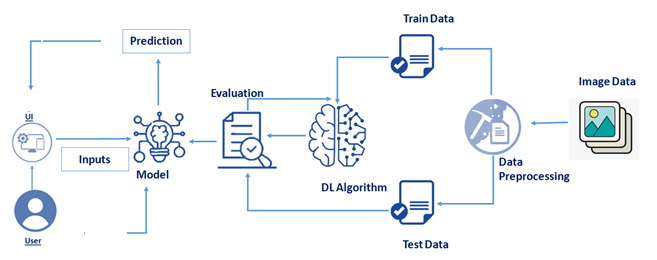
**AI-Powered Nutrition Analyzer For Fitness Enthusiasts**

Food is essential for human life and has been the concern of many healthcare conventions. Nowadays new dietary assessment and nutrition analysis tools enable more opportunities to help people understand their daily eating habits, exploring nutrition patterns and maintain a healthy diet. Nutritional analysis is the process of determining the nutritional content of food. It is a vital part of analytical chemistry that provides information about the chemical composition, processing, quality control and contamination of food.

The main aim of the project is to building a model which is used for classifying the fruit depends on the different characteristics like colour, shape, texture etc. Here the user can capture the images of different fruits and then the image will be sent the trained model. The model analyses the image and detect the nutrition based on the fruits like (Sugar, Fibre, Protein, Calories, etc.).

**Technical Architecture:**



### Project Objectives

**By the end of this project you will:**

* know fundamental concepts and techniques of Convolutional Neural Network.
* gain a broad understanding of image data.
* Knowhow to pre-process/clean the data using different data preprocessing techniques.
* know how to build a web application using the Flask framework.

### Project Flow

* The user interacts with the UI (User Interface) and give the image as input.
* Then the input image is then pass to our flask application,
* And finally with the help of the model which we build we will classify the result and showcase it on the UI.

To accomplish this, we have to complete all the activities and tasks listed below

* Data Collection.
  + Collect the dataset or Create the dataset
* Data Preprocessing.
* Import the ImageDataGenerator library
* Configure ImageDataGenerator class
* ApplyImageDataGenerator functionality to Trainset and Testset
* Model Building
  + Import the model building Libraries
  + Initializing the model
  + Adding Input Layer
  + Adding Hidden Layer
  + Adding Output Layer
  + Configure the Learning Process
  + Training and testing the model
  + Save the Model
* Application Building
  + Create an HTML file
  + Build Python Code

### Prerequisites

#### In order to develop this project we need to install the following software/packages:

* **Anaconda Navigator**

Anaconda Navigator is a free and open-source distribution of the Python and R programming languages for data science and machine learning-related applications. It can be installed on Windows, Linux, and macOS. Conda is an open-source, cross-platform,  package management system. Anaconda comes with great tools like JupyterLab, Jupyter Notebook, QtConsole, Spyder, Glueviz, Orange, Rstudio, Visual Studio Code.

For this project, we will be using a Jupyter notebook and Spyder

To install the Anaconda navigator and to know how to use Jupyter Notebook & Spyder using Anaconda watch the video

* Flask - Web framework used for building Web applications.

Watch the video below to learn how to install packages.

If you are using anaconda navigator, follow the below steps to download the required packages:

Open anaconda prompt as administrator

If you are using Pycharm IDE, you can install the packages through the command prompt and follow the same syntax as above.

Web framework used for building Web applications

* Python packages:
  + open anaconda prompt as administrator
  + Type “pip install numpy” and click enter.
  + Type “pip install pandas” and click enter.
  + Type “pip install scikit-learn” and click enter.
  + Type “pip install tensorflow==2.3.0” and click enter.
  + Type “pip install keras==2.4.0” and click enter.
  + Type “pip install Flask” and click enter.
* Deep Learning Concepts .

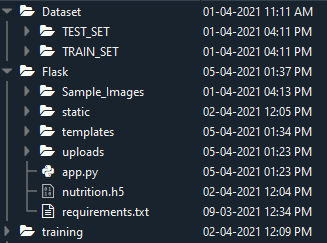
Artificial Neural Networks:

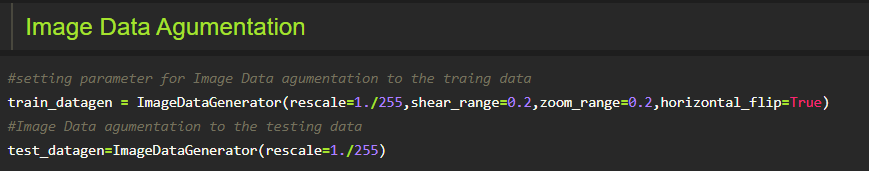
Convolution Neural Networks :

A convolutional neural network is a class of deep neural networks, most commonly applied to analyzing visual imagery

### Project Structure

Create a Project folder that contains files as shown below



* Dataset folder contains the training and testing images for training our model.
* We are building a Flask Application that needs  HTML pages stored in the templates folder and a python script app.py for serverside scripting
* we need the model which is saved and the saved model in this content is a nutrition.h5
* templates folder contains home.html, image.html, imageprediction.html pages.
* Statis folder had the css and js files which are necessary for styling the html page and for executing the actions.
* Uploads folder will have the uploaded images(which are already tested).
* Sample\_images will have the images which are used to test or upload.
* Training folder contains the trained model file.
* **Data Collection**
* Collect images of different food items organized into subdirectories based on their respective names as shown in the project structure.
* Create folders of types of food items that need to be recognized.
* In this project, we have collected images of 5 types of food items apples, 'banana', 'orange', 'pineapple' and 'watermelon', they are saved in the respective subdirectories with their respective names.
* For more accurate results we can collect images of high resolution and feed the model with more images.
* You can download the dataset used in this project using the link below.
* Data Set: [**LINK**](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1zpnSFRUQNazuPj95mSAIz0dLj-Ekk8AG)
* Note: For better accuracy train on more images
* **Download The Dataset**
* Download AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts Dataset
* https://ssl.gstatic.com/docs/doclist/images/drive_2022q3_32dp.png
* **..**
* ..
* <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1yNVuLA2hxIstOcDV58enyD74Y9drEs6Y?usp=sharing>
* **Image Preprocessing**
* In this milestone, we will be improving the image data that suppresses unwilling distortions or enhances some image features important for further processing, although performing some geometric transformations of images like rotation, scaling, translation, etc.
* **click on the**[**Link**](https://thesmartbridge.com/documents/spsaimldocs/CNNprep.pdf)
* **Import The ImageDataGenerator Library**
* Image data augmentation is a technique that can be used to artificially expand the size of a training dataset by creating modified versions of images in the dataset.
* The Keras deep learning neural network library provides the capability to fit models using image data augmentation via the ImageDataGenerator class.
* Let us import the ImageDataGenerator class from Keras
* https://lh4.googleusercontent.com/i2GGPoMi8FCdHVJ1XFdZ4ZdLv7cYXpPtX49hjv8EUIIufMLf-1YsnwaoW33m0kDUcWfi7QlBYLHYSu8yikyFfT7HAGOdu9iH9PcE2E-qeAVZ86zado6c_6hooaEoy_t_vJVDcong
* **Configure ImageDataGenerator Class**
* ImageDataGenerator class is instantiated and the configuration for the types of data augmentation
* There are five main types of data augmentation techniques for image data; specifically:
* Image shifts via the width\_shift\_range and height\_shift\_range arguments.
* The image flips via the horizontal\_flip and vertical\_flip arguments.
* Image rotations via the rotation\_range argument
* Image brightness via the brightness\_range argument.
* Image zoom via the zoom\_range argument.
* An instance of the ImageDataGenerator class can be constructed for train and test.
* 

**Apply Image DataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset**

Let us apply ImageDataGenerator functionality to Trainset and Testset by using the following code

For Training set using flow\_from\_directory function.

This function will return batches of images from the subdirectories'apples', 'banana', 'orange', 'pineapple', 'watermelon' together with labels 0 to 4{'apples': 0, 'banana': 1, 'orange': 2, 'pineapple': 3, 'watermelon': 4}

Arguments:

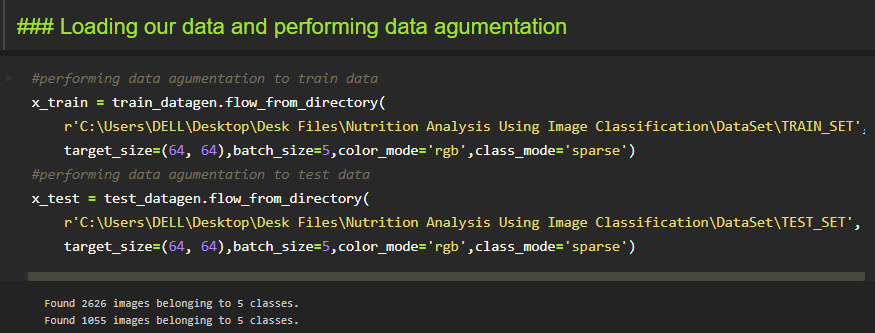
* directory: Directory where the data is located. If labels are "inferred", it should contain subdirectories, each containing images for a class. Otherwise, the directory structure is ignored.
* batch\_size: Size of the batches of data. Default: 32.
* target\_size: Size to resize images after they are read from disk.
* class\_mode:

-  ‘int': means that the labels are encoded as integers (e.g. for sparse\_categorical\_crossentropy loss).

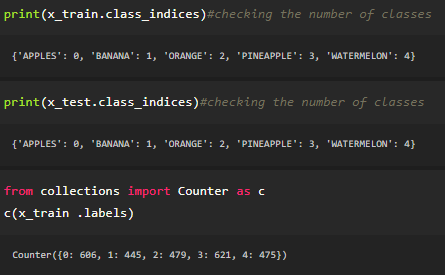
- 'categorical' means that the labels are encoded as a categorical vector (e.g. for categorical\_crossentropy loss).

- 'binary' means that the labels (there can be only 2) are encoded as float32 scalars with values 0 or 1 (e.g. for binary\_crossentropy).

 - None (no labels).



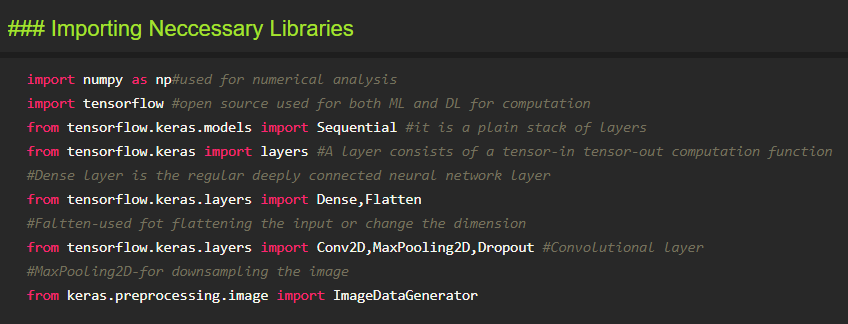
We notice that 2626 images are belonging to 5 classes for training and 1055 images belong to 5 classes for testing purposes.



Here we are checking the number of classes in train and test data and counting the number of images in each class of train set data by using the counter function.

**Model Building**

Now it's time to build our Convolutional Neural Networking which contains an input layer along with the convolution, max-pooling, and finally an output layer.

* Link: [**https://thesmartbridge.com/documents/spsaimldocs/CNNflow.pdf**](https://thesmartbridge.com/documents/spsaimldocs/CNNflow.pdf)
* **Importing The Model Building Libraries**
* Importing the necessary libraries
* 

**Initializing The Model**

Keras has 2 ways to define a neural network:

* Sequential
* Function API

The Sequential class is used to define linear initializations of network layers which then, collectively, constitute a model. In our example below, we will use the Sequential constructor to create a model, which will then have layers added to it using the add() method.

https://lh6.googleusercontent.com/M_VuUBnoT2LbCaW-ZPu4QzKYUnENczEmw67Zbn0wnYETGxW1UM9Sn4jRuyNUV0CQcOLSXveqjJXhMWSpr1bAS0M0Y5xkgSPVQQivLnFD0H9Z_Htgt_P5aivjxPXstMwgPswDYZvP

**Adding CNN Layers**

* For information regarding CNN Layers refer to the link

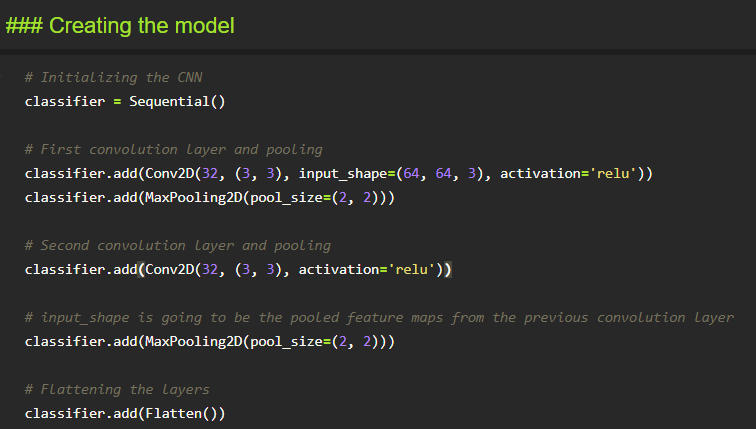
Link: [**https://victorzhou.com/blog/intro-to-cnns-part-1/**](https://victorzhou.com/blog/intro-to-cnns-part-1/)

* As the input image contains three channels, we are specifying the input shape as (64,64,3).

* We are adding a two convolution layer with activation function as “relu” and

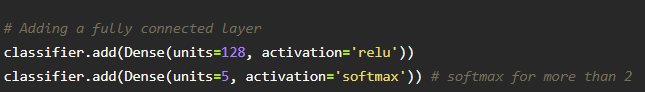
with a small filter size (3,3) and the number of filters (32) followed by a max-pooling layer.

* Max pool layer is used to down sample the input.(Max pooling is a pooling operation that selects the maximum element from the region of the feature map covered by the filter)
* Flatten layer flattens the input. Does not affect the batch size.



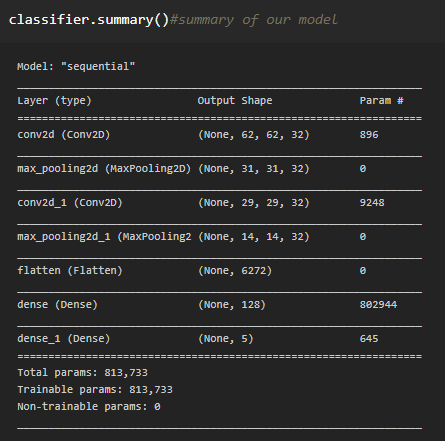
**Adding Dense Layers**

A dense layer is a deeply connected neural network layer. It is the most common and frequently used layer.



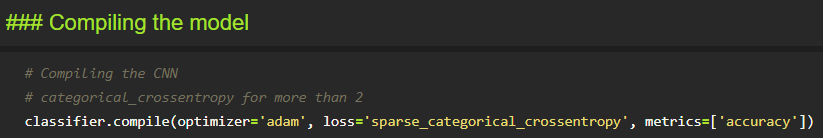
The number of neurons in the Dense layer is the same as the number of classes in the training set. The neurons in the last Dense layer, use softmax activation to convert their outputs into respective probabilities.

Understanding the model is a very important phase to properly using it for training and prediction purposes. Keras provides a simple method, a summary to get the full information about the model and its layers.



**Configure The Learning Process**

* The compilation is the final step in creating a model. Once the compilation is done, we can move on to the training phase. The loss function is used to find errors or deviations in the learning process. Keras requires loss function during the model compilation process.
* Optimization is an important process that optimizes the input weights by comparing the prediction and the loss function. Here we are using adam optimizer
* Metrics are used to evaluate the performance of your model. It is similar to the loss function, but not used in the training process



**Train The Model**

Now, let us train our model with our image dataset. The model is trained for 20 epochs and after every epoch, the current model state is saved if the model has the least loss encountered till that time. We can see that the training loss decreases in almost every epoch till 20 epochs and probably there is further scope to improve the model.

fit\_generator functions used to train a deep learning neural network

Arguments:

* steps\_per\_epoch: it specifies the total number of steps taken from the generator as soon as one epoch is finished and the next epoch has started. We can calculate the value of     steps\_per\_epoch as the total number of samples in your dataset divided by the batch size.

* Epochs: an integer and number of epochs we want to train our model for.

* validation\_data can be either:

                      - an inputs and targets list

                      - a generator

                      - inputs, targets, and sample\_weights list which can be used to evaluate

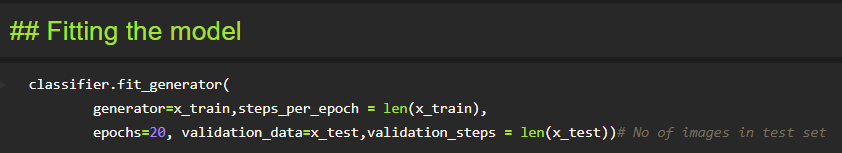
                        the loss and metrics for any model after any epoch has ended.

* validation\_steps: only if the validation\_data is a generator then only this argument

can be used. It specifies the total number of steps taken from the generator before it is

stopped at every epoch and its value is calculated as the total number of validation data points

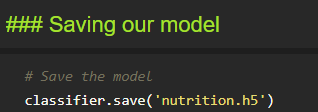
in your dataset divided by the validation batch size.



**Save The Model**

The model is saved with .h5 extension as follows

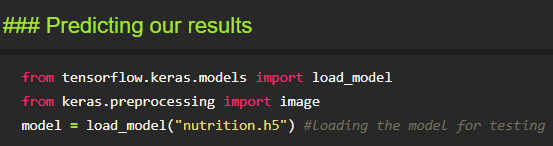
An H5 file is a data file saved in the Hierarchical Data Format (HDF). It contains multidimensional arrays of scientific data.



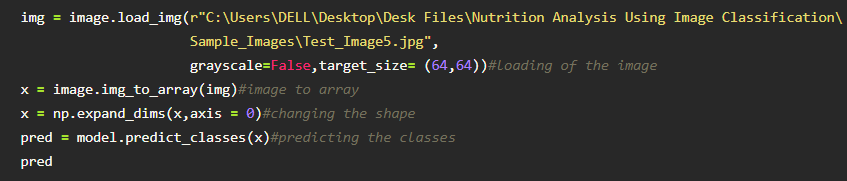
**Test The Model**

Evaluation is a process during the development of the model to check whether the model is the best fit for the given problem and corresponding data.

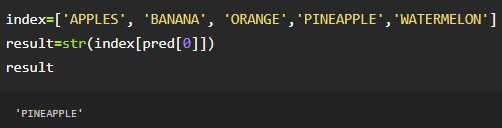
Load the saved model using load\_model



Taking an image as input and checking the results



By using the model we are predicting the output for the given input image



The predicted class index name will be printed here.

**Application Building**

Now that we have trained our model, let us build our flask application which will be running in our local browser with a user interface.

In the flask application, the input parameters are taken from the HTML page These factors are then given to the model  to predict the type of food and to know the nutrition content in it. In order to know the nutrition content we will be using an API in this project.

**Create HTML Pages**

* We use HTML to create the front-end part of the web page.
* Here, we have created 3 HTML pages- home.html, image.html,imageprediction.html, and 0.html.
* home.html displays the home page.
* image.html is used for uploading the image
* imageprediction.html will showcase the output
* 0.html is to showcase the result. It tells the action to be performed on imageprediction.html while showcasing the result.

For more information regarding HTML

<https://www.w3schools.com/html/>

* We also use JavaScript-main.js and CSS-main.css to enhance our functionality and view of HTML pages.
* Link :[CSS](https://www.w3schools.com/css/) , [JS](https://www.w3schools.com/js/DEFAULT.asp)

Home.html looks like this

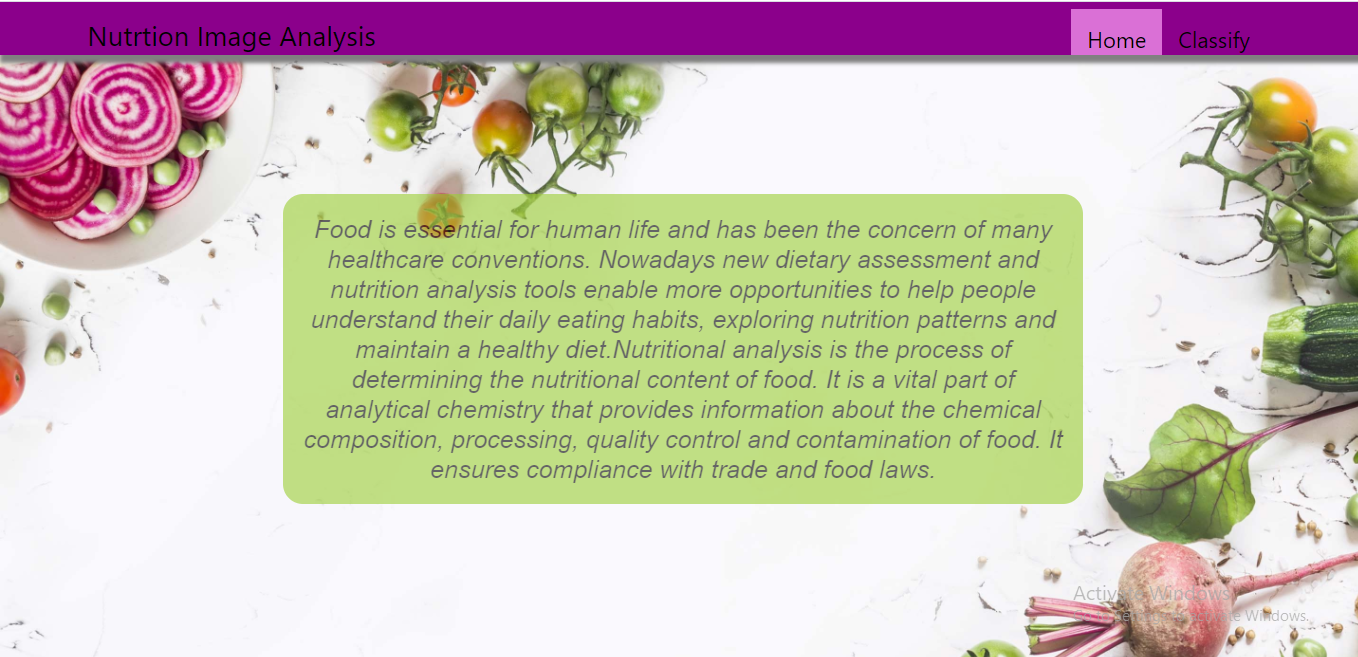
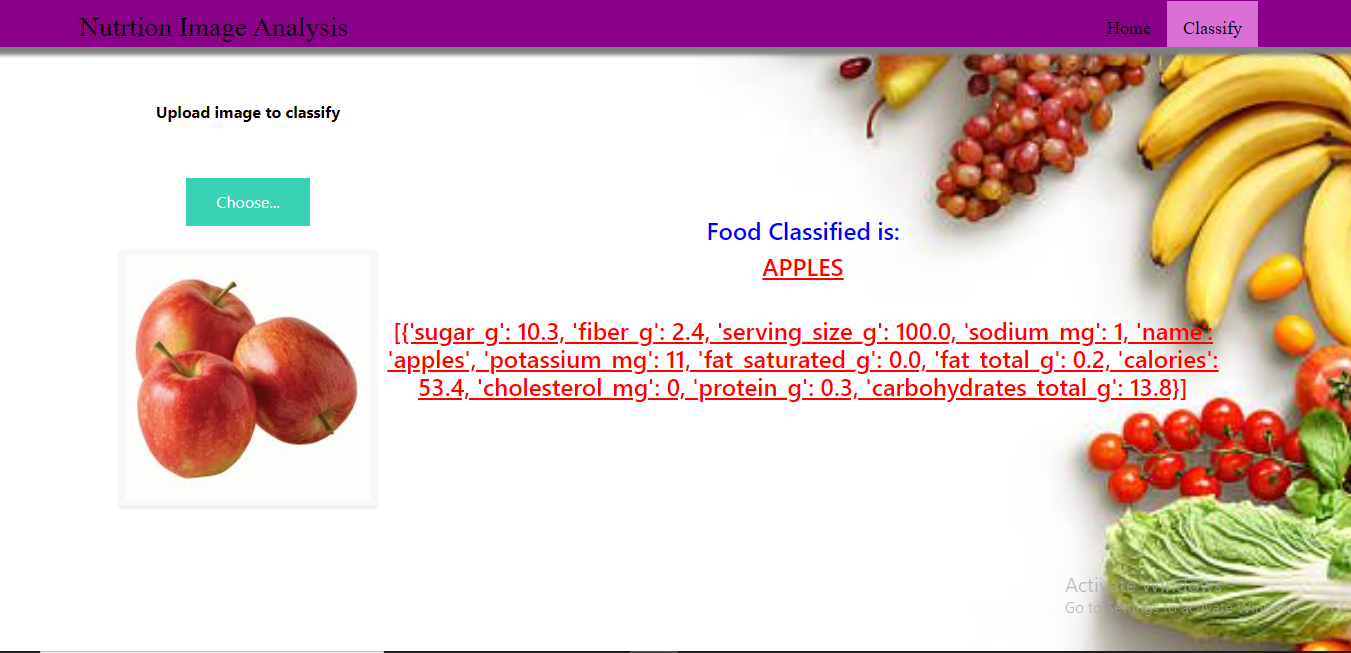


image.html



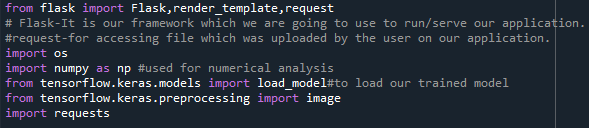
Imageprediction.html



**Build Python Code**

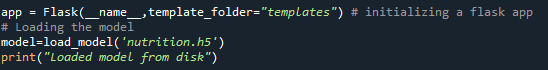
**Importing Libraries**

The first step is usually importing the libraries that will be needed in the program.

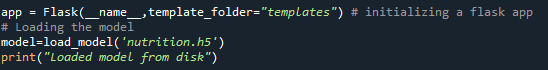


Importing the flask module into the project is mandatory. An object of the Flask class is our WSGI application. Flask constructor takes the name of the current module (\_\_name\_\_) as an argument Pickle library to load the model file.

**Creating Our Flask Application And Loading Our Model By Using Load\_model Method**

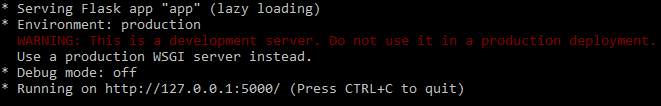
**Creating our flask application and loading our model by using the load\_model method**

**Creating Our Flask Application And Loading Our Model By Using Load\_model Method**

**Creating our flask application and loading our model by using the load\_model method**

### Run The Application

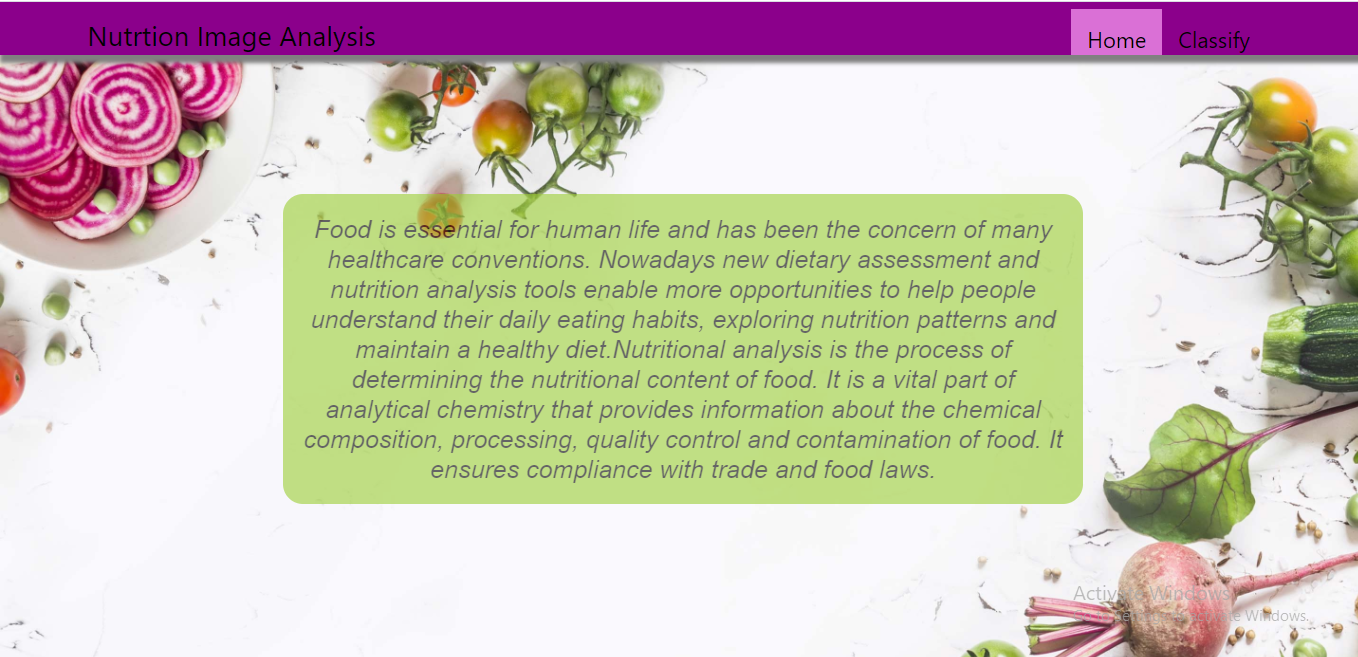
* Open the anaconda prompt from the start menu.
* Navigate to the folder where your app.py resides.
* Now type the “python app.py” command.
* It will show the local host where your app is running on http://127.0.0.1.5000/
* Copy that localhost URL and open that URL in the browser. It does navigate to where you can view your web page.
* **Enter the values, click on the predict button and see the result/prediction on the web page.**https://lh6.googleusercontent.com/wNTIPe3fZqmCEaxgRyYHW4qeChuLRTXxNhxR09Z0_bDVTdWrjj6RhBvxHIZszGIbGFD9VXkdxN_a3wWD7cVbxMDavRsOIVK_A1Wn1F5LHZ51SWiDeJxyT0W2hv-0ewoy2TPSb9bV
* Then it will run on localhost:5000



Navigate to the localhost (<http://127.0.0.1:5000/>)where you can view your web page.

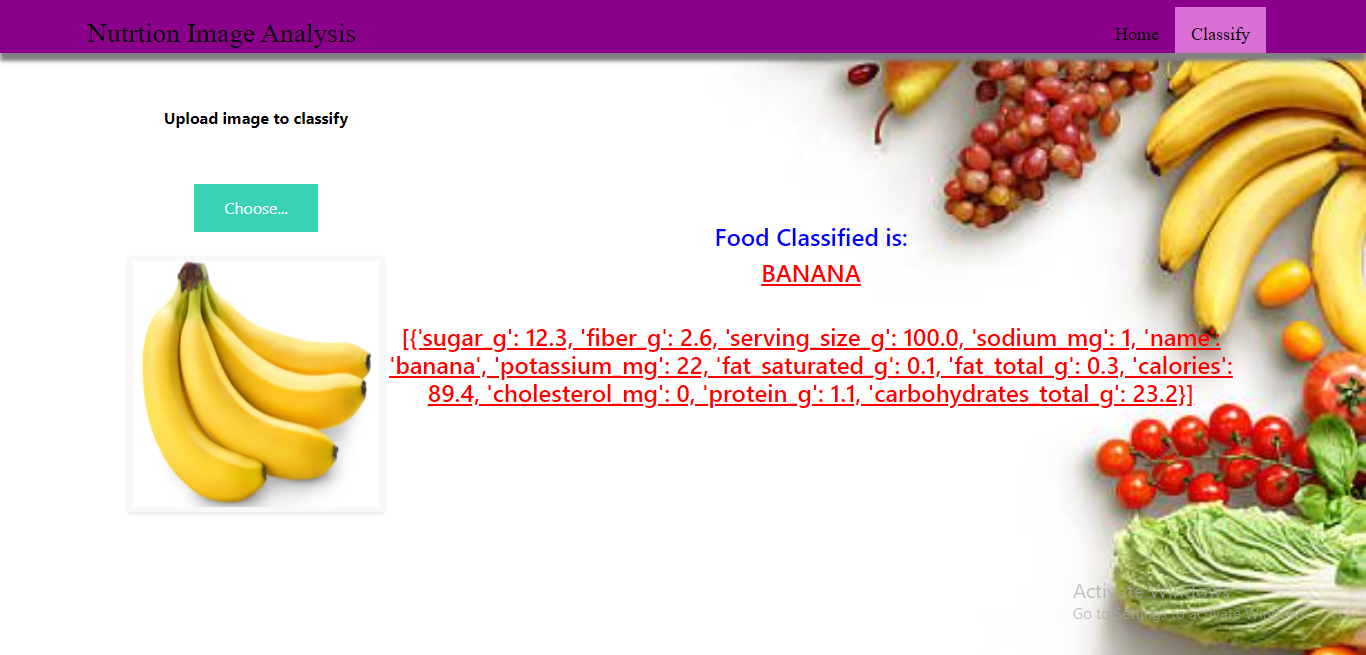
Click on classify button to see the results.

**Output screenshots:**









**Train The Model On IBM**

In this milestone, you will learn how to build Deep Learning Model Using the IBM cloud.

**Register For IBM Cloud**

**IBM Account:**

**Ideation Phase**

In this milestone you are expected to get started with the Ideation process.

**Literature Survey On The Selected Project & Information Gathering**

In this activity you are expected to gather/collect the relevant information on project usecase, refer the existing solutions, technical papers, research publications etc.

**Prepare Empathy Map**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the empathy map canvas to capture the user Pains & Gains, Prepare list of problem statements.

**Ideation**

### In this activity you are expected to list the ideas (at least 4 per each team member) by organizing the brainstorming session and prioritize the top 3 ideas based on the feasibility & importance.

**Project Design Phase – I**

From this milestone you will be starting the project design phase. You are expected to cover the activities given.

**Proposed Solution**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the proposed solution document, which includes the novelty, feasibility of idea, business model, social impact, scalability of solution, etc.

**Problem Solution Fit**

In this activity you are expected to prepare problem - solution fit document and submit for review.

**Solution Architecture**

In this activity you are expected to prepare solution architecture document and submit for review.

**Project Design Phase -II**

From this milestone you will be continue working on the project design phase. You are expected to cover the activities given.

**Customer Journey**

Prepare the customer journey maps to understand the user interactions & experiences with the application (entry to exit).

**Functional Requirement**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the functional requirement document.

**Data Flow Diagrams**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the data flow diagrams and submit for review.

**Technology Architecture**

In this activity you are expected to draw the technology architecture diagram.

**Project Planning Phase**

In this milestone you are expected to prepare milestones & tasks, sprint schedules.

**Prepare Milestone & Activity List**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the milestones & activity list of the project.

**Sprint Delivery Plan**

In this activity you are expected to prepare the sprint delivery plan.

**Project Development Phase**

In this milestone you will start the project development and expected to perform the coding & solutioning, acceptance testing, performance testing based as per the sprint and submit them.

**Project Development - Delivery Of Sprint-1**

In this activity you are expected to develop & submit the developed code by testing it.

**Project Development - Delivery Of Sprint-2**

In this activity you are expected to develop & submit the developed code by testing it

**Project Development - Delivery Of Sprint-3**

In this activity you are expected to develop & submit the developed code by testing it.

**Project Development - Delivery Of Sprint-4**

In this activity you are expected to develop & submit the developed code by testing it.

* Please click[**here**](https://www.ibm.com/academic/home) to register for IBM
* Please click [**here**](https://cloud.ibm.com/login)to log in to IBM Account

**Watch the below video to register and login into your IBM account**

**Train Model On IBM**

Please watch the below video to train the model on IBM  and integrate it with the flask Application

<https://youtu.be/BzouqMGJ41k>