

ASSIGNMENT 7

- 1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

KD3_86659_shriyapatil@>select * from ORDERS
-> where Odate = '1990-10-03';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Onum | Amt  | Odate   | Cnum | Snum |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3001 | 18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3003 | 767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001 | 1001 |
| 3002 | 1900.10 | 1990-10-03 | 2007 | 1004 |
| 3005 | 5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003 | 1002 |
| 3006 | 1098.16 | 1990-10-03 | 2008 | 1007 |
| 3007 | 75.75 | 1990-10-03 | 2004 | 1002 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

KD3_86659_shriyapatil@>
```

- 2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table.

```
asswork.customers.Snum; this is incompatible with sql_mode=only_full_group_by
KD3_86650_shriya@>select count(distinct city) from customers where city is not null ;
+-----+
| count(distinct city) |
+-----+
| 4 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

KD3_86650_shriya@>
```

- 3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

```
KD3_86659_shriya@>select min(amt) from orders
-> group by cnum;
+-----+
| min(amt) |
+-----+
| 18.69 |
| 767.19 |
| 1900.10 |
| 5160.45 |
| 1713.23 |
| 75.75 |
| 4723.00 |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

KD3_86659_shriya@>
```

- 4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G.

```
KD3_86659_shriya@>select cname from customers
-> where Cname like 'G%' ;
+-----+
| cname |
+-----+
| Giovanni |
| grass   |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

KD3_86659_shriya@>
```

- 5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.

```
-> WHERE Cname like 'G%' ;
ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'assignment1.customres' doesn't exist
KD3_86659_shriyapatil@>select city , max(rating) from CUSTOMERS
-> group by city ;
+-----+-----+
| city | max(rating) |
+-----+-----+
| London | 100 |
| Rome | 200 |
| San jose | 300 |
| Berlin | 300 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.07 sec)

KD3_86659_shriyapatil@>
```

- 6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.).

```
KD3_86659_shriya@>select count(odate) from orders  
-> group by Odate ;
```

```
+-----+  
| count(odate) |  
+-----+  
|          5 |  
|          2 |  
|          1 |  
|          2 |  
+-----+
```

```
24 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
KD3_86659_shriya@>
```