

Data in R.

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*#To store something in R session, you will assign it a name using <- operator.
#You can assign your previous calculation to an object called my_sum.
#Simple calculation like this.*

```
3 + 3
```

```
## [1] 6
```

```
my_sum <- 4 + 4  
my_sum
```

```
## [1] 8
```

```
my_sum + 5
```

```
## [1] 13
```

*#To display the value, the name of the object must be typed, the *print()* command or
#used the command should be wrapped in parenthesis.*

```
my_sum
```

```
## [1] 8
```

```
print(my_sum)
```

```
## [1] 8
```

```
(another_sum <- 7 + 8)
```

```
## [1] 15
```

```
(new_sum <- my_sum + 5)
```

```
## [1] 13
```

Data Types

*#The typeof function can be used to see the type of a single scalar value.
#integer can be signified by adding an 'L' to the end.
#Numeric data can be integer form or double form.*

```
my_integer <- 2L  
typeof(my_integer)
```

```
## [1] "integer"
```

```

my_double <- 5.94
typeof(my_double)

## [1] "double"
#Character data is text data surrounded by single or double quotes.
my_character <- "HI I'M THE PROBLEM"
typeof(my_character)

## [1] "character"
#Logical data takes the form TRUE or FALSE.

my_logical <- FALSE
typeof(my_logical)

## [1] "logical"

```

Homogeneous Data Structures

```

#Vectors are one-dimensional structures containing data of the same type,
#notated by using c().
#Type of vector can also be viewed using the typeof function,
#but str function can be used to display both contents and its type.

double_vector <- c(1.2, 2.3, 3.4, 45, 56, 7)
typeof(double_vector)

## [1] "double"
str(double_vector)

## num [1:6] 1.2 2.3 3.4 45 56 7
#Categorical data which takes only a finite number of possible values.

categories <- factor(c("A", "B", "C", "A", "A", "C"))
str(categories)

## Factor w/ 3 levels "A","B","C": 1 2 3 1 1 3
categories_char <- c("A", "B", "C", "A", "A", "C")
str(categories)

## Factor w/ 3 levels "A","B","C": 1 2 3 1 1 3
#If needed, the factors can be given order.
#Character vector.

ranking <- c("Medium", "High", "Low")
str(ranking)

## chr [1:3] "Medium" "High" "Low"
#turn it into ordered factor.

ranking_factors <- ordered(ranking, levels = c("Low", "Medium", "High"))
str(ranking_factors)

```

```
## Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "Low"<"Medium"<...: 2 3 1
#number of elements in a vector can be seen using the length() function.

length(categories)

## [1] 6
categories

## [1] A B C A A C
## Levels: A B C
length(ranking_factors)

## [1] 3
#simple numeric sequence vectors can be created using shorthand notation.

(my_sequence <- 1:10)

## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
seq(1, 10, 2)

## [1] 1 3 5 7 9
seq(2, 20, 2)

## [1] 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20
seq(from = 1, to = 20, by = 5)

## [1] 1 6 11 16
#numeric sequence vector.
#create a new vector containing vec and the character "HELLO".
#numeric values have been coerced into their character equivalents.

vec <- 1:10
str(vec)

## int [1:10] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
new_vec <- c(vec, "HELLO")
str(new_vec)

## chr [1:11] "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8" "9" "10" "HELLO"
#attempt a mixed logical and numeric.
#logical has been converted to binary numeric (TRUE = 1)
#try to add a numeric to our previous categories factor vector.
#categories have been coerced to background integer representations.

vec[1] + vec [2]

## [1] 3
mix <- c(TRUE, 6)
str(mix)

## num [1:2] 1 6
```

```

new_categories <- c(categories,1)
str(new_categories)

## num [1:7] 1 2 3 1 1 3 1
str(categories)

## Factor w/ 3 levels "A","B","C": 1 2 3 1 1 3
#Matrices are two-dimensional data structures of the same type and
#are built from a vector by defining the number of rows and columns.

(m <- matrix(c(1, 2, 3, 4), nrow = 2, ncol = 2))

##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,]    1    3
## [2,]    2    4

(m <- matrix(vec, nrow = 5, ncol = 2))

##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,]    1    6
## [2,]    2    7
## [3,]    3    8
## [4,]    4    9
## [5,]    5   10

```

Heterogeneous Data Structure

```

#List are one-dimensional data structures that can take data of any type.

my_list <- list(6, TRUE, "HELLO")
str(my_list)

## List of 3
## $ : num 6
## $ : logi TRUE
## $ : chr "HELLO"

new_list <- list(scalar = 6, some_vec = c("HELLO"), some_mat = matrix(1:4, nrow = 2, ncol = 4))
str(new_list)

## List of 3
## $ scalar : num 6
## $ some_vec: chr "HELLO"
## $ some_mat: int [1:2, 1:4] 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4

new_list[[3]]

##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]    1    3    1    3
## [2,]    2    4    2    4

new_list[[2]]

## [1] "HELLO"

new_list[[1]]

```

```
## [1] 6
#named list elements can be accessed by using $.

new_list$scalar

## [1] 6
new_list$some_vec

## [1] "HELLO"
new_list$some_mat

##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]    1    3    1    3
## [2,]    2    4    2    4
#Data frames - are the most used data structure in R;
#very similar in nature to a typical database table or spreadsheet.
#two vectors of different types but same length.

names <- c("John", "Ayesha")
ages <- c(31, 24)

#Create a data frame.

(df <- data.frame(names, ages))

##      names ages
## 1   John   31
## 2 Ayesha   24
#Get types of columns

str(df)

## 'data.frame':    2 obs. of  2 variables:
## $ names: chr  "John" "Ayesha"
## $ ages : num  31 24
#Get dimensions of df

dim(df)

## [1] 2 2
```

Working with Dataframes

```
#Dataframes is the most common data structure used by analysts in R.
#R facilitates numerous ways of importing data from simple .csv files, from Excel files
#from online sources or from databases.
```

Loading and tidying data in dataframes

```
#Let's load the salespeople data set, which contains some information on the sales,
#average customer ratings and performance ratings of salespeople.
```

```

#read.csv() function can accept a URL address of the file if it is online.

#url of data set
#dataframe called salespeople

data()
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"
salespeople <- read.csv(url)

#View the dimensions.

dim(salespeople)

## [1] 351 4

#If it is too big to display, we can use head() function.

head(salespeople)

## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1 0 594 3.94 2
## 2 0 446 4.06 3
## 3 1 674 3.83 4
## 4 0 525 3.62 2
## 5 1 657 4.40 3
## 6 1 918 4.54 2

#If we wanted to see the 6th entry of sales column.
#We can view a specific column by using $, and we can use brackets to view specific entry.

salespeople$sales[6]

## [1] 918

salespeople[34, 4]

## [1] 3

salespeople

## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1 0 594 3.94 2
## 2 0 446 4.06 3
## 3 1 674 3.83 4
## 4 0 525 3.62 2
## 5 1 657 4.40 3
## 6 1 918 4.54 2
## 7 0 318 3.09 3
## 8 0 364 4.89 1
## 9 0 342 3.74 3
## 10 0 387 3.00 3
## 11 0 527 2.43 3
## 12 1 716 3.16 3
## 13 0 557 3.51 2
## 14 0 450 3.21 3
## 15 0 344 3.02 2
## 16 0 372 3.87 3

```

## 17	0	258	2.49	1
## 18	0	338	2.66	4
## 19	0	410	3.14	2
## 20	1	937	5.00	2
## 21	1	702	3.53	4
## 22	0	469	4.24	2
## 23	0	535	4.47	2
## 24	0	342	3.60	1
## 25	1	819	4.45	2
## 26	1	736	3.94	4
## 27	0	330	2.54	2
## 28	0	274	4.06	1
## 29	0	341	4.47	2
## 30	1	717	2.98	2
## 31	0	478	3.48	2
## 32	0	487	3.74	1
## 33	0	239	2.47	4
## 34	1	825	3.32	3
## 35	0	400	3.53	2
## 36	1	728	2.66	3
## 37	1	773	4.89	3
## 38	0	425	3.62	1
## 39	1	943	4.40	4
## 40	0	510	2.56	3
## 41	0	389	3.34	4
## 42	0	270	2.56	2
## 43	1	945	4.31	4
## 44	0	497	3.02	3
## 45	0	329	2.86	3
## 46	0	389	2.98	4
## 47	0	475	3.39	3
## 48	0	383	2.36	2
## 49	1	432	2.33	3
## 50	1	619	1.94	3
## 51	1	578	4.17	4
## 52	0	411	3.07	4
## 53	0	445	3.00	3
## 54	0	440	3.62	2
## 55	0	359	3.92	1
## 56	0	419	3.85	3
## 57	1	840	5.00	4
## 58	0	393	4.49	1
## 59	1	754	3.74	3
## 60	0	441	4.75	2
## 61	1	803	4.89	3
## 62	0	444	4.15	2
## 63	1	753	5.00	4
## 64	1	688	4.29	2
## 65	0	431	4.29	4
## 66	0	511	3.74	2
## 67	0	464	2.22	3
## 68	0	473	3.57	2
## 69	0	532	3.74	1
## 70	0	280	3.41	2

## 71	0	342	3.71	2
## 72	0	320	2.15	3
## 73	0	531	3.41	4
## 74	0	373	2.01	2
## 75	0	547	4.40	1
## 76	1	611	4.03	4
## 77	1	825	4.66	2
## 78	0	431	3.62	3
## 79	0	401	3.69	2
## 80	0	517	4.20	3
## 81	1	803	4.15	3
## 82	0	586	5.00	1
## 83	0	444	3.21	4
## 84	1	693	3.80	3
## 85	1	659	4.20	1
## 86	0	416	3.87	3
## 87	0	423	2.75	3
## 88	1	756	3.55	4
## 89	0	245	2.52	2
## 90	0	419	3.76	2
## 91	1	757	3.11	3
## 92	1	617	4.33	1
## 93	1	909	3.21	3
## 94	0	516	2.47	1
## 95	0	317	1.51	1
## 96	0	425	3.53	3
## 97	0	528	4.63	2
## 98	0	416	3.37	1
## 99	1	645	4.08	2
## 100	0	390	3.16	4
## 101	0	393	3.76	1
## 102	0	394	3.07	2
## 103	0	387	3.87	3
## 104	0	450	3.62	3
## 105	0	487	3.46	3
## 106	1	607	2.49	4
## 107	0	369	2.22	1
## 108	0	489	4.98	2
## 109	0	324	3.05	3
## 110	0	417	4.47	1
## 111	1	694	1.90	2
## 112	1	651	5.00	4
## 113	0	395	3.46	2
## 114	0	442	2.29	1
## 115	0	422	4.54	3
## 116	0	404	4.06	3
## 117	0	381	3.37	4
## 118	0	501	4.77	4
## 119	1	944	5.00	2
## 120	1	753	4.43	3
## 121	0	591	4.93	4
## 122	1	735	4.03	4
## 123	1	538	3.05	3
## 124	0	451	4.49	2

## 125	0	477	3.87	3
## 126	0	436	4.13	2
## 127	1	738	3.05	3
## 128	1	902	5.00	4
## 129	0	464	3.90	1
## 130	1	944	3.92	4
## 131	0	285	3.53	3
## 132	0	453	4.68	2
## 133	0	382	3.51	2
## 134	0	414	2.03	2
## 135	0	335	3.71	3
## 136	1	935	5.00	3
## 137	0	203	2.72	2
## 138	0	348	5.00	3
## 139	1	800	4.24	2
## 140	0	436	3.51	3
## 141	0	360	3.23	1
## 142	1	674	4.47	3
## 143	0	425	2.43	3
## 144	1	901	2.70	3
## 145	0	453	4.98	2
## 146	0	350	3.00	3
## 147	0	362	2.89	2
## 148	0	486	3.41	1
## 149	0	471	4.38	2
## 150	0	459	5.00	3
## 151	0	506	5.00	3
## 152	0	262	2.70	2
## 153	1	825	4.95	3
## 154	0	291	2.54	2
## 155	1	464	2.70	3
## 156	1	802	3.78	2
## 157	1	818	4.24	3
## 158	1	736	3.78	3
## 159	0	364	4.01	3
## 160	0	308	4.82	1
## 161	1	862	4.17	4
## 162	0	349	1.67	4
## 163	0	375	3.05	2
## 164	0	423	2.54	3
## 165	1	938	3.69	3
## 166	0	456	2.91	1
## 167	0	517	5.00	2
## 168	0	373	2.93	1
## 169	1	898	2.26	4
## 170	1	777	4.86	3
## 171	0	470	4.84	3
## 172	0	545	3.94	4
## 173	1	699	2.66	4
## 174	1	697	4.06	3
## 175	0	300	1.94	2
## 176	1	677	4.63	3
## 177	0	497	3.14	1
## 178	1	669	4.56	4

## 179	1	596	4.98	2
## 180	0	492	4.24	3
## 181	0	346	2.20	2
## 182	1	590	4.17	2
## 183	0	592	2.20	3
## 184	1	780	4.15	4
## 185	0	432	4.15	2
## 186	0	418	4.01	2
## 187	1	662	4.56	4
## 188	1	678	4.49	3
## 189	1	716	3.44	3
## 190	0	330	3.05	1
## 191	0	414	3.83	1
## 192	0	416	2.79	2
## 193	0	403	2.75	1
## 194	0	362	2.03	3
## 195	0	284	4.20	3
## 196	0	363	4.72	1
## 197	1	655	3.39	3
## 198	0	597	4.08	3
## 199	1	794	3.83	3
## 200	1	818	2.70	1
## 201	0	409	3.44	1
## 202	1	681	3.97	1
## 203	1	606	1.83	3
## 204	0	489	4.47	2
## 205	0	475	4.56	3
## 206	0	590	4.43	3
## 207	0	396	4.86	2
## 208	0	420	5.00	2
## 209	1	857	3.85	2
## 210	0	371	2.77	2
## 211	0	421	3.39	3
## 212	1	828	1.37	4
## 213	0	594	3.05	1
## 214	0	533	4.86	2
## 215	0	462	2.98	2
## 216	0	392	3.85	3
## 217	0	475	3.83	3
## 218	1	752	4.89	2
## 219	1	659	1.97	2
## 220	1	650	3.14	2
## 221	0	496	4.31	3
## 222	0	211	2.52	1
## 223	1	898	3.51	3
## 224	0	388	2.54	1
## 225	0	383	2.47	2
## 226	0	455	2.36	3
## 227	0	319	3.21	4
## 228	1	756	3.09	3
## 229	0	377	2.08	3
## 230	1	940	2.82	3
## 231	1	757	3.55	3
## 232	0	469	3.85	3

## 233	0	394	3.57	1
## 234	0	484	2.86	2
## 235	0	491	3.44	4
## 236	0	547	5.00	2
## 237	0	519	3.34	4
## 238	1	739	3.99	3
## 239	0	479	4.06	2
## 240	1	943	3.21	4
## 241	1	742	4.17	2
## 242	0	357	2.72	1
## 243	0	432	3.80	3
## 244	0	584	3.78	2
## 245	1	595	3.74	2
## 246	0	401	2.86	3
## 247	0	460	4.45	2
## 248	1	753	4.89	2
## 249	0	466	5.00	2
## 250	0	362	2.26	2
## 251	0	361	2.66	2
## 252	0	338	4.03	3
## 253	1	882	2.63	3
## 254	0	293	3.51	2
## 255	1	922	4.15	1
## 256	1	793	4.08	2
## 257	1	787	2.56	3
## 258	0	400	3.34	2
## 259	0	516	5.00	4
## 260	0	295	3.87	2
## 261	0	307	1.00	1
## 262	0	151	2.31	2
## 263	0	441	3.34	2
## 264	0	406	3.25	1
## 265	0	270	4.10	2
## 266	1	680	3.09	4
## 267	1	662	4.77	2
## 268	0	347	3.62	3
## 269	0	453	4.86	1
## 270	0	309	3.00	1
## 271	0	592	4.79	2
## 272	0	540	3.41	4
## 273	1	886	4.68	3
## 274	0	420	5.00	4
## 275	1	718	4.03	4
## 276	0	284	3.69	2
## 277	0	323	1.85	3
## 278	0	513	4.20	3
## 279	1	841	5.00	4
## 280	0	362	2.38	1
## 281	1	842	3.99	3
## 282	0	321	3.25	1
## 283	0	516	2.89	3
## 284	0	428	3.28	4
## 285	0	383	2.98	3
## 286	1	521	3.23	1

## 287	0	358	3.09	2
## 288	0	489	3.41	3
## 289	0	252	1.69	2
## 290	1	720	3.76	3
## 291	1	610	2.75	4
## 292	1	871	5.00	2
## 293	0	594	4.75	3
## 294	0	522	4.59	2
## 295	0	379	1.83	3
## 296	0	454	4.29	2
## 297	0	450	3.69	2
## 298	0	317	2.66	2
## 299	1	835	3.90	1
## 300	0	297	2.61	4
## 301	0	516	3.90	3
## 302	0	355	3.41	2
## 303	1	858	3.67	3
## 304	0	305	1.99	3
## 305	0	410	1.37	3
## 306	1	707	2.38	1
## 307	1	798	4.72	3
## 308	0	265	3.48	2
## 309	1	576	3.60	3
## 310	0	448	3.18	1
## 311	0	590	4.77	3
## 312	0	456	4.03	3
## 313	1	930	4.22	4
## 314	0	412	4.10	2
## 315	0	286	3.64	1
## 316	0	440	2.29	1
## 317	0	546	3.55	1
## 318	0	385	2.66	3
## 319	0	544	3.48	1
## 320	0	505	2.89	1
## 321	1	732	3.57	2
## 322	0	506	4.36	3
## 323	0	394	2.79	4
## 324	1	674	3.60	2
## 325	0	458	3.39	4
## 326	0	251	3.32	2
## 327	0	429	3.41	1
## 328	0	348	3.69	3
## 329	1	789	3.71	3
## 330	1	795	4.31	1
## 331	0	509	4.61	3
## 332	1	754	4.33	4
## 333	0	580	4.70	1
## 334	0	289	3.57	3
## 335	0	390	2.01	3
## 336	1	787	3.14	1
## 337	0	241	3.05	2
## 338	0	522	4.72	2
## 339	0	412	5.00	2
## 340	0	359	5.00	2

```
## 341      0  489      4.86      3
## 342      1  940      5.00      4
## 343      0  592      4.38      4
## 344      1  796      5.00      3
## 345      1  653      5.00      3
## 346      0  459      2.82      3
## 347      0  586      3.41      2
## 348      0  401      1.60      3
## 349      0  500      4.17      2
## 350      0  373      2.54      1
## 351      0   NA      NA      NA
```

#We can take a look at the data types using str().

```
str(salespeople)
```

```
## 'data.frame':  351 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ promoted   : int  0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ sales       : int  594 446 674 525 657 918 318 364 342 387 ...
## $ customer_rate: num  3.94 4.06 3.83 3.62 4.4 4.54 3.09 4.89 3.74 3 ...
## $ performance : int  2 3 4 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 ...
```

*#We can also see a statistical summary of each column using summary().
#Missing data is identified by a special NA value in R.*

```
summary(salespeople)
```

```
##      promoted      sales      customer_rate      performance
## Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :151.0   Min.   :1.000   Min.   :1.0
## 1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:389.2   1st Qu.:3.000   1st Qu.:2.0
## Median :0.0000   Median :475.0   Median :3.620   Median :3.0
## Mean   :0.3219   Mean   :527.0   Mean   :3.608   Mean   :2.5
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000   3rd Qu.:667.2   3rd Qu.:4.290   3rd Qu.:3.0
## Max.   :1.0000   Max.   :945.0   Max.   :5.000   Max.   :4.0
##      NA's      :1      NA's      :1      NA's      :1
```

*#The function is.na() will look at all values in a vector or dataframe
#and return TRUE or FALSE
#based on whether they are NA or not.*

```
is.na(salespeople)
```

```
##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## [1,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [2,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [3,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [4,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [5,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [6,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [7,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [8,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [9,]  FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [10,] FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [11,] FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [12,] FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
## [13,] FALSE FALSE      FALSE      FALSE
```

##	[14,]	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
##	[15,]	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
##	[16,]	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
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## [350,] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [351,] FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

*#By adding these up using the sum() function, it will take TRUE as 1 and FALSE as 0,
#which effectively provides a count of missing data.*

```
sum(is.na(salespeople))
```

```
## [1] 3
```

*#The easiest way is to use the complete.cases() function,
#which identifies the rows that have no NAs,
#and then we can select those rows from the dataframe based on that conditon.*

```
complete.cases(salespeople)
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [13] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [25] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [37] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
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## [289] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [301] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [313] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
## [325] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [337] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
## [349] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
salespeople[complete.cases(salespeople),]
```

```
##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1           0   594           3.94           2
## 2           0   446           4.06           3
## 3           1   674           3.83           4
## 4           0   525           3.62           2
## 5           1   657           4.40           3
## 6           1   918           4.54           2
## 7           0   318           3.09           3
## 8           0   364           4.89           1
## 9           0   342           3.74           3
## 10          0   387           3.00           3
## 11          0   527           2.43           3
## 12          1   716           3.16           3
## 13          0   557           3.51           2
## 14          0   450           3.21           3
## 15          0   344           3.02           2
## 16          0   372           3.87           3
## 17          0   258           2.49           1
## 18          0   338           2.66           4
## 19          0   410           3.14           2
## 20          1   937           5.00           2
## 21          1   702           3.53           4
## 22          0   469           4.24           2
## 23          0   535           4.47           2
## 24          0   342           3.60           1
## 25          1   819           4.45           2
## 26          1   736           3.94           4
## 27          0   330           2.54           2
## 28          0   274           4.06           1
## 29          0   341           4.47           2
## 30          1   717           2.98           2
## 31          0   478           3.48           2
## 32          0   487           3.74           1
## 33          0   239           2.47           4
## 34          1   825           3.32           3
## 35          0   400           3.53           2
## 36          1   728           2.66           3
## 37          1   773           4.89           3
## 38          0   425           3.62           1
## 39          1   943           4.40           4
## 40          0   510           2.56           3
## 41          0   389           3.34           4
## 42          0   270           2.56           2
## 43          1   945           4.31           4
## 44          0   497           3.02           3
## 45          0   329           2.86           3
## 46          0   389           2.98           4
## 47          0   475           3.39           3
## 48          0   383           2.36           2
```

## 49	1	432	2.33	3
## 50	1	619	1.94	3
## 51	1	578	4.17	4
## 52	0	411	3.07	4
## 53	0	445	3.00	3
## 54	0	440	3.62	2
## 55	0	359	3.92	1
## 56	0	419	3.85	3
## 57	1	840	5.00	4
## 58	0	393	4.49	1
## 59	1	754	3.74	3
## 60	0	441	4.75	2
## 61	1	803	4.89	3
## 62	0	444	4.15	2
## 63	1	753	5.00	4
## 64	1	688	4.29	2
## 65	0	431	4.29	4
## 66	0	511	3.74	2
## 67	0	464	2.22	3
## 68	0	473	3.57	2
## 69	0	532	3.74	1
## 70	0	280	3.41	2
## 71	0	342	3.71	2
## 72	0	320	2.15	3
## 73	0	531	3.41	4
## 74	0	373	2.01	2
## 75	0	547	4.40	1
## 76	1	611	4.03	4
## 77	1	825	4.66	2
## 78	0	431	3.62	3
## 79	0	401	3.69	2
## 80	0	517	4.20	3
## 81	1	803	4.15	3
## 82	0	586	5.00	1
## 83	0	444	3.21	4
## 84	1	693	3.80	3
## 85	1	659	4.20	1
## 86	0	416	3.87	3
## 87	0	423	2.75	3
## 88	1	756	3.55	4
## 89	0	245	2.52	2
## 90	0	419	3.76	2
## 91	1	757	3.11	3
## 92	1	617	4.33	1
## 93	1	909	3.21	3
## 94	0	516	2.47	1
## 95	0	317	1.51	1
## 96	0	425	3.53	3
## 97	0	528	4.63	2
## 98	0	416	3.37	1
## 99	1	645	4.08	2
## 100	0	390	3.16	4
## 101	0	393	3.76	1
## 102	0	394	3.07	2

## 103	0	387	3.87	3
## 104	0	450	3.62	3
## 105	0	487	3.46	3
## 106	1	607	2.49	4
## 107	0	369	2.22	1
## 108	0	489	4.98	2
## 109	0	324	3.05	3
## 110	0	417	4.47	1
## 111	1	694	1.90	2
## 112	1	651	5.00	4
## 113	0	395	3.46	2
## 114	0	442	2.29	1
## 115	0	422	4.54	3
## 116	0	404	4.06	3
## 117	0	381	3.37	4
## 118	0	501	4.77	4
## 119	1	944	5.00	2
## 120	1	753	4.43	3
## 121	0	591	4.93	4
## 122	1	735	4.03	4
## 123	1	538	3.05	3
## 124	0	451	4.49	2
## 125	0	477	3.87	3
## 126	0	436	4.13	2
## 127	1	738	3.05	3
## 128	1	902	5.00	4
## 129	0	464	3.90	1
## 130	1	944	3.92	4
## 131	0	285	3.53	3
## 132	0	453	4.68	2
## 133	0	382	3.51	2
## 134	0	414	2.03	2
## 135	0	335	3.71	3
## 136	1	935	5.00	3
## 137	0	203	2.72	2
## 138	0	348	5.00	3
## 139	1	800	4.24	2
## 140	0	436	3.51	3
## 141	0	360	3.23	1
## 142	1	674	4.47	3
## 143	0	425	2.43	3
## 144	1	901	2.70	3
## 145	0	453	4.98	2
## 146	0	350	3.00	3
## 147	0	362	2.89	2
## 148	0	486	3.41	1
## 149	0	471	4.38	2
## 150	0	459	5.00	3
## 151	0	506	5.00	3
## 152	0	262	2.70	2
## 153	1	825	4.95	3
## 154	0	291	2.54	2
## 155	1	464	2.70	3
## 156	1	802	3.78	2

## 157	1	818	4.24	3
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## 159	0	364	4.01	3
## 160	0	308	4.82	1
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## 162	0	349	1.67	4
## 163	0	375	3.05	2
## 164	0	423	2.54	3
## 165	1	938	3.69	3
## 166	0	456	2.91	1
## 167	0	517	5.00	2
## 168	0	373	2.93	1
## 169	1	898	2.26	4
## 170	1	777	4.86	3
## 171	0	470	4.84	3
## 172	0	545	3.94	4
## 173	1	699	2.66	4
## 174	1	697	4.06	3
## 175	0	300	1.94	2
## 176	1	677	4.63	3
## 177	0	497	3.14	1
## 178	1	669	4.56	4
## 179	1	596	4.98	2
## 180	0	492	4.24	3
## 181	0	346	2.20	2
## 182	1	590	4.17	2
## 183	0	592	2.20	3
## 184	1	780	4.15	4
## 185	0	432	4.15	2
## 186	0	418	4.01	2
## 187	1	662	4.56	4
## 188	1	678	4.49	3
## 189	1	716	3.44	3
## 190	0	330	3.05	1
## 191	0	414	3.83	1
## 192	0	416	2.79	2
## 193	0	403	2.75	1
## 194	0	362	2.03	3
## 195	0	284	4.20	3
## 196	0	363	4.72	1
## 197	1	655	3.39	3
## 198	0	597	4.08	3
## 199	1	794	3.83	3
## 200	1	818	2.70	1
## 201	0	409	3.44	1
## 202	1	681	3.97	1
## 203	1	606	1.83	3
## 204	0	489	4.47	2
## 205	0	475	4.56	3
## 206	0	590	4.43	3
## 207	0	396	4.86	2
## 208	0	420	5.00	2
## 209	1	857	3.85	2
## 210	0	371	2.77	2

## 211	0	421	3.39	3
## 212	1	828	1.37	4
## 213	0	594	3.05	1
## 214	0	533	4.86	2
## 215	0	462	2.98	2
## 216	0	392	3.85	3
## 217	0	475	3.83	3
## 218	1	752	4.89	2
## 219	1	659	1.97	2
## 220	1	650	3.14	2
## 221	0	496	4.31	3
## 222	0	211	2.52	1
## 223	1	898	3.51	3
## 224	0	388	2.54	1
## 225	0	383	2.47	2
## 226	0	455	2.36	3
## 227	0	319	3.21	4
## 228	1	756	3.09	3
## 229	0	377	2.08	3
## 230	1	940	2.82	3
## 231	1	757	3.55	3
## 232	0	469	3.85	3
## 233	0	394	3.57	1
## 234	0	484	2.86	2
## 235	0	491	3.44	4
## 236	0	547	5.00	2
## 237	0	519	3.34	4
## 238	1	739	3.99	3
## 239	0	479	4.06	2
## 240	1	943	3.21	4
## 241	1	742	4.17	2
## 242	0	357	2.72	1
## 243	0	432	3.80	3
## 244	0	584	3.78	2
## 245	1	595	3.74	2
## 246	0	401	2.86	3
## 247	0	460	4.45	2
## 248	1	753	4.89	2
## 249	0	466	5.00	2
## 250	0	362	2.26	2
## 251	0	361	2.66	2
## 252	0	338	4.03	3
## 253	1	882	2.63	3
## 254	0	293	3.51	2
## 255	1	922	4.15	1
## 256	1	793	4.08	2
## 257	1	787	2.56	3
## 258	0	400	3.34	2
## 259	0	516	5.00	4
## 260	0	295	3.87	2
## 261	0	307	1.00	1
## 262	0	151	2.31	2
## 263	0	441	3.34	2
## 264	0	406	3.25	1

## 265	0	270	4.10	2
## 266	1	680	3.09	4
## 267	1	662	4.77	2
## 268	0	347	3.62	3
## 269	0	453	4.86	1
## 270	0	309	3.00	1
## 271	0	592	4.79	2
## 272	0	540	3.41	4
## 273	1	886	4.68	3
## 274	0	420	5.00	4
## 275	1	718	4.03	4
## 276	0	284	3.69	2
## 277	0	323	1.85	3
## 278	0	513	4.20	3
## 279	1	841	5.00	4
## 280	0	362	2.38	1
## 281	1	842	3.99	3
## 282	0	321	3.25	1
## 283	0	516	2.89	3
## 284	0	428	3.28	4
## 285	0	383	2.98	3
## 286	1	521	3.23	1
## 287	0	358	3.09	2
## 288	0	489	3.41	3
## 289	0	252	1.69	2
## 290	1	720	3.76	3
## 291	1	610	2.75	4
## 292	1	871	5.00	2
## 293	0	594	4.75	3
## 294	0	522	4.59	2
## 295	0	379	1.83	3
## 296	0	454	4.29	2
## 297	0	450	3.69	2
## 298	0	317	2.66	2
## 299	1	835	3.90	1
## 300	0	297	2.61	4
## 301	0	516	3.90	3
## 302	0	355	3.41	2
## 303	1	858	3.67	3
## 304	0	305	1.99	3
## 305	0	410	1.37	3
## 306	1	707	2.38	1
## 307	1	798	4.72	3
## 308	0	265	3.48	2
## 309	1	576	3.60	3
## 310	0	448	3.18	1
## 311	0	590	4.77	3
## 312	0	456	4.03	3
## 313	1	930	4.22	4
## 314	0	412	4.10	2
## 315	0	286	3.64	1
## 316	0	440	2.29	1
## 317	0	546	3.55	1
## 318	0	385	2.66	3

```
## 319      0    544      3.48      1
## 320      0    505      2.89      1
## 321      1    732      3.57      2
## 322      0    506      4.36      3
## 323      0    394      2.79      4
## 324      1    674      3.60      2
## 325      0    458      3.39      4
## 326      0    251      3.32      2
## 327      0    429      3.41      1
## 328      0    348      3.69      3
## 329      1    789      3.71      3
## 330      1    795      4.31      1
## 331      0    509      4.61      3
## 332      1    754      4.33      4
## 333      0    580      4.70      1
## 334      0    289      3.57      3
## 335      0    390      2.01      3
## 336      1    787      3.14      1
## 337      0    241      3.05      2
## 338      0    522      4.72      2
## 339      0    412      5.00      2
## 340      0    359      5.00      2
## 341      0    489      4.86      3
## 342      1    940      5.00      4
## 343      0    592      4.38      4
## 344      1    796      5.00      3
## 345      1    653      5.00      3
## 346      0    459      2.82      3
## 347      0    586      3.41      2
## 348      0    401      1.60      3
## 349      0    500      4.17      2
## 350      0    373      2.54      1
```

```
salespeople <- salespeople[complete.cases(salespeople),]
```

```
#confirm no NAs.
```

```
sum(is.na(salespeople))
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
#We can see the unique values of a vector or column using the unique() function.
```

```
salespeople$performance
```

```
##      [1] 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 3 1 4 2 2 4 2 2 1 2 4 2 1 2 2 2 1 4 3 2 3 3
##     [38] 1 4 3 4 2 4 3 3 4 3 2 3 3 4 4 3 2 1 3 4 1 3 2 3 2 4 2 4 2 3 2 1 2 2 3 4 2
##     [75] 1 4 2 3 2 3 3 1 4 3 1 3 3 4 2 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 2 1 2 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 2 3 1 2
##    [112] 4 2 1 3 3 4 4 2 3 4 4 3 2 3 2 3 4 1 4 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 3 2 3 2 1
##    [149] 2 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 4 4 2 3 3 1 2 1 4 3 3 4 4 3 2 3 1 4 2 3 2 2 3 4 2
##    [186] 2 4 3 3 1 1 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 4 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 1
##    [223] 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 4 2 4 3 2 4 2 1 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 2 3 2 4
##    [260] 2 1 2 2 1 2 4 2 3 1 1 2 4 3 4 4 2 3 3 4 1 3 1 3 4 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 2
##    [297] 2 2 1 4 3 2 3 3 3 1 3 2 3 1 3 3 4 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 3 4 2 4 2 1 3 3 1 3 4 1
##   [334] 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 3 3 3 2 3 2 1
```

```
unique(salespeople$performance)
```

```
## [1] 2 3 4 1
```

*#If we need to change the type of a column in a dataframe, we can use the
as.numeric(), as.character(), as.logical() or as.factor() functions.*

```
as.factor(salespeople$performance)
```

```
## [1] 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 3 1 4 2 2 4 2 2 1 2 4 2 1 2 2 2 1 4 3 2 3 3
## [38] 1 4 3 4 2 4 3 3 4 3 2 3 3 4 4 3 2 1 3 4 1 3 2 3 2 4 2 4 2 3 2 1 2 2 3 4 2
## [75] 1 4 2 3 2 3 3 1 4 3 1 3 3 4 2 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 2 1 2 4 1 2 3 3 3 4 1 2 3 1 2
## [112] 4 2 1 3 3 4 4 2 3 4 4 3 2 3 2 3 4 1 4 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 3 2 3 2 1
## [149] 2 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 4 4 2 3 3 1 2 1 4 3 3 4 4 3 2 3 1 4 2 3 2 2 3 4 2
## [186] 2 4 3 3 1 1 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 4 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 1
## [223] 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 4 2 4 3 2 4 2 1 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 2 3 2 4
## [260] 2 1 2 2 1 2 4 2 3 1 1 2 4 3 4 4 2 3 3 4 1 3 1 3 4 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 2
## [297] 2 2 1 4 3 2 3 3 3 1 3 2 3 1 3 3 4 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 3 4 2 4 2 1 3 3 1 3 4 1
## [334] 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 3 3 3 2 3 2 1
## Levels: 1 2 3 4
```

```
str(salespeople)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 350 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ promoted : int 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ sales : int 594 446 674 525 657 918 318 364 342 387 ...
## $ customer_rate: num 3.94 4.06 3.83 3.62 4.4 4.54 3.09 4.89 3.74 3 ...
## $ performance : int 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 ...
```

```
salespeople$performance <- as.factor(salespeople$performance)
str(salespeople)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 350 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ promoted : int 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ sales : int 594 446 674 525 657 918 318 364 342 387 ...
## $ customer_rate: num 3.94 4.06 3.83 3.62 4.4 4.54 3.09 4.89 3.74 3 ...
## $ performance : Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 2 3 4 2 3 2 3 1 3 3 ...
```

Manipulating dataframes

#Dataframes can be subsetted to contain only rows that satisfy specific conditions.

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"
salespeople <- read.csv(url)
```

```
(sales_720 <- subset(salespeople, subset = sales == 720))
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 290 1 720 3.76 3
```

*#Note the use of ==, which is used in many programming languages,
#to test for precise equality.*

```
unique((salespeople$sales))
```

```
## [1] 594 446 674 525 657 918 318 364 342 387 527 716 557 450 344 372 258 338
## [19] 410 937 702 469 535 819 736 330 274 341 717 478 487 239 825 400 728 773
## [37] 425 943 510 389 270 945 497 329 475 383 432 619 578 411 445 440 359 419
```

```
## [55] 840 393 754 441 803 444 753 688 431 511 464 473 532 280 320 531 373 547
## [73] 611 401 517 586 693 659 416 423 756 245 757 617 909 516 317 528 645 390
## [91] 394 607 369 489 324 417 694 651 395 442 422 404 381 501 944 591 735 538
## [109] 451 477 436 738 902 285 453 382 414 335 935 203 348 800 360 901 350 362
## [127] 486 471 459 506 262 291 802 818 308 862 349 375 938 456 898 777 470 545
## [145] 699 697 300 677 669 596 492 346 590 592 780 418 662 678 403 284 363 655
## [163] 597 794 409 681 606 396 420 857 371 421 828 533 462 392 752 650 496 211
## [181] 388 455 319 377 940 484 491 519 739 479 742 357 584 595 460 466 361 882
## [199] 293 922 793 787 295 307 151 406 680 347 309 540 886 718 323 513 841 842
## [217] 321 428 521 358 252 720 610 871 522 379 454 835 297 355 858 305 707 798
## [235] 265 576 448 930 412 286 546 385 544 505 732 458 251 429 789 795 509 580
## [253] 289 241 796 653 500 NA
```

#Similarly we can select columns based on inequalities

```
(subset(salespeople, subset = sales >=700))
```

```
##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 6           1   918           4.54           2
## 12          1   716           3.16           3
## 20          1   937           5.00           2
## 21          1   702           3.53           4
## 25          1   819           4.45           2
## 26          1   736           3.94           4
## 30          1   717           2.98           2
## 34          1   825           3.32           3
## 36          1   728           2.66           3
## 37          1   773           4.89           3
## 39          1   943           4.40           4
## 43          1   945           4.31           4
## 57          1   840           5.00           4
## 59          1   754           3.74           3
## 61          1   803           4.89           3
## 63          1   753           5.00           4
## 77          1   825           4.66           2
## 81          1   803           4.15           3
## 88          1   756           3.55           4
## 91          1   757           3.11           3
## 93          1   909           3.21           3
## 119         1   944           5.00           2
## 120         1   753           4.43           3
## 122         1   735           4.03           4
## 127         1   738           3.05           3
## 128         1   902           5.00           4
## 130         1   944           3.92           4
## 136         1   935           5.00           3
## 139         1   800           4.24           2
## 144         1   901           2.70           3
## 153         1   825           4.95           3
## 156         1   802           3.78           2
## 157         1   818           4.24           3
## 158         1   736           3.78           3
## 161         1   862           4.17           4
## 165         1   938           3.69           3
## 169         1   898           2.26           4
```

```
## 170      1    777      4.86      3
## 184      1    780      4.15      4
## 189      1    716      3.44      3
## 199      1    794      3.83      3
## 200      1    818      2.70      1
## 209      1    857      3.85      2
## 212      1    828      1.37      4
## 218      1    752      4.89      2
## 223      1    898      3.51      3
## 228      1    756      3.09      3
## 230      1    940      2.82      3
## 231      1    757      3.55      3
## 238      1    739      3.99      3
## 240      1    943      3.21      4
## 241      1    742      4.17      2
## 248      1    753      4.89      2
## 253      1    882      2.63      3
## 255      1    922      4.15      1
## 256      1    793      4.08      2
## 257      1    787      2.56      3
## 273      1    886      4.68      3
## 275      1    718      4.03      4
## 279      1    841      5.00      4
## 281      1    842      3.99      3
## 290      1    720      3.76      3
## 292      1    871      5.00      2
## 299      1    835      3.90      1
## 303      1    858      3.67      3
## 306      1    707      2.38      1
## 307      1    798      4.72      3
## 313      1    930      4.22      4
## 321      1    732      3.57      2
## 329      1    789      3.71      3
## 330      1    795      4.31      1
## 332      1    754      4.33      4
## 336      1    787      3.14      1
## 342      1    940      5.00      4
## 344      1    796      5.00      3
```

```
high_sales <- subset(salespeople, subset = sales >= 700)
head(high_sales)
```

```
##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 6           1    918           4.54          2
## 12          1    716           3.16          3
## 20          1    937           5.00          2
## 21          1    702           3.53          4
## 25          1    819           4.45          2
## 26          1    736           3.94          4
```

#To select specific columns use the select argument.

```
salespeople_sales_perf <- subset(salespeople, select = c("sales", "performance"))
head(salespeople_sales_perf)
```

```
## sales performance
## 1 594 2
## 2 446 3
## 3 674 4
## 4 525 2
## 5 657 3
## 6 918 2
```

#bind the rows of low_sales and high_sales together.

```
low_sales <- subset(salespeople, subset = sales < 400)
```

```
## Warning: In subset.data.frame(salespeople, subset = sales < 400) :
## extra argument 'subset' will be disregarded
```

```
low_and_high_sales = rbind(low_sales, high_sales)
head(low_and_high_sales)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1 0 594 3.94 2
## 2 0 446 4.06 3
## 3 1 674 3.83 4
## 4 0 525 3.62 2
## 5 1 657 4.40 3
## 6 1 918 4.54 2
```

```
head(high_sales)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 6 1 918 4.54 2
## 12 1 716 3.16 3
## 20 1 937 5.00 2
## 21 1 702 3.53 4
## 25 1 819 4.45 2
## 26 1 736 3.94 4
```

#Two dataframes with two columns each.

#Bind the columns to create a dataframe with four columns.

```
sales_perf <- subset(salespeople, select = c("sales", "performance"))
prom_custrate <- subset(salespeople, select = c("promoted", "customer_rate"))
full_df <- cbind(sales_perf, prom_custrate)
head(full_df)
```

```
## sales performance promoted customer_rate
## 1 594 2 0 3.94
## 2 446 3 0 4.06
## 3 674 4 1 3.83
## 4 525 2 0 3.62
## 5 657 3 1 4.40
## 6 918 2 1 4.54
```

#In the code so far we have used a variety of functions.

#Example head(), subset(), rbind().

#Functions exist to perform common useful operations.

#Often there are a large number of arguments that a function can take,

*#but many are optional and not required to be specified by the user.
#Example, the function head(), which displays the first rows of a dataframe
#has only one required argument x: the name of the dataframe.*

```
head(prom_custrate)
```

```
## promoted customer_rate
## 1      0      3.94
## 2      0      4.06
## 3      1      3.83
## 4      0      3.62
## 5      1      4.40
## 6      1      4.54
```

```
head(full_df, n = 5)
```

```
## sales performance promoted customer_rate
## 1  594          2      0      3.94
## 2  446          3      0      4.06
## 3  674          4      1      3.83
## 4  525          2      0      3.62
## 5  657          3      1      4.40
```

```
head(x = salespeople)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0  594      3.94      2
## 2      0  446      4.06      3
## 3      1  674      3.83      4
## 4      0  525      3.62      2
## 5      1  657      4.40      3
## 6      1  918      4.54      2
```

```
head(x = salespeople, n=4)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0  594      3.94      2
## 2      0  446      4.06      3
## 3      1  674      3.83      4
## 4      0  525      3.62      2
```

*#When running a function, you can either specify the arguments by name or
#you can enter them in order without their names.*

#see fewer rows - arguments to be in the right order if not named.

```
head(salespeople, 3)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0  594      3.94      2
## 2      0  446      4.06      3
## 3      1  674      3.83      4
```

```
head(salespeople, 6)
```

```
## promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0  594      3.94      2
```



```
## 2      0    446      4.06      3
## 3      1    674      3.83      4
## 4      0    525      3.62      2
## 5      1    657      4.40      3
## 6      1    918      4.54      2
```

*#or if you don't know the right order name your arguments
#and you can put them in any order.*

```
head(n=3, x = salespeople)
```

```
##   promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0    594      3.94      2
## 2      0    446      4.06      3
## 3      1    674      3.83      4
```

```
head(n=6, x = salespeople)
```

```
##   promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1      0    594      3.94      2
## 2      0    446      4.06      3
## 3      1    674      3.83      4
## 4      0    525      3.62      2
## 5      1    657      4.40      3
## 6      1    918      4.54      2
```

Functions, packages and libraries

*#Most functions in R have excellent help documentations
#To get help on the head() function, type help(head) or ?head.*

```
?head
help(head)
```

*#Alternatively you can open the Help browser window directly in RStudio
#and do a search there.*

Writing your own functions

*#Functions are not limited to those that come packaged in R.
#Users can write their own functions to perform tasks
#that are helpful to their objectives.*

*#In this example, a simple function is written
#which generates a report on a dataframe*

```
df_report <- function(df){paste("This dataframe contains", nrow(df), "rows and", ncol(df), "columns.  
There are", sum(is.na(df)), "NA entries.")}
```

#We can test our function by using the built-in mtcars data set in R.

```
df_report(mtcars)
```

```
## [1] "This dataframe contains 32 rows and 11 columns. \n
```

```
There are 0 NA entries."
```

```
paste("This is how the paste", "functioning works")
```

```
## [1] "This is how the paste functioning works"
```

```
df_report(iris)
```

```
## [1] "This dataframe contains 150 rows and 5 columns. \n"
```

There are 0 NA

Installing packages

Using packages

*#Once you have installed a package into your package library,
#to use it in your R session you need to load it using the library() function*

```
library(MASS)  
help(package = "MASS")
```

*#Once a package is loaded from your library,
#you can use any of the functions inside it.*

```
#MASS::stepAIC()
```

The pipe operator

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"  
salespeople <- read.csv(url)
```

*#The pipe operator makes code more natural to read and write and reduces
#the typical computing problem of many nested operations inside parentheses.*

```
sample(14,14)
```

```
## [1] 10 14 13 5 12 8 11 2 7 4 9 3 1 6
```

```
sales <- subset(salespeople , subset = sales < 500)
```

#take the mean of those values

```
mean(sales$sales)
```

```
## [1] 388.6684
```

```
mean(subset(salespeople$sales, subset = salespeople$sales < 500))
```

```
## [1] 388.6684
```

```
mean(subset(salespeople, subset = sales < 500)$sales)
```

```
## [1] 388.6684
```

#load magrittr library to get the pipe operator

```
library(magrittr)  
subset(salespeople$sales, subset = salespeople$sales < 500) %>%  
mean()
```

```
## [1] 388.6684
round(mean(subset(salespeople, subset = sales < 500)$sales))

## [1] 389
```

Errors, warnings and messages

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"
salespeople <- read.csv(url)

#Errors are serious problems which usually result in the halting of your code
#and a failure to return your requested output.

#subset(salespeople, subset = sales = 720) - the equal sign should be double

subset(salespeople, subset = sales == 720)

##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 290          1    720           3.76          3

#head[salespeople] - parentheses, not brackets

head(salespeople)

##      promoted sales customer_rate performance
## 1           0    594           3.94           2
## 2           0    446           4.06           3
## 3           1    674           3.83           4
## 4           0    525           3.62           2
## 5           1    657           4.40           3
## 6           1    918           4.54           2

#Warnings are less serious and usually alert you to something that
#you might be overlooking and which could indicate a problem with the output.
#Messages are pieces of information that may
#or may not be useful to you at a particular point in time.
```

Plotting and graphing

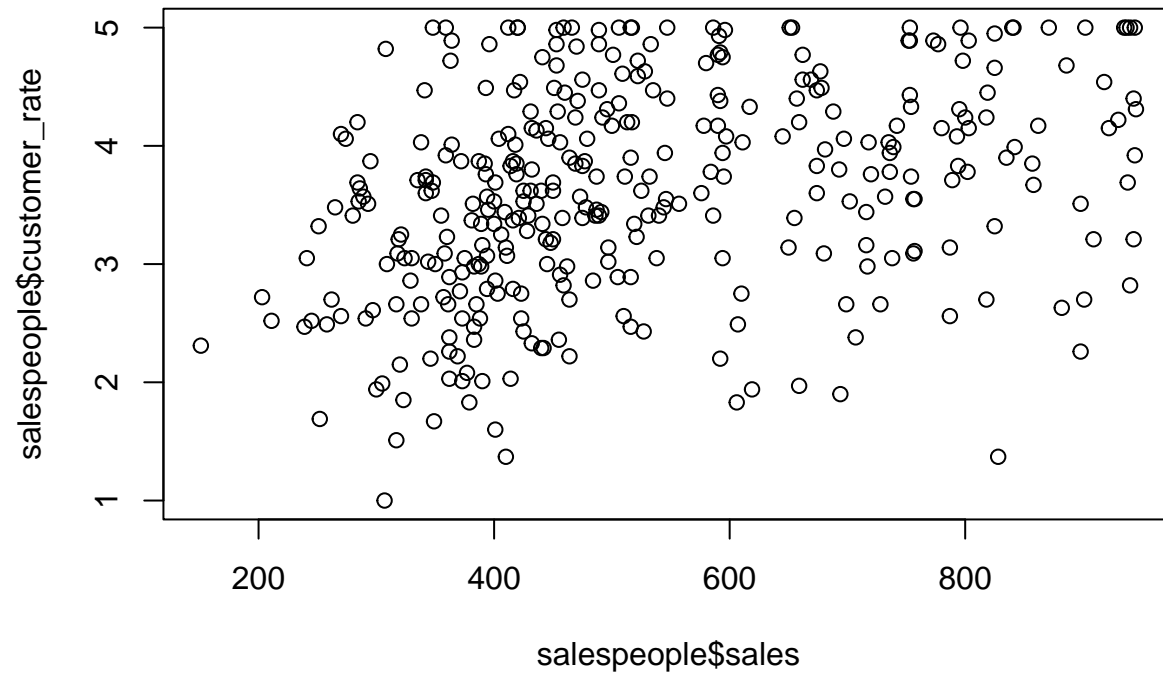
```
#there are numerous ways to plot and graph information in R.
#graphical output will be rendered in the Plots pane,
#where you can copy it or save it as an image.
```

Plotting in base R

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"
salespeople <- read.csv(url)

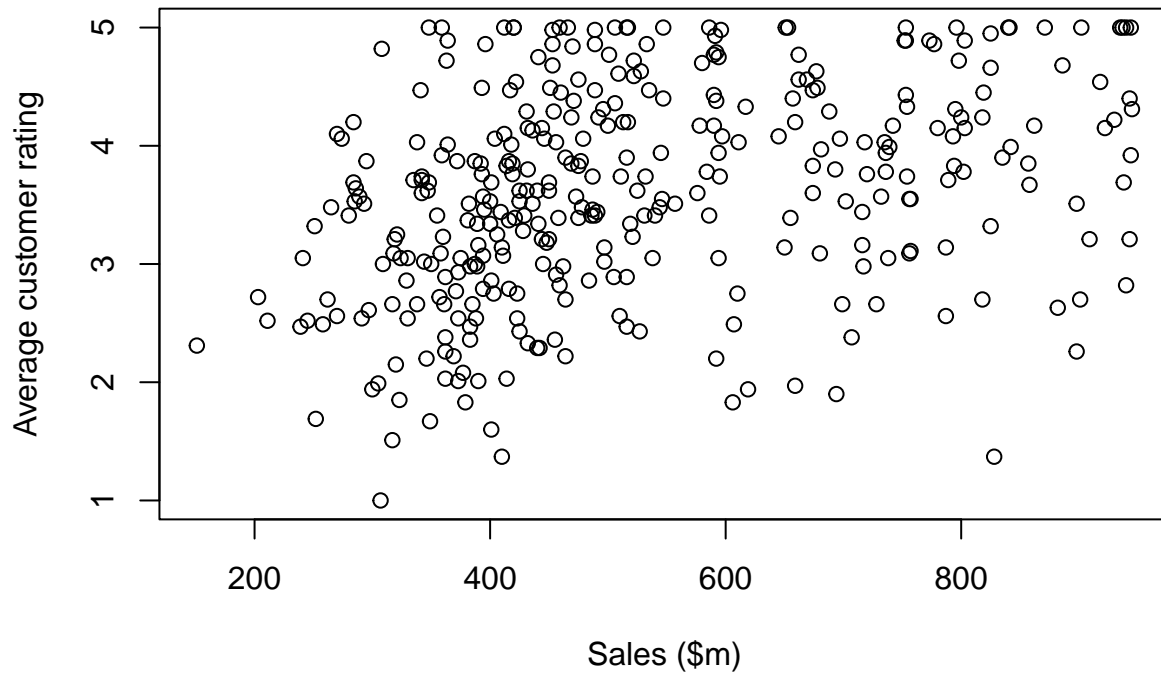
#The simplest plot function in base R is plot(). This performs basic X-Y plotting.
#Note the use of the arguments main, xlab and ylab
#for customizing the axis labels and title for the plot.
```

```
plot(x = salespeople$sales, y = salespeople$customer_rate)
```



```
plot(x = salespeople$sales, y = salespeople$customer_rate,
     xlab = "Sales ($m)", ylab = "Average customer rating",
     main = "Scatterplot of Sales vs Customer Rating")
```

Scatterplot of Sales vs Customer Rating

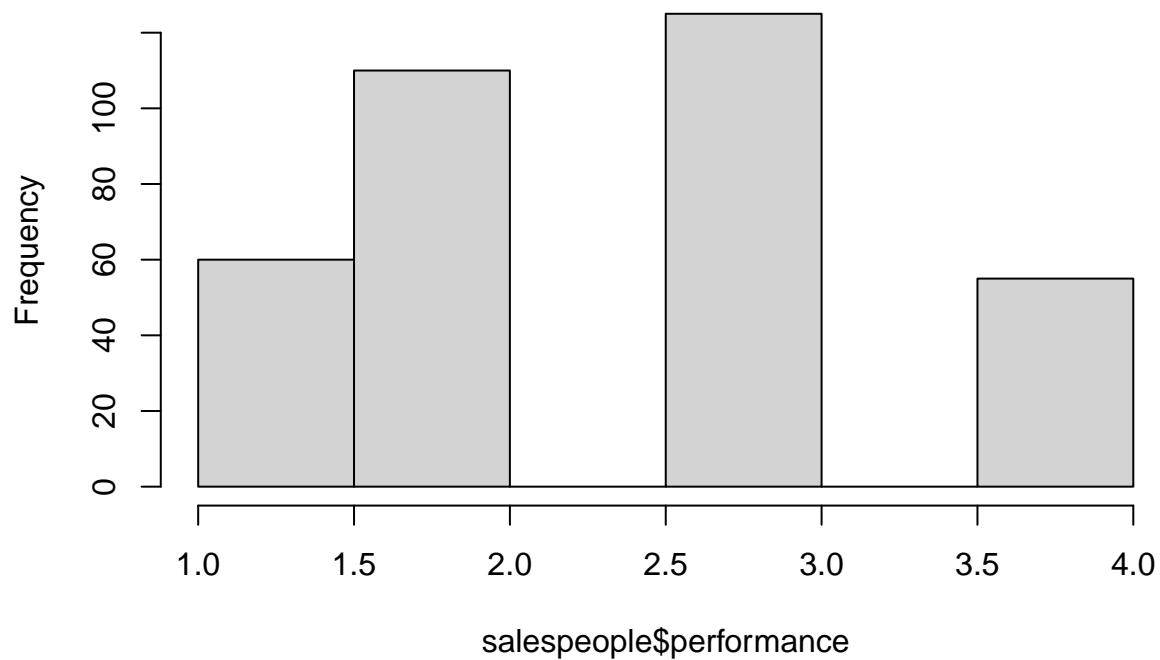


#Histograms of data can be generated using the hist() function.

#Note the use of breaks to customize how the bars appear.

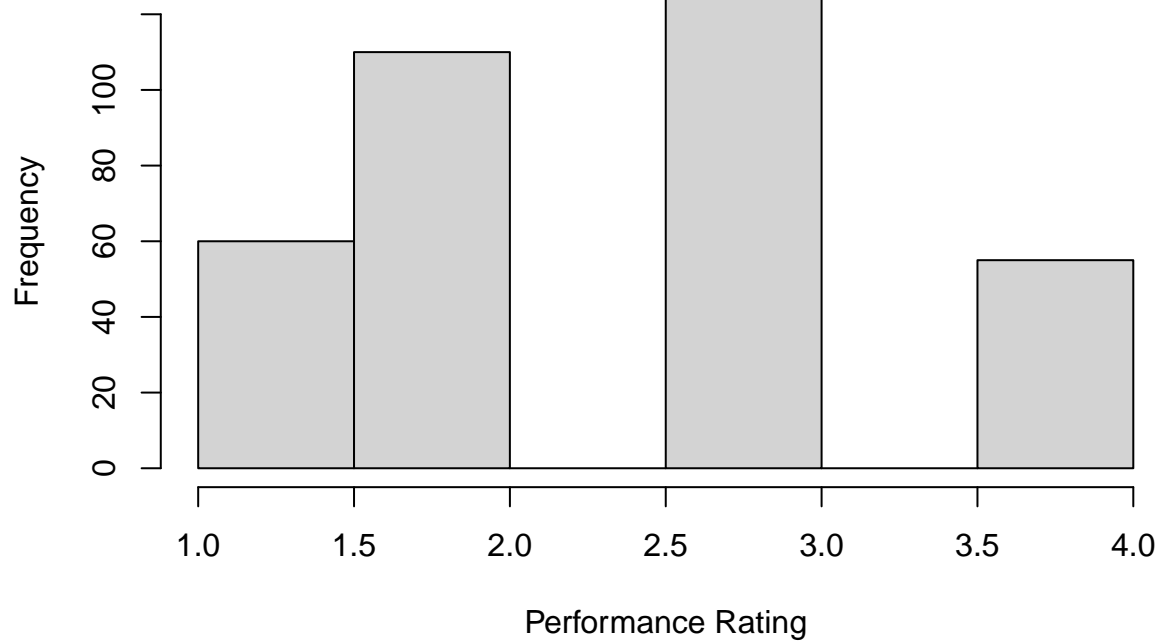
```
hist(salespeople$performance)
```

Histogram of salespeople\$performance



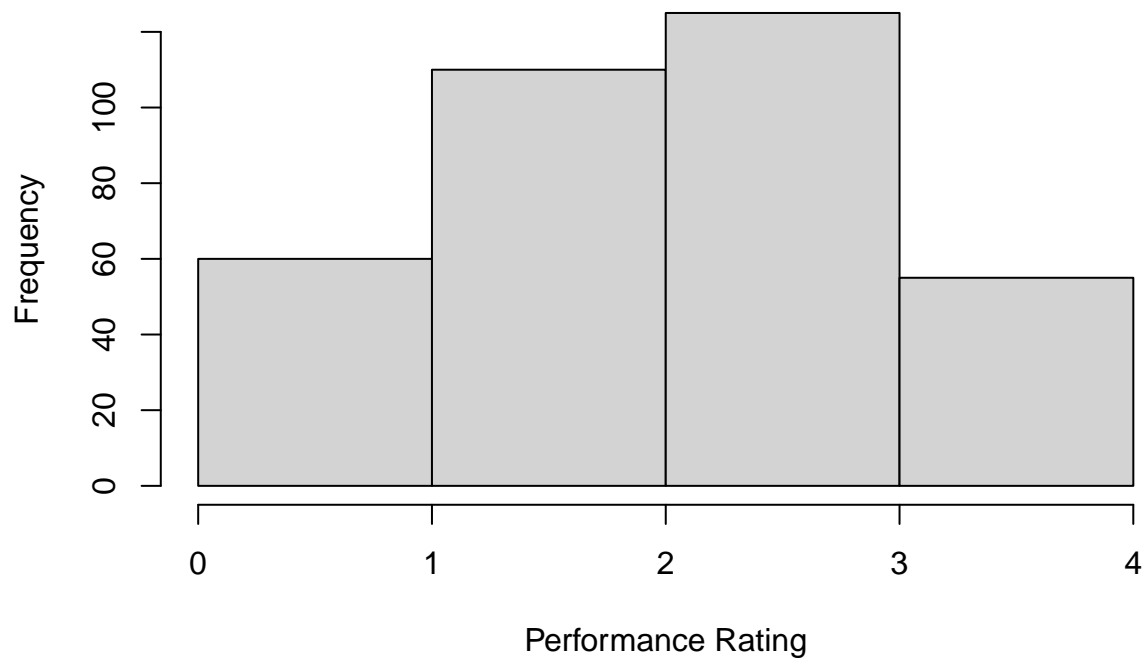
```
hist(salespeople$performance,  
     xlab = "Performance Rating",  
     main = "Histogram of Performance Ratings")
```

Histogram of Performance Ratings



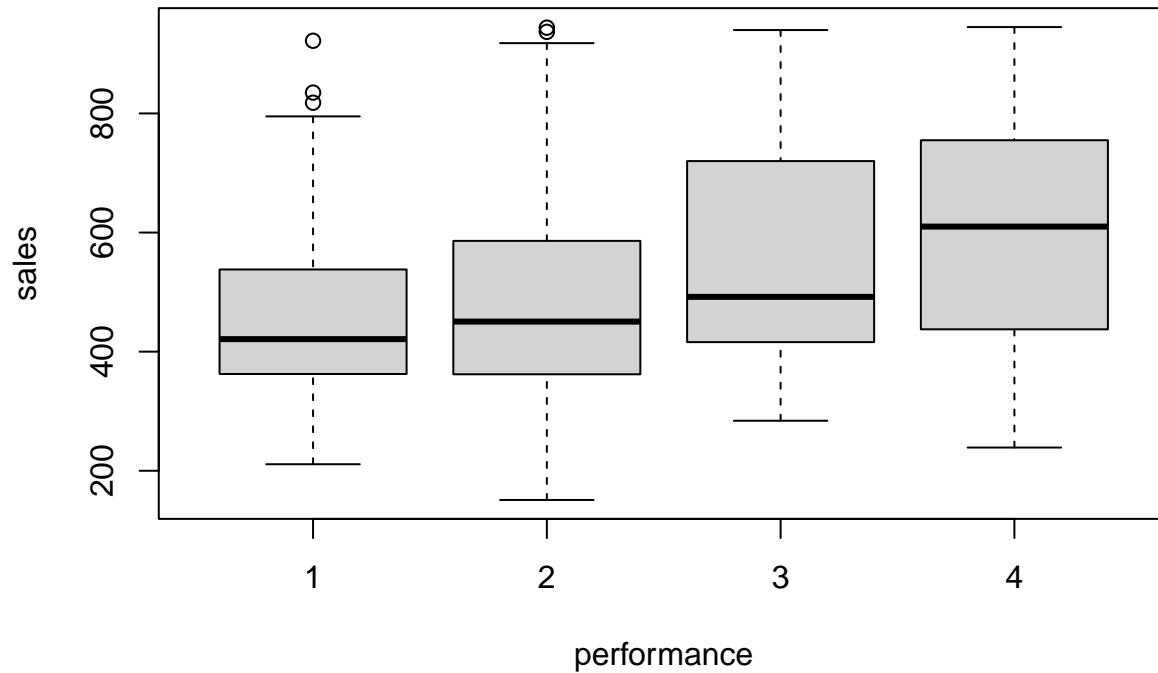
```
hist(salespeople$performance, breaks = 0:4,  
     xlab = "Performance Rating",  
     main = "Histogram of Performance Ratings")
```

Histogram of Performance Ratings



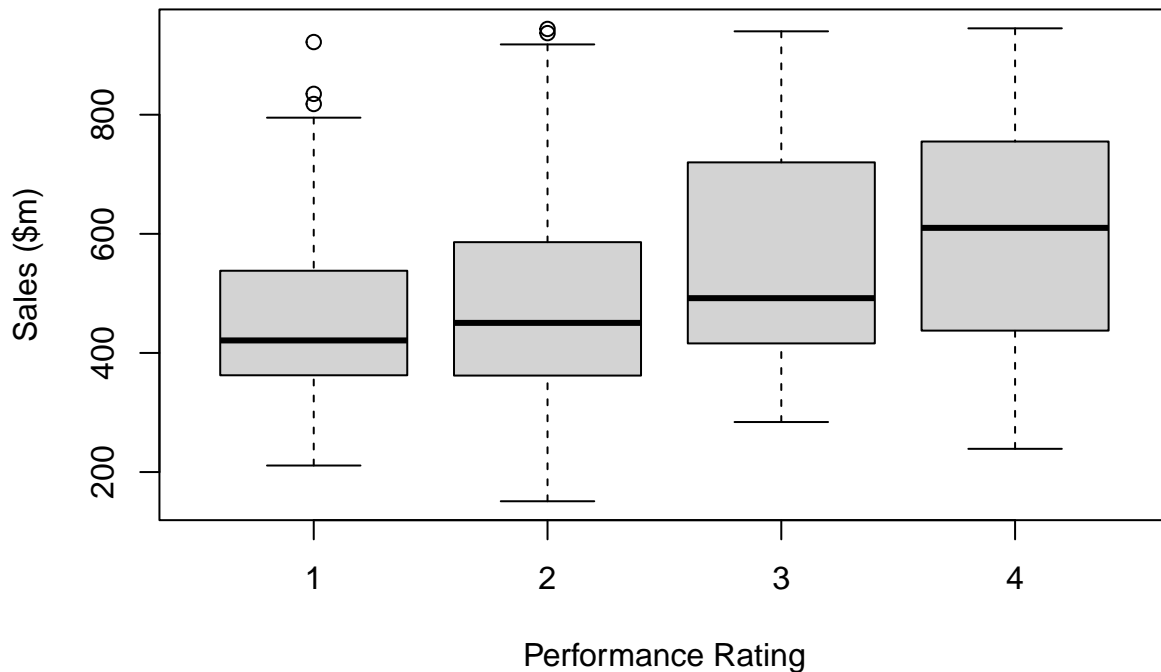
*#Box and whisker plots are excellent ways to see the distribution of a variable,
#and can be grouped against another variable to see bivariate patterns.
#Note the use of the formula and data notation here to define the variable
#we are interested in and how we want it grouped.*

```
boxplot(formula = sales ~ performance, data = salespeople)
```



```
boxplot(formula = sales ~ performance, data = salespeople,  
        xlab = "Performance Rating", ylab = "Sales ($m)",  
        main = "Boxplot of Sales by Performance Rating")
```

Boxplot of Sales by Performance Rating



Specialist plotting and graphing packages

*#the most commonly used specialist plotting and graphing package in R is ggplot2.
#ggplot2 allows the flexible construction of a very wide range of charts and graphs,
#but uses a very specific command grammar which can take some getting used to.*

```
#install.packages("ggplot2")
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

#The plotly package allows the use of the plotly graphing library in R.

#This is an excellent package for interactive graphing

#and is used for 3D illustrations in this book.

```
#install.packages("plotly")
```

#GGally is a package that extends ggplot2 to allow easy combination of charts and graphs.

#One of its most popular functions is ggpairs(), which produces a pairplot.

```
install.packages("GGally")
```

```
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
```

```
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
```

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msuiitdmsgabriel/datasets-regression/main/salespeople.csv"
```

```
salespeople <- read.csv(url)
```

```
salespeople$promoted <- as.factor(salespeople$promoted)
```

```
salespeople$performance <- as.factor(salespeople$performance)
```

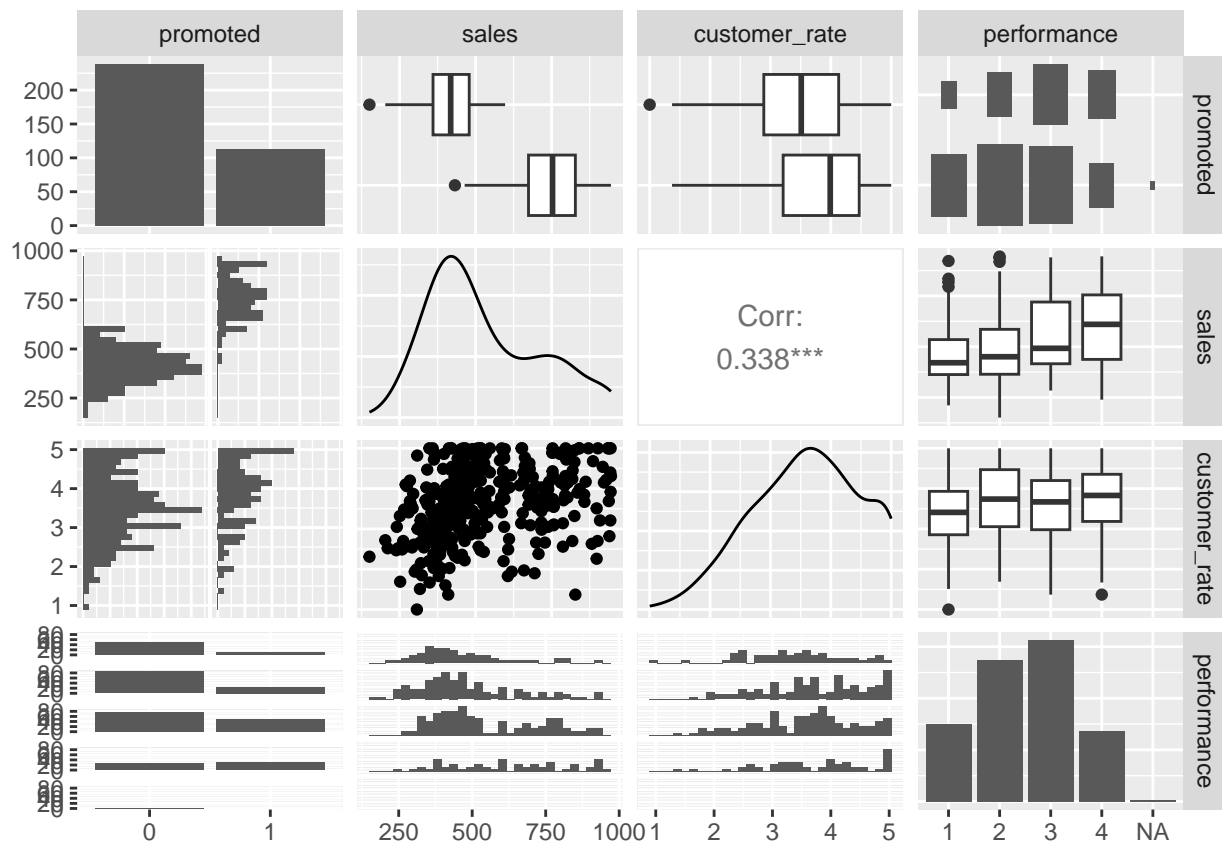
```
GGally::ggpairs(salespeople)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
```

```
## method from
```



```
## +.gg    ggplot2
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
## Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_density()`).
## Warning in ggally_statistic(data = data, mapping = mapping, na.rm = na.rm, :
## Removing 1 row that contained a missing value
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (`geom_point()`).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_density()`).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_bin()`).
```



References

- Venables, W. N., and B. D. Ripley. 2002. Modern Applied Statistics with s.
- Wickham, Hadley. 2016. ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis.
- Wickham, Hadley, and Garrett Golemund. 2016. R for Data Science.
- Xie, Yihui, Christophe Dervieux, and Emily Riederer. 2020. R Markdown Cookbook.
- salespeople