

120CS0196

PROGRAMMING LABORATORY-5

CS1000

Assignment-5

Group-'P7' Section:'E'

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Codes are uploaded on my GitHub account :
<https://github.com/prachi237/justC>

Assignment-5

1 Write a C program to create an array of size 10 and print the elements stored in the array. (For 1D as well as 2D)

//Write a C program to create an array of size 10 and print the elements stored in the array. (For 1D)

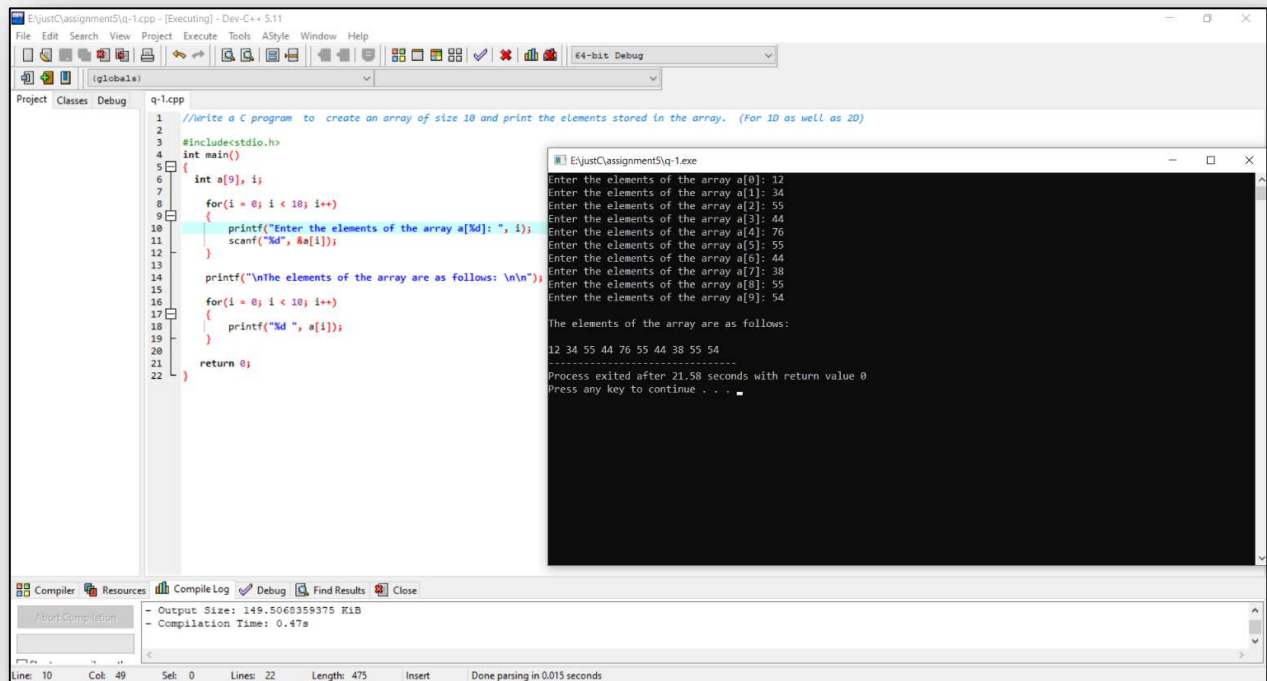
```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[9], i;

    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the elements of the array a[%d]: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }

    printf("\nThe elements of the array are as follows: \n\n");

    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", a[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```



//Write a C program to create an array of size 10 and print the elements stored in the array. (For 2D)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
int a[3][3],i,j;
```

```
for (i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for (j=0;j<3;j++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("Enter a[%d][%d]: ",i,j);
```

```
scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\n printing the elements of the array:");
```

```
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
```

```

printf("\n");

for (j=0;j<3;j++)

{

    printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);

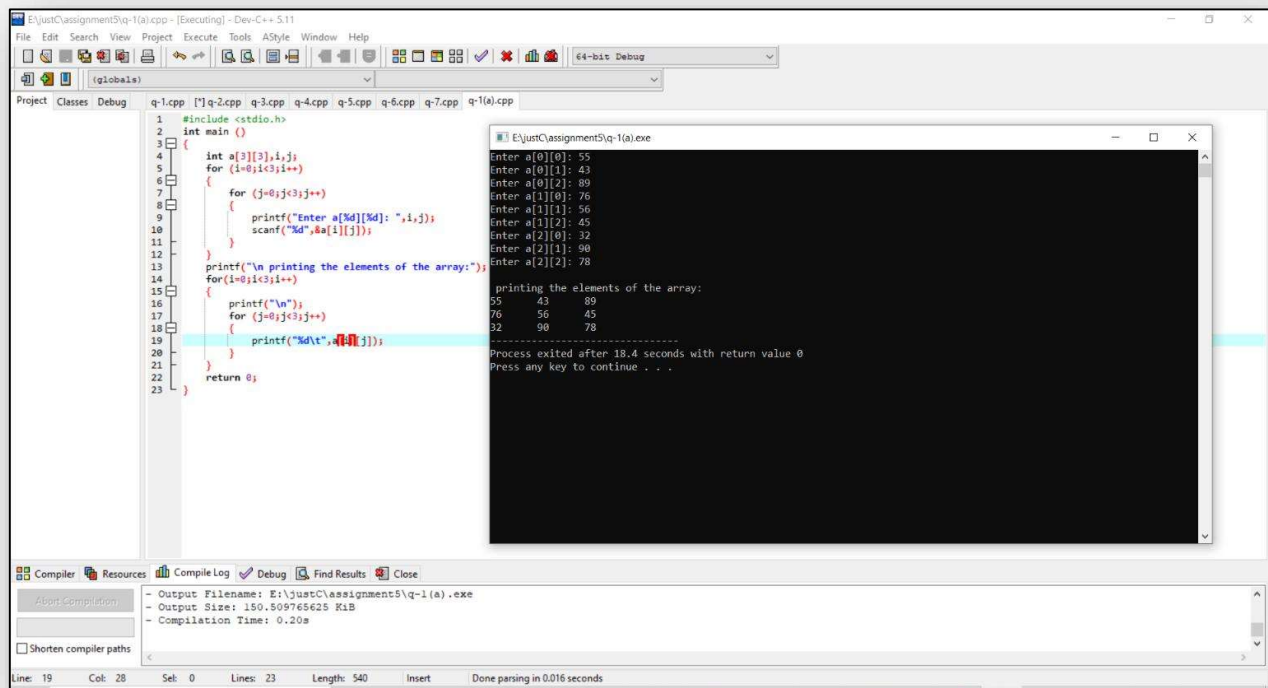
}

}

return 0;

}

```



2) Write a C program to find out the average of n numbers using array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a[40];
```

```
int i, n;
```

```

float avg=0;

printf("Enter the frequency/number of elements %d",n);

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("Enter a[%d]: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &a[i]);
}

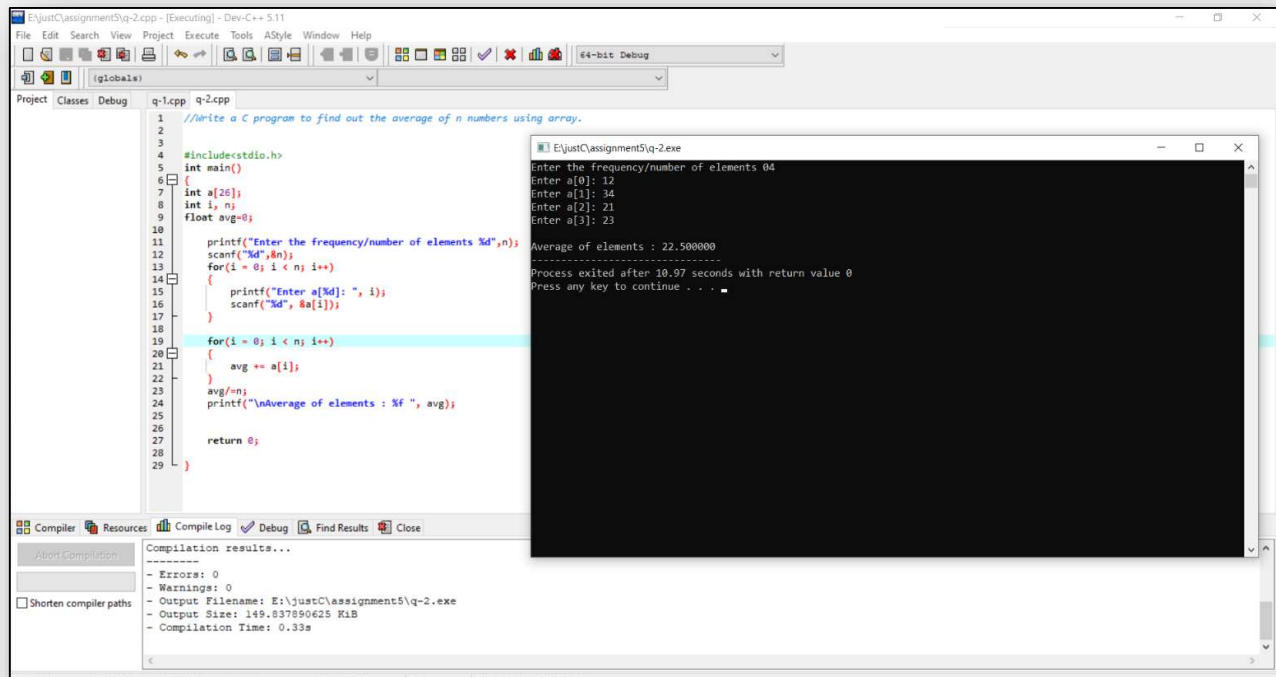
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    avg += a[i];
}

avg/=n;

printf("\nAverage of elements : %f ", avg);

return 0;
}

```



3) Write a C program to find largest number in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{  
    int a[10] = {65, 68, 14, 20, 99, 100, 56, 131, 47, 90};  
    int i, largest;
```

```
    largest = a[0];
```

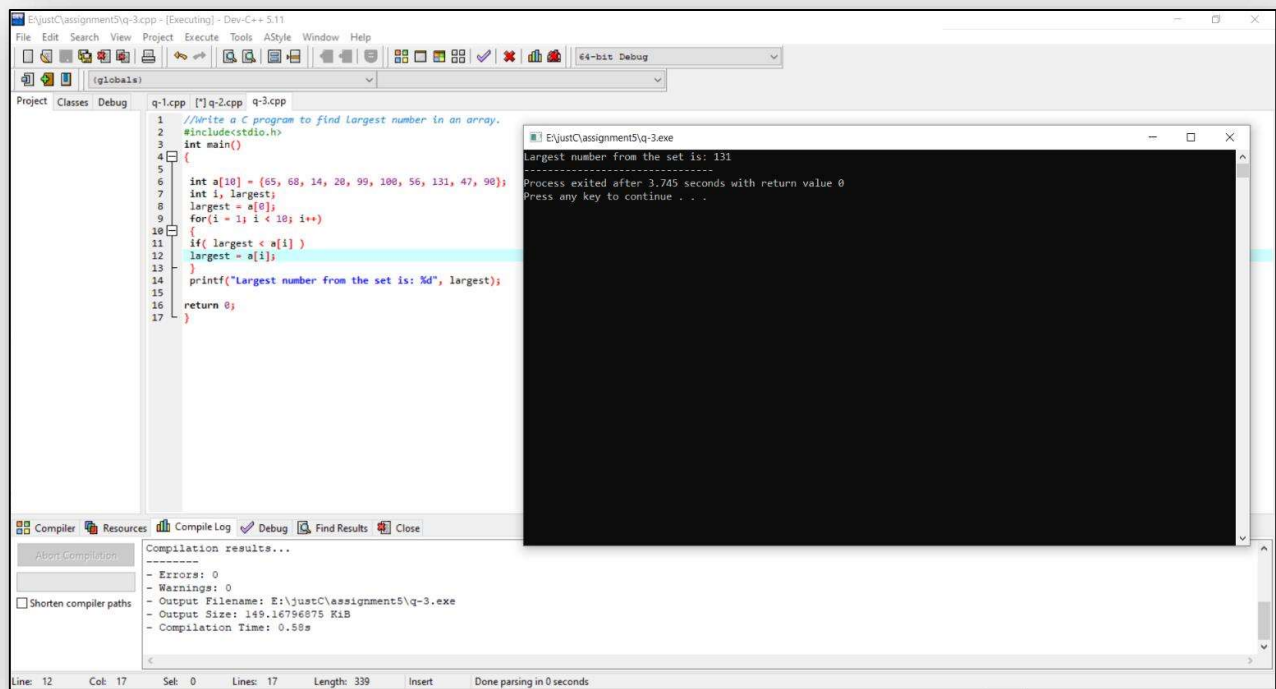
```
    for(i = 1; i < 10; i++)
```

```
{  
    if( largest < a[i] )  
        largest = a[i];  
}
```

```
    printf("Largest number from the set is: %d", largest);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```



4) Write a C program to sort the elements of an array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a[100];
```

```
int n, i, j, k;
```

```
printf("sorting the elements of array : \n ");
```

```
printf("enter size of array : ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Input %d elements in the array : \n",n);
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("element a[%d] : ",i);
```

```
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)
```

```
{
```

```
if(a[j] < a[i])
```

```
{
```

```
k = a[i];
```

```
a[i] = a[j];
```

```
a[j] = k;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\nThe elements after sorting: \n");
```

```
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

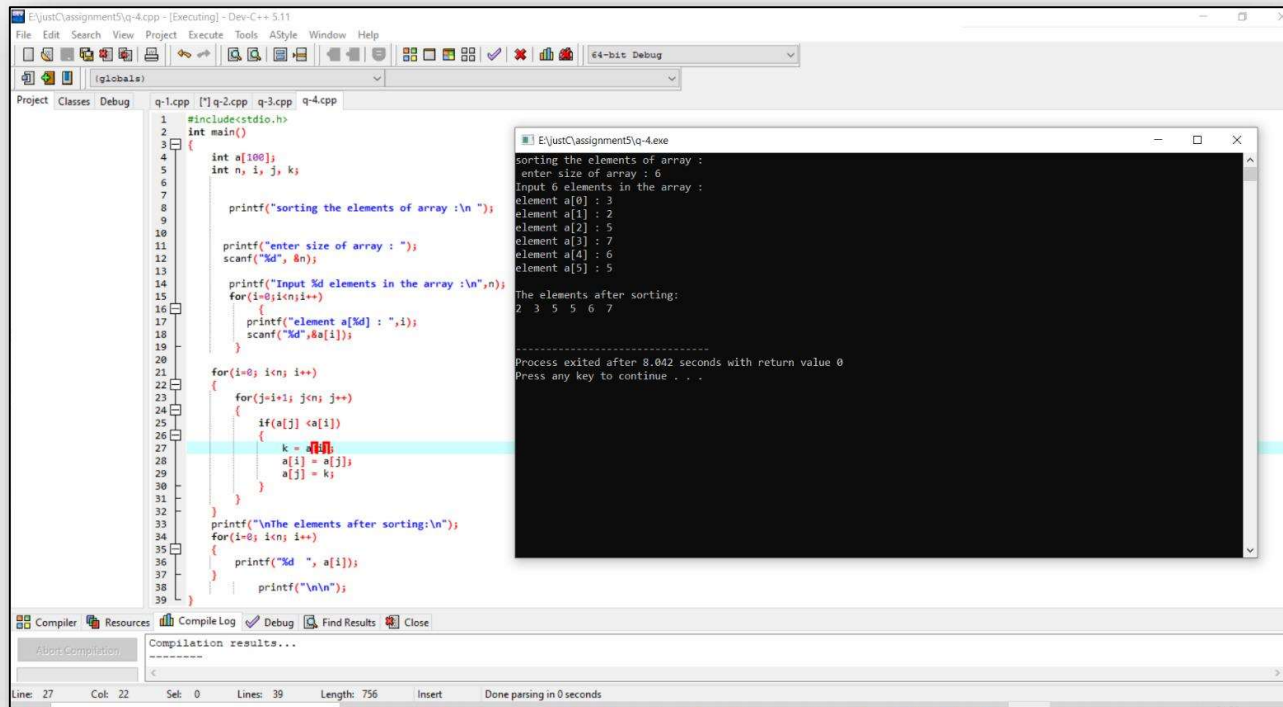
```
printf("%d ", a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\n\n");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```



5) Write a C program to perform Matrix multiplication on two 2-D arrays.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a, b, c, d, p, q, k, sum = 0;
```

```
int first[10][10], second[10][10], multiply[10][10];
```

```
printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of first matrix\n");
```

```
scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
```

```
printf("Enter the elements of first matrix\n");
```

```
for ( c = 0 ; c < a ; c++ )
```

```
for ( d = 0 ; d < b ; d++ )
```

```
scanf("%d", &first[c][d]);
```



```
printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of second matrix\n");
```

```
scanf("%d%d", &p, &q);
```

```
if ( b != p )
```

```
    printf("Matrices with entered orders can't be multiplied with each other.\n");
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("Enter the elements of second matrix\n");
```

```
    for ( c = 0 ; c < p ; c++ )
```

```
        for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
```

```
            scanf("%d", &second[c][d]);
```

```
    for ( c = 0 ; c < a ; c++ )
```

```
    {
```

```
        for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
```

```
        {
```

```
            for ( k = 0 ; k < p ; k++ )
```

```
            {
```

```
                sum = sum + first[c][k]*second[k][d];
```

```
            }
```

```
            multiply[c][d] = sum;
```

```
            sum = 0;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("the result after matrix multiplication:\n");
```

```
    for ( c = 0 ; c < a ; c++ )
```

```

{
    for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
        printf("%d\t", multiply[c][d]);

    printf("\n");
}
}

return 0;
}

```

The screenshot displays the Dev-C++ IDE with a C++ program for matrix multiplication. The code defines two 10x10 matrices, 'first' and 'second', and a 10x10 result matrix 'multiply'. It prompts the user to enter the dimensions and elements of both matrices. After validation, it performs a standard matrix multiplication using three nested loops (k, d, c) and prints the resulting matrix.

Code Snippet (q-5.cpp):

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     int a, b, c, d, p, q, k, sum = 0;
6     int first[10][10], second[10][10], multiply[10][10];
7
8     printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of first matrix\n");
9     scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
10    printf("Enter the elements of first matrix\n");
11
12    for ( c = 0 ; c < a ; c++ )
13        for ( d = 0 ; d < b ; d++ )
14            scanf("%d", &first[c][d]);
15
16    printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of second matrix\n");
17    scanf("%d%d", &p, &q);
18
19    if ( b != p )
20        printf("Matrices with entered orders can't be multiplied with each other\n");
21    else
22    {
23        printf("Enter the elements of second matrix\n");
24
25        for ( c = 0 ; c < p ; c++ )
26            for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
27                scanf("%d", &second[c][d]);
28
29        for ( c = 0 ; c < a ; c++ )
30        {
31            for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
32            {
33                for ( k = 0 ; k < p ; k++ )
34                {
35                    sum = sum + first[c][k]*second[k][d];
36                }
37                multiply[c][d] = sum;
38                sum = 0;
39            }
40        }
41    }
42 }

```

Execution Output (q-5.exe):

```

Enter the number of rows and columns of first matrix
2
2
Enter the elements of first matrix
33
44
44
55
55
Enter the number of rows and columns of second matrix
2
2
Enter the elements of second matrix
13
45
76
55
the result after matrix multiplication:
1773  3905
4245  3250
-----
Process exited after 23.3 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

6) Twenty-five numbers are entered from the keyboard into an array. Write a c program to find out how many of them are positive, how many are negative, how many are even and how many are odd.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a[25],i,positive=0,negative=0,zero=0, even=0, odd=0;
```

```
for(i=0;i<25;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("Enter a numbers : ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
for(i=0;i<25;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
if(a[i]>0)
```

```
positive++;
```

```
if(a[i]<0)
```

```
negative++;
```

```
if(a[i]==0)
```

```
zero++;
```

```
if(a[i]%2==0)
```

```
even++;
```

```
else
```

```
odd++;
```

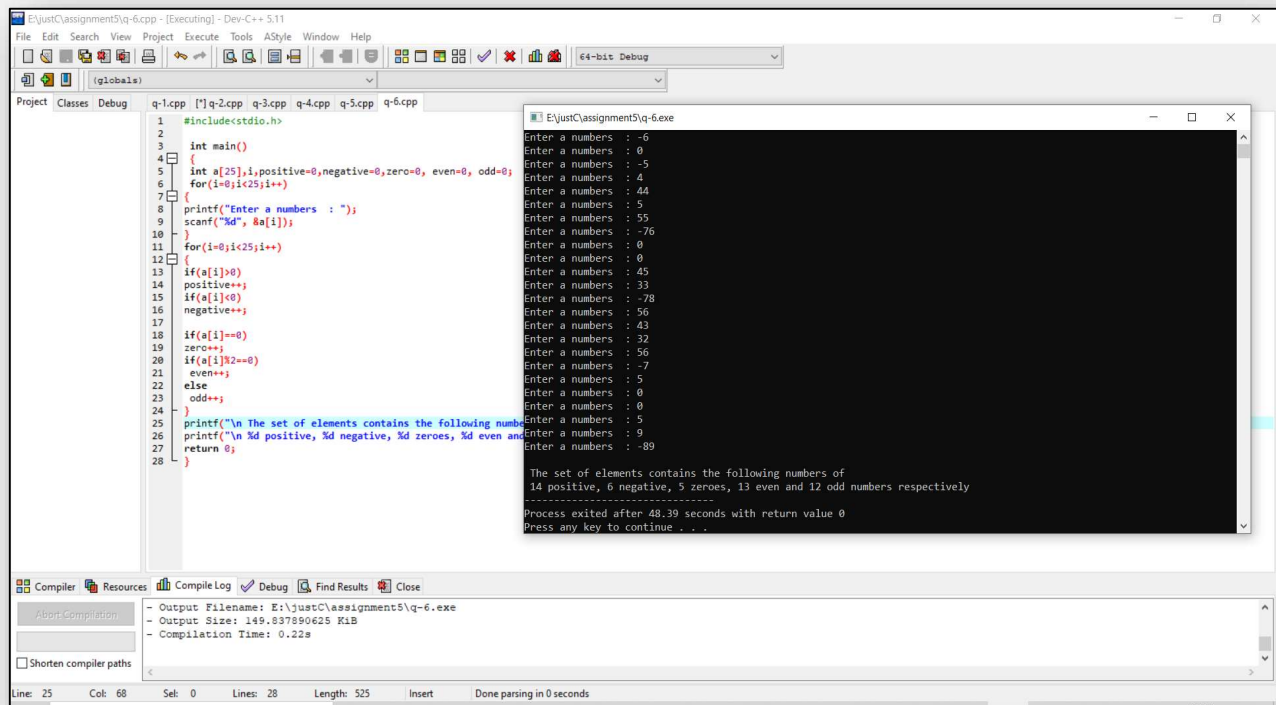
```
}
```

```
printf("\n The set of elements contains the following numbers of");
```

```
printf("\n %d positive, %d negative, %d zeroes, %d even and %d odd numbers respectively"  
,positive,negative,zero, even, odd);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```



7) Write a program to reverse the sequence of elements of a 1D array(size 10).

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[10], i, j, k, size;
```

```
    printf("Enter the size of an array \t: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&size);
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    j = i - 1;
```

```
i = 0;
```

```
while (i < j)
```

```
{
```

```
    k = a[i];
```

```
    a[i] = a[j];
```

```
    a[j] = k;
```

```
    i++;
```

```
    j--;
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\nReverse of the array is: ");
```

```
for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
```

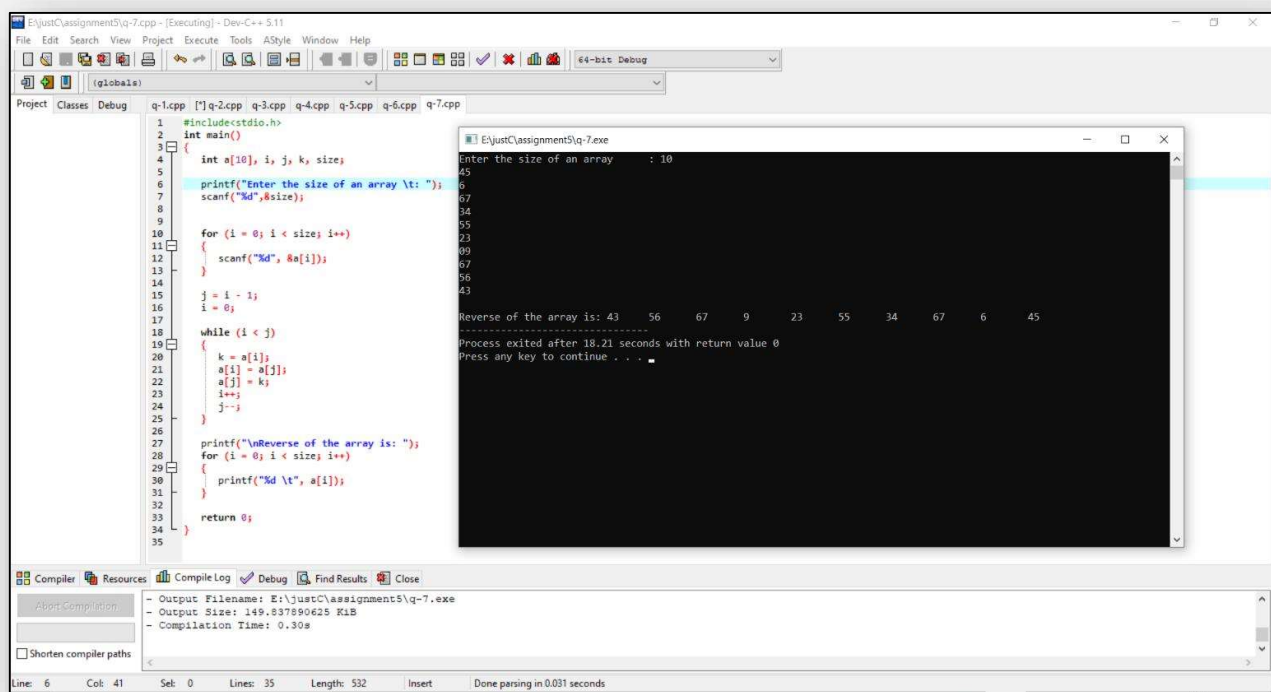
```
{
```

```
    printf("%d \t", a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```



The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with a C++ program for reversing an array. The code is in a file named q-7.cpp. The program prompts the user to enter the size of an array (10) and then the elements of the array (45, 67, 34, 56, 23, 67, 9, 55, 6, 43). The output shows the reversed array: 43, 56, 67, 9, 23, 55, 34, 67, 6, 45. The program exits after 18.21 seconds with a return value of 0.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a[10], i, j, k, size;
5     printf("Enter the size of an array \t: ");
6     scanf("%d", &size);
7
8     for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
9     {
10         scanf("%d", &a[i]);
11     }
12
13     j = i - 1;
14     i = 0;
15
16     while (i < j)
17     {
18         k = a[i];
19         a[i] = a[j];
20         a[j] = k;
21         i++;
22         j--;
23     }
24
25     printf("\nReverse of the array is: ");
26     for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
27     {
28         printf("%d \t", a[i]);
29     }
30
31     return 0;
32 }
```

Output window (E:\just\assignment5\q-7.exe):

```
Enter the size of an array : 10
45
67
34
56
23
67
9
55
6
43

Reverse of the array is: 43 56 67 9 23 55 34 67 6 45
Process exited after 18.21 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Compiler output:

```
- Output Filename: E:\just\assignment5\q-7.exe
- Output Size: 149.837890625 KiB
- Compilation Time: 0.30s
```

Codes are uploaded on my GitHub account :
<https://github.com/prachi237/justC>

Submitted by: Prachi Nandi 120CS0196

THANK YOU