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Assignment 2

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Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/KBVijayVarma/AI1103—Assignment–2

1 Problem

(GATE EC, Q. 12)

P and Q are considering to apply for a job. The probability that P applies for the job is $\frac{1}{4}$, the probability that P applies for the job given that Q applies for the job is $\frac{1}{2}$, and the probability that Q applies for the job given that P applies for the job is $\frac{1}{3}$. Then the probability that P does not apply for the job given that Q does not apply for the job given that Q does not apply for the job is $(A) \frac{4}{5} (B) \frac{5}{6} (C) \frac{7}{8} (D) \frac{11}{12}$

2 Solution

Let A represent the event that P applies for the job. Let B represent the event that Q applies for the job. According to the given information in the question,

$$\Pr(A) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\Pr(A|B) = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (2.0.2)

$$\Pr(B|A) = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (2.0.3)

According to the definition of Conditional Probability,

$$Pr(A|B) = \frac{Pr(AB)}{Pr(B)}$$
 (2.0.4)

$$\Pr(B|A) = \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(A)}$$
 (2.0.5)

On substituting the values of Pr(A), Pr(B|A) in (2.0.5), we get

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\frac{1}{4}} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\Pr(AB) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\therefore \Pr(AB) = \frac{1}{12}$$
 (2.0.8)

Now substituting the values of Pr(A|B), Pr(AB) in (2.0.4), we get

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\frac{1}{12}}{\Pr(B)} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\Pr(B) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{12}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$
 (2.0.10)

$$\therefore \Pr(B) = \frac{1}{6}$$
 (2.0.11)

The probability that P does not apply for the job given that Q does not apply for the job is given by Pr(A'|B'). Now,

$$A'B' = (A+B)'$$
 (2.0.12)

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(A'B') = \Pr((A+B)')$$
 (2.0.13)

$$\therefore \Pr(A'B') = 1 - \Pr(A+B)$$
 (2.0.14)

As we know that,

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(AB)$$
 (2.0.15)

By substituting the values of Pr(A), Pr(B), Pr(AB) in (2.0.15), we get

$$\Pr(A+B) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{12} \tag{2.0.16}$$

$$=\frac{3+2-1}{12} \tag{2.0.17}$$

$$\therefore \Pr(A+B) = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (2.0.18)

... Required Probability is

$$\Pr(A'|B') = \frac{\Pr(A'B')}{\Pr(B')}$$
 (2.0.19)

By substituting the values of Pr(B), Pr(A'B') [from

(2.0.14)] in (2.0.19), we get

$$\Pr(A'|B') = \frac{1 - \Pr(A+B)}{1 - \Pr(B)}$$
 (2.0.20)

$$\Pr(A'|B') = \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{3})}{1 - (\frac{1}{6})}$$
 (2.0.21)

$$\Rightarrow \Pr\left(A'|B'\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)} = \frac{4}{5} \tag{2.0.22}$$

(2.0.23)

$$\therefore \Pr\left(A'|B'\right) = \frac{4}{5} = 0.8$$

∴ $Pr(A'|B') = \frac{4}{5} = 0.8$ Hence, the probability that P does not apply for the job given that Q does not apply for the job is equal to $\frac{4}{5}$

 \therefore The correct option is (A) $\frac{4}{5}$.