
Exercise 4

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Time Measurement

we will discuss in here two exercises in java course 1DV507. first we will discuss about concatenation with plus sign and with string builder. we will look there difference, by looking which one is faster .

Experimental setup

In this report All experiment was done on a MacBook pro with Intel core i5 Ram 8. we used the clock `System.nanoTime()`.

Exercise Two

Concatenation with plus sign vs StringBuilder.

The problem that we are handling in this report is how many characters can be concatenated or appended in one second.

In this program we used two variables named `shortC` and `longC` with string data type, and two variable names `numberOfLongConcat` and `numberOfShortConcat` with data type of long , also time for long. As well as the clock `System.nanoTime()`;

In the program we defined time and called in the while condition to subtract the `System.nanoTime` (the time that the while loop was running) to get how long the concatenation took. Below we will show some data that the program run in 3 times.

First	Length of the String	Number of concatenation
short concatenation	71664	71664
short append	140086	140086
Long concatenation	449520	5619
Long append	1252320	15654

Second	Length of the String	Number of concatenation
short concatenation	93438	93438
short append	143104	143104
Long concatenation	652640	8158
Long append	1243760	15547

Third	Length of the String	Number of concatenation
short concatenation	89179	89179
short append	136208	136208
Long concatenation	619200	7740
Long append	1231520	15394

The results shows that Stringbuilder is much faster than concatenation with plus. The reason is that concatenation with plus always creates a new string while it copies the old string but Stringbuilder takes every new string and butts its array.

Exercise Three

Sorting Algorithm

In this part the report will show three results we took from sorting althoriths with different ways like Inserting and merg. In the program will be sorted an array size of 1000 and the results will be shown below.

First	Sorted Integer/ String
Insertion string	85500
Insertion Integer	7916000
merge Integer	10143000

Second	Sorted Integer/ String
Insertion string	874000
Insertion Integer	10412000
merge Integer	11501000

Third	Sorted Integer/ String
Insertion string	860000
Insertion Integer	10271000
merge Integer	11430000

According to the results it shows that merge is faster in sorting when its compared with insertion.

