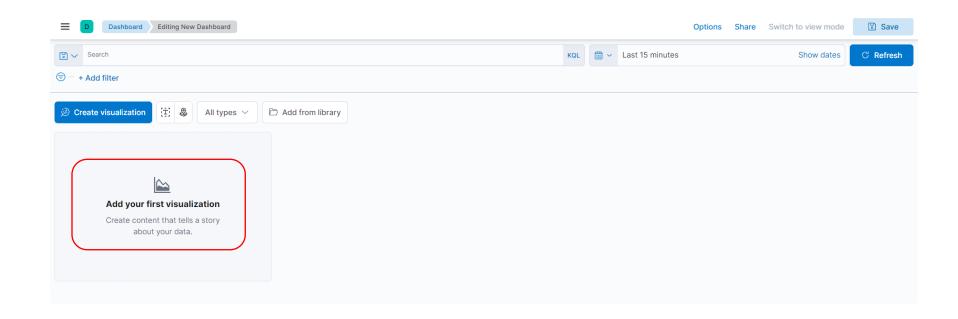




- Dashboard?
  - 데이터 실시간 관찰 및 검색 가능, 시각화된 자료들의 묶음
  - 한 화면 안에서 데이터를 여러 유형으로 표시하여 관찰할 수 있음

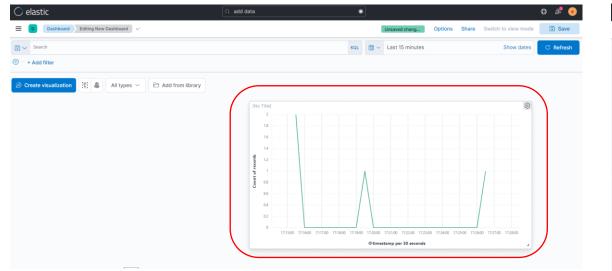


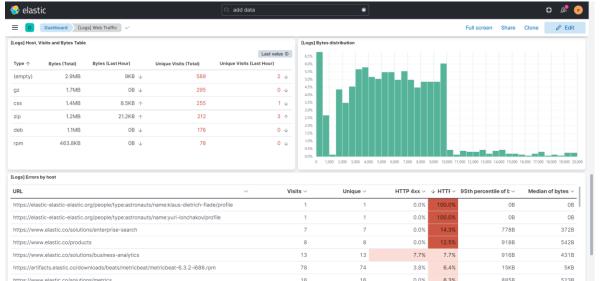
• 대시보드 탭으로 들어가 Create Dashboard



• 대시보드를 사용하기 위해서는 Visualize에서 데이터 시각화 작업이 필요

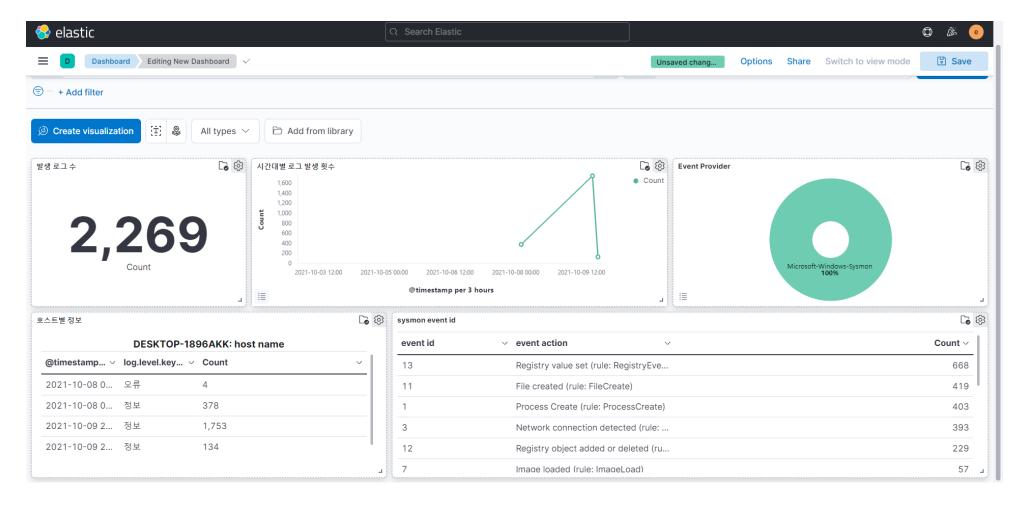
## 3. Dashboard : 대시보드 생성 (예시)





[샘플 데이터의 대시보드]

- Visualize된 자료를 원하는 위치로 끌어 직접 보기 편한 위치로 배치 가능
- 시각화된 여러 유형의 데이터들을 원하는 위치에 놓아 한눈에 볼 수 있음



• 생성한 Visualization 자료를 가져와 만든 대시보드

- log&악성 행위 수집을 위해 필요한 Dashboard 구성 요소는 아직 조사 예정
  - 로그 수집 후 우리가 Visualization 해야 할 것들..
  - 1. Number of Event -
  - 2. Event level
  - 3. host별 정보
  - ...

## 참고

- https://www.itworld.co.kr/howto/136899
- <a href="https://www.elastic.co/kr/blog/importing-csv-and-log-data-into-elasticsearch-with-file-data-visualizer">https://www.elastic.co/kr/blog/importing-csv-and-log-data-into-elasticsearch-with-file-data-visualizer</a>