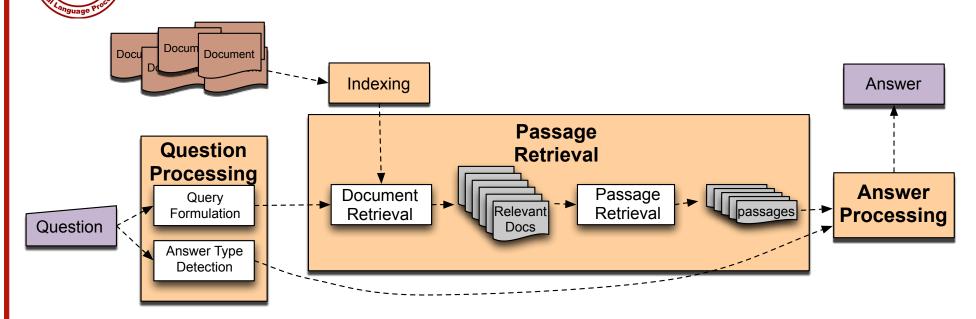
Question Answering

Passage Retrieval and Answer Extraction

Dan Jurafsky Factoid Q/A





Passage Retrieval

- Step 1: IR engine retrieves documents using query terms
- Step 2: Segment the documents into shorter units
 - something like paragraphs
- Step 3: Passage ranking
 - Use answer type to help rerank passages

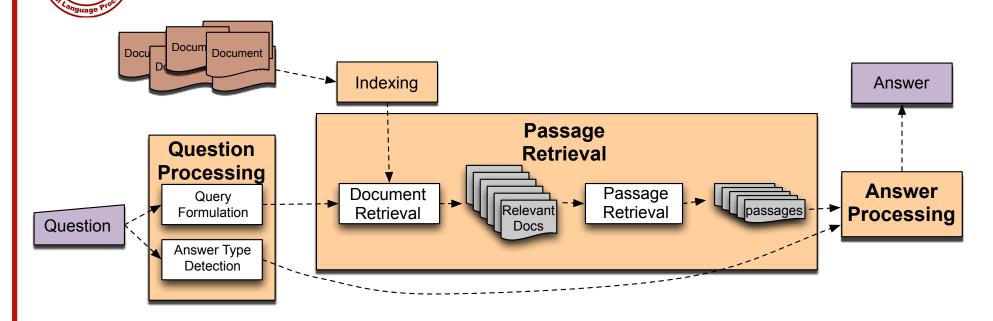


Features for Passage Ranking

Either in rule-based classifiers or with supervised machine learning

- Number of Named Entities of the right type in passage
- Number of query words in passage
- Number of question N-grams also in passage
- Proximity of query keywords to each other in passage
- Longest sequence of question words
- Rank of the document containing passage

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Answer Extraction

- Run an answer-type named-entity tagger on the passages
 - Each answer type requires a named-entity tagger that detects it
 - If answer type is CITY, tagger has to tag CITY
 - Can be full NER, simple regular expressions, or hybrid
- Return the string with the right type:
 - Who is the prime minister of India (PERSON)

 Manmohan Singh, Prime Minister of India, had told

 left leaders that the deal would not be renegotiated.
 - How tall is Mt. Everest? (LENGTH)
 The official height of Mount Everest is 29035 feet



Ranking Candidate Answers

But what if there are multiple candidate answers!

Q: Who was Queen Victoria's second son?

Answer Type: Person

Passage:

The Marie biscuit is named after Marie Alexandrovna, the daughter of Czar Alexander II of Russia and wife of Alfred, the second son of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert





Ranking Candidate Answers

But what if there are multiple candidate answers!

Q: Who was Queen Victoria's second son?

- Answer Type: Person
- Passage:

The Marie biscuit is named after Marie Alexandrovna, the daughter of Czar Alexander II of Russia and wife of Alfred, the second son of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert



Use machine learning: Features for ranking candidate answers

Answer type match: Candidate contains a phrase with the correct answer type.

Pattern match: Regular expression pattern matches the candidate.

Question keywords: # of question keywords in the candidate.

Keyword distance: Distance in words between the candidate and query keywords

Novelty factor: A word in the candidate is not in the query.

Apposition features: The candidate is an appositive to question terms

Punctuation location: The candidate is immediately followed by a comma, period, quotation marks, semicolon, or exclamation mark.

Sequences of question terms: The length of the longest sequence of question terms that occurs in the candidate answer.



Candidate Answer scoring in IBM Watson

- Each candidate answer gets scores from >50 components
 - (from unstructured text, semi-structured text, triple stores)
 - logical form (parse) match between question and candidate
 - passage source reliability
 - geospatial location
 - California is "southwest of Montana"
 - temporal relationships
 - taxonomic classification



Common Evaluation Metrics

- 1. Accuracy (does answer match gold-labeled answer?)
- 2. Mean Reciprocal Rank
 - For each query return a ranked list of M candidate answers.
 - Its score is 1/Rank of the first right answer.
 - Take the mean over all N queries

$$MRR = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{rank_i}}{N}$$



Common Evaluation Metrics

- 1. Accuracy (does answer match gold-labeled answer?)
- 2. Mean Reciprocal Rank
 - For each query return a ranked list of M candidate answers.
 - Query score is 1/Rank of the first correct answer
 - If first answer is correct: 1
 - else if second answer is correct: ½
 - else if third answer is correct: 1/3, etc.
 - Score is 0 if none of the M answers are correct
 - Take the mean over all N queries

Question Answering

Passage Retrieval and Answer Extraction