

1)What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):
```

```
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)
```

```
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

ANSWER :- 15

```
2) numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)
```

```
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)
```

```
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0
```

```
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)
```

```
print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a. Int
- b. Filter
- c. List
- d. Tuple

ANSWER :- Filter

3) As what datatype are the *args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

ANSWER :- Tuple

```
4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}
```

```
set2 = {82, 49, 62}
```

```
set3={99,22,17}
```

print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error

ANSWER :- Error

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

ANSWER :- Raise

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timedata
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

ANSWER :- Datetime

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

print(43 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))**

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

ANSWER :- 208

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) strptime
- b) strftime

- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

ANSWER :- strptime

- 9) The python tuple is _____ in nature.
- a) mutable
 - b) immutable
 - c) unchangeable
 - d) none

ANSWER :- Immutable

- 10) The __ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.
- A. range()
 - B. set()
 - C. dictionary{ }
 - D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- range()

Question 11

Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- Lambda function

Question 12

The module Pickle is used to ____.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- Both A and B

Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- dump() method

Question 14

Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- load()

Question 15

A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

ANSWER :- All of the mentioned above

Question 16

Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise":  
    "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
}
```

```
Enterprise Picard,
```

```
Voyager Janeway
```

```
Defiant Sisko
```

- a) for ship, captain in
captains.items(): print(ship,
captain)
- b) for ship in captains:
print(ship,
captains[ship])
- c) for ship in captains:
print(ship, captains)
- d) both a and b

ANSWER :- both a and b

Question 17

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named `captains`?

- a) `captains = {dict}`
- b) `type(captains)`
- c) `captains.dict()`
- d) `captains = {}`

ANSWER :- `captains = {}`

Question 18

Now you have your empty dictionary named `captains`. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs `"Enterprise": "Picard"`, `"Voyager": "Janeway"`, and `"Defiant": "Sisko"`.

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing `captains` dictionary?

- a) `captains{"Enterprise" =`

```
"Picard"} captains{"Voyager" =  
"Janeway"} captains{"Defiant" =  
"Sisko"}
```

b) captains["Enterprise"] =
"Picard" captains["Voyager"] =
"Janeway" captains["Defiant"] =
"Sisko"

c) captains = {
 "Enterprise":
 "Picard", "Voyager":
 "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
}

d) None of the above

e) **ANSWER:-**

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise":  
    "Picard", "Voyager":  
    "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
}
```

Question 19

You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",
```

}Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) for item in captains.items():

 print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
- b) for ship, captain in captains.items():

 print(f"The { ship } is captained by
 { captain }.")
- c) for captain, ship in captains.items():

 print(f"The { ship } is captained by
 { captain }.")
- d) All are correct

- e) **ANSWER :-** for ship, captain in
 captains.items(): print(f"The { ship } is
 captained by { captain }.")

Question 20

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it

with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) `del captains`
- b) `captains.remove()`
- c) `del captains["Discovery"]`
- d) `captains["Discovery"].pop()`

ANSWER :- `del captains["Discovery"]`