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# Contents

4 CONTENTS

R Hadoop EcoSystems

6 CONTENTS

## Chapter 1

# R 101

 $\mathbf{R}$ 

### 1.1 R

```
R R Packages 2017 1 R 10,000 (R Studio ) R Studio Quick list of useful R packages

Package

install.packages(" ")

ggplot2 R Console

install.packages("ggplot2")

library( )

library(ggplot2)
```

### 1.2

```
R R R <- <- <- ->
a<-1
2->b
a

## [1] 1

b

## [1] 2

R = = =
c=1
c
## [1] 1
```

8 CHAPTER 1. R 101

```
str()
            str()
d<-3
str(d)
## num 3
1.3
\mathbf{R}
           (numeric) (character)
                                     (logic)
                                              (Date)
1.3.1
          numeric
   ( )
num1<-100
num2<-1000.001
        2<sup>53</sup> bit64 package (?)
                                     2^63
print(2^53, digits=20)
## [1] 9007199254740992
print(2^53+1, digits=20) # +1 2^53
## [1] 9007199254740992
library(bit64) # bit64 package
print(as.integer64(2)^53, digits=20)
## integer64
## [1] 9007199254740992
print(as.integer64(2)^53+1, digits=20)# bit64
## integer64
## [1] 9007199254740993
1.3.2
          character
char1<-"abcTest"</pre>
char2<-"100"
char3<-"200"
#char2+char3 # Error message: non-numeric argument to binary operator
1.3.3
           logic
```

#### TRUE T FALSE F

```
boolT<-TRUE
boolT1<-T
```

1.4. 9

```
boolF<-FALSE
boolF1<-F
          (Date)
1.3.4
          Sys.Date()
dateBook<-Sys.Date()</pre>
dateBook
## [1] "2017-02-06"
            lubridate(?) package
                                    //
                                                 ymd() y year m month d day
                                                                                 //
                                                                                              mdy()
library(lubridate)
ymd('2012/3/3')
## [1] "2012-03-03"
mdy('3/3/2012')
## [1] "2012-03-03"
     The Yhat Blog
1.4
1.4.1
\mathbf{R}
num1<-1
num2<-100
num1+num2
## [1] 101
{\tt num1-num2}
## [1] -99
num1*num2
## [1] 100
num1/num2
## [1] 0.01
1.4.2
```

 $\mathbf{R}$ 

10 CHAPTER 1. R 101

```
>
num1 < -1
num2<-100
num1>num2
## [1] FALSE
num1<num2
## [1] TRUE
char1<-"abcTest"
char2<-"defTest"
char1>char2
## [1] FALSE
    JAVA
              R
                      & |
      &
TRUE & TRUE
## [1] TRUE
TRUE & FALSE
## [1] FALSE
TRUE | TRUE
## [1] TRUE
TRUE | FALSE
## [1] TRUE
```

#### 1.5 rbookdown

You can label chapter and section titles using {#label} after them, e.g., we can reference Chapter ??. If you do not manually label them, there will be automatic labels anyway, e.g., Chapter ??.

Figures and tables with captions will be placed in figure and table environments, respectively.

```
par(mar = c(4, 4, .1, .1))
plot(pressure, type = 'b', pch = 19)
```

Reference a figure by its code chunk label with the fig: prefix, e.g., see Figure ??. Similarly, you can reference tables generated from knitr::kable(), e.g., see Table ??.

```
knitr::kable(
  head(iris, 20), caption = 'Here is a nice table!',
  booktabs = TRUE
)
```

1.5. RBOOKDOWN

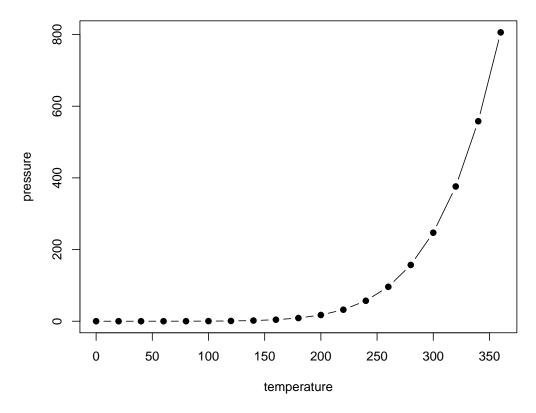


Figure 1.1: Here is a nice figure!

Table 1.1: Here is a nice table!

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa
4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa
5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	setosa
5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	setosa
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	setosa
5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	setosa

12 CHAPTER 1. R 101

You can write citations, too. For example, we are using the **bookdown** package (?) in this sample book, which was built on top of R Markdown and **knitr** (?).

## Chapter 2

## $\mathbf{R}$

Here is a review of existing methods. (factor)

#### 2.1 vector

```
c()

vec<-c('a','b','c','d','e')

vec

## [1] "a" "b" "c" "d" "e"

a~e vec (element) a vec 1 b 2 vec 4

vec[4] ## 4

## [1] "d"

vec
```

- 2.1.1
- 2.1.2

### 2.2 factor

```
char1<-"abcTest"
char2<-"100"
char3<-"200"
#char2+char3 # Error message: non-numeric argument to binary operator</pre>
```

CHAPTER 2. R

- 2.3 list
- 2.4 matrix
- 2.5 data.frame
- 2.6 data.table ()

## Chapter 3

```
What is 'Data'?
```

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data

Data are values of qualitative or quantitative variables, belonging to a set of items.

- tidy
- R

Raw data -> Processing script -> Tidy data -> Data analysis -> Data communication

Column Name

#### 3.1

#### 3.1.1 Tidy Data

Column

```
• Raw
• index
• One file, one table

if (!require('SportsAnalytics')){
   install.packages("SportsAnalytics")
   library(SportsAnalytics)
}
NBA1415<-fetch_NBAPlayerStatistics("14-15")</pre>
```

#### head(NBA1415)

##		League	Name	${\tt Team}$	${\tt Position}$	${\tt GamesPlayed}$
##	1	NBA	Quincy Acy	NYK	SF	68
##	2	NBA	Jordan Adams	MEM	SG	30
##	3	NBA	Steven Adams	OKL	C	70
##	4	NBA	Jeff Adrien	MIN	PF	17
##	5	NBA	Arron Afflalo	POR	SG	78
##	6	NBA	Alexis Ajinca	NOR	C	68

CHAPTER 3.

##		TotalMinutesPl	ayed Fie	eldGoals	Made			
##	1		1288		152			
##	2		249		35			
##	3		1776		217			
##	4		215		19			
##	5		2502		375			
##	6		956		181			
##		FieldGoalsAtte	_	hreesMad	le Thre	eesAt	tempted	
##	1		331		18		60	
##	2	86		1	10		25	
##	3	399			0		2	
##	4	44			0		0	
##	5		884	11			333	
##	6		328		0		0	
##		FreeThrowsMade		rowsAtte		Offer	nsiveReb	
##	1	76			97			79
##	2	14	_		23			9
##	3	103			205			199
##	_	22			38			23
##	5	167			198			27
	6	81		a	99			104
##		TotalRebounds			Turnov			
##	1	301	68	27		60	22	
##	2	28	16	16		14	7	
##	3	522	65	38		99	85	
	4	77	15	4		9	9	
##	5 6	247	129 47	41		116	7	
##	O	315 PersonalFouls		21	na Tot	69	51	
##	1	147	Disquar.	IIICatic	1	Lair U.	398	
##	2	24			0		94	
##	3	222			3		537	
	4	30 0		60				
##	5			1035				
##	6			443				
##	Ū	Technicals Eje	ctions I	Flagrant		Game		
##	1	5	0	8	0		22	
##	2	0	0		0		0	
##	3	3	0		0		67	
##	4	0	0		0		0	
##	5	0	0		0		72	
##	6	1	0		0		8	

3.2.

```
3.1.2
           Raw Data
3.1.2.1 Html
3.1.2.2 Facebook
3.1.2.3 !?
3.2
   • Open Data
       - http://data.taipei/
       - http://data.tycg.gov.tw/
       - http://data.moi.gov.tw/
3.2.1
       Open Data
http://bit.ly/1U3pVoI
3.3
         (.csv / Tab / Excel)
3.3.1
read.table, read.csv,
The read.table, read.csv
  • file,
                   T/F

    header,

    sep,

  • colClasses,
  • comment.char,
  • skip,
  • stringsAsFactors,
                          'Factor'
 xlsx
if (!require('xlsx')){
    install.packages("xlsx")
    library(xlsx)
ExcelData <- read.xlsx("data.xlsx",sheetIndex=1,header=TRUE)</pre>
head(ExcelData)
```

CHAPTER 3.

#### 3.4 read.csv

```
data <- read.csv('open.csv')</pre>
3.4.1
{\tt readLines},
3.4.2 R
        \mathbf{R}
load,
              Ex: iris
3.4.3 R
source, R Obejct or script, , ASCII (dump )
3.5
         (.csv / Tab )
3.5.1
write.table
3.5.2
writeLines
3.5.3 R
save
3.5.4 R
{\tt dump}
3.6
           \mathbf{R}
            Row
        Column
```

3.7. DOWNLOAD.FILE

#### Column

```
initial <- read.csv("open.csv", nrows = 100)
classes <- sapply(initial, class)
tabAll <- read.csv("open.csv", colClasses = classes)</pre>
```

#### 3.7 download.file

```
RCurl Package
download.file(URL, destfile= , method=?)
method = "curl"->For https
if (!require('RCurl')){
    install.packages("RCurl")
    library(RCurl)
}
download.file("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/yijutseng/BigDataCGUIM/master/files/opendata10401.csv"
    destfile = "open.csv", method = "curl")
```

### 3.8 Open Data

3.9

CHAPTER 3.

# Chapter 4

Some significant applications are demonstrated in this chapter.

- 4.1 Example one
- 4.2 Example two

CHAPTER 4.