



Computer Science & IT

COMPUTER NETWORKS (CN)

IP address Subnetting Supernetting

Lecture No. 09



By- Ravindra Sir

Recap of Previous Lecture



Topic

IP add

Topic

Topic

Topics to be Covered



Topic

IP add

Topic

Topic



Extra Ordinary Individuals: Stories to Ignite Student Motivation

1. Dr. Vijay Kumar Saraswat: Background: Came from a humble background with a dream to safeguard India's skies; joined DRDO with a passion for defense technology.

2. Education: Earned a Ph.D. in Propulsion Engineering from IISc Bangalore, one of India's top institutions.

3. Career Achievements: Played a pivotal role in India's missile program—especially the Prithvi series—despite early skepticism and failed trials; helped shape India's missile defense capabilities.

4. Impact: Known for his persistence and innovation, he turned technical setbacks into breakthroughs, becoming a key architect of India's modern defense strategy.



Extra Ordinary Individuals: Stories to Ignite Student Motivation

1. Dr. G. Satheesh Reddy: Background: Rose through India's defense ecosystem during a time of rising cyber threats; known for hands-on leadership and tireless work ethic.

2. Education: Completed his Ph.D. in Engineering from JNTU Hyderabad and received advanced training at IISc Bangalore and other premier institutes.

3. Career Achievements: As DRDO chief, led the development of indigenous electronic warfare systems and advanced defense tech despite limited resources.

4. Impact: Built strong industry-academic partnerships, encouraged rapid innovation, and kept India's defense tech competitive on a global scale.



Extra Ordinary Individuals: Stories to Ignite Student Motivation

- 1. Dr. M. S. Swaminathan: Background:** Grew up in British India and was deeply moved by food shortages; chose agricultural science over civil services to help end hunger.
- 2. Education:** Earned his Ph.D. in Genetics from Cambridge University, after studying at IARI Delhi and gaining field experience at premier Indian research institutes.
- 3. Career Achievements:** Spearheaded India's Green Revolution by developing high-yield, disease-resistant wheat and rice varieties, despite early resistance.
- 4. Impact:** Transformed India from a famine-prone country to a food-secure nation, lifting millions out of starvation through science applied with empathy.



Extra Ordinary Individuals: Stories to Ignite Student Motivation

1. Dr. Gagandeep Kang: Background: Moved by the suffering of children from preventable diseases, she committed herself to improving child health in India's underserved areas.

2. Education: Earned her MBBS and MD from Christian Medical College (CMC), Vellore, followed by a Ph.D. in Enteric Infections—conducting research with global and Indian institutions.

3. Career Achievements: Led groundbreaking research on rotavirus vaccines, conducted large-scale rural trials, and collaborated with clinics to overcome infrastructure barriers.

4. Impact: Her work significantly reduced child hospitalizations from diarrhea in India, setting a global benchmark for vaccine research rooted in public health compassion.

IP = 32 bits

Classful
addressing

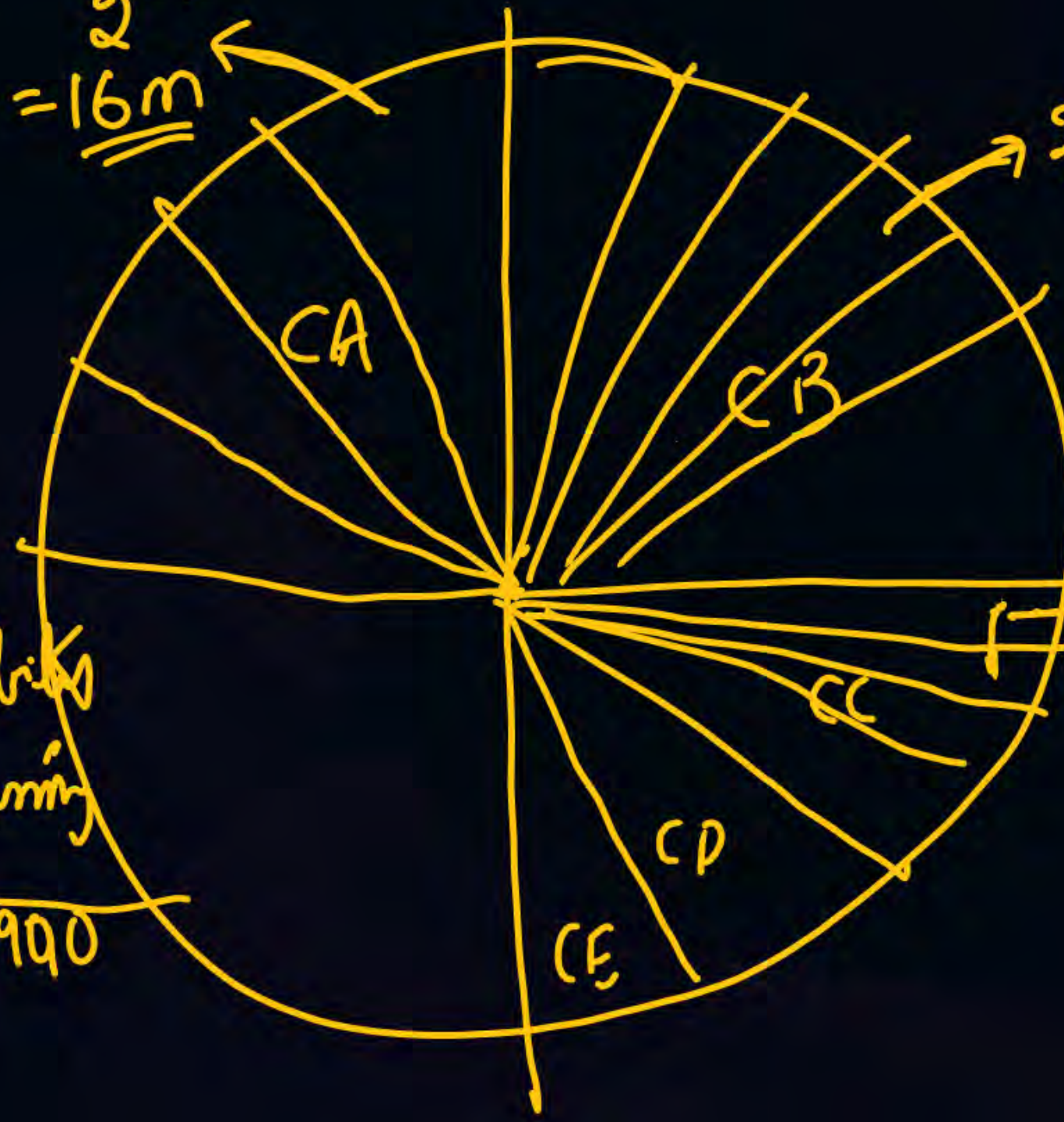
$$2^{24} = 16m$$

$$2^{16} = 64K$$

300 IP

There is no flexibility
in classful addressing

It was used in 1990



$$2^8 = 256$$

300

256
256
112
512

CIDR (Classless Interdomain Routing)

(Blocks)

CIDR Blocks



$\frac{200.1.2.3}{NID} \rightarrow \frac{HID}{HID} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{class?C}}$



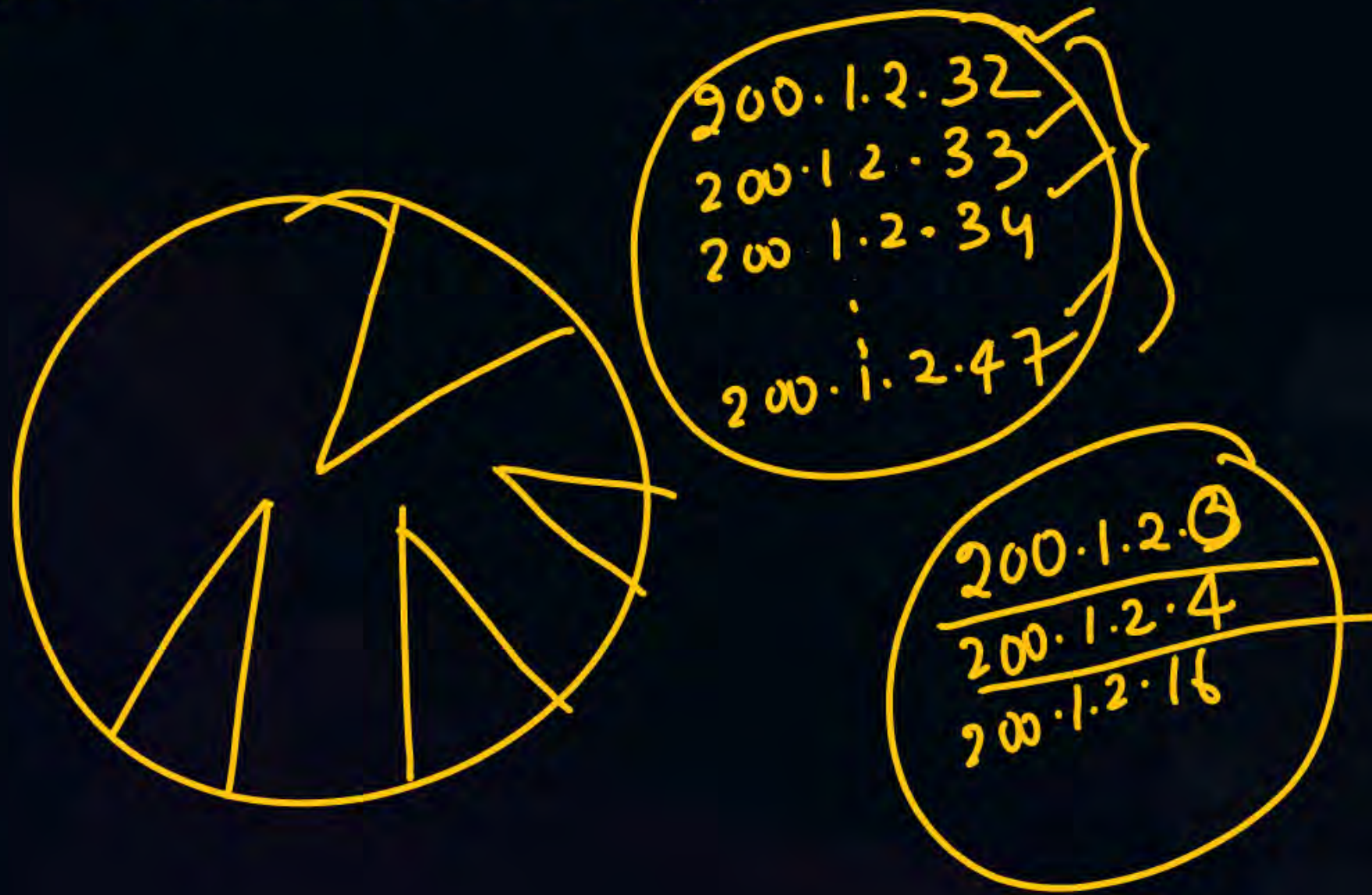
CA
11.1.2.4

CIDR Notation:-

a.b.c.d/n
 ↙ 210 ✓
 ⚡
 B10 ✓
 ⚡
 S10 ✓

RBR Rules to identify CIDR Blocks:-

1) All the IP address should be contiguous



RBR Rule

2) Block size should always be a power of 2

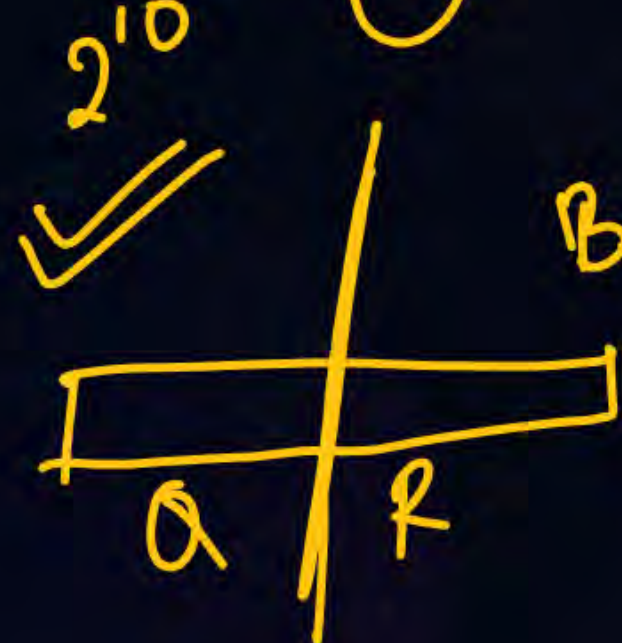
2^2 (5)



2^4 (7)

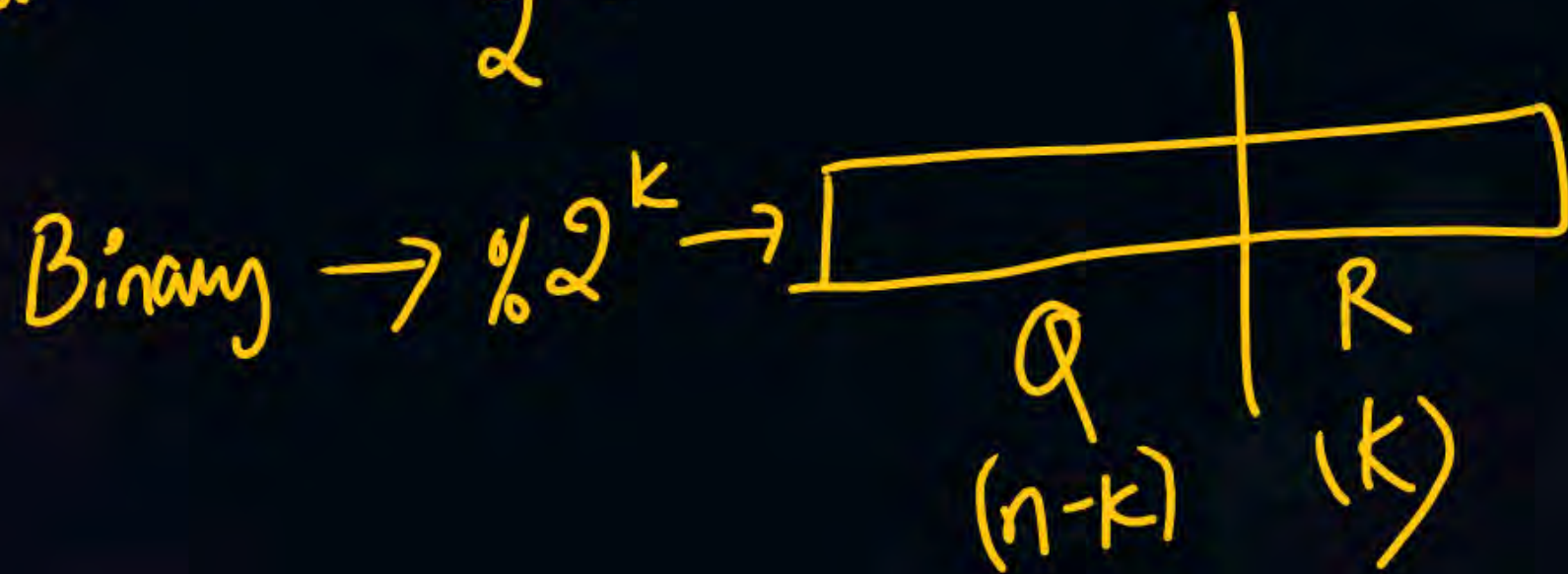
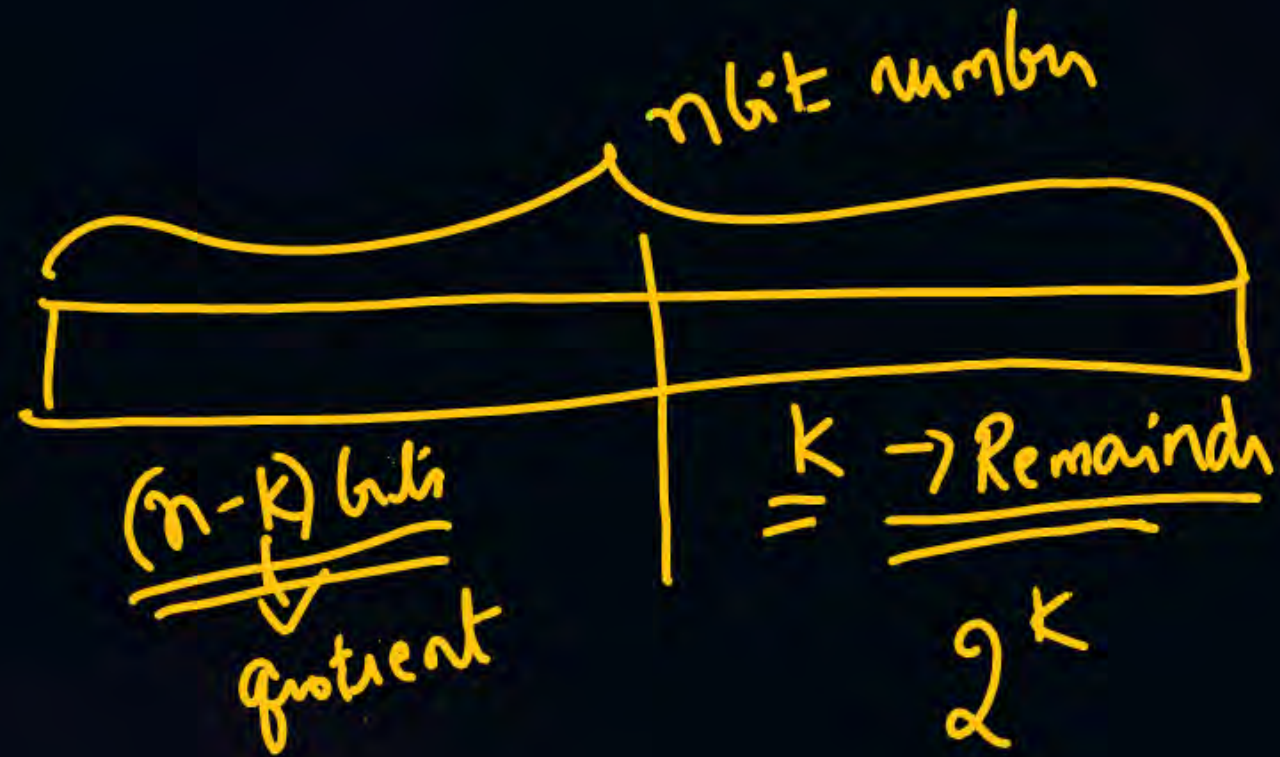


2^8 (9)



Binary # number $\rightarrow 2^k$ divide \rightarrow (Q, R)





RBR Rule - 3:-

First IP add in a block should be evenly divisible by the

Size of the block



32 → Size of block
↓
 2^5

2^K {
00000 - I
00001 - II
00010 - III
⋮
11111 - last

2^K {
00010
00011
00100
⋮
11111

$100.1.2.32$
 $100.1.2.33$
 $100.1.2.34$
 \vdots
 $100.1.2.47$

CIDR block

$100.1.2.00100000$
 \downarrow
 0

$\frac{100.1.2.32}{100.1.2.0} \quad \text{16}$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{000}$

RBR Rule I:- Contiguous ✓

RBR Rule II:- $47 - 32 + 1$ ✓

RBR Rule III:- ✓

$\left. \begin{array}{c} 32 \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ 47 \end{array} \right\} - \frac{47}{32}$
 $\quad \quad \quad 15 \times$
 $\quad \quad \quad + 1$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{16}$

$2^4 \rightarrow \text{Rem } 4 \text{ bits}$

$2^5 \rightarrow \text{Rem } 5 \text{ bits}$

$2^6 \rightarrow \text{Rem } 6 \text{ bits}$

$\left. \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{array} \right\} 4 - 1 + 1$

✓ → NID & BID & SID
 100.1.2.32

100.1.2.33
 100.1.2.34
 ⋮

CIDR block

⇒ 16 numbers ✓

= 24 numbers ✓

100.1.2.47 → DBA

HID = 4 ✓

RBR Rule I - Contiguous ✓

RBR Rule II - $47 - 32 + 1$ ✓

RBR Rule III : ✓

1
2
3
4

$BID = 32 - 4$
 $= 28$

✓ ✓
 100.1.2.33/28

100.1.2.00100000

BID = 28

HID

00100000 → 32

⋮

00101111 - 47

✓ NID, BID, SID

20.10.30.32 \rightarrow NID
 20.10.30.33
 20.10.30.34

20.10.30.63 \rightarrow DIBR

RBR-I \rightarrow Contiguous
 RBR-II \rightarrow Power of '2'
 RBR-III \rightarrow

20.10.30.00 | 000000 \checkmark
 0 \checkmark

63
 32

 31
 +1

 32 \checkmark

20.10.30.32 \checkmark

Forzaum \checkmark

32 bits \checkmark

Decimal \checkmark
 32 \checkmark

20.10.30.32

20.10.30.33

20.10.30.34

20.10.30.63

RBR-I → Contiguous
RBR-II → Power of '2'
RBR-III →

20.10.30.00100000 → 32
BID 00100000
00111111 → 63

63
32
31
+1
32

Size → IP add - 32 = 2⁵ ⇒ HD = 5 bits

BID = 32 - 5 = 27 bits

20.10.30.32/27

150.10.20.64
 150.10.20.65
 150.10.20.66
 ⋮
 150.10.20.127

$$\begin{array}{r}
 127 \\
 64 \\
 \hline
 63 \\
 1 \\
 \hline
 64
 \end{array}$$

$2^6 - IP \Rightarrow \text{HID} = 6 \text{ bits}$

150.10.20.01 000000
 BID HID ✓

01000000 - 64
 01000001
 01000010
 ⋮
 01111111 - 127

$$\underline{\underline{BID = 32 - 6 = 26}}$$

150.10.20.65/26

RBR I: Con

RBR II: 64 = (2⁶)

RBR IV: - IP add should be divisible by size of the block

(3 min)

CIDR

20.10.30.35/27

SID A NID B ID = 27

HID = 32 - 27

= 5

20.10.30.001 00011 ↗ HID
 00100000 - 32

⋮
 00111111 - 63

100.1.2.35/28 ✓

$$NID \wedge BID = 28$$

$$HID = 32 - 28 = 4$$

100.1.2.00100011 ^{HID}
 00100000 — 32

00101111 — 47

32-47

$$\downarrow$$

$$\underline{100.1.2.35/20}$$

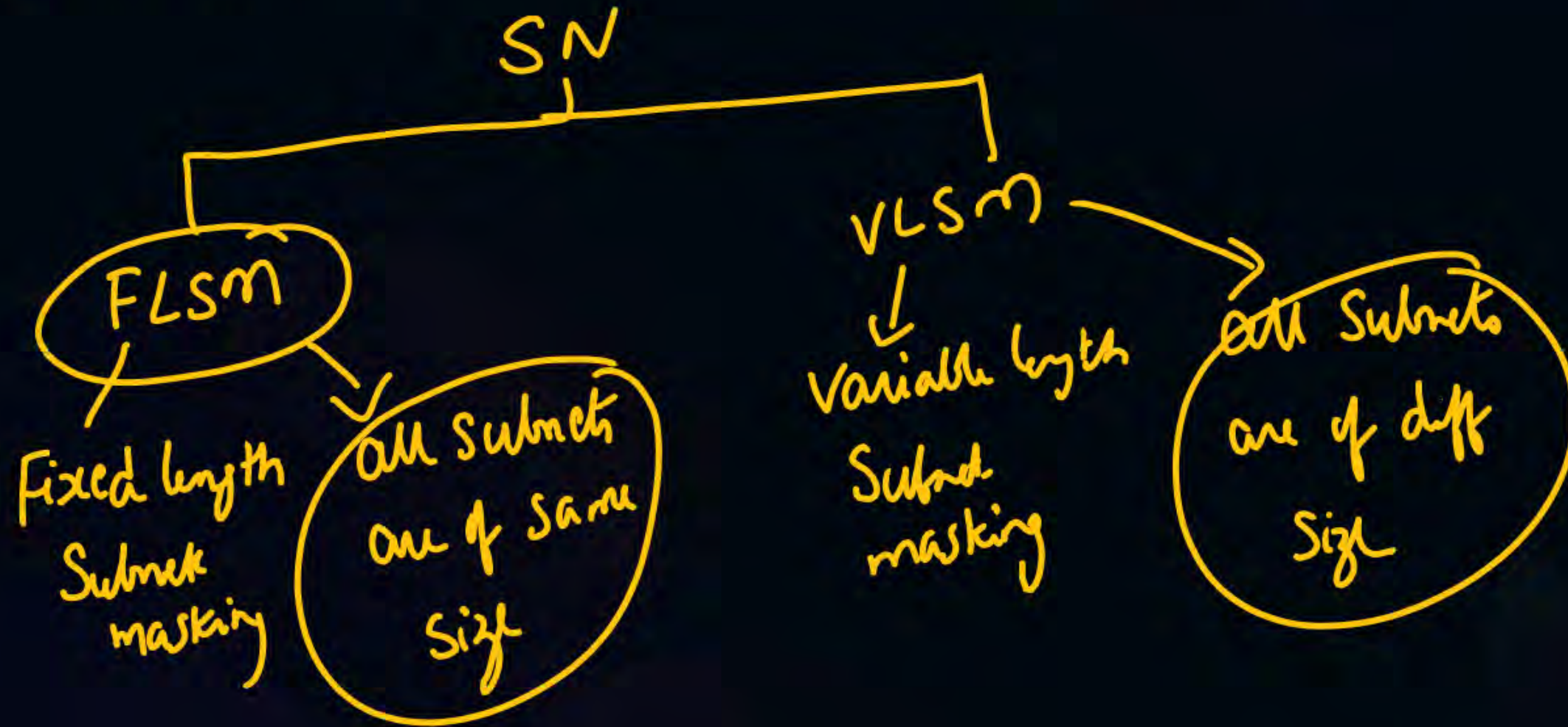
$$NID = \underline{20}$$

$$HID = 12$$

$\underbrace{100.1.0000}_{NID}$	$\left \begin{array}{l} \overbrace{0010.00100011}^{HID} \\ 0000.00000000 \\ 0000.00000001 \\ \vdots \\ 1111.11111111 \end{array} \right.$	→ <u>100.1.0.0</u> ✓
		→ <u>100.1.15-255</u> ✓

Subnetting in CIDR

FLSM in CIDR

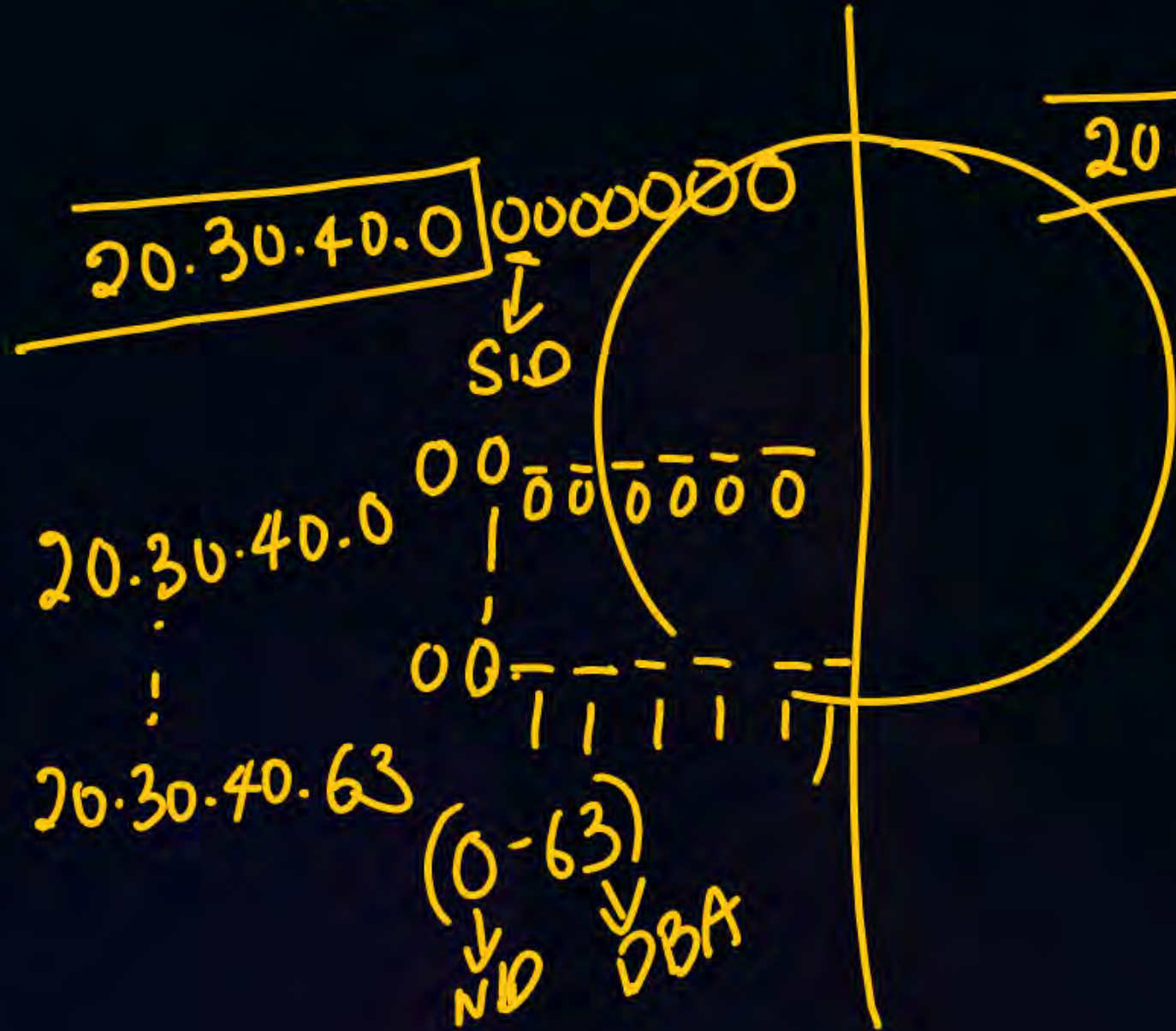


FLSM in CIDR:-

20.30.40.10/25

\Rightarrow

20.30.40.0 ND 00001010
00000000



20.30.40.0 | 00000000
 | 00000001
 | 00000010
 | 00000100
 | ⋮
 | 00000111



FLSM in CIDR:-

20.30.40.10 / (25)

\Rightarrow

20.30.40.0 00001010
00000000

16+4

00000000.00000000.00000000.00001010

00001010
HID
01111111

NID & BID

16
8
4
2

40
↓
32
+
8

THANK - YOU