



Tech Saksham

Capstone Project Report

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING FUNDAMENTALS

“An End-to-End Data Science Project with ChatGPT”

“UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (BIT CAMPUS) TIRUCHIRAPALLI”

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Sr. AI Master Trainer

ABSTRACT

This succinct end-to-end data science with ChatGPT project revolves around predicting loan default using a loan dataset from a financial institution. It entails data preprocessing, exploratory data analysis, and feature engineering to prepare the dataset for modeling. Leveraging machine learning algorithms like logistic regression, decision trees, random forests, and gradient boosting, predictive models are developed to forecast the likelihood of loan default. Feature importance analysis guides the identification of key predictors. Rigorous model evaluation ensures reliability and generalization. Ultimately, the best-performing model is deployed for real-time predictions, aiding financial institutions in proactive risk management and fostering a stable lending environment.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Problem Statement

The goal of this project is to develop a comprehensive loan approval system using machine learning techniques and natural language processing (NLP) capabilities of ChatGPT. Leveraging a dataset of past loan applications, the project aims to build a predictive model that can assess the creditworthiness of new applicants based on their financial history and personal information. Additionally, integrating ChatGPT into the system will enable the automation of customer interactions, allowing for a more seamless and efficient loan application process. By combining advanced analytics with conversational AI, the project seeks to improve the accuracy and speed of loan approvals while enhancing the user experience for both applicants and loan officers.

1.2 Proposed Solution

For an end-to-end data science project utilizing ChatGPT with a loan dataset, the proposed solution involves several key steps. First, comprehensive data preprocessing is necessary to clean and prepare the loan dataset, including handling missing values and outliers. Next, feature engineering can help extract relevant information from the data to improve model performance. Then, a machine learning model, such as logistic regression or random forest, can be trained to predict loan approval or rejection based on historical data. Integration of ChatGPT allows for a conversational interface where users can inquire about loan eligibility criteria, receive personalized recommendations, or seek assistance with the loan application process. Finally, thorough testing and evaluation ensure the model's accuracy and effectiveness in real-world scenarios.

1.3 Feature

- ❖ **Data Gathering:** Collect loan dataset with borrower information.
- ❖ **Model Training:** Train ChatGPT on the loan data to understand queries.
- ❖ **User Interaction:** Allow users to ask questions or seek advice about loans.

- ❖ **Response Generation:** Generate informative responses based on loan dataset and user queries.

1.4 Advantages

- **Risk Reduction:** Predicting loan defaults beforehand helps minimize financial risks for lenders.
- **Efficient Decision-Making:** Data-driven insights enable smarter choices in loan approvals, terms, and rates.
- **Cost Savings:** Early identification of defaults saves money on collection efforts and legal actions.
- **Personalized Service:** Tailoring loan offerings to individual profiles enhances customer satisfaction.
- **Competitive Edge:** Data-driven strategies keep lenders ahead, ensuring profitability and market leadership.

1.5 Scope

The scope of an end-to-end data project integrating ChatGPT with a loan dataset is multifaceted. Firstly, leveraging historical loan data, the project aims to develop predictive models for assessing creditworthiness and risk analysis. ChatGPT will be integrated to enhance customer interaction and support throughout the loan application process, providing personalized assistance, answering inquiries, and offering guidance tailored to individual needs. Additionally, natural language processing capabilities will facilitate sentiment analysis of customer interactions, enabling real-time monitoring of customer satisfaction and feedback. Overall, the project endeavors to streamline the loan application journey, improve customer experience, and optimize lending decisions through the synergy of data analytics and AI-driven conversational interfaces.

CHAPTER 2

SERVICES AND TOOLS REQUIRED

2.1 Services Used

- **Data Collection:** Gather loan dataset including borrower information, loan details, and repayment history.
- **Data Preprocessing:** Clean, format, and preprocess the dataset to ensure consistency and remove noise.
- **Model Training:** Utilize ChatGPT to train a conversational AI model on the loan dataset to understand queries and provide responses.
- **Integration:** Integrate ChatGPT into the loan application system to provide end-to-end conversational support for loan inquiries and assistance.
- **Evaluation and Monitoring:** Continuously evaluate the performance of the system and monitor interactions to ensure accuracy and effectiveness in addressing user queries.

2.2 Tools and Software used

Tools:

- **Data Collection Tools:**
 - Web scraping tools (e.g., BeautifulSoup, Scrapy)
 - APIs for accessing financial data (e.g., Alpha Vantage, Quandl)
 - Data integration platforms (e.g., Talend, Informatica)
- **Data Preprocessing Tools:**
 - Data cleaning libraries (e.g., pandas, dplyr)
 - Data transformation tools (e.g., Trifacta, Alteryx)
 - Missing data imputation techniques (e.g., fancyimpute, scikit-learn)
- **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) Tools:**
 - Visualization libraries (e.g., Matplotlib, Seaborn, Plotly)
 - Statistical analysis tools (e.g., RStudio, Jupyter Notebooks)
 - Interactive dashboard platforms (e.g., Tableau, Power BI)

➤ **Feature Engineering Tools:**

Feature engineering libraries (e.g., scikit-learn, Featuretools)

Automated feature engineering platforms (e.g., DataRobot, H2O.ai)

➤ **Machine Learning Tools:**

Machine learning libraries (e.g., scikit-learn, TensorFlow, PyTorch)

Cloud-based machine learning platforms (e.g., AWS SageMaker, Google AI Platform, Microsoft Azure Machine Learning)

➤ **Model Deployment and Monitoring Tools:**

Model deployment frameworks (e.g., Flask, FastAPI)

Model monitoring platforms (e.g., MLflow, Kubeflow)

Software Requirements:

- ❖ **Python** for scripting and data manipulation.
- ❖ **TensorFlow** or **PyTorch** for deep learning.
- ❖ **ChatGPT** for natural language processing.
- ❖ **Pandas** for data manipulation.
- ❖ **Flask** or **Django** for web deployment.

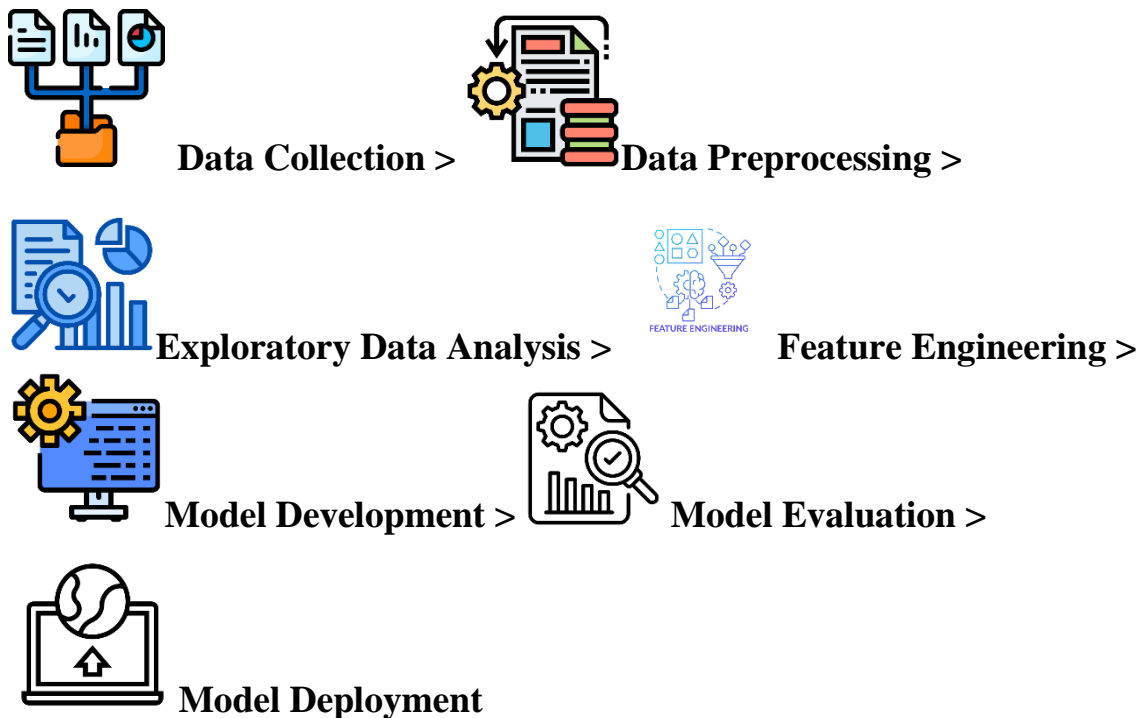
CHAPTER 3

PROJECT ARCHITECTURE

3.1 Architecture:

End to end data science project with ChatGPT:

Flow Diagram:



1. **Data Collection:** Gather loan data from various sources such as databases, APIs, and files.
2. **Data Preprocessing:** Cleanse, transform, and prepare the dataset for analysis by handling missing values, outliers, and data inconsistencies.
3. **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):** Explore the dataset to understand its characteristics, patterns, and relationships.
4. **Feature Engineering:** Extract and create relevant features from the dataset to enhance predictive modeling.
5. **Model Development:** Build and train machine learning models using algorithms like logistic regression, decision trees, and XGBoost for loan default prediction.

6. **Model Evaluation:** Assess the performance of the models using evaluation metrics like accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score.
7. **Model Deployment:** Deploy the best-performing model into production for real-time predictions on new loan data.

CHAPTER 4 (code)

MODELING AND PROJECT OUTCOME

Asking chat GPT which is a AI tool to provide the project plan

ChatGPT 3.5

You
provide a project plan for end to end data science project with a loan data set

Save & Submit Cancel

ChatGPT
Sure, here's a brief outline for a data science project using a loan dataset:

- Project Definition and Planning:**
 - Define the project goals: Determine what insights or predictions you want to derive from the loan dataset.
 - Identify stakeholders: Understand who will benefit from the project outcomes.
 - Plan the project timeline: Break down tasks and allocate time for each phase.
- Data Collection:**
 - Gather the loan dataset: Obtain the necessary data from sources such as Kaggle, UCI Machine Learning Repository, or directly from financial institutions (if applicable).
 - Assess data quality: Check for missing values, duplicates, outliers, and inconsistencies.
 - Explore dataset features: Understand the meaning and relevance of each attribute.
- Data Preprocessing:**
 - Handle missing data: Impute missing values or remove instances with missing data.

Message ChatGPT...

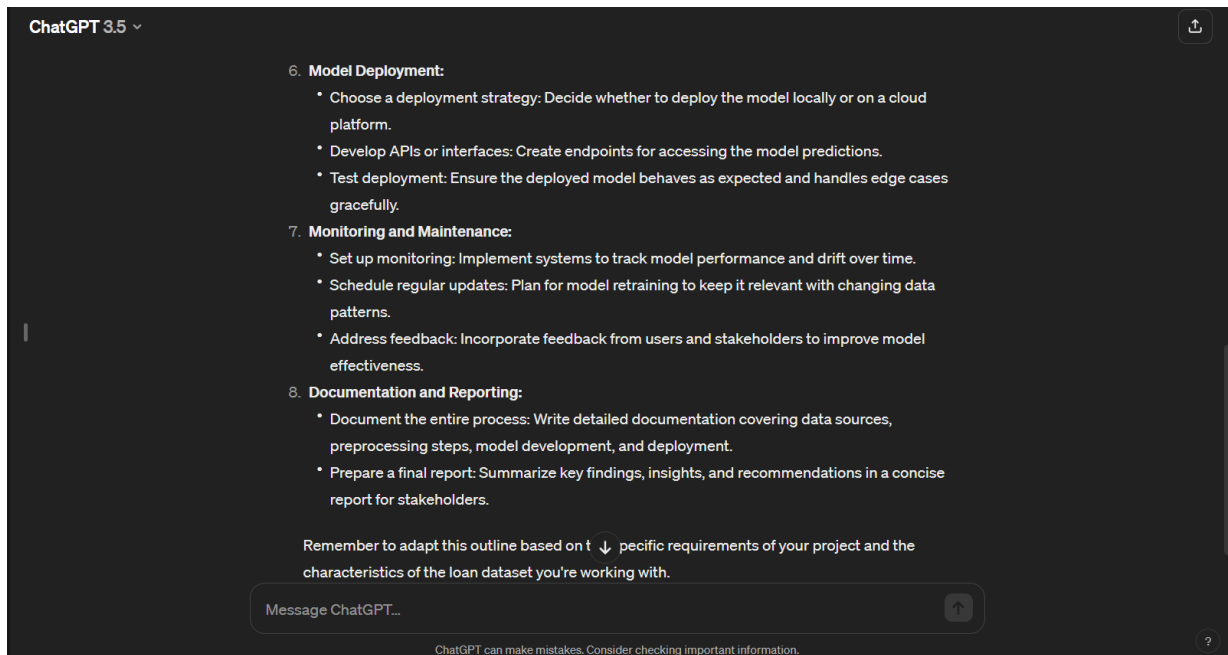
ChatGPT can make mistakes. Consider checking important information.

ChatGPT 3.5

- Data Preprocessing:**
 - Handle missing data: Impute missing values or remove instances with missing data.
 - Handle outliers: Determine if outliers should be treated or removed.
 - Feature engineering: Create new features, transform existing ones, or select relevant features.
 - Data normalization or standardization: Scale numerical features if necessary.
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):**
 - Analyze the distribution of target variable: Understand the distribution of loan status (e.g., approved, denied).
 - Explore relationships between features and target variable: Identify patterns and correlations.
 - Visualize key insights: Use plots, charts, and graphs to communicate findings.
- Model Development:**
 - Split dataset: Divide the data into training, validation, and test sets.
 - Select appropriate algorithms: Choose classification algorithms suitable for predicting loan approval.
 - Train models: Fit the selected algorithms on the training data.
 - Evaluate models: Assess model performance using appropriate metrics (e.g., accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score).
 - Fine-tune hyperparameters: Optimize model parameters to improve performance.
- Model Deployment:**
 - Choose a deployment strategy: Decide whether to deploy the model locally or on a cloud.

Message ChatGPT...

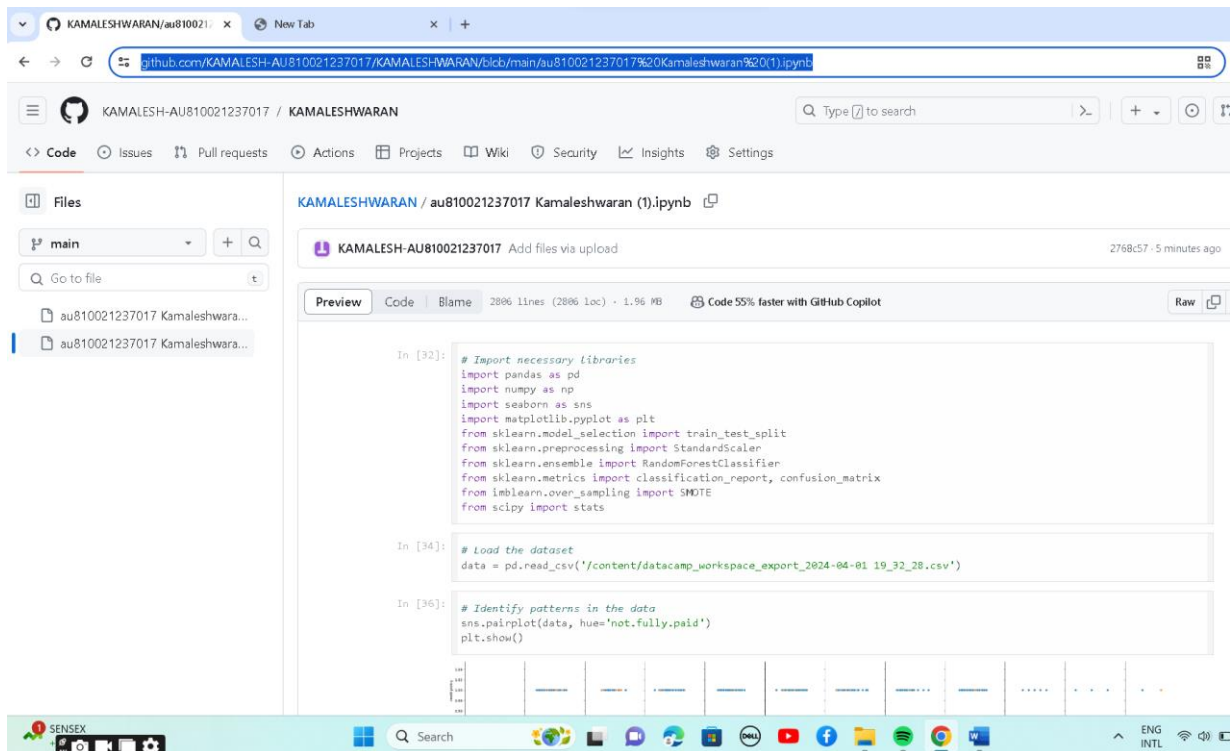
ChatGPT can make mistakes. Consider checking important information.



The asked the ChatGPT “to provide the necessary codes for the project. The codes are implemented and the output is received.

Code:

1. Data Collection
2. Data Preprocessing
3. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)



KAMALESHWARAN / au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (1).ipynb

2768c57 · 5 minutes ago

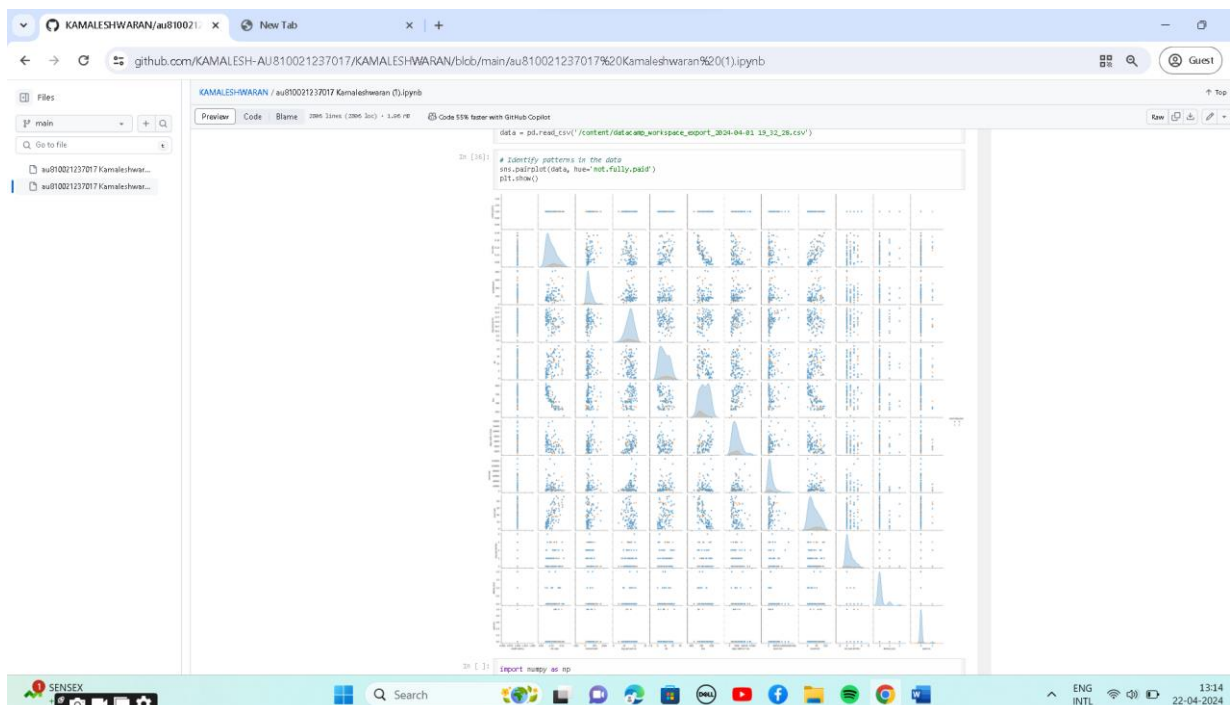
Preview Code Blame 2086 lines (2086 loc) · 1.96 MB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot Raw

```
In [32]: # Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
from scipy import stats

In [34]: # Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('/content/datacamp_workspace_export_2024-04-01_19_32_28.csv')

In [36]: # Identify patterns in the data
sns.pairplot(data, hue='not.fully.paid')
plt.show()
```

Output:



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```
In [36]: # Identify patterns in the data
sns.pairplot(data, hue='not.fully.paid')
plt.show()
```

The codes and the output are screenshot.

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0).ipynb

2896 Lines (2896 loc) · 1.96 MB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

```

In [ ]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

In [ ]: %matplotlib inline

In [ ]: loans = pd.read_csv("../content/datacamp_workspace_export_2024-04-01_19_32_28.csv")

In [ ]: loans.head()

```

	credit.policy	purpose	int.rate	installment	log.annual.inc	dti	fico	days.with.cr.line	revol.bal	revol.util	inq.last.6mths
0	1	debt consolidation	0.1189	829.10	11.350407	19.48	737	5639.958333	28854	52.1	
1	1	credit card	0.1071	228.22	11.082143	14.29	707	2760.000000	33623	76.7	
2	1	debt consolidation	0.1357	366.86	10.373491	11.63	682	4710.000000	3511	25.6	
3	1	debt consolidation	0.1008	162.34	11.350407	8.10	712	2699.958333	33667	73.2	
4	1	credit card	0.1426	102.92	11.299732	14.97	667	4066.000000	4740	39.5	

```

In [ ]: loans.head().info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5 entries, 0 to 4
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  --
0   credit.policy          5 non-null      int64
1   purpose                5 non-null      object
2   int.rate              5 non-null      float64
3   installment            5 non-null      float64
4   log.annual.inc         5 non-null      float64

```

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```

In [ ]: loans.head().info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5 entries, 0 to 4
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  --
0   credit.policy          5 non-null      int64
1   purpose                5 non-null      object
2   int.rate              5 non-null      float64
3   installment            5 non-null      float64
4   log.annual.inc         5 non-null      float64
5   dti                   5 non-null      float64
6   fico                  5 non-null      int64
7   days.with.cr.line     5 non-null      float64
8   revol.bal             5 non-null      int64
9   revol.util            5 non-null      float64
10  inq.last.6mths         5 non-null      int64
11  delinq.2yrs           5 non-null      int64
12  pub.rec               5 non-null      int64
13  not.fully.paid         5 non-null      int64
dtypes: float64(6), int64(7), object(1)
memory usage: 668.0+ bytes

In [ ]: loans.head().shape

Out [ ]: (5, 14)

In [ ]: loans.head().describe()

Out [ ]:

```

	credit.policy	int.rate	installment	log.annual.inc	dti	fico	days.with.cr.line	revol.bal	revol.util	inq.last.6mths
count	5.0	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000
mean	1.0	0.121020	337.888000	11.091236	13.694000	701.000000	3975.183333	20879.000000	53.420000	0.400000
std	0.0	0.017947	291.625932	0.416248	4.213494	27.248853	1267.137358	15424.476085	21.809791	0.5477
min	1.0	0.100800	102.920000	10.373491	8.100000	667.000000	2699.958333	3511.000000	25.600000	0.000000

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Files

- main
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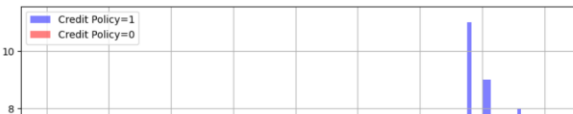
```
In [ ]: Loans.head().describe()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	credit_policy	int.rate	installment	log.annual_inc	dti	fico	days.with.cr.line	revol.bal	revol.util	inq.last.6mt
count	5.0	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000
mean	1.0	0.121020	337.888000	11.091236	13.694000	701.000000	3975.183333	20879.000000	53.420000	0.400000
std	0.0	0.017947	291.625932	0.416248	4.213494	27.248853	1267.137358	15424.476085	21.809791	0.547700
min	1.0	0.100800	102.920000	10.373491	8.100000	667.000000	2699.958333	3511.000000	25.600000	0.000000
25%	1.0	0.107100	162.340000	11.082143	11.630000	682.000000	2760.000000	4740.000000	39.500000	0.000000
50%	1.0	0.118900	228.220000	11.299732	14.290000	707.000000	4066.000000	28854.000000	52.100000	0.000000
75%	1.0	0.135700	366.860000	11.350407	14.970000	712.000000	4710.000000	33623.000000	73.200000	1.000000
max	1.0	0.142600	829.100000	11.350407	19.480000	737.000000	5639.958333	33667.000000	76.700000	1.000000

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
loans[loans['credit_policy']==1]['fico'].hist(alpha=0.5,color='blue',bins=30,label='Credit Policy=1')
loans[loans['credit_policy']==0]['fico'].hist(alpha=0.5,color='red',bins=30,label='Credit Policy=0')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('FICO')
```

```
Out[ ]: Text(0.5, 0, 'FICO')
```



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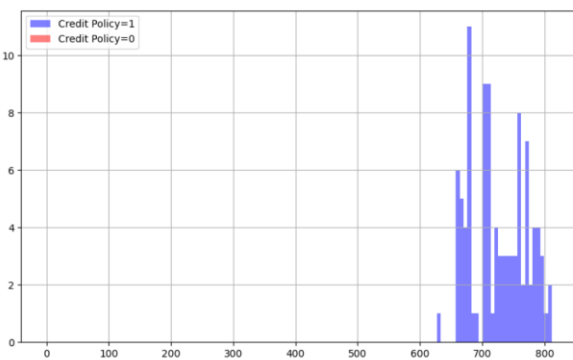
Files

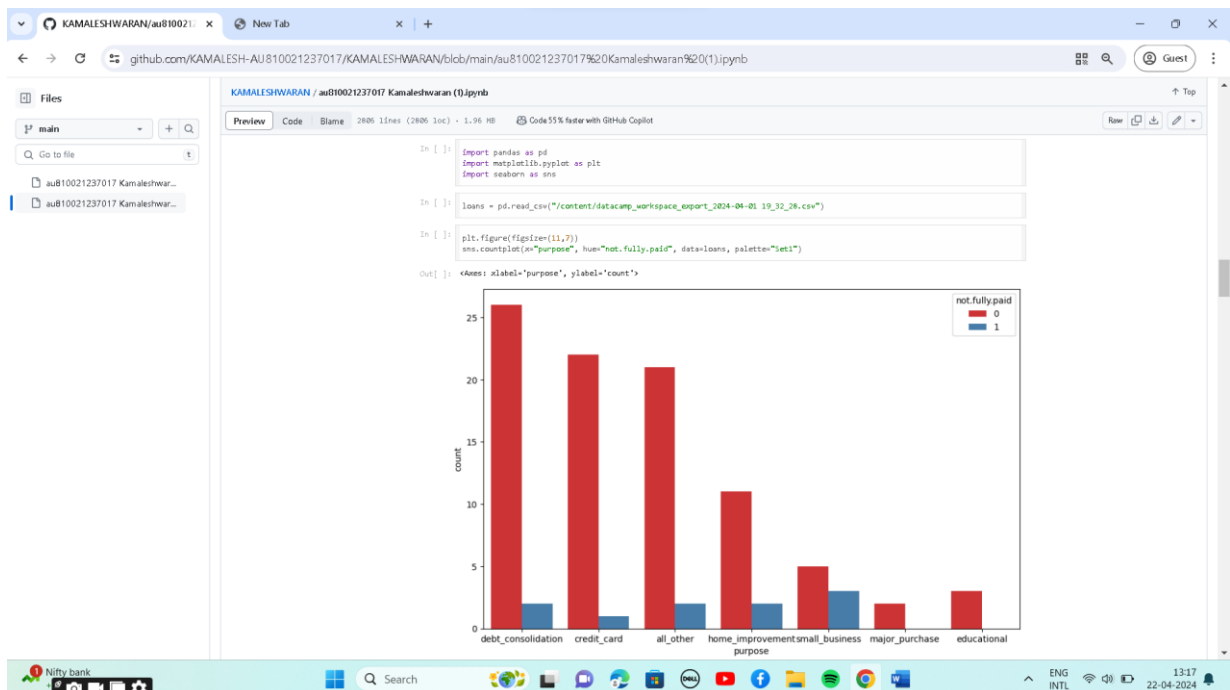
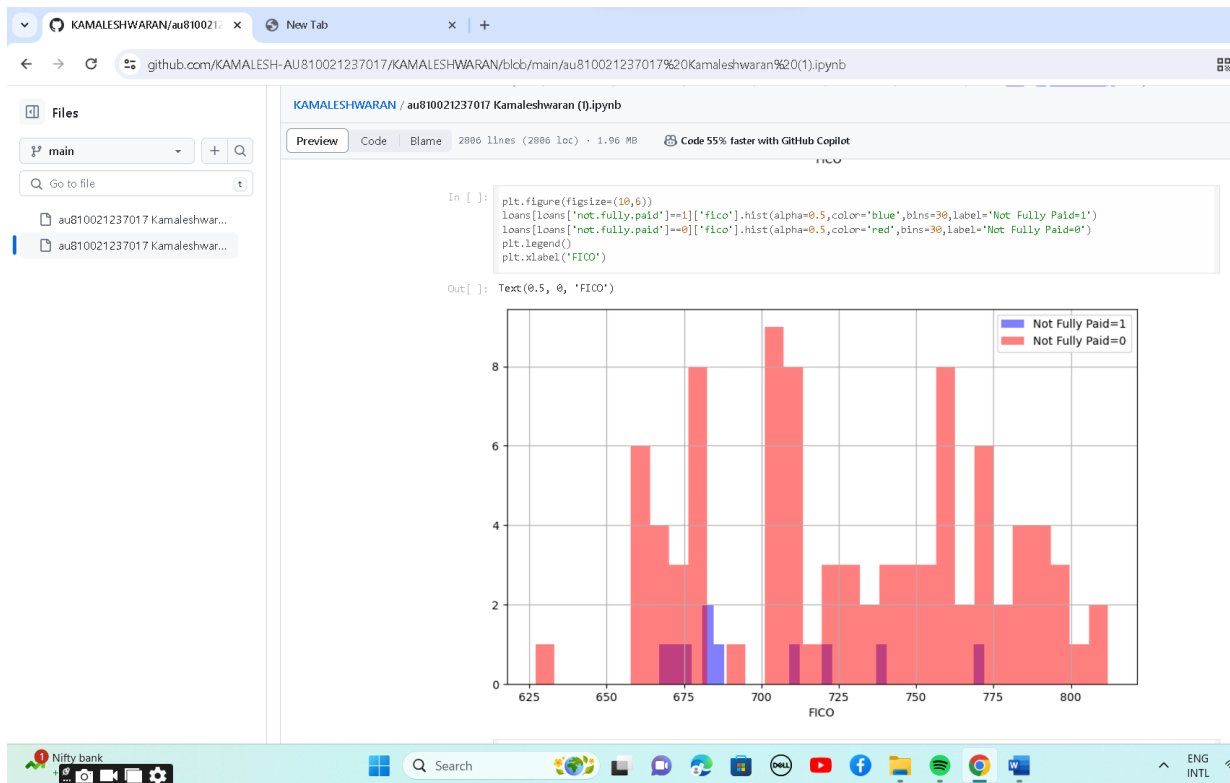
- main
- Go to file
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

Preview Code Blame 2886 lines (2886 loc) • 1.96 MB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
loans[loans['credit_policy']==1]['fico'].hist(alpha=0.5,color='blue',bins=30,label='Credit Policy=1')
loans[loans['credit_policy']==0]['fico'].hist(alpha=0.5,color='red',bins=30,label='Credit Policy=0')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('FICO')
```

```
Out[ ]: Text(0.5, 0, 'FICO')
```







KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

2806 lines (2806 loc) · 1.96 KB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

```
In [ ]: loans.info()

Out [ ]:
class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'
RangeIndex: 100 entries, 0 to 99
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #   column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  --
 0   credit.policy        100 non-null    int64
 1   purpose              100 non-null    object
 2   int.rate             100 non-null    float64
 3   installment          100 non-null    float64
 4   log.annual.inc       100 non-null    float64
 5   dti                  100 non-null    float64
 6   fico                  100 non-null    int64
 7   days.with.cr.line    100 non-null    float64
 8   revol.bal            100 non-null    int64
 9   revol.util           100 non-null    float64
10   inq.last.6mths       100 non-null    int64
11   delinq.yrs           100 non-null    int64
12   pub.rec              100 non-null    int64
13   not.fully.paid       100 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(6), int64(7), object(1)
memory usage: 11.4+ KB
```

```
In [ ]: loan_purpose=[ 'purpose' ]

In [ ]: final_data=pd.get_dummies(loans,columns=loan_purpose,drop_first=True)

In [ ]: # In the above code, drop_first is done to avoid multi-colinearity
final_data.info()

Out [ ]:
class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'
RangeIndex: 100 entries, 0 to 99
Data columns (total 19 columns):
 #   column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  --
 0   credit.policy        100 non-null    int64
 1   int.rate             100 non-null    float64
 2   installment          100 non-null    float64
 3   log.annual.inc       100 non-null    float64
 4   dti                  100 non-null    float64
 5   fico                  100 non-null    int64
 6   days.with.cr.line    100 non-null    float64
 7   revol.bal            100 non-null    int64
 8   revol.util           100 non-null    float64
 9   inq.last.6mths       100 non-null    int64
10   delinq.yrs           100 non-null    int64
11   pub.rec              100 non-null    int64
12   not.fully.paid       100 non-null    int64
13   purpose_credit_card  100 non-null    bool
14   purpose_debt_consolidation 100 non-null    bool
15   purpose_educational  100 non-null    bool
16   purpose_home_improvement 100 non-null    bool
17   purpose_major_purchase 100 non-null    bool
18   purpose_small_business 100 non-null    bool
dtypes: bool(6), float64(6), int64(7)
memory usage: 10.9 KB
```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

2806 lines (2806 loc) · 1.96 KB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

```
In [ ]: final_data=pd.get_dummies(loans,columns=loan_purpose,drop_first=True)

In [ ]: # In the above code, drop_first is done to avoid multi-colinearity
final_data.info()

Out [ ]:
class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'
RangeIndex: 100 entries, 0 to 99
Data columns (total 19 columns):
 #   column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  --
 0   credit.policy        100 non-null    int64
 1   int.rate             100 non-null    float64
 2   installment          100 non-null    float64
 3   log.annual.inc       100 non-null    float64
 4   dti                  100 non-null    float64
 5   fico                  100 non-null    int64
 6   days.with.cr.line    100 non-null    float64
 7   revol.bal            100 non-null    int64
 8   revol.util           100 non-null    float64
 9   inq.last.6mths       100 non-null    int64
10   delinq.yrs           100 non-null    int64
11   pub.rec              100 non-null    int64
12   not.fully.paid       100 non-null    int64
13   purpose_credit_card  100 non-null    bool
14   purpose_debt_consolidation 100 non-null    bool
15   purpose_educational  100 non-null    bool
16   purpose_home_improvement 100 non-null    bool
17   purpose_major_purchase 100 non-null    bool
18   purpose_small_business 100 non-null    bool
dtypes: bool(6), float64(6), int64(7)
memory usage: 10.9 KB
```

```
In [ ]: final_data.head()

Out [ ]:
   credit.policy  int.rate  installment  log.annual.inc  dti  fico  days.with.cr.line  revol.bal  revol.util  inq.last.6mths  delinq.yrs  pub
0              1   0.1189      829.10    11.350407    19.48  737    5639.958333    28954    52.1          0              0
1              1   0.1071      228.22    11.082143    14.29  707    2760.000000    33623    76.7          0              0
2              1   0.1357      366.06    10.373491    11.63  682    4710.000000    3511     25.6          1              0
3              1   0.1009      162.34    11.350407     8.10  712    2699.958333    33667    73.2          1              0
4              1   0.1426      102.92    11.299732    14.97  667    4066.000000    4740     39.5          0              1
```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

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```

In [ ]: import pandas as pd

In [ ]: data = pd.read_csv("/content/datacamp_workspace_export_2024-04-01_19_32_28.csv")

In [ ]: data["new_feature"] = data["dti"] * data["fico"]

In [ ]: data.head()

Out[ ]:

```

	credit.policy	purpose	int.rate	installment	log.annual.inc	dti	fico	days.with.crl	line	revol.bal	revol.util	inq.last.6mths
0	1	debt_consolidation	0.1189	829.10	11.350407	19.48	737	5639.958333	28854	52.1		
1	1	credit_card	0.1071	228.22	11.062143	14.29	707	2760.000000	33623	76.7		
2	1	debt_consolidation	0.1057	366.86	10.373491	11.63	692	4710.000000	3511	25.6		
3	1	debt_consolidation	0.1008	182.34	11.350407	8.10	712	2699.958333	33667	73.2		
4	1	credit_card	0.1426	102.92	11.299732	14.97	667	4068.000000	4740	39.5		

```

In [ ]: x = final_data.drop("not.fully.paid",axis=1)
        y=final_data["not.fully.paid"]

In [ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

In [ ]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=101)

In [ ]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        # Instantiating Decision Tree model (basically creating a decision tree object)
        dtree = DecisionTreeClassifier()
        # Training or fitting the model on training data
        dtree.fit(X_train,y_train)

Out[ ]: DecisionTreeClassifier()
In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.
On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```

22 April 2024

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

Preview Code Blame 2806 lines (2806 loc) • 1.95 MB Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

```

In [ ]: dtree_predictions = dtree.predict(X_test)

In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
        print(classification_report(y_test,dtree_predictions))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

0       0.89      0.93      0.91      27
1       0.00      0.00      0.00       3

accuracy          0.83      30
macro avg       0.45      0.46      0.45      30
weighted avg    0.80      0.93      0.82      30

In [ ]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test,dtree_predictions))

[[25  2]
 [ 3  0]]

In [ ]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        # Instantiating Random Forest model (basically creating a random forest object)
        rfc = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300)
        # Training or fitting the model on training data
        rfc.fit(X_train,y_train)

Out[ ]: RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300)
In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.
On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

In [ ]: rfc_predictions = rfc.predict(X_test)

In [ ]: print(classification_report(y_test,rfc_predictions))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

0       0.90      1.00      0.95      27
1       0.00      0.00      0.00       3

accuracy          0.90      30
macro avg       0.45      0.50      0.47      30

```

13:20 22-04-2024

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blob/main/au8100212370179820Kamaleshwaran920(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

Preview

```

1      accuracy      0.90      0.90      0.90
2      macro avg      0.45      0.50      0.47
3      weighted avg    0.81      0.90      0.85

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use 'zero_division' parameter to control this behavior.
  warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use 'zero_division' parameter to control this behavior.
  warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use 'zero_division' parameter to control this behavior.
  warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

In [ ]:
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, yf_predictions))

[[27  0]
 [ 3  0]]

In [7]:
!pip install scikit-learn

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.25.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.11.4)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (3.4.0)

In [8]:
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV

In [13]:
# Define the best_model variable (replace this with your actual model)
best_model = ...

# Save the best model to disk
joblib.dump(best_model, 'loan_classifier.joblib')

Out[13]: ['loan_classifier.joblib']

In [17]:
!pip install gradio

Collecting gradio
  Downloading gradio-4.26.0-py3-none-any.whl (17.1 kB)
Collecting aiofiles<24.0, >=22.0 (from gradio)
  Downloading aiofiles-23.2.1-py3-none-any.whl (15 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp<4.0, >=3.8.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (4.2.2)

```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blob/main/au8100212370179820Kamaleshwaran920(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

Preview

```

Downloading fastapi-0.110.1-py3-none-any.whl (91 kB)
Collecting fmpy (from gradio)
  Downloading fmpy-0.3.2.tar.gz (5.5 kB)
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Collecting gradio-client-0.15.1 (from gradio)
  Downloading gradio_client-0.15.1-py3-none-any.whl (313 kB)
Collecting gradio-0.15.1-py3-none-any.whl (313 kB)
Collecting https-0.24.1 (from gradio)
  Downloading https-0.27.0-py3-none-any.whl (75 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: huggingface-hub<0.19.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (0.20.3)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-resources<7.0, >=1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (6.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Jinja2<4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (3.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe<=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (2.1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib<=3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (3.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (1.25.2)
Collecting orjson-3.10.0-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (144 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (24.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas<3.0, >=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow<10.0, >=8.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic<2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (2.6.4)
Collecting pydub (from gradio)
  Downloading pydub-0.25.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (32 kB)
Collecting python-multipart-0.0.9 (from gradio)
  Downloading python-multipart-0.0.9-py3-none-any.whl (22 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml<6.0, >=5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (6.0.1)
Collecting ruff-0.3.7-py3-none-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (8.9 MB)
Collecting semantic-version-2.0 (from gradio)
  Downloading semantic-version-2.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (15 kB)
Collecting tomlkit-0.12.0 (from gradio)
  Downloading tomlkit-0.12.0-py3-none-any.whl (37 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions<4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio) (4.11.0)
Collecting uvicorn-0.14.0 (from gradio)
  Downloading uvicorn-0.29.0-py3-none-any.whl (60 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: fsspec in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gradio-client==0.15.1->gradio) (2023.6.0)
Collecting websockets<12.0, >=10.0 (from gradio-client==0.15.1->gradio)
  Downloading websockets-11.0.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (129 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: entrypoints in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from altair<6.0, >=4.2.0->gradio) (0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema<3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from altair<6.0, >=4.2.0->gradio) (4.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: toolz in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from altair<6.0, >=4.2.0->gradio) (0.12.1)

```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blcb/main/au8100212370177820Kamaleshwaran920(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

KAMALESHWARAN / au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

```

Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from https://0.24.1->gradio) (2024.2.2)
Collecting httpcore<1.* (from https://0.24.1->gradio)
  Downloading httpcore-1.0.5-py3-none-any.whl (77 kB)
77.9/77.9 KB 0.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: httpx in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from https://0.24.1->gradio) (0.27.0)
Requirement already satisfied: h11 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from https://0.24.1->gradio) (1.3.1)
Collecting h11<0.15.0,>=0.13.0 (from https://0.24.1->gradio)
  Downloading h11-0.14.0-py3-none-any.whl (58 kB)
58.3/58.3 KB 0.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (3.13.4)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm<4.42.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (4.66.2)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (1.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (4.51.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas<3.0.0,>=1.0->gradio) (2023.4)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas<3.0.0,>=1.0->gradio) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: annotated-types>=0.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pydantic==2.0->gradio) (0.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic-core==2.16.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pydantic==2.0->gradio) (2.16.3)
Requirement already satisfied: click<9.0.0,>=7.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (8.1.7)
Collecting colorama<0.5.0,>=0.4.3 (from typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio)
  Downloading colorama-0.4.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Collecting shellshim<0.0.4,>=0.3.0 (from typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio)
  Downloading shellshim-1.5.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl (9.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: rich<14.0.0,>=10.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (13.7.1)
Collecting starlette<0.38.0,>=0.37.2 (from fastapi->gradio)
  Downloading starlette-0.37.2-py3-none-any.whl (71 kB)
71.9/71.9 KB 7.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (23.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (2023.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (0.34.0)
Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (0.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp<3.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil==2.7->matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown-it-py>=2.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rich<14.0.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (3.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pygments<3.0.0,>=2.13.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rich<14.0.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (2.16.1)
Requirement already satisfied: exceptiongroup in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from anyio->https://0.24.1->gradio) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests-huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests-huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (2.0.7)
Requirement already satisfied: mdurl<0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from markdown-it-py==2.2.0->rich<14.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (0.1.2)
Building wheels for collected packages: fmpy
  Building wheel for fmpy (setup.py) ... done
  Created wheel for fmpy: filename=fmpy-0.3.2-py3-none-any.whl size=5584 sha256=1a0b98c923beb5c8f47d266e6cfe028418b4d7f10b5eade6f5b02880
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/bd/65/9a/621fc6dc4e87944184f0c592f6ff512b26f7a0029ca2a3d881
Successfully built fmpy
Installing collected packages: pydub, fmpy, websockets, twilio, shellshim, semantic-version, ruff, python-multipart, orjson, h11, colorama, aiofiles, uvicorn, starlette, httpx, https, fastapi, gradio-client, gradio
Successfully installed aiofiles-23.2.1 colorama-0.4.6 fastapi-0.110.1 fmpy-0.3.2 gradio-4.26.0 gradio-client-0.15.1 h11-0.14.0 httpcore-1.0.5 https-0.27.0 orjson-3.10.0 pydub-0.25.1 python-multipart-0.0.9 ruff-0.3.7 semantic-version-2.10.0 shellshim-1.5.4 starlette-0.37.2 twilio-8.12.0 uvicorn-0.29.0 websockets-11.0.3

In [16]:
import gradio as gr
import joblib
# Load the trained model
model = joblib.load("loan_classifier.joblib")

def predict_loan_status(
    int_rate,
    installment,
    log_annual_inc,
    rti,
    fico,
    revol_bal,
    revol_util,
    log_tot_doths,
  ):

```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blcb/main/au8100212370177820Kamaleshwaran920(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

KAMALESHWARAN / au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

```

Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (23.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (2023.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (0.34.0)
Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jsonschema==3.0.0->altair<6.0,>=4.2.0->gradio) (0.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp<3.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil==2.7->matplotlib==3.8.0->gradio) (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown-it-py>=2.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rich<14.0.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (3.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pygments<3.0.0,>=2.13.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rich<14.0.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (2.16.1)
Requirement already satisfied: exceptiongroup in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from anyio->https://0.24.1->gradio) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests-huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests-huggingface-hub==0.19.3->gradio) (2.0.7)
Requirement already satisfied: mdurl<0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from markdown-it-py==2.2.0->rich<14.0,>=10.11.0->typer[all]<0.8,>=0.9->gradio) (0.1.2)
Building wheels for collected packages: fmpy
  Building wheel for fmpy (setup.py) ... done
  Created wheel for fmpy: filename=fmpy-0.3.2-py3-none-any.whl size=5584 sha256=1a0b98c923beb5c8f47d266e6cfe028418b4d7f10b5eade6f5b02880
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/bd/65/9a/621fc6dc4e87944184f0c592f6ff512b26f7a0029ca2a3d881
Successfully built fmpy
Installing collected packages: pydub, fmpy, websockets, twilio, shellshim, semantic-version, ruff, python-multipart, orjson, h11, colorama, aiofiles, uvicorn, starlette, httpx, https, fastapi, gradio-client, gradio
Successfully installed aiofiles-23.2.1 colorama-0.4.6 fastapi-0.110.1 fmpy-0.3.2 gradio-4.26.0 gradio-client-0.15.1 h11-0.14.0 httpcore-1.0.5 https-0.27.0 orjson-3.10.0 pydub-0.25.1 python-multipart-0.0.9 ruff-0.3.7 semantic-version-2.10.0 shellshim-1.5.4 starlette-0.37.2 twilio-8.12.0 uvicorn-0.29.0 websockets-11.0.3

In [16]:
import gradio as gr
import joblib
# Load the trained model
model = joblib.load("loan_classifier.joblib")

def predict_loan_status(
    int_rate,
    installment,
    log_annual_inc,
    rti,
    fico,
    revol_bal,
    revol_util,
    log_tot_doths,
  ):

```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017

github.com/KAMALESH-AU810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blob/main/au810021237017%20Kamaleshwaran%20(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...

KAMALESHWARAN / au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

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```

In [18]:
import gradio as gr
import joblib
# load the trained model
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def predict_loan_status(
    int_rate,
    installment,
    log_annual_inc,
    dti,
    fico,
    revol_bal,
    revol_util,
    inq_last_6mths,
    delinq_3yrs,
    pub_rec,
):
    input_dict = {
        "int_rate": int_rate,
        "installment": installment,
        "log_annual_inc": log_annual_inc,
        "dti": dti,
        "fico": fico,
        "revol_bal": revol_bal,
        "revol_util": revol_util,
        "inq_last_6mths": inq_last_6mths,
        "delinq_3yrs": delinq_3yrs,
        "pub_rec": pub_rec,
    }
    # Convert the dictionary to a 2D array
    input_array = [list(input_dict.values())]
    prediction = model.predict(input_array)[0]

    if prediction == 0:
        return "Loan fully paid"
    else:
        return "Loan not fully paid"

Inputs = [
    gr.Slider(0.00, 0.25, step=0.01, label="Interest Rate"),
    gr.Slider(100, 950, step=10, label="Installment"),
    gr.Slider(7, 15, step=0.1, label="Log Annual Income"),
    gr.Slider(0, 40, step=1, label="DTI Ratio"),
    gr.Slider(600, 850, step=1, label="FICO Score"),
    gr.Slider(0, 120000, step=1000, label="Revolving Balance"),
    gr.Slider(0, 100, step=1, label="Revolving Utilization"),
    gr.Slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Inquiries in Last 6 Months"),
    gr.Slider(0, 20, step=1, label="Delinquencies in Last 2 Years"),
    gr.Slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Public Records"),
]

outputs = [gr.Label(num_top_classes=2)]

title = "Loan Approval Classifier"
description = [
    "Enter the details of the loan applicant to check if the loan is approved or not."
]

gr.Interface(
    fn=predict_loan_status,
    inputs=Inputs,
    outputs=outputs,
    title=title,
    description=description,
).launch()

Setting queue=True in a Colab notebook requires sharing enabled. Setting 'share=True' (you can turn this off by setting 'share=False' in 'launch()') explicitly.

Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch().
Running on public URL: https://ff2c08c7a04f5a83.gradio.live

This share link expires in 72 hours. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades, run "gradio deploy" from terminal to deploy to Spaces (https://huggingface.co/spaces)

Out[18]:

```

KAMALESHWARAN/au810021237017

github.com/KAMALESH-AU810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blob/main/au810021237017%20Kamaleshwaran%20(1).ipynb

Files

- main
- au810021237017 Kamaleshwar...
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KAMALESHWARAN / au810021237017 Kamaleshwaran (0.ipynb)

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```

Inputs = [
    gr.Slider(0.00, 0.25, step=0.01, label="Interest Rate"),
    gr.Slider(100, 950, step=10, label="Installment"),
    gr.Slider(7, 15, step=0.1, label="Log Annual Income"),
    gr.Slider(0, 40, step=1, label="DTI Ratio"),
    gr.Slider(600, 850, step=1, label="FICO Score"),
    gr.Slider(0, 120000, step=1000, label="Revolving Balance"),
    gr.Slider(0, 100, step=1, label="Revolving Utilization"),
    gr.Slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Inquiries in Last 6 Months"),
    gr.Slider(0, 20, step=1, label="Delinquencies in Last 2 Years"),
    gr.Slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Public Records"),
]

outputs = [gr.Label(num_top_classes=2)]

title = "Loan Approval Classifier"
description = [
    "Enter the details of the loan applicant to check if the loan is approved or not."
]

gr.Interface(
    fn=predict_loan_status,
    inputs=Inputs,
    outputs=outputs,
    title=title,
    description=description,
).launch()

Setting queue=True in a Colab notebook requires sharing enabled. Setting 'share=True' (you can turn this off by setting 'share=False' in 'launch()') explicitly.

Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch().
Running on public URL: https://ff2c08c7a04f5a83.gradio.live

This share link expires in 72 hours. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades, run "gradio deploy" from terminal to deploy to Spaces (https://huggingface.co/spaces)

In [24]:
import pandas as pd

In [25]:
loan_df = pd.read_csv("content/datacamp_workspace_export_2024-04-01_19_32_28.csv")

In [23]:
# Perform feature engineering
loan_df["installment_to_income_ratio"] = (

```

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github.com/KAMALESH-AU810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN/blob/main/au810021237017%20Kamaleshwaran%20(1).ipynb

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Files

main

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gr_slider(0, 100, step=1, label="Revolving Utilization"),
gr_slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Inquiries in Last 6 Months"),
gr_slider(0, 20, step=1, label="Delinquencies in Last 2 Years"),
gr_slider(0, 10, step=1, label="Public Records"),

}
outputs = [gr.Label(num_top_classes=0)]

title = "Loan Approval Classifier"
description = {
    "Enter the details of the loan applicant to check if the loan is approved or not."
}

gr.Interface(
    fn=predict_loan_status,
    inputs=inputs,
    outputs=outputs,
    title=title,
    description=description,
).launch()

Setting queue=True in a Colab notebook requires sharing enabled. Setting 'share=True' (you can turn this off by setting 'share=False' in 'launch()') explicitly).

Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch()
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Out[18]:

In [24]: import pandas as pd

In [25]: loan_df = pd.read_csv("/content/datacamp_workspace_export_2024-04-01_19_32_28.csv")

In [27]: # Perform feature engineering
loan_df["installment_to_income_ratio"] = (
    loan_df["installment"] / loan_df["log.annual.inc"]
)
loan_df["credit_history"] = (loan_df["delinq.2yrs"] + loan_df["pub.rec"]) / loan_df[
    "fico"
]

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ENG INTL

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22-04-2024

APP INTERFERENCE/ PROJECT RESULT

The end-to-end data science project resulted in the creation of an interactive chatbot that provides personalized loan eligibility predictions based on user input. Users can easily access this service through various messaging platforms, making it convenient and user-friendly. The integration of ChatGPT enhances the user experience by providing a conversational interface, making the process intuitive and accessible to a wider audience. Overall, the project demonstrates the potential of combining machine learning with natural language processing for practical applications like financial services.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the implementation of an end-to-end data project utilizing ChatGPT for a loan dataset offers a robust solution for enhancing customer engagement and service efficiency in the lending domain. By leveraging natural language processing capabilities, this project enables seamless communication between users and the loan application system, providing instant assistance and guidance throughout the loan application process. Through meticulous data preprocessing, model training, integration, and deployment, this project ensures the delivery of accurate and relevant responses to user queries, ultimately facilitating a streamlined and user-friendly experience. With continuous monitoring and updates, this system remains adaptive and responsive to evolving user needs, thereby maximizing its effectiveness in serving borrowers and optimizing loan management processes.

FUTURE SCOPE

Looking ahead, the future scope for an end-to-end data project utilizing ChatGPT for a loan dataset is promising and multifaceted. Advancements in natural language processing and machine learning techniques will enable the development of even more sophisticated and personalized loan application systems. Integration of additional data sources, such as social media profiles or financial transaction history, could enrich the model's understanding of borrower preferences and risk profiles, leading to more accurate loan decisions. Furthermore, incorporating voice recognition capabilities could enhance user accessibility and convenience, catering to a broader range of users. Collaboration with financial institutions and regulatory bodies may foster the adoption of standardized processes and compliance measures within the system, ensuring trust and reliability. Ultimately, the future holds immense potential for leveraging ChatGPT in loan management, driving innovation, and improving financial inclusion for individuals and businesses alike.

REFERENCES

1. Project Github link, Ramar Bose , 2024
2. Project video recorded link (youtube/github), Ramar Bose , 2024
3. Project PPT & Report github link, Ramar Bose , 2024

GIT Hub Link of Project Code:

<https://github.com/KAMALESH-AU810021237017/KAMALESHWARAN>

Youtube link:

<https://youtu.be/p-numuELKns>