

**05** Hr **58** Min  
**02** Sec**Guidelines**

Coding Area

Editor | Compile &  
Run History

Submissions

Feedback Form

Graphs

# Coding Area

**A****B****C****D****E****F****ONLINE EDITOR (B)**

## Bottle Necks

### + Problem Description

There are  $N$  bottles.  $i$ th bottle has  $A[i]$  radius. Once a bottle is enclosed inside another bottle, it ceases to be visible. Minimize the number of visible bottles.

You can put  $i$ th bottle into  $j$ th bottle if following condition is fulfilled:

- 1)  $i$ th bottle itself is not enclosed in another bottle.
- 2)  $j$ th bottle does not enclose any other bottle.
- 3) Radius of bottle  $i$  is smaller than bottle  $j$  (i.e.  $A[i] < A[j]$ ).

### + Constraints

 $1 \leq N \leq 100000$ . $1 \leq A[i] \leq 10^{18}$ .

### + Input Format

First line contains a single integer  $N$  denoting the number of bottles.

Second line contains  $N$  space separated integers,  $i$ th integer denoting the radius of  $i$ th bottle.

 $(1 \leq i \leq N)$ .

### + Output

Minimum number of visible bottles.

### + Test Case

### + Explanation

Example 1

Input

8

1 1 2 3 4 5 5 4

Output

2

Explanation

1st bottle can be kept in 3 rd one 1-->2 , which makes following bottles visible [1,2,3,4,5,5,4]

similarly after following operations, the following will be the corresponding visible bottles

Operation ? Visible Bottles

2 ? 3 [1,3,4,5,5,4]

3 ? 4 [1,4,5,5,4]

4 ? 5 [1,5,5,4]

1 ? 4 [5,5,4]

4 ? 5 [5,5]

finally there are 2 bottles which are visible. Hence, the answer is 2

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☐ I, **mohd ali** confirm that the answer submitted is my own.

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