# Package 'WikidataR'

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2 find\_item

Index 9

extract\_claims

Extract Claims from Returned Item Data

# **Description**

extract claim information from data returned using get\_item.

#### Usage

```
extract_claims(items, claims)
```

#### **Arguments**

items a list of one or more Wikidata items returned with  ${\tt get\_item}$ .

claims a vector of claims (in the form "P321", "P12") to look for and extract.

#### Value

a list containing one sub-list for each entry in items, and (below that) the found data for each claim. In the event a claim cannot be found for an item, an NA will be returned instead.

# **Examples**

```
# Get item data
adams_data <- get_item("42")

# Get claim data
claims <- extract_claims(adams_data, "P31")</pre>
```

find\_item

Search for Wikidata items or properties that match a search term

### **Description**

find\_item and find\_property allow you to retrieve a set of Wikidata items or properties where the aliase or descriptions match a particular search term. As with other WikidataR code, custom print methods are available; use str to manipulate and see the underlying structure of the data.

# Usage

```
find_item(search_term, language = "en", limit = 10, ...)
find_property(search_term, language = "en", limit = 10)
```

get\_geo\_box 3

#### Arguments

search\_term a term to search for.

language the language to return the labels and descriptions in; this should consist of an

ISO language code. Set to "en" by default.

1 the number of results to return; set to 10 by default.

... further arguments to pass to httr's GET.

#### See Also

get\_random for selecting a random item or property, or get\_item for selecting a specific item or property.

# **Examples**

```
#Check for entries relating to Douglas Adams in some way
adams_items <- find_item("Douglas Adams")

#Check for properties involving the peerage
peerage_props <- find_property("peerage")</pre>
```

get\_geo\_box

Get geographic entities based on a bounding box

#### **Description**

get\_geo\_box retrieves all geographic entities in Wikidata that fall between a bounding box between two existing items with geographic attributes (usually cities).

# Usage

```
get_geo_box(first_city_code, first_corner, second_city_code, second_corner,
  language = "en", ...)
```

# Arguments

first\_city\_code

a Wikidata item, or series of items, to use for one corner of the bounding box.

first\_corner the direction of first\_city\_code relative to city (eg "NorthWest", "South-

East").

second\_city\_code

a Wikidata item, or series of items, to use for one corner of the bounding box.

second\_corner the direction of second\_city\_code relative to city (eg "NorthWest", "South-

East")

language the two-letter language code to use for the name of the item. "en" by default.

... further arguments to pass to httr's GET.

4 get\_geo\_entity

#### Value

a data.frame of 5 columns:

- item the Wikidata identifier of each object associated with entity.
- name the name of the item, if available, in the requested language. If it is not available, NA will be returned instead.
- latitude the latitude of item
- longitude the longitude of item
- entity the entity the item is associated with (necessary for multi-entity queries).

#### See Also

get\_geo\_entity for using an unrestricted search or simple radius, rather than a bounding box.

# **Examples**

get\_geo\_entity

Retrieve geographic information from Wikidata

# Description

get\_geo\_entity retrieves the item ID, latitude and longitude of any object with geographic data associated with *another* object with geographic data (example: all the locations around/near/associated with a city).

### Usage

```
get_geo_entity(entity, language = "en", radius = NULL, ...)
```

# Arguments

entity	a Wikidata item $(Q)$ or series of items, to check for associated geo-tagged items.
language	the two-letter language code to use for the name of the item. "en" by default, because we're imperialist anglocentric westerners.
radius	optionally, a radius (in kilometers) around entity to restrict the search to.
	further arguments to pass to httr's GET.

get\_item 5

#### Value

a data.frame of 5 columns:

- item the Wikidata identifier of each object associated with entity.
- name the name of the item, if available, in the requested language. If it is not available, NA
  will be returned instead.
- latitude the latitude of item
- longitude the longitude of item
- entity the entity the item is associated with (necessary for multi-entity queries).

#### See Also

get\_geo\_box for using a bounding box rather than an unrestricted search or simple radius.

# **Examples**

```
# All entities
sf_locations <- get_geo_entity("Q62")

# Entities with French, rather than English, names
sf_locations <- get_geo_entity("Q62", language = "fr")

# Entities within 1km
sf_close_locations <- get_geo_entity("Q62", radius = 1)

# Multiple entities
multi_entity <- get_geo_entity(entity = c("Q62", "Q64"))</pre>
```

get\_item

Retrieve specific Wikidata items or properties

#### **Description**

get\_item and get\_property allow you to retrieve the data associated with individual Wikidata items and properties, respectively. As with other WikidataR code, custom print methods are available; use str to manipulate and see the underlying structure of the data.

#### Usage

```
get_item(id, ...)
get_property(id, ...)
```

6 get\_random\_item

### Arguments

id

the ID number(s) of the item or property you're looking for. This can be in various formats; either a numeric value ("200"), the full name ("Q200") or even with an included namespace ("Property:P10") - the function will format it appropriately. This function is vectorised and will happily accept multiple IDs.

... further arguments to pass to httr's GET.

#### See Also

get\_random for selecting a random item or property, or find\_item for using search functionality
to pull out item or property IDs where the descriptions or aliases match a particular search term.

# **Examples**

```
#Retrieve a specific item
adams_metadata <- get_item("42")

#Retrieve a specific property
object_is_child <- get_property("P40")</pre>
```

get\_random\_item

Retrieve randomly-selected Wikidata items or properties

### **Description**

get\_random\_item and get\_random\_property allow you to retrieve the data associated with randomly-selected Wikidata items and properties, respectively. As with other WikidataR code, custom print methods are available; use str to manipulate and see the underlying structure of the data.

# Usage

```
get_random_item(limit = 1, ...)
get_random_property(limit = 1, ...)
```

# Arguments

limit how many random items to return. 1 by default, but can be higher.
... arguments to pass to httr's GET.

#### See Also

get\_item for selecting a specific item or property, or find\_item for using search functionality to
pull out item or property IDs where the descriptions or aliases match a particular search term.

print.find\_item 7

# **Examples**

```
#Random item
random_item <- get_random_item()

#Random property
random_property <- get_random_property()</pre>
```

print.find\_item

Print method for find\_item

# Description

print found items.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'find_item'
print(x, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

x find\_item object with search results

... Arguments to be passed to methods

```
print.find_property
Print method for find_property
```

# **Description**

print found properties.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'find_property'
print(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x find\_property object with search results

... Arguments to be passed to methods

8 WikidataR

print.wikidata

Print method for Wikidata objects

# **Description**

print found objects generally.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'wikidata' print(x, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

x wikidata object from get\_item, get\_random\_item, get\_property or get\_random\_property

... Arguments to be passed to methods

#### See Also

get\_item, get\_random\_item, get\_property or get\_random\_property

WikidataR

API client library for Wikidata

#### **Description**

This package serves as an API client for <a href="https://www.wikidata.org">https://www.wikidata.org</a>. See the accompanying vignette for more details.

### See Also

get\_random for selecting a random item or property, get\_item for a /specific/ item or property, or find\_item for using search functionality to pull out item or property IDs where the descriptions or aliases match a particular search term.

# **Index**

```
extract\_claims, 2
find_item, 2, 6, 8
find_property(find_item), 2
get_geo_box, 3, 5
get\_geo\_entity, 4, 4
get_item, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8
get_property (get_item), 5
get_random, 3, 6, 8
get_random(get_random_item), 6
get_random_item, 6
get_random_property (get_random_item), 6
print.find_item, 7
print.find_property, 7
print.wikidata, 8
str, 2, 5, 6
WikidataR, 8
WikidataR-package (WikidataR), 8
```