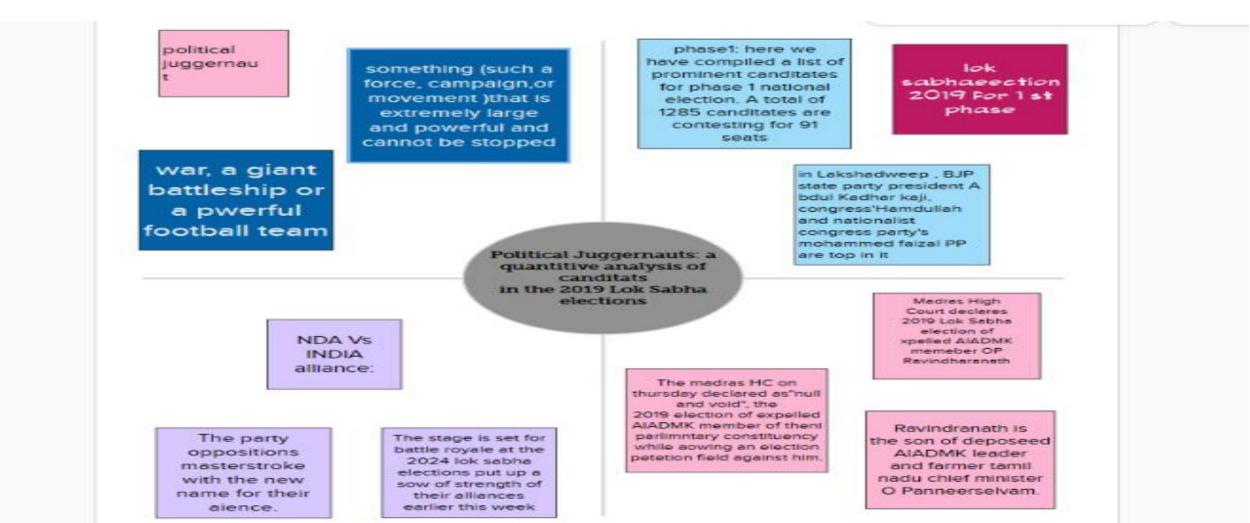
INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

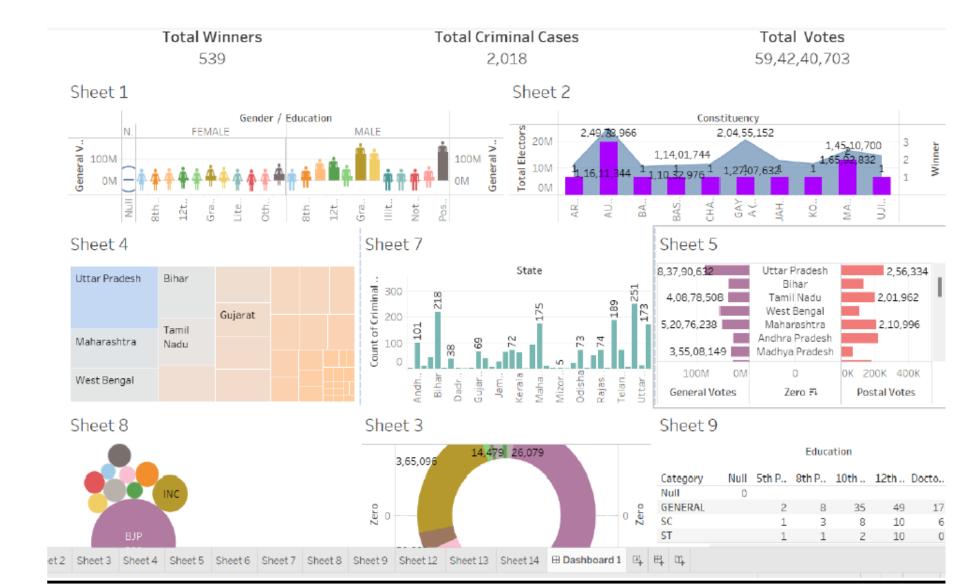
The lok sabha is composed of repesentative of people chhosen by direct election on the basis of Universal adult suffrage. The constituation of india allows for a maximum of 550 members in the house with 530 members represetive the states 20 representive the union territories. The 17th lok sabha was formed by the members elected in the 2019 indian general election

The bharatiya janata party received 37.36% of the vote ,the highiest share by a political party since the 1989 general election and won 303 seats further increasing its submted majority.

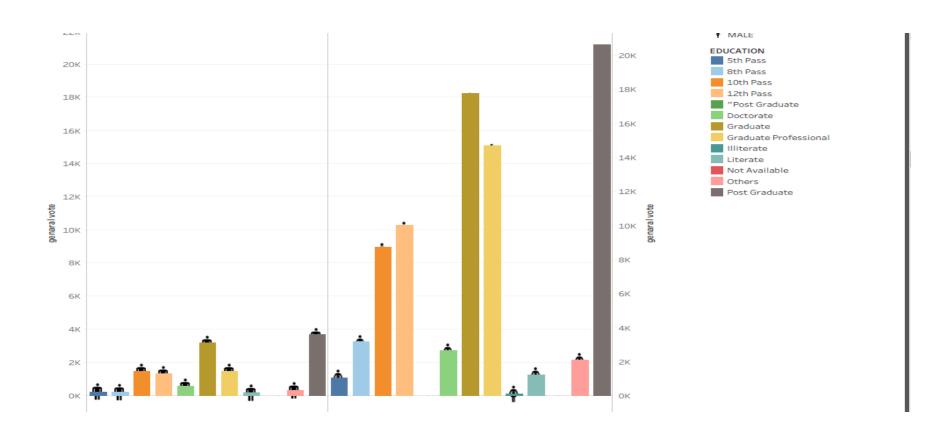
PROBLEM DEFINITION&DESIGN THINKING EMPATHY MAP



DASH BOARD



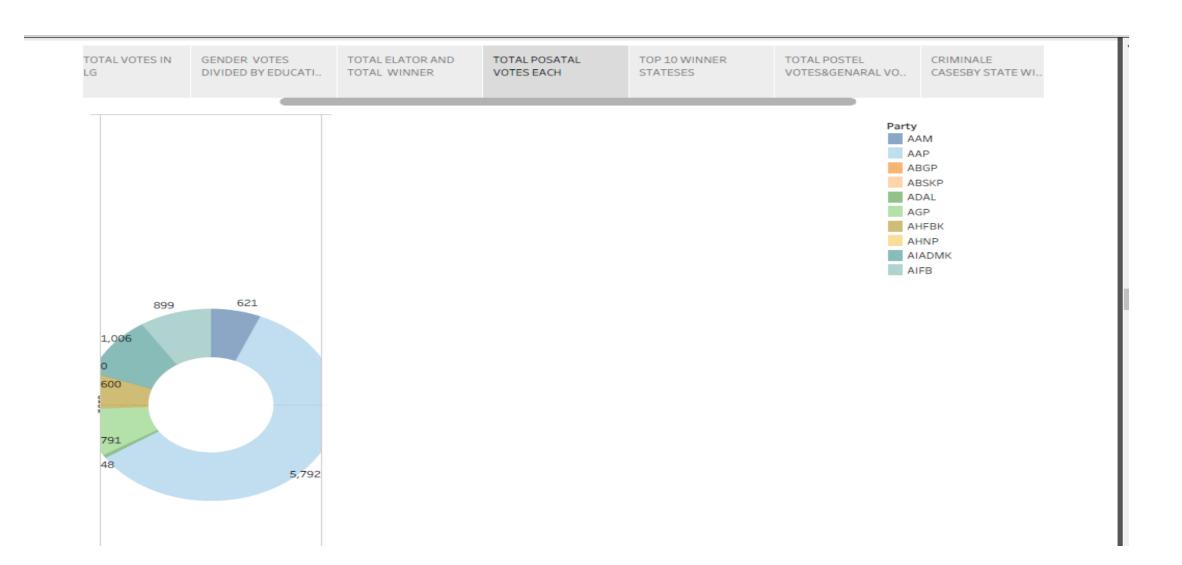
STORY 1



STORY 2



STORY 3



APPLICATIONS

ANALYSIS OF THE CONTESTING CANDIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION 2019:

The nominations for all phases of the general election have been submitted.

There are 8,039 candidates contesting for 542 parlimentaery constituency seats.

This means that the government in power must always enjoy the support of a majority of the members of lok sabha trust votes are used to exam this support.

First no-confidence motion of the 17th lok sabha discussed today:

Discussion on the first no-confidence motion of the 17th lok sabha began today.

Article 75(3) of the constitution states that the government is collectively responsible to lok sabha.

CONCLUSION

Thee election resulted in a landslide victory fo the BJP which won 303 seats and formed the government. Around 912 million people were eligible to vote and voter turnout was over 67 percent the highest ever as well as the hightest ever participation by women voters.

ADVANTAGES & DIS ADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGE:

1.Lots of bublic money and times of govt official is involved in conducting election will be saved.

2.The money and muscle power used by political

parties will substanially reduce.

3. The ruling party will not

be distracted by continues elections that keep popping up at different places and will invest more time in public policing and government (The biggest advantages)

DISADVANTAGES:

1.Po

tentially can be disatvantages for the regional parties surveypoint out that many people will vote for the same party in both the rounds of voting

2.even if election are conducted simultaniasly in the future events of presidentrule in some states no confidence motion against will surly distrup the balance (AMPLE EXAMPLE IN THE

HISTORY)