1

Gate Assignment 1

Vijay Varma - AI20BTECH11012

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/KBVijayVarma/EE3900/tree/main/Gate_Assignment_1

Download python codes from

https://github.com/KBVijayVarma/EE3900/tree/main/Gate_Assignment_1/code

PROBLEM (EC 2013 Q 1)

Two systems with impulse responses $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$ are connected in cascade. Then the overall impulse response of the cascaded system is given by

- 1) product of $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$
- 2) sum of $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$
- 3) convolution of $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$
- 4) subtraction of $h_2(t)$ from $h_1(t)$

SOLUTION

Given Two systems with impulse responses $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$ are connected in cascade.

We know that "when two systems are cascaded, then the resultant response is the convolution of the individual responses".

Let Input x for Cascaded System be as in the below figure.

Let
$$x = (0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0)$$

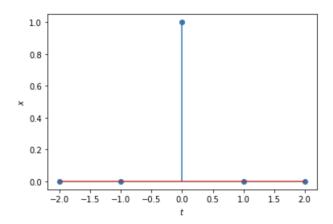


Fig. 4: Plot of x

 $h_1[t]$ is given by $h_1 = (0 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0)$,

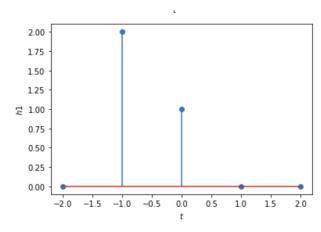


Fig. 4: Plot of h1

 $h_22[t]$ is given by $h_2 = (0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0)$,

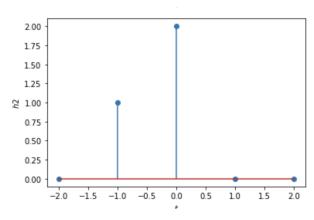


Fig. 4: Plot of *h*2

Now, for the cascaded system,

$$y_1[t] = x[t] * h_1[t]$$
 (0.0.1)

$$y_2[t] = y_1[t] * h_2[t]$$
 (0.0.2)

The final output $y_2[t]$ is given by $y_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 5 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & & & & & & & \end{pmatrix}$,

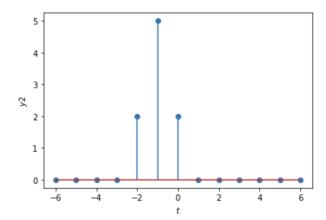


Fig. 4: Plot of y2

Now, by replacing the above method with Convolution of $h_1[t]$ and $h_2[t]$,

$$h[t] = h_1[t] * h_2[t]$$
 (0.0.3)

$$y[t] = x[t] * h[t]$$
 (0.0.4)

In this case, the final output y[t] is given by $y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 5 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & & & & & & & \end{pmatrix}$,

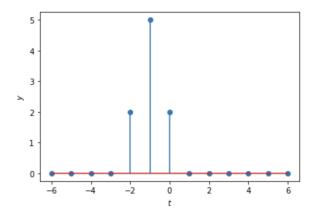


Fig. 4: Plot of y

Hence, from the figures 4, 4, the final output is the same.

Hence, the overall impulse response of the Cascaded system is given by **Convolution of** $h_1(\mathbf{t})$ **and** $h_2(\mathbf{t})$. Therefore, **Option 3** is Correct.