from google.colab import files

uploaded = files.upload()

```
Choose files No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable Saving FAKEDETECTION.csv to FAKEDETECTION.csv
```

```
import pandas as pd
# Load the data
df = pd.read_csv("FAKEDETECTION.csv")
# Display original shape and column info
print("Original shape:", df.shape)
print("\nColumn names:", df.columns.tolist())
# Rename columns for consistency
df.columns = [col.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_") for col in df.columns]
# Display renamed columns
print("\nRenamed columns:", df.columns.tolist())
# Count missing values
missing_counts = df.isnull().sum()
print("\nMissing values:\n", missing_counts)
# Drop rows where all critical fields are NaN
df_cleaned = df.dropna(subset=['chennal_name', 'you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'fraud_detection',
'label'])
# Reset index
df_cleaned.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
# Display cleaned shape
```

```
print("\nCleaned shape:", df_cleaned.shape)
```

Group by YouTuber and sum payments

Preview cleaned data
print("\nCleaned data sample:")
print(df_cleaned.head())

```
Original shape: (70, 6)
Column names: ['id', 'chennal name', 'you tuber name', 'paid ', 'fraud detection', 'label']
Renamed columns: ['id', 'chennal name', 'you tuber name', 'paid', 'fraud detection', 'label']
Missing values:
 id
                        0
chennal name
you_tuber_name
paid
                      52
fraud_detection
                      52
label
dtype: int64
Cleaned shape: (18, 6)
Cleaned data sample:
                                                                                paid \
   id
                                            chennal_name you_tuber_name
               Advances in AI Transform Healthcare kathir 1000.0
0
    NASA Announces New Moon Mission lordjeeva 2500.0
Time Traveler Arrested for Insider Trading jayabharath 300.0
Education Reform Bills Passed nanthini 400.0
Scientists Confirm Earth is Flat ram 5000.0
4
    fraud_detection label
                 0.0 REAL
0
                  1.0 FAKE
                  0.0 REAL
                  0.0 REAL
                  0.0 REAL
```

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load and clean the data
df = pd.read_csv("FAKEDETECTION.csv")
df.columns = [col.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_") for col in df.columns]
df = df.dropna(subset=['chennal_name', 'you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'fraud_detection', 'label'])
```

```
top_youtubers =

df.groupby('you_tuber_name')['paid'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)

# Display top YouTubers

print("\nTop 10 YouTubers by total payment:")

print(top_youtubers)

# Plotting

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

sns.barplot(x=top_youtubers.values, y=top_youtubers.index, palette='viridis')

plt.title('Top 10 YouTubers by Total Payment')

plt.xlabel('Total Paid Amount')

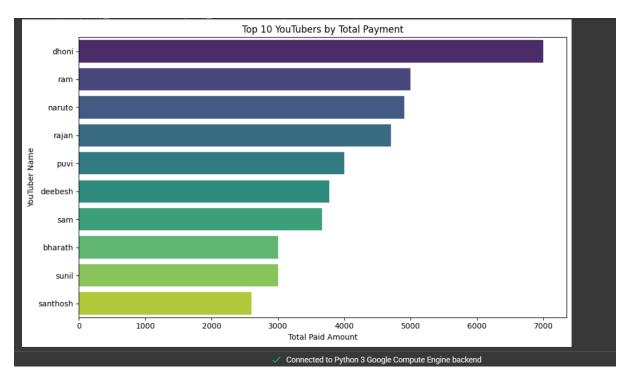
plt.ylabel('YouTuber Name')

plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

```
Top 10 YouTubers by total payment:
you_tuber_name
dhoni 6999.0
ram 5000.0
naruto 4900.0
rajan 4700.0
puvi 4000.0
deebesh 3773.0
sam 3666.0
bharath 3000.0
sunil 3000.0
sunil 3000.0
sunil 3000.0
Name: paid, dtype: float64
<ipython-input-5-94698f1f16af>:19: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.
sns.barplot(x=top_youtubers.values, y=top_youtubers.index, palette='viridis')
```



import pandas as pd

```
# Load and clean the data

df = pd.read_csv("FAKEDETECTION.csv")

df.columns = [col.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_") for col in df.columns]

df = df.dropna(subset=['chennal_name', 'you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'fraud_detection', 'label'])

# Define a basic fraud detection rule

# Assume: If paid amount > 2000 and label is 'FAKE', mark as likely fraud

def detect_fraud(row):
    if row['paid'] > 2000 and row['label'].upper() == 'FAKE':
        return True
    return False

# Apply the rule

df['likely_fraud'] = df.apply(detect_fraud, axis=1)
```

Count and display potential fraud cases

```
print("\nPotential fraud cases detected:")
print(fraud_cases[['you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'label']])
print("\nNumber of likely fraud cases:", len(fraud_cases))
# Export potential fraud cases to a new CSV
output_path = '/mnt/data/likely_fraud_cases.csv'
fraud_cases.to_csv(output_path, index=False)
print(f"\nLikely fraud cases saved to: {output_path}")
 Potential fraud cases detected:
     you tuber name
                             paid label
                           2500.0 FAKE
            lordjeeva
 1
 5
                         3666.0 FAKE
                    sam
               deebesh 3773.0 FAKE
 11
               bharath 3000.0 FAKE
 12
                   puvi 4000.0 FAKE
 13
 14
                naruto 4900.0 FAKE
 17
                 dhoni
                           6999.0 FAKE
 Number of likely fraud cases: 7
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
# Load and clean the data
df = pd.read_csv("FAKEDETECTION.csv")
df.columns = [col.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_") for col in df.columns]
df = df.dropna(subset=['chennal_name', 'you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'fraud_detection', 'label'])
# Encode categorical label
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['label_encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['label'])
```

fraud_cases = df[df['likely_fraud'] == True]

```
# Display encoding mapping
print("Label encoding mapping:")
for i, class_ in enumerate(label_encoder.classes_):
  print(f"{class_}: {i}")
# Features and target
X = df[['paid', 'fraud_detection']]
y = df['label_encoded']
# Scale features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
# Convert to DataFrame for inspection
X_scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(X_scaled, columns=['paid_scaled', 'fraud_detection_scaled'])
# Display the first few rows
print("\nScaled features:")
print(X_scaled_df.head())
print("\nTarget values:")
print(y.values[:10])
```

```
Label encoding mapping:
 FAKE: 0
 REAL: 1
 Scaled features:
      paid scaled fraud detection scaled
        -0.861758
 0
                                                -1.0
        -0.092280
 1
                                                 1.0
 2
        -1.220848
                                                 -1.0
        -1.169549
                                                 -1.0
         1.190183
                                                 -1.0
 Target values:
  [1011101010]
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
# Load and clean the data
df = pd.read_csv("FAKEDETECTION.csv")
df.columns = [col.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_") for col in df.columns]
df = df.dropna(subset=['chennal_name', 'you_tuber_name', 'paid', 'fraud_detection', 'label'])
# Encode labels
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['label_encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['label'])
# Prepare features and target
X = df[['paid', 'fraud_detection']]
y = df['label_encoded']
```

Scale features

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)

Train/test split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

Train logistic regression model

model = LogisticRegression()

model.fit(X_train, y_train)

Make predictions

y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

Evaluate performance

accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}")

print("\nClassification Report:")

print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=label_encoder.classes_))

Accuracy: 1.00				
Classification Report:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FAKE	1.00	1.00	1.00	3
REAL	1.00	1.00	1.00	3
accuracy			1.00	6
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	6
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	6