Comp 543 Lab5

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Q1 Code – Dictionary Implementation
# For your reference, here is the dictionary-based LDA for use with the first sub-problem.
import numpy as np
import time
# This returns a number whose probability of occurrence is p
def sampleValue(p):
    return np.flatnonzero(np.random.multinomial(1, p, 1))[0]
# There are 2000 words in the corpus
alpha = np.full(2000, .1)
# There are 100 topics
beta = np.full(100, .1)
# This gets us the probability of each word happening in each of the 100 topics
wordsInTopic = np.random.dirichlet(alpha, 100)
# wordsInCorpus[i] will be a dictionary that gives us the number of each word in the document
wordsInCorpus = {}
# Generate each doc
for doc in range(0, 50):
    # No words in this doc yet
    wordsInDoc = {}
    # Get the topic probabilities for this doc
    topicsInDoc = np.random.dirichlet(beta)
    # Generate each of the 2000 words in this document
    for word in range(0, 2000):
         # Select the topic and the word
         whichTopic = sampleValue(topicsInDoc)
         whichWord = sampleValue(wordsInTopic[whichTopic])
         # And record the word
         wordsInDoc[whichWord] = wordsInDoc.get(whichWord, 0) + 1
    # Now, remember this document
    wordsInCorpus[doc] = wordsInDoc
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#Q1 Answer
start = time.time()
# coOccurrences will be a map where the key is a
# (wordOne, wordTwo) pair, and the value is the number of times
# those two words co-occurred in a document, so this will be a
# value between zero and 50
coOccurrences = {}
# now, have a nested loop that piles up coOccurrences
# YOUR CODE HERE
for doc in wordsInCorpus:
    for wordOne in wordsInCorpus[doc]:
         for wordTwo in wordsInCorpus[doc]:
              if wordOne <= wordTwo:
                   if (wordOne, wordTwo) not in coOccurrences:
                       coOccurrences[(wordOne, wordTwo)] = 1
                   else:
                        coOccurrences[(wordOne, wordTwo)] += 1
end = time.time()
print("Q1 Dictionary Implementation:", end - start)
[Q2 Code – Numpy Vector Implementation & Q3 Code – Numpy Matrix Implementation]
# And here is the array-based LDA for use with the second two.
import numpy as np
import time
# There are 2000 words in the corpus
alpha = np.full(2000, .1)
# There are 100 topics
beta = np.full(100, .1)
# This gets us the probability of each word happening in each of the 100 topics
wordsInTopic = np.random.dirichlet(alpha, 100)
# wordsInCorpus[i] will give us the vector of words in document i
wordsInCorpus = np.zeros((50, 2000))
# Generate each doc
for doc in range(0, 50):
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# Get the topic probabilities for this doc
    topicsInDoc = np.random.dirichlet(beta)
    # Assign each of the 2000 words in this doc to a topic
    wordsToTopic = np.random.multinomial(2000, topicsInDoc)
    # And generate each of the 2000 words
    for topic in range(0, 100):
         wordsFromCurrentTopic = np.random.multinomial(wordsToTopic[topic], wordsInTopic[topic])
         wordsInCorpus[doc] = np.add(wordsInCorpus[doc], wordsFromCurrentTopic)
# Q2 Answer
start = time.time()
# coOccurrences[i, j] will give the count of the number of times that
# word i and word j appear in the same document in the corpus
coOccurrences = np.zeros((2000, 2000))
# Now, have a nested loop that piles up coOccurrences
# YOUR CODE HERE
for doc in range(len(wordsInCorpus)):
    wordsInCorpus[doc] = np.clip(wordsInCorpus[doc], 0, 1)
    coOccurrences += np.outer(wordsInCorpus[doc], wordsInCorpus[doc])
end = time.time()
print("Q2 Numpy Vector Multiply:", end - start)
# Q3 Answer
start = time.time()
coOccurrences = np.zeros((2000, 2000))
# Now, create coOccurrences via a matrix multiply
# YOUR CODE HERE
for doc in range(len(wordsInCorpus)):
    wordsInCorpus[doc] = np.clip(wordsInCorpus[doc], 0, 1)
wordsInCorpusTrans = np.transpose(wordsInCorpus)
coOccurrences = np.dot(wordsInCorpusTrans, wordsInCorpus)
end = time.time()
print("Q3 Numpy Matrix Multiply:", end - start)
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【Result】