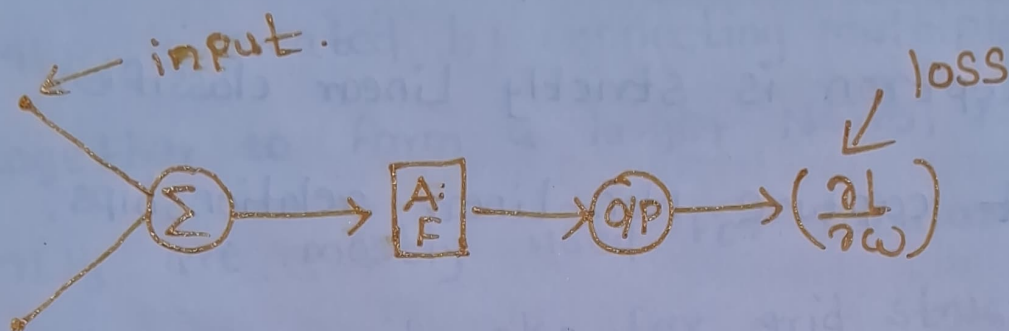


Perceptron Flexibility

(12)

① The Framework -



② Variants.

① if $A \cdot F = \text{step}$
 $\text{Loss} = \text{Hinge}$ } \rightarrow Perceptron \rightarrow Binary classification

② $A \cdot F = \text{Sigmoid}$
 $\text{Loss} = \text{Binary cross Entropy}$ } \rightarrow Logistic Regression \rightarrow Probabilistic Binary classⁿ.

③ $A \cdot F = \text{softmax}$
 $\text{Loss} = \text{categorical cross Entropy}$ } \rightarrow Multiclass classification

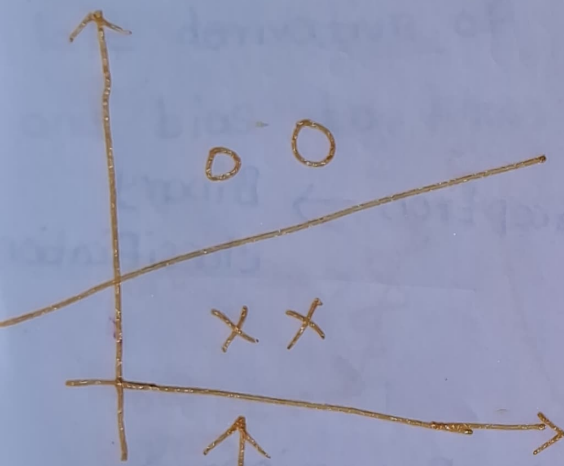
④ $A \cdot F = \text{linear}$
 $\text{Loss} = \text{MSE}$ } \rightarrow Linear Regression.

Perceptron Problem

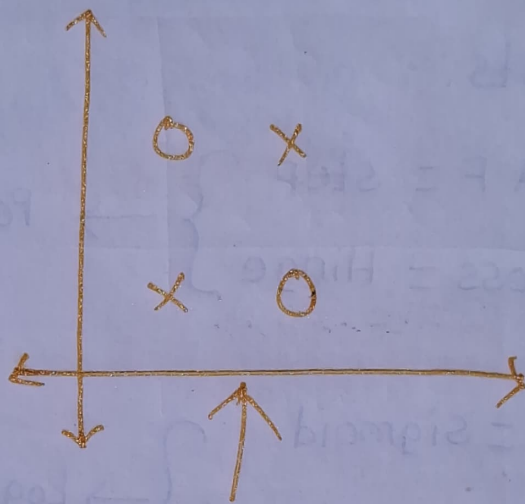
—x—x—

* Problem:-

The perceptron is strictly Linear classifier.
It cannot capture Non-Linear relationships.



Linearly
separable



Non Linear
relationship