

Transforming Education Transforming India

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Name of The Project	Result Management sysrem

Project Title: Student Result Management and Analysis using PySpark and Hadoop

2. Introduction

- Project Overview: Briefly describe the project's goal: to manage and analyze student results using PySpark for efficient data processing.
- Tools and Technologies: List the tools used (PySpark, Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn) and mention the benefits of using PySpark (distributed processing, scalability).

3. Data Generation

- **Student Profiles:** Explain how you generated 10,000 student profiles with names and IDs using Pandas and converted it to a Spark DataFrame.
- **Subjects and Marks:** Describe the 6 subjects and how random marks were generated for each student using Spark.

Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql import Row
from pyspark.sql import functions as F
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# 1. Project Setup (Libraries imported)
# 2. Generate 10,000 Students' Profile
names = ["Ramesh", "Suresh", "Hitesh", "Mukesh", "Rajesh", "Mahesh", "Pankaj",
"Sanjay", "Vikas", "Amit", "Karan", "Arjun"]
num students = 10000
students = pd.DataFrame({
  'Student_ID': range(1, num_students + 1),
  'Name': [random.choice(names) + " " + random.choice(["Sharma", "Verma",
"Patel", "Yadav", "Gupta"]) for _ in range(num_students)]
})
print(students.head())
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("ResultManagement").getOrCreate()
```

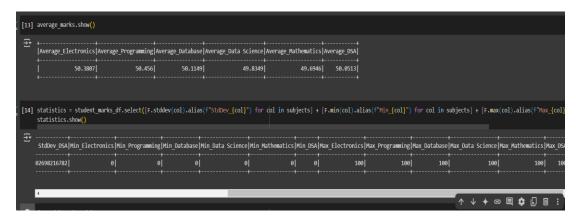
```
students_spark = spark.createDataFrame(students)
#3. Generate 6 General Subjects
subjects = ["Electronics", "Programming", "Database", "Data Science",
"Mathematics", "DSA"]
# 4. Generate 6 Subject Marks for 10,000 Students
marks_data = []
for student in students_spark.collect():
  student_id = student.Student_ID
  marks_row = {"Student_ID": student_id}
  for subject in subjects:
     marks_row[subject] = random.randint(0, 100)
  marks_data.append(Row(**marks_row))
marks_df = spark.createDataFrame(marks_data)
# 5. Use Spark and Hadoop Framework
student_marks_df = students_spark.join(marks_df, "Student_ID")
for subject in subjects:
  student_marks_df = student_marks_df.withColumn(f"{subject}_Grade",
F.when(F.col(subject) >= 90, "A").when(F.col(subject) >= 80, "B").when(F.col(subject)
>= 70, "C").when(F.col(subject) >= 60, "D").otherwise("F"))
average_marks = student_marks_df.select([F.mean(col).alias(f"Average_{col}") for
col in subjects])
# 6. Do Basic Analysis and Statistics
average_marks.show()
statistics = student marks df.select([F.stddev(col).alias(f"StdDev {col}")
```

Output

	Student_ID	Name
0	1	Karan Patel
1	2	Suresh Gupta
2	3	Pankaj Verma
3	4	Mukesh Verma
4	5	Mahesh Patel

4. Data Processing with PySpark

- **Joining DataFrames:** Explain how you joined the student profile and marks DataFrames using Student_ID.
- Calculating Grades: Describe the grade calculation logic (A, B, C, D, F) using PySpark's when function.
- Calculating Average Marks: Explain how you calculated the average marks for each subject using PySpark's aggregation functions.



5. Basic Analysis and Statistics

- Average Marks: Display the average marks for each subject in a table.
- Other Statistics: Include a table showing standard deviation, minimum, and maximum marks for each subject.
- **Top Performers:** List the top 5 performers in each subject with their Student_ID, Name, and marks.

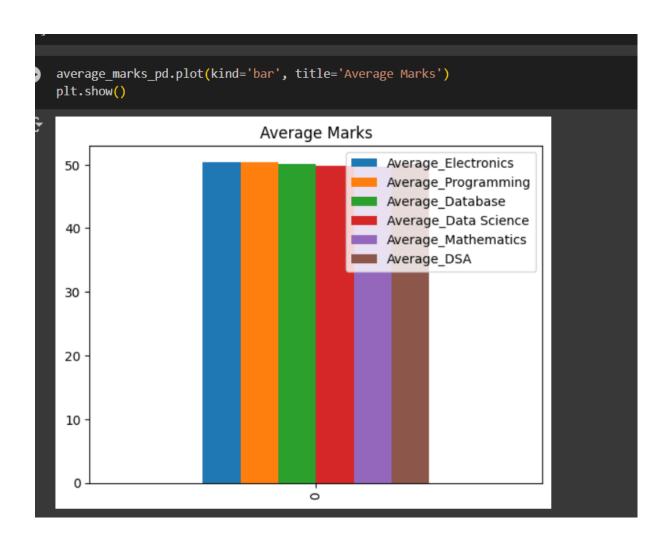
```
for subject in subjects:
    top_performers = student_marks_df.orderBy(F.col(subject).desc()).select("Student_ID", "Name", subject).limit(5)
print(f"Top performers in {subject}:")
    top_performers.show()
Top performers in Electronics:
|Student_ID|
                           Name|Electronics|
         414|Hitesh Sharma|
        4108 | Mahesh Verma
1526 | Mahesh Gupta
                                              100
                                              100
          26| Mahesh Verma|
823|Rajesh Sharma|
                                              100
Top performers in Programming:
|Student ID|
                          Name|Programming|
        2235| Vikas Sharma
1733| Vikas Yadav
1722| Ramesh Gupta
2812| Karan Patel
768|Mahesh Sharma
                                              100
                                              100
                                              1001
                                              100
                                              100
```

```
Top performers in Database:
+----+
|Student_ID| Name|Database|
+-----
    1362|Hitesh Sharma| 100|
2522| Arjun Sharma| 100|
1440| Rajesh Verma| 100|
1988| Mahesh Patel| 100|
5075| Amit Yadav| 100|
    -----
Top performers in Data Science:
|Student_ID| Name|Data Science|
    3258 | Sanjay Gupta | 100 |
4171 | Ramesh Gupta | 100 |
4487 | Ramesh Patel | 100 |
     3258 | Sanjay Gupta|
      4171 Ramesh Gupta
Top performers in Mathematics:
+----+
|Student_ID| Name|Mathematics|
     1846|Pankaj Sharma| 100|
1650| Ramesh Gupta| 100|
      4511 Amit Patel
                                  100
      2612 | Arjun Sharma | 100 |
1219 | Rajesh Yadav | 100 |
      1219 Rajesh Yadav
```

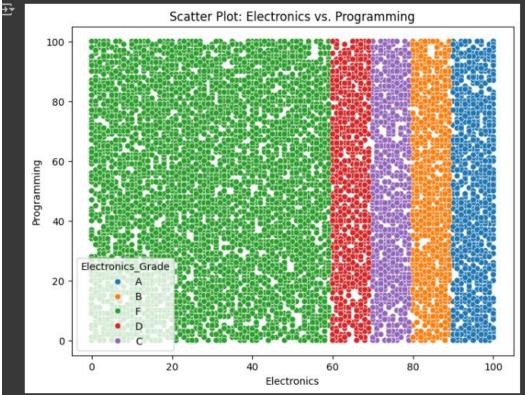
```
Top performers in Mathematics:
|Student ID|
                     Name | Mathematics |
       1846 Pankaj Sharma
                                   100
       1650 Ramesh Gupta
                                   100
               Amit Patel
       4511
                                   100
       2612 Arjun Sharma
                                   100
       1219 Rajesh Yadav
                                   100
Top performers in DSA:
|Student ID|
                     Name DSA
       2040 | Mahesh Yadav | 100 |
       3034 | Arjun Sharma | 100 |
               Amit Verma|100|
       4220
       4354 Rajesh Verma 100
       1768|Rajesh Sharma|100|
```

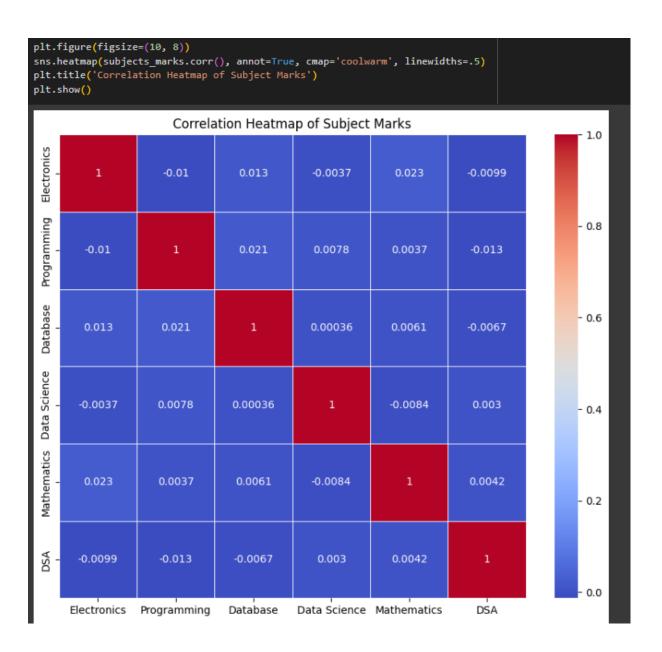
6. Data Visualization

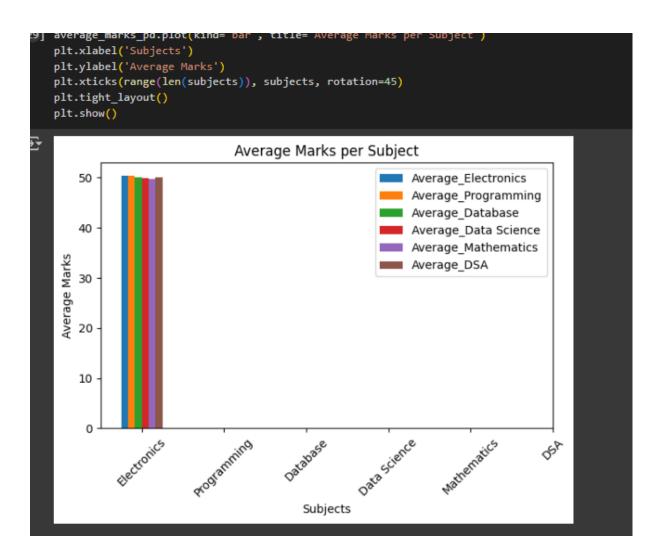
- **Heatmap:** Include the heatmap generated using Seaborn, showing the correlation between subject marks. Briefly explain any observed patterns.
- Average Marks Graph: Include the bar graph showing average marks per subject.
- Distribution Graphs: Include histograms for each subject showing the distribution of marks.

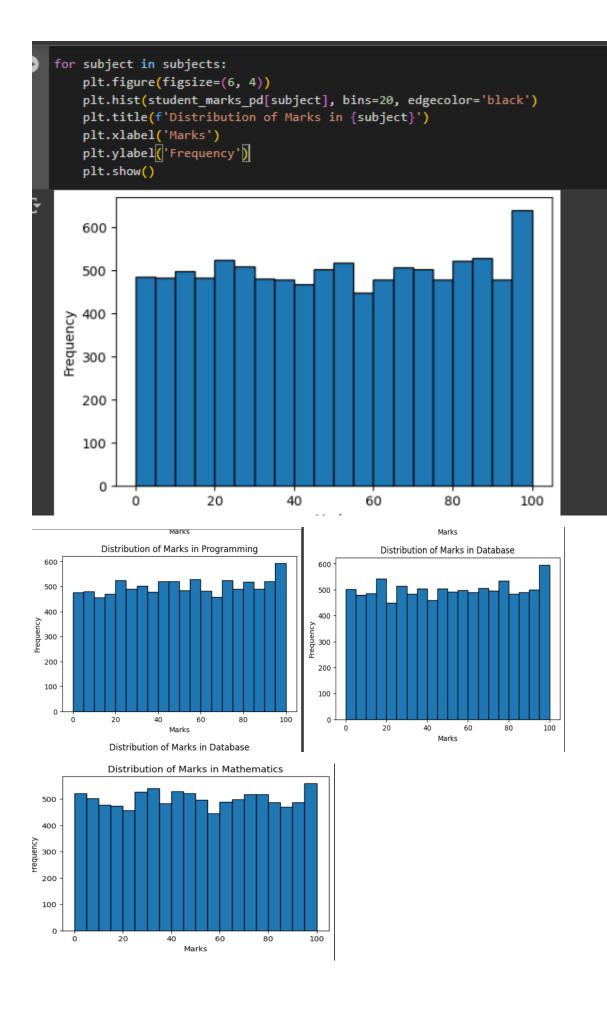


```
# Scatter Plot (Example: Electronics vs. Programming)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='Electronics', y='Programming', data=student_marks_pd, hue='Electronics_Grade')
plt.title('Scatter Plot: Electronics vs. Programming')
plt.show()
spark.stop()
```









7. Conclusion

- **Summary of Findings:** Briefly summarize the key insights from the analysis (e.g., average marks, top performers, correlations).
- Benefits of PySpark: Reiterate the advantages of using PySpark for this project.
- **Future Enhancements:** Suggest potential improvements (e.g., more detailed analysis, interactive dashboard, using real-world data).

The Mapreduce Function has Been Done In the Ubuntu