







Param server: shell cmds

- A Parameter Server is a shared dictionary
- ROS uses to store global parameters/constants.
- Can be accessed by nodes
- The terminal cmds to play with them:
- > rosparam set *param value* → set parameter
- > rosparam get param → get parameter
- \rightarrow rosparam load file \rightarrow load parameters from file
- \rightarrow rosparam dump file \rightarrow dump parameters to file
- > rosparam delete param → delete parameter
- > rosparam list list parameter names

Checking param list

```
~/catkin ws$ rosparam list
/rosdistro
```

/roslaunch/uris/host_rosvirtualserver_virtual_machine__32787 /roslaunch/uris/host_rosvirtualserver_virtual_machine__33307 /roslaunch/uris/host_rosvirtualserver_virtual_machine__38671 /roslaunch/uris/host rosvirtualserver virtual machine 41027 /roslaunch/uris/host rosvirtualserver virtual machine 41479 /roslaunch/uris/host_rosvirtualserver_virtual_machine__45735 /roslaunch/uris/host_rosvirtualserver_virtual_machine__45761

/rosversion

/run_id

rosvirtualserver@rosvirtualserver-virtualmachine:~/catkin_ws\$ rosparam get /rosversion '1.12.7'

Param server: parameter types

- · 32-bit integers
- booleans
- strings
- doubles
- iso8601 dates
- lists
- base64-encoded binary data

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Param server: getting from python

```
global_name = rospy.get_param("/global_name")
relative_name = rospy.get_param("relative_name")
private_param = rospy.get_param('~private_name')
default_param = rospy.get_param('default_param', 'default_value')
```

fetch a group (dictionary) of parameters
gains = rospy.get_param('gains')
p, i, d = gains['P'], gains['I'], gains['D']

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```
# Using yaml strings
rospy.set_param('a_string', 'baz')
rospy.set_param('-private_int', '2')
rospy.set_param('list_of_floats', "[1., 2., 3., 4.]")
rospy.set_param('bool_True', "true")rospy.set_param('gains', "{'p': 1, 'i': 2, 'd': 3}")
# Using raw python objects
rospy.set_param_raw('a_string', 'baz')
rospy.set_param_raw('-private_int', 2)
rospy.set_param_raw('list_of_floats', [1., 2., 3., 4.])
rospy.set_param_raw('bool_True', True)
rospy.set_param_raw('gains', {'p': 1, 'i': 2, 'd': 3})
rospy.get_param('gains/P') #should return 1
```

Param server: exercise

- try to set and get parameters using the Python code from previous slides
- try the terminal commands as well

```
> rosparam set param value →set parameter
```

- > rosparam get param → get parameter
- > rosparam load $file \rightarrow$ load parameters from file
- > rosparam dump $file \rightarrow$ dump parameters to file
- > rosparam delete $param \rightarrow$ delete parameter
- > rosparam list list parameter names

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Param server: definition in a YAML file YAML is a lightweight markup language that supports all parameter types Config.yaml camera: left: name: left_camera exposure: 1 right: name: right_camera exposure: 1.1 package.launch <launch> <node name="name" pkg="package" type="node_type"> <rosparam command="load"</pre> file="\$(find package)/config/config.yaml" /> </node> </launch> **:::** ROS 11

Param server: yaml file→yaml format

- YAML uses "tags" to override types, where the YAML syntax may be ambiguous
- Common tags

```
!!str, !!int, !!float, !!seq, !!map
```

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