You are expected to solve homework problems individually. If needed, you may seek help from your friends. However, do not copy. Show all steps with your solutions for full credit. Use additional papers if needed. Make sure you write your name on first page.

Name: Key / 50

1. (10 points) Complete the following table:

Base10	Base2	Base16
243	11110011	F3
172	10101100	AC
241	11110001	F1
145	10010001	91
226	11100010	E2
36	00100100	24
195	11000011	C3
49	00110001	31
79	01001111	4F
123	01111011	7B

- 2. (5 points) The following decimal numbers are to be stored in a 6-bit 2's complement format. Show how they are stored
- a) +14

Positive numbers are just converted to binary = 001110

b) -20

Take Home

$$+20 = 010100$$
  
Complement every bit = 101011

$$Add 1 = 1$$

-20 is stored as 10110 0

c) +37

Cannot be stored, the range of 6 bit number is  $-32 \le n \le 31$ . Converting 37 to binary would give 100101, but that represents a negative number.

d) +25

Positive numbers are just converted to binary = 011001

e) -45

Cannot be stored, the range of 6 bit number is  $-32 \le n \le 31$ 

3. (5 points) What is this number?

$$10110012 = ?_{10}$$

Answer: depends on the representation!

- a. Unsigned:  $1011001_2 = 89_{10}$ b. Signed-magnitude:  $1011001_2 = -25_{10}$ c. Two's complement:  $1011001_2 = -39_{10}$
- 4. (5 points) What are the overflow detection rules?

Overflow occurs when the value affects the sign bit:

- ♣ Adding two positives yields a negative
- ♣ Adding two negatives gives a positive
- ♣ No overflow when adding a positive and a negative number
- 5. (5 points) The following 6-bit 2's complement numbers were found in a computer. What decimal number do they represent?
- a) 010000

Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16

b) 011001

Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 + 8 + 1 = 25

c) 101011

Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32 + 8 + 2 + 1 = -21

d) 100100

Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32 + 4 = -28

e) 100000

Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32

- 6. (10 points) Each of the following pairs of signed (2's complement) numbers are stored in computer (6 bits). Compute the sum as it is stored in a 6-bit computer word. Show the decimal equivalents of each operand and the sum. Indicate if there is overflow.
- a) 001010 010100

+10+20

011110

+30

b) 111110

001100

+ 12

001010

+ 10

- 2

c) 001010

+ 10

011000

+ 24

100010 -

+34

**>**Looks like -30; should be +34; overflow Sum of two positive numbers looks negative

d) 101001

- 23

110001

- 15

011010

- 38

Looks like +26; should be -38; overflow; sum of two negative numbers looks positive

Take Ho

- 7. (10 points) For each of the following pairs of signed integers (2's complement), subtract the second from the first. Indicate overflow where appropriate
  - a) 111010 000111

111010 Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32 + 16 + 8 + 2 = -6000111 Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 4 + 2 + 1 = 72's complement of the subtrahend 111001

$$111010 + 111001 = 110011$$
  
Check =  $-6 - (+7) = -6 - 7 = -13$ 

b) 100100 011000

100100  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32 + 4 = -28 011000  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 + 8 = 24 2's complement of the subtrahend  $\longrightarrow$  101000

Positive number ——— overflow

c) 010001 011000

010001  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 + 1 = 17 011000  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 + 8 = 24

2's complement of the subtrahend — 101000

**Take Home** 

101000  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 1, it is negative = -32 + 8 = -24

$$010001 + 101000 = 111001$$
  
Check =  $17 + (-24) = -7$ 

d) 010000

100100

010000  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 2's complement of the subtrahend  $\longrightarrow$  011100 011100  $\longrightarrow$  Because it begins with 0, it is positive = 16 + 8 + 4 = 28

010000 + 011100 = 101100

Negative number — > overflow