2) 
$$q(t) = q e^{\frac{2\pi}{4}} \cos(\frac{1}{4} - (\frac{1}{4})^{2} + \frac{1}{4})$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = a \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} - (\frac{\pi}{4})^{2} = b$$

$$q(t) = q e^{-at} \cos(bt)$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = -[q_0 a e^{-at} \cos(bt) + q_0 b e^{-at} \sin(bt)] = -q_0 e^{-at} (a \cos(bt) + b \sin(bt))$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = q_0 a e^{-at} (a \cos(bt) + b \sin(bt)) - q_0 e^{-at} (-ab\sin(bt) + b^2 \cos(bt))$$

$$= q_0 e^{-at} [a^2 \cos(bt) + b q \sin(bt)] - [ab \sin(bt) + b^2 \cos(bt)]$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = q_0 e^{-at} [a^2 \cos(bt) + b q \sin(bt)] - [ab \sin(bt) + b^2 \cos(bt)]$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = q_0 e^{-at} [a^2 - b^2] \cos(bt) + 2ab \sin(bt)$$

IEs: 
$$q(\emptyset) = q_0 = V_0 C$$
  
 $\dot{q}(\emptyset) = -\frac{R}{2L}q_0$ 

$$\ddot{q}(0) = q e^{\frac{1}{2}} \left\{ (a^2 - b^2) \cdot cos(0) + 2ab \cdot sight) \right\} = q(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$= q(\frac{R^2}{4L^2} - \frac{1}{LC} - \frac{R}{2L})$$