

## My Experience Setting Up n8n on Windows 11 Pro Using Docker

Setting up n8n on my Windows 11 Pro machine was a journey filled with some unexpected challenges, but I managed to overcome them step by step. Here's how it went:

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### Step 1: Application Not Running After Installation

After downloading the n8n application and attempting to run it on my Windows 11 Pro system, the app failed to start without providing any explanation. I was initially unsure of what the issue was.

#### What I Did

1. I double-checked that **Hyper-V** was enabled on my system:
  - Opened Turn Windows features on or off and confirmed that **Hyper-V** was checked.
2. After some digging, I discovered that the issue was with an outdated version of the **Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)** on my machine.

#### Solution

To fix this, I updated WSL via PowerShell using the following command:

```
wsl --update
```

After running this command, the Docker Desktop application worked as expected, and I was ready to proceed with setting up n8n.

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### Step 2: Running n8n in Docker

With Docker Desktop up and running, I moved on to setting up n8n as a Docker container. Here's what I did:

#### Steps to Set Up n8n

1. I pulled the latest n8n Docker image:
2. `docker pull n8nio/n8n`
3. Then, I created and started the container:
4. `docker run -d -p 5678:5678 --name n8n-container n8nio/n8n`
  - **Flags I used:**
    - `-d`: Run the container in detached mode.
    - `-p 5678:5678`: Map the container port 5678 to the host port 5678.
    - `--name`: Assigned a specific name to the container for easier reference.

5. To ensure everything was working, I verified the container status:
6. `docker ps`

The output confirmed that the container was running and listening on port 5678.

### Checking Logs

I also checked the container logs to confirm that n8n had initialized properly:

`docker logs n8n-container`

The logs indicated:

- n8n was ready on `http://0.0.0.0:5678`.
  - There was a warning about permissions related to `/home/node/.n8n/config`, but it didn't stop the application from running.
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### Step 3: Resolving Connection Issues

Despite n8n being up and running, I couldn't connect to it via `http://localhost:5678` in my browser. I encountered a `ERR_CONNECTION_REFUSED` error.

#### Firewall Configuration

To fix this, I suspected that the issue might be related to Windows Firewall blocking the port.

1. I opened **Windows Defender Firewall** and created a new inbound rule:
    - Rule Type: **Port**
    - Protocol: **TCP**
    - Specific Local Port: **5678**
    - Action: **Allow the connection**
    - Applied to: **Domain, Private, and Public** networks.
  2. After applying the rule, I tested the connection again, and this time, I was able to access n8n at `http://localhost:5678`.
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### Step 4: Resolving Port Mapping Issue

One key issue I encountered was related to incorrect port mapping when initially setting up the container. Here's a breakdown:

#### What Was Incorrectly Set?

- **Port Mapping:**

- In the initial setup (docker ps), the host port (32772) was randomly assigned instead of explicitly mapped to 5678. This made it inaccessible via `http://localhost:5678`.

### What Corrected the Issue?

#### 1. Proper Port Mapping:

- Recreated the container with the correct port mapping:
- `docker run -d -p 5678:5678 --name n8n-container n8nio/n8n`
- This explicitly binds the host port 5678 to the container port 5678, allowing access via `http://localhost:5678`.

#### 2. Firewall Adjustment:

- Configured Windows Defender Firewall to allow incoming traffic on port 5678, ensuring no external blockages.

### Checking Logs

The logs showed:

- **Permission Warning:**

- “Permissions 0644 for n8n settings file `/home/node/.n8n/config` are too wide. This is ignored for now, but in the future n8n will attempt to change the permissions automatically.”

### Next Steps to Address Warning

To resolve this warning, I will start the container with the recommended environment variable:

```
docker run -d -p 5678:5678 --name n8n-container -e N8N_ENFORCE_SETTINGS_FILE_PERMISSIONS=true n8nio/n8n
```

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### Lessons Learned

This experience taught me a lot about troubleshooting in Docker and configuring my Windows environment. Here are some key takeaways:

1. **Keep WSL Updated:** Ensuring WSL is up to date is crucial for running Docker Desktop effectively on Windows.
  2. **Verify Port Mapping:** Always double-check the port mapping when running containers to avoid connectivity issues.
  3. **Firewall Rules Matter:** Configuring Windows Firewall is essential when exposing ports for Docker containers.
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## Next Steps

Now that n8n is up and running, my next step is to resolve the file permissions warning in the logs by setting the environment variable:

```
N8N_ENFORCE_SETTINGS_FILE_PERMISSIONS=true
```

With this resolved, I'm excited to start building and automating workflows in n8n!

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This journey wasn't without its challenges, but each step was an opportunity to learn more about Docker and Windows configuration. If you're setting up n8n and run into similar issues, I hope this write-up helps you navigate through them.