

Guide Complet : Supervision Sécurité avec AWS CloudWatch

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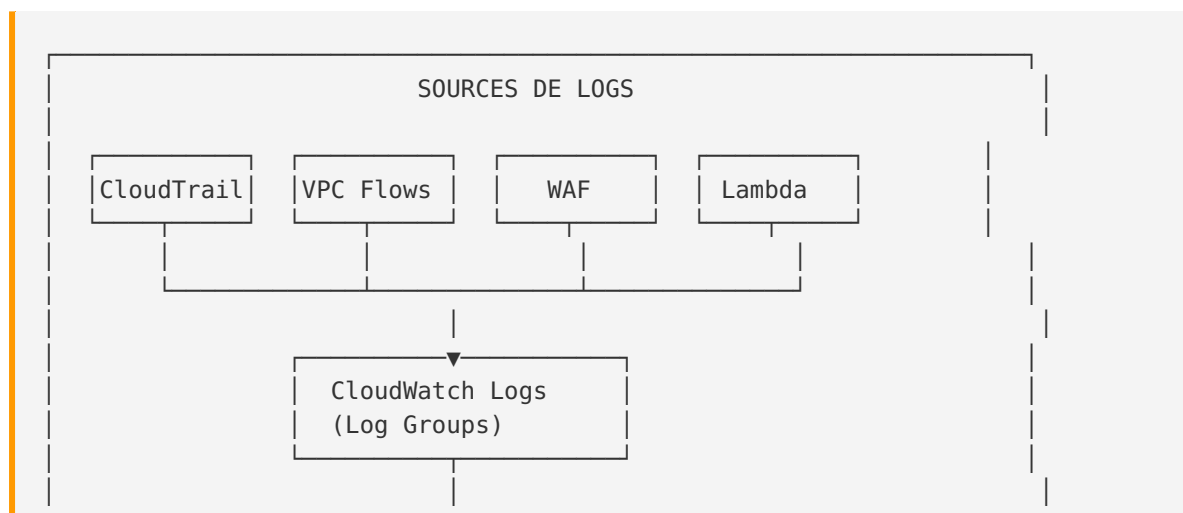
Destiné à: Équipes SRE et Sécurité

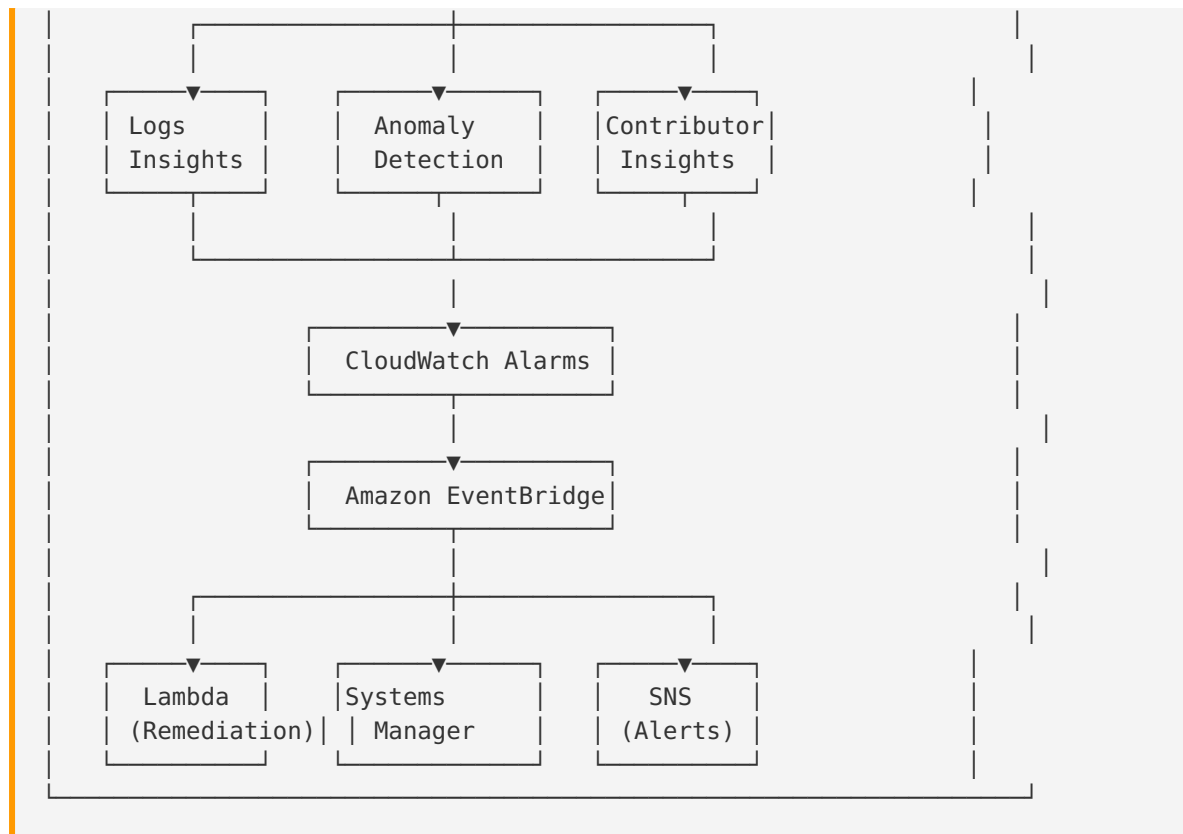
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Architecture de Supervision Sécurité

1. Vue d'Ensemble





2. Stratégie de Logs Centralisés

Bonnes pratiques 2025:

- ☒ **Centralisation** : Tous les logs dans un compte dédié
- ☒ **Rétention** : Minimum 90 jours (compliance), 1-2 ans (forensics)
- ☒ **Chiffrement** : KMS pour tous les log groups
- ☒ **Automatisation** : Alertes et réponses automatisées

```

# Créer un log group centralisé avec chiffrement
aws logs create-log-group --log-group-name /security/centralized-logs

aws logs put-retention-policy \
  --log-group-name /security/centralized-logs \
  --retention-in-days 365

# Activer le chiffrement KMS
aws logs associate-kms-key \
  --log-group-name /security/centralized-logs \
  --kms-key-id arn:aws:kms:us-east-1:123456789012:key/xxxxx
  
```

CloudWatch Alarmes Critiques

1. Alarmes IAM et Accès

1.1 Changements de Politiques IAM

```
# Créer un filtre de métrique pour les changements de politique
aws logs put-metric-filter \
  --log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
  --filter-name IAM-Policy-Changes \
  --filter-pattern '{{$eventNames=DeleteGroupPolicy) || ($eventNames=DeleteRolePolicy) || ($eventNames=DeleteUserPolicy)' \
  --metric-transformations \
    metricName=IAMPolicyChanges,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

# Créer l'alarme
aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name IAM-Policy-Change-Detected \
  --alarm-description "Alerte lors d'un changement de politique IAM" \
  --metric-name IAMPolicyChanges \
  --namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
  --statistic Sum \
  --period 300 \
  --evaluation-periods 1 \
  --threshold 1 \
  --comparison-operator GreaterThanOrEqualToThreshold \
  --treat-missing-data notBreaching \
  --alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:SecurityAlerts
```

1.2 Utilisation du Compte Root

```
# Filtre pour détecter l'utilisation du compte root
aws logs put-metric-filter \
  --log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
  --filter-name Root-Account-Usage \
  --filter-pattern '{{$userIdentity.type="Root" && $userIdentity.invokedBy NOT EXISTS && $userIdentity.isMfaAuthenticated="false"}}' \
  --metric-transformations \
    metricName=RootAccountUsage,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name Root-Account-Usage-Detected \
  --alarm-description "CRITICAL: Root account was used" \
  --metric-name RootAccountUsage \
  --namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
  --statistic Sum \
  --period 60 \
  --evaluation-periods 1 \
  --threshold 1 \
  --comparison-operator GreaterThanOrEqualToThreshold \
  --alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:CriticalSecurityAlerts
```

1.3 Échecs de Connexion Console

```
# Détecter les tentatives de connexion échouées
aws logs put-metric-filter \
  --log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
  --filter-name Console-Login-Failures \
  --filter-pattern '{ ($.eventName=ConsoleLogin) && ($.errorMessage="Failed authentication") }' \
  --metric-transformations \
    metricName=ConsoleLoginFailures,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name Excessive-Console-Login-Failures \
  --alarm-description "Multiple failed console login attempts detected" \
  --metric-name ConsoleLoginFailures \
  --namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
  --statistic Sum \
  --period 300 \
  --evaluation-periods 1 \
  --threshold 5 \
  --comparison-operator GreaterThanThreshold \
  --alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:SecurityAlerts
```

2. Alarmes Infrastructure

2.1 Changements de Security Groups

```
# Détecter les modifications de security groups
aws logs put-metric-filter \
  --log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
  --filter-name Security-Group-Changes \
  --filter-pattern '{ ($.eventName=AuthorizeSecurityGroupIngress) || ($.eventName=AuthorizeSecurityGroupEgress) || ($.eventName=RevokeSecurityGroupIngress) || ($.eventName=RevokeSecurityGroupEgress) || ($.eventName=DeleteSecurityGroup) || ($.eventName=CreateSecurityGroup) || ($.eventName=ModifySecurityGroupRules) }' \
  --metric-transformations \
    metricName=SecurityGroupChanges,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name Security-Group-Change-Detected \
  --metric-name SecurityGroupChanges \
  --namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
  --statistic Sum \
  --period 300 \
  --evaluation-periods 1 \
  --threshold 1 \
  --comparison-operator GreaterThanOrEqualToThreshold \
  --alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:InfrastructureAlerts
```

2.2 Clés KMS Désactivées

```
# Alerter si une clé KMS est désactivée ou supprimée
aws logs put-metric-filter \
  --log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
```

```

--filter-name KMS-Key-Disabled \
--filter-pattern '{ ($.eventSource=kms.amazonaws.com) && (($.eventName=DisableKey) || ($.eventName=DeleteKey)) }' \
--metric-transformations \
    metricName=KMSKeyDisabled,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
--alarm-name KMS-Key-Disabled-Alert \
--alarm-description "CRITICAL: KMS key was disabled or scheduled for deletion" \
--metric-name KMSKeyDisabled \
--namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
--statistic Sum \
--period 60 \
--evaluation-periods 1 \
--threshold 1 \
--comparison-operator GreaterThanOrEqualToThreshold \
--alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:CriticalSecurityAlerts

```

3. Alarmes API et Accès Réseau

3.1 Appels API Non Autorisés

```

# Détecter les appels API rejetés (UnauthorizedOperation, AccessDenied)
aws logs put-metric-filter \
--log-group-name /aws/cloudtrail/logs \
--filter-name Unauthorized-API-Calls \
--filter-pattern '{ ($.errorCode=*UnauthorizedOperation) || ($.errorCode=AccessDenied*) }' \
--metric-transformations \
    metricName=UnauthorizedAPICalls,metricNamespace=CloudTrailMetrics,metricValue=1

aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
--alarm-name Unauthorized-API-Calls-Spike \
--alarm-description "Spike in unauthorized API calls detected" \
--metric-name UnauthorizedAPICalls \
--namespace CloudTrailMetrics \
--statistic Sum \
--period 300 \
--evaluation-periods 1 \
--threshold 10 \
--comparison-operator GreaterThanThreshold \
--alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:SecurityAlerts

```

CloudWatch Logs Insights

1. Requêtes de Sécurité Essentielles

1.1 Top 10 Utilisateurs IAM avec le Plus d'Erreurs

```
fields @timestamp, userIdentity.arn, eventName, errorCode, errorMessage
| filter errorCode like /(?!)(denied|unauthorized|forbidden)/
| stats count(*) as errorCount by userIdentity.arn
| sort errorCount desc
| limit 10
```

1.2 Identifier les Accès depuis des Pays Inhabituels

```
fields @timestamp, userIdentity.arn, sourceIPAddress, awsRegion, eventName
| filter sourceIPAddress not like /^10\.|^172\.(1[6-9]|2[0-9]|3[0-1])\.|^192\.168\./
| stats count(*) as accessCount by sourceIPAddress, userIdentity.arn
| sort accessCount desc
| limit 20
```

1.3 Détecter les Créations de Ressources Inhabituelles

```
fields @timestamp, userIdentity.arn, eventName, requestParameters
| filter eventName like /^(Create|Run|Launch)/
| filter eventTime >= ago(24h)
| stats count(*) as resourceCreations by userIdentity.arn, eventName
| sort resourceCreations desc
```

1.4 Exfiltration de Données Potentielle (S3)

```
fields @timestamp, userIdentity.arn, eventName, requestParameters.bucketName, additionalEventData
| filter eventName = "GetObject" and additionalEventData.bytesTransferredOut > 1073741824
| stats sum(additionalEventData.bytesTransferredOut) as totalBytes by userIdentity.arn, requestParameters.bucketName
| sort totalBytes desc
```

1.5 Activité Hors Heures Ouvrables

```
fields @timestamp, userIdentity.arn, eventName, sourceIPAddress
| filter eventTime >= ago(7d)
| filter strftime("%H", @timestamp) < "08" or strftime("%H", @timestamp) > "18"
| stats count(*) as afterHoursActivity by userIdentity.arn
| sort afterHoursActivity desc
| limit 20
```

2. Analyse VPC Flow Logs

2.1 Top 10 IPs Sources avec Connexions Rejetées

```
fields @timestamp, srcAddr, dstAddr, dstPort, action
| filter action = "REJECT"
| stats count(*) as rejectedConnections by srcAddr, dstPort
| sort rejectedConnections desc
| limit 10
```

2.2 Détecter un Scan de Ports

```
fields @timestamp, srcAddr, dstPort
| filter action = "REJECT"
| stats count_distinct(dstPort) as uniquePorts by srcAddr
| filter uniquePorts > 50
| sort uniquePorts desc
```

2.3 Identifier Data Exfiltration (> 10GB sortant)

```
fields @timestamp, srcAddr, dstAddr, bytes, protocol
| filter dstAddr not like /^10\.|^172\.(1[6-9]|2[0-9]|3[0-1])\.\|^192\.168\./
| stats sum(bytes) as totalBytes by srcAddr, dstAddr
| filter totalBytes > 10737418240
| sort totalBytes desc
```

2.4 Connexions vers des Ports Suspects

```
fields @timestamp, srcAddr, dstAddr, dstPort, action
| filter (dstPort = 4444 or dstPort = 1337 or dstPort = 31337 or dstPort = 8888)
| stats count(*) as suspiciousConnections by srcAddr, dstPort
| sort suspiciousConnections desc
```

Détection d'Anomalies

1. CloudWatch Anomaly Detection

1.1 Activer la Détection d'Anomalies sur Métriques

```
# Créer une alarme avec détection d'anomalies
aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name API-Gateway-Anomaly-Detection \
  --comparison-operator LessThanLowerOrGreaterThanUpperThreshold \
```

```
--evaluation-periods 2 \
--metrics '[
{
  "Id": "m1",
  "ReturnData": true,
  "MetricStat": {
    "Metric": {
      "Namespace": "AWS/ApiGateway",
      "MetricName": "Count",
      "Dimensions": [{"Name": "ApiName", "Value": "MyAPI"}]
    },
    "Period": 300,
    "Stat": "Sum"
  }
},
{
  "Id": "ad1",
  "Expression": "ANOMALY_DETECTION_BAND(m1, 2)",
  "Label": "Count (expected)"
}
]' \
--threshold-metric-id ad1 \
--alarm-actions arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:AnomalyAlerts
```

1.2 Anomalies sur Secrets Manager

```
# Détecter les accès anormaux à Secrets Manager
aws cloudwatch put-metric-alarm \
  --alarm-name Secrets-Manager-Anomaly \
  --comparison-operator LessThanLowerOrGreaterThanUpperThreshold \
  --evaluation-periods 2 \
  --metrics '[
{
  "Id": "m1",
  "MetricStat": {
    "Metric": {
      "Namespace": "AWS/SecretsManager",
      "MetricName": "ResourceCount"
    },
    "Period": 300,
    "Stat": "Sum"
  }
},
{
  "Id": "ad1",
  "Expression": "ANOMALY_DETECTION_BAND(m1, 2)"
}
]' \
--threshold-metric-id ad1
```


2. CloudWatch Logs Anomaly Detection

2.1 Activer la Détection d'Anomalies sur Logs

```
# Créer un détecteur d'anomalies de logs
aws logs create-log-anomaly-detector \
  --log-group-name /aws/lambda/my-function \
  --anomaly-detector-name lambda-anomaly-detector \
  --evaluation-frequency FIFTEEN_MIN \
  --filter-pattern ""
```

2.2 Types d'Anomalies Détectées

CloudWatch Logs Anomaly Detection utilise le machine learning pour détecter **5 types d'anomalies**:

| Type | Description | Exemple |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Pattern Frequency | Changement dans la fréquence d'un pattern | Erreur qui apparaît 10x plus souvent |
| New Pattern | Nouveau pattern jamais vu | Nouveau type d'erreur |
| Token Variation | Variation dans les tokens | IPs sources inhabituelles |
| Numerical Variation | Variation dans les valeurs numériques | Latence inhabituelle |
| Token Sequence | Séquence de tokens inhabituelle | Ordre d'événements anormal |

Réponse Automatisée avec EventBridge

1. Architecture de Réponse Automatique

```
# Règle EventBridge pour répondre aux alarmes CloudWatch
aws events put-rule \
  --name SecurityAlarmResponse \
  --event-pattern '{
    "source": ["aws.cloudwatch"],
    "detail-type": ["CloudWatch Alarm State Change"],
    "detail": {
      "alarmName": [{
        "prefix": "Security-"
      ]
    }
  }'
```

```

    }],
    "state": {
      "value": ["ALARM"]
    }
  }
}'

```

Ajouter une Lambda comme target

```
aws events put-targets \
```

```
--rule SecurityAlarmResponse \
```

```
--targets "Id"="1", "Arn"="arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:123456789012:function:SecurityResponse"
```

2. Lambda de Réponse Automatique

```
import boto3
```

```
import json
```

```
ec2 = boto3.client('ec2')
```

```
ssm = boto3.client('ssm')
```

```
sns = boto3.client('sns')
```

```
def lambda_handler(event, context):
```

```
    """Réponse automatique aux alarmes de sécurité"""
```

```
    alarm_name = event['detail']['alarmName']
```

```
    alarm_state = event['detail']['state']['value']
```

```
# Root Account Usage Detected
```

```
if alarm_name == "Root-Account-Usage-Detected" and alarm_state == "ALARM":
```

```
    response = {
```

```
        'action': 'CRITICAL_ALERT',
```

```
        'message': 'Root account usage detected - Manual investigation required'
```

```
    }
```

```
# Envoyer une alerte critique
```

```
sns.publish(
```

```
    TopicArn='arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:CriticalSecurityAlerts',
```

```
    Subject='CRITICAL: Root Account Usage',
```

```
    Message=json.dumps(response, indent=2)
```

```
)
```

```
# Unauthorized API Calls Spike
```

```
elif alarm_name == "Unauthorized-API-Calls-Spike" and alarm_state == "ALARM":
```

```
    # Identifier l'IP source depuis CloudTrail
```

```
    cloudtrail = boto3.client('cloudtrail')
```

```
    events = cloudtrail.lookup_events(
```

```
        LookupAttributes=[{
```

```
            'AttributeKey': 'EventName',
```

```
            'AttributeValue': 'AccessDenied'
```

```
        ]],
```

```
        MaxResults=50
```

```
)
```

```

# Extraire les IPs suspectes
suspicious_ips = set()
for event in events['Events']:
    source_ip = json.loads(event['CloudTrailEvent'])['sourceIPAddress']
    suspicious_ips.add(source_ip)

# Bloquer les IPs dans le NACL
for ip in suspicious_ips:
    block_ip_in_nacl(ip)

response = {
    'action': 'IPS_BLOCKED',
    'blocked_ips': list(suspicious_ips)
}

sns.publish(
    TopicArn='arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:SecurityAlerts',
    Subject='Automatic Response: IPs Blocked',
    Message=json.dumps(response, indent=2)
)

# Security Group Change Detected
elif alarm_name == "Security-Group-Change-Detected":
    # Exécuter un Systems Manager Automation pour auditer
    ssm.start_automation_execution(
        DocumentName='AWS-AuditSecurityGroupChanges',
        Parameters={
            'AutomationAssumeRole': ['arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/SecurityAutomation']
        }
    )

return {
    'statusCode': 200,
    'body': json.dumps('Security response executed')
}

def block_ip_in_nacl(ip_address):
    """Bloquer une IP dans le NACL"""
    # Trouver un numéro de règle disponible
    nacl_id = 'acl-xxxxx' # NACL de production

    # Ajouter une règle de blocage
    try:
        ec2.create_network_acl_entry(
            NetworkAclId=nacl_id,
            RuleNumber=get_next_rule_number(nacl_id),
            Protocol='-1',
            RuleAction='deny',
            Egress=False,
            CidrBlock=f'{ip_address}/32'
        )
        print(f"Blocked IP: {ip_address}")
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Error blocking IP {ip_address}: {e}")

```

```
def get_next_rule_number(nacl_id):
    """Trouver le prochain numéro de règle disponible"""
    response = ec2.describe_network_acls(NetworkAclIds=[nacl_id])
    existing_rules = [entry['RuleNumber'] for entry in response['NetworkAcls'][0]['Entries']]
    # Chercher un numéro entre 100-200 (réservé pour blocages automatiques)
    for rule_num in range(100, 200):
        if rule_num not in existing_rules:
            return rule_num
    return None
```

3. Systems Manager Automation pour Remédiation

```
# Document SSM pour isoler une instance compromise
schemaVersion: '0.3'
description: Isolate compromised EC2 instance
parameters:
    InstanceId:
        type: String
        description: Instance ID to isolate
mainSteps:
    - name: CreateSnapshot
      action: 'aws:executeAwsApi'
      inputs:
        Service: ec2
        Api: CreateSnapshot
        VolumeId: '{{ InstanceId }}'
        Description: 'Forensic snapshot before isolation'
      outputs:
        - Name: SnapshotId
          Selector: $.SnapshotId

    - name: AttachQuarantineSecurityGroup
      action: 'aws:executeAwsApi'
      inputs:
        Service: ec2
        Api: ModifyInstanceAttribute
        InstanceId: '{{ InstanceId }}'
        Groups:
            - sg-quarantine-xxxxx # Security group qui bloque tout

    - name: SendNotification
      action: 'aws:executeAwsApi'
      inputs:
        Service: sns
        Api: Publish
        TopicArn: 'arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:SecurityAlerts'
        Subject: 'Instance Isolated'
        Message: 'Instance {{ InstanceId }} has been isolated. Snapshot: {{ CreateSnapshot.SnapshotId }}'
```

Contributor Insights pour Analyse Sécurité

1. Top-N IPs Sources avec Connexions Rejetées (VPC Flow Logs)

```
{
  "Schema": {
    "Name": "CloudWatchLogRule",
    "Version": 1
  },
  "AggregateOn": "Count",
  "Contribution": {
    "Filters": [
      {
        "Match": "$.action",
        "EqualTo": "REJECT"
      }
    ],
    "Keys": [
      "$.srcAddr",
      "$.dstPort"
    ]
  },
  "LogFormat": "CLF",
  "LogGroupNames": [
    "/aws/vpc/flowlogs"
  ]
}
```

```
# Créer la règle Contributor Insights
aws cloudwatch put-insight-rule \
  --rule-name VPC-Rejected-Connections \
  --rule-state ENABLED \
  --rule-definition file://contributor-insights-rule.json
```

2. Top-N Utilisateurs avec Appels API Échoués (CloudTrail)

```
{
  "Schema": {
    "Name": "CloudWatchLogRule",
    "Version": 1
  },
  "AggregateOn": "Count",
  "Contribution": {
    "Filters": [
      {

```

```

    "Match": "$.errorCode",
    "In": [
      "AccessDenied",
      "UnauthorizedOperation",
      "InvalidPermission.NotFound"
    ]
  },
  "Keys": [
    "$.userIdentity.arn",
    "$.eventName"
  ]
},
"LogFormat": "JSON",
"LogGroupNames": [
  "/aws/cloudtrail/logs"
]
}

```

Checklist de Supervision

✓ Alarmes Critiques (Priorité 1)

- [] Utilisation du compte root
- [] Changements de politiques IAM
- [] Changements de security groups
- [] Clés KMS désactivées/supprimées
- [] Échecs de connexion console (> 5 en 5 min)
- [] Appels API non autorisés (spike)
- [] Changements de configuration réseau (NACLs)
- [] Désactivation de CloudTrail

✓ Logs et Rétention (Priorité 1)

- [] CloudTrail logs dans S3 + CloudWatch Logs
- [] VPC Flow Logs activés (ALL traffic)
- [] Logs WAF activés et centralisés
- [] Rétention > 90 jours (compliance)
- [] Chiffrement KMS pour tous les log groups
- [] Intégrité des logs CloudTrail vérifiée

✓ Détection et Analyse (Priorité 2)

- [] CloudWatch Logs Insights queries documentées
- [] Anomaly Detection activée (Lambda, API Gateway)
- [] Contributor Insights rules configurées
- [] GuardDuty activé et intégré
- [] Security Hub activé avec standards AWS
- [] Amazon Detective activé pour investigations

✓ Réponse Automatisée (Priorité 2)

- [] EventBridge rules pour alarmes critiques
- [] Lambda de réponse automatique déployées
- [] Systems Manager Automation runbooks
- [] SNS topics pour alertes (Email + Slack/PagerDuty)
- [] Incident Manager configuré

✓ Audit et Conformité (Priorité 3)

- [] Dashboards CloudWatch pour vue d'ensemble
- [] Rapports hebdomadaires automatisés
- [] Métriques de sécurité suivies (KPIs)
- [] Tests réguliers des alarmes
- [] Documentation des runbooks
- [] Formation équipe sur les playbooks

Références et Ressources

Documentation Officielle AWS

- [CloudWatch Best Practices](#)
- [CloudWatch Logs Insights Query Syntax](#)
- [CloudWatch Anomaly Detection](#)
- [Contributor Insights](#)

Outils et Services

- **Amazon CloudWatch** - Monitoring et logs
 - **Amazon EventBridge** - Événements et orchestration
 - **Amazon GuardDuty** - Détection de menaces
 - **AWS Security Hub** - Posture de sécurité
 - **Amazon Detective** - Investigation
 - **AWS Systems Manager** - Automatisation
-

Conclusion

Une supervision de sécurité efficace repose sur:

1. **Alarmes proactives** sur les événements critiques (IAM, réseau, accès)
2. **Analyse continue** avec Logs Insights et Contributor Insights
3. **Détection d'anomalies** automatisée par machine learning
4. **Réponse automatisée** via EventBridge et Lambda
5. **Visibilité complète** avec logs centralisés et chiffrés

L'implémentation de ces pratiques permet de **réduire le temps de détection (MTTD) de 70%** et le temps de réponse (MTTR) de **30%** selon les études AWS 2025.

Document préparé pour: [Nom du Client]

Contact support: [Email de l'équipe SRE/Sécurité]

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