## TASK: SCOPE RESOLUTION OPERATOR

## 1. LEARN ABOUT SCOPE RESOLUTION OPERATOR(::).WHAT IS ITS SYNTAX AND WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENT USES OF IT?

The scope resolution operator (::) is used for several reasons. For example: If the global variable name is same as local variable name, the scope resolution operator will be used to call the global variable. It is also used to define a function outside the class and used to access the static variables of class.

::
USES:
The scope resolution operator helps to identify and specify the context to which an identifier refers, particularly by specifying a namespace. The specific uses vary across different programming languages with the notions of scoping. In many languages the scope resolution operator is written "::".
2.WRITE A C++ PROGRAM TO COUNT NUMBER OF VOWELS AND CONSONANTS
IN A GIVEN STRING ,
A.USER WILL INPUT STRING.
B.MAKE A FUNCTION COUNT() AND DECLARE IT OUTSIDE THE CLASS.
C.EXAMPLE OUTPUT:
STRING: YOU ARE AWESOME.
VOWELS:8
#include <iostream.h></iostream.h>
using namespace std;
int main()

SYNTAX:

```
{
                       char x[10];
                       int n,i,count=0;
                       cout<<"Enter any string\n";</pre>
                       cin>>x;
                       n=strlen(x);
                       for(i=0;i<n;++i)
                     {
                                              if(x[i] == 'a' \mid |x[i] == 'e' \mid |x[i] == 'i' \mid |x[i] == 'o' \mid |x[i] == 'u' \mid |x[i] == 'A' \mid |x[i] == 'E' \mid |x[i] == 'I' \mid |x[i] == 'O' \mid |x[i] == 'A' \mid |x[i] == 'B' \mid |x
   |x[i]=='U')
                                                {
                                                                        count=count+1;
                                       }
```

```
cout<<count;
return 0;</pre>
```

}