

# Reproducible Research

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February 26, 2016

# Objectives

In this session we shall cover the following:

- 1 Introduce the concept of reproducible research
- 2 Compare reproducibility and replicability
- 3 Identify ways to make work reproducible
- 4 Different platforms available to make work reproducible

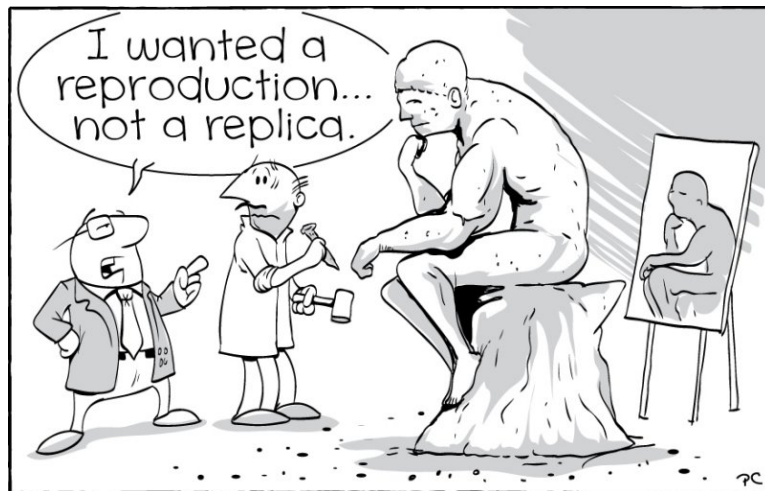
# Replication

- Replication involves the process of repeating a study using the same methods, different subjects and different experimenters.
- Some studies cannot be replicated due to:
  - Time constraints
  - Financial constraints
  - Uniqueness of the original study

# Reproducible Research

- Reproducible Research involves methods and approaches which enhance the integrity of research and promote consistent expectations within the scientific community.
- Generally, reproducibility ensures that independent scientists can reproduce published results by using the same procedures and data as the original investigator(s). (Laine et al.,2007)
- A good practice in reproducible research is to document as much as possible all the methods, processes and assumptions made when conducting your analysis

# Reproducibility v/s Replicability

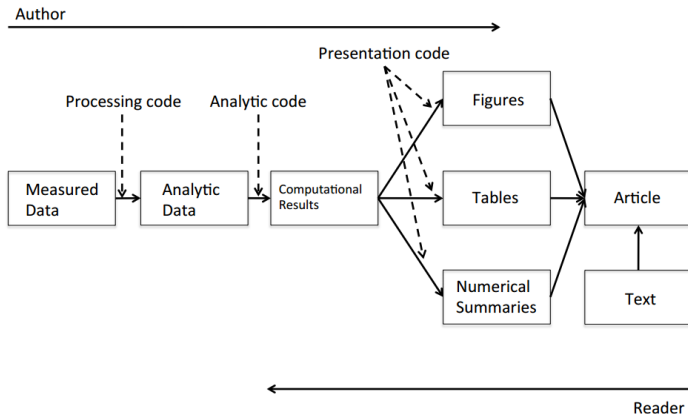


# How do I make my work reproducible?

- Ensure that the following are available:
  - Analytic data
  - Analytic code
  - Documentation of data and code
- These steps help during review of work and enable continuity of your work.

# General Process of Reproducibility

## Research Pipeline



# R Markdown

- In R mark down, the analysis code is divided into text and code **“chunks”**
- Each code chunk loads data and executes to give the results
- Article text explains what is going on
- For Mac users install Mactex while windos users use Miktex



# Sample R code in Markdown

```
1 ```{r, echo=FALSE, message=F}
2 setwd("/Users/gpotieno/Documents/Presentations/Internship Program/Data")
3
4 # 1.0 Load packages
5 library(foreign)
6 #library(epicalc)
7 library(epitools)
8 library(epiR)
9 library(fmsb)
10 library(knitr)
11
12 # 2.0 Import the child deaths data
13 childdeaths <- read.table("child_deaths.csv", header=TRUE, sep=",")
14 ```
```

# Summary

- Reproducible research is important as a **minimum standard**, particularly for studies that are difficult to replicates
- There is a growing number of tools that can be used to create reproducible documents, so we should be able to account for every process in our research

# Questions

