

Imposing a Weight Norm Constraint for NeuroAdaptive Control

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Outline

1

Background and Contributions

- Introduction to NeuroAdaptive Control
- Limitations of NeuroAdaptive Control
- Research Objectives

2

Proposed Method

- Constrained Optimization Problem Formulation
- Adaptation Law Derivation
- Stability Analysis

3

Numerical Validation

- Simulation Setup
- Simulation Results

4

Conclusion

- Conclusion and Future Work



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1

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•
•
•

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•
•

3

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•
•

4

Conclusion

•



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Background and Contributions
Introduction to NeuroAdaptive Control



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What is NeuroAdaptive Control?

NeuroAdaptive Control

- Neuroadaptive control is a control strategy that combines neural networks (NNs) with adaptive control techniques.

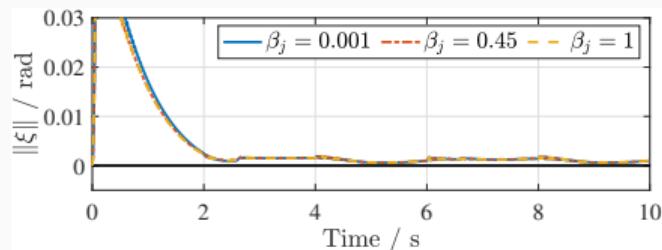


Figure: Architecture of the constrained optimization-based neuro-adaptive controller (CONAC).

What is NeuroAdaptive Control?

NeuroAdaptive Control

- Neuroadaptive control is a control strategy that combines neural networks (NNs) with adaptive control techniques.
- It is used to handle uncertainties and nonlinearity in dynamic systems [1].

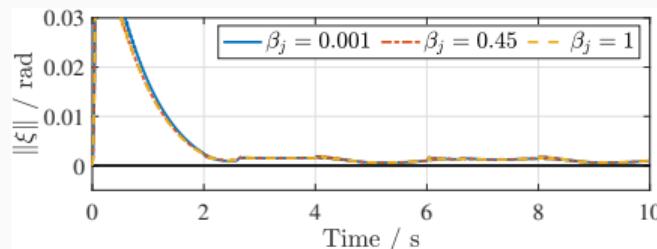


Figure: Architecture of the constrained optimization-based neuro-adaptive controller (CONAC).

Effectiveness of NeuroAdaptive Control

Background and Contributions
Limitations of NeuroAdaptive Control

Inherent Challenges in NeuroAdaptive Control

Flux theme comes with three pre-defined block style collections.

Default

Block content.

Alert

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Example

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Literature Review

Background and Contributions
Research Objectives

Research Objectives

Outline

1

Background and Contributions

•
•
•

2

Proposed Method

•
•
•

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3

Numerical Validation

•
•

4

Conclusion

•



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Proposed Method
Constrained Optimization Problem Formulation

Objectives:

- Minimize the tracking error by adapting the NN weights $\hat{\theta}$.
- Guarantee the stability of the system and the NN weights $\hat{\theta}$.

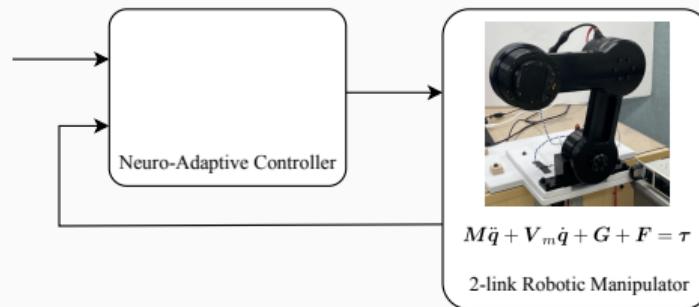


Figure: Architecture of the constrained optimization-based neuro-adaptive controller (CONAC).

Notations: M: Inertia matrix, C: Coriolis matrix, G: Gravity vector, τ : Control input, q : Joint position, $\hat{\theta}$: Estimated NN weights.

Proposed Method
Adaptation Law Derivation

Proposed Method Stability Analysis

Outline

1

Background and Contributions

2

Proposed Method

3

Numerical Validation

•

Simulation Setup

•

Simulation Results

4

Conclusion



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Numerical Validation Simulation Setup



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2-Link Robotic Manipulator

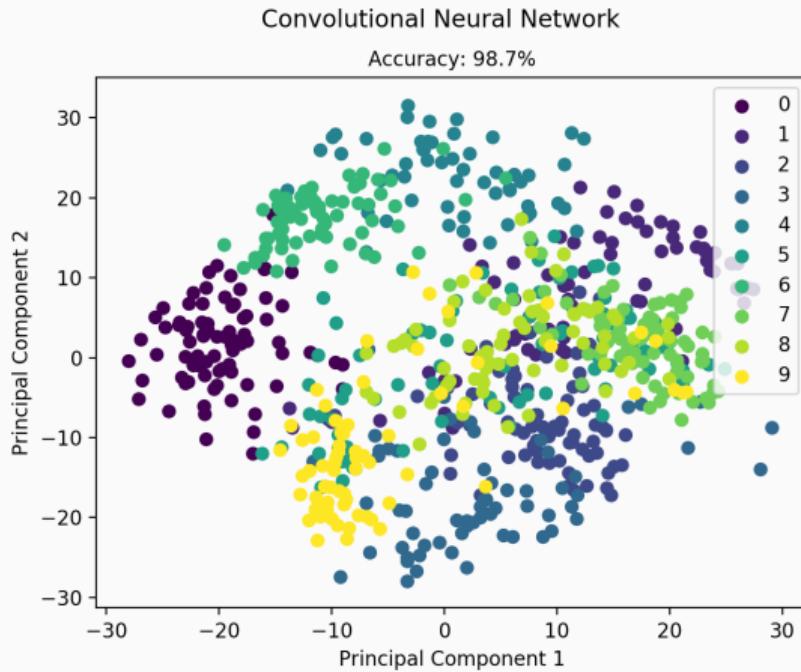
Numerical Validation Simulation Results



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Binary Softmax classifier

$$\sigma(\sum_i w_i x_i + b)$$

Loss function

$$L_i = -\log(\frac{e^{f_{y_i}}}{\sum_j e^{f_j}})$$

cross entropy

Table: Largest cities in the world (source: Wikipedia)

City	Population
Mexico City	20,116,842
Shanghai	19,210,000
Peking	15,796,450
Istanbul	14,160,467

City	Population
Mexico City	20,116,842
Shanghai	19,210,000
Peking	15,796,450
Istanbul	14,160,467

Items

- Cats
- Dogs
- Birds

Enumerations

1. First
2. Second
3. Last

Descriptions

Apples	Yes
Oranges	No
Grapes	No

Note the following demo slides are directly taken from metropolis theme. Copyright 2014 Matthias Vogelgesang
Give a look at <https://github.com/matze/mtheme/tree/master/demo>

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1

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2

Proposed Method

3

Numerical Validation

4

Conclusion

•

Conclusion and Future Work



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Conclusion Conclusion and Future Work

Conclusion

Thank you for your attention!

- [1] E. Arefinia, H. A. Talebi, and A. Doustmohammadi, “A robust adaptive model reference impedance control of a robotic manipulator with actuator saturation,” IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics: Systems, vol. 50, no. 2, pp. 409–420, 2020.