STM32F4xx UART Library

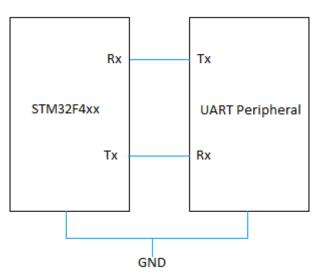
Valid for STM32F405/415, STM32F407/417, STM32F427/437 and STM32F429/439 advanced ARM®-based 32-bit MCUs

Introduction

UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter) is a *serial* communication protocol. This protocol is implemented on hardware through RS-232, USB, etc.

UART has two pins, Tx and Rx. There are two more optional pins, RTS and CTS, which are used for hardware flow control.

Connection Diagram



Pin Configuration

<u>Peripheral</u>	<u>Tx Pin</u>	<u>Rx Pin</u>
UART_1	PA9	PA10
UART_2	PA2	PA3
UART_3	PB10	PB11
UART_4	PA0	PA1
UART_5	PC12	PD2
UART_6	PC6	PC7

Function Documentation

Function	Return Type	Parameters	Description
UARTx_Init(UARTx n, uint8_t data_bits, double STOP, _Bool HDSEL, uint32_t baud_rate)	void	n = UART_1, UART_2, UART_3, UART_4, UART_5 or UART_6	Initializes the selected UART peripheral, with the given configurations. Also initializes the respective GPIO pins.

		data_bits = 8 or 9	
		STOP = 1, 0.5, 2 or 1.5	
		baud_rate = 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 or 230400	
UARTx_En(UARTx n)	void		Enables the selected UART peripheral.
UARTx_Dis(UARTx n)	void		Disables the selected UART peripheral.
UARTx_Tx_En(UARTx n)	void		Enables the selected UART transmission block.
UARTx_Tx_Dis(UARTx n)	void		Disables the selected UART transmission block.
UARTx_Rx_En(UARTx n)	void		Enables the selected UART receiver block.
UARTx_Rx_Dis(UARTx n)	void		Disables the selected UART receiver block.
UARTx_Tx_char(UARTx n , char ch)	void	ch is the character to be sent	Sends a single character over the selected UART peripheral.
UARTx_Tx_int(UARTx , int i)	void	i is the integer to be sent	Sends an integer over the selected UART peripheral.
<pre>UARTx_Tx_string(UARTx n, char *s)</pre>	void	s is the string to be sent	Sends a string over the selected UART peripheral.
UARTx_Rx_char(UARTx n)	char		Receives a single character through the selected UART peripheral.
UARTx_Rx_int(UARTx n)	int		Receives an integer through the selected UART peripheral.
<pre>UARTx_Rx_char_memwrite(UARTx n, char * s, int data_items)</pre>	void		Writes a char/string to the specified memory location.
UARTx_Interrupt_Event_En(UARTx n, USART_Interrupt_Event ui)	void	ui = TXE, CTS, TC, RXNE, ORE, IDLE,	Enables the selected UART interrupt.

PE, LBD,	For details, see UART
NF_ORE_FE	interrupts.

UART Interrupts

Interrupt Event	Event flag	Event control bit
Transmit Data Register Empty	TXE	TXEIE
CTS flag	CTS	CTSIE
Transmission Complete	TC	TCIE
Received Data Ready to be Read	RXNE	RXNEIE
Overrun Error Detected	ORE	
Idle Line Detected	IDLE	IDLEIE
Parity Error	PE	PEIE
Break Flag	LBD	LBDIE
Noise Flag, Overrun error and Framing Error in multi-buffer communication	NF or ORE or FE	EIE

Source: STMicroelectronics RM0090 Reference manual

Code Examples

• Code to send a single character over UART.

```
#include "stm32f4xx.h"
#include "stm32f4xx_uart.h"

int main(void) {
          UARTx_Init(UART_5, 8, 1, 0, 9600);
          UARTx_En(UART_5);
          UARTx_Tx_En(UART_5);

          UARTx_Tx_char(UART_5, 'A');

          UARTx_Tx_Dis(UART_5);
          return 0;
}

void USART1_IRQHandler() {
          //TODO
}
```

• Code to receive a single character over UART, and store in a variable.

```
#include "stm32f4xx.h"
#include "stm32f4xx_uart.h"

int main(void) {
    UARTx_Init(UART_5, 8, 1, 0, 9600);
    UARTx_En(UART_5);
    UARTx_Rx_En(UART_5);
    char ch = UARTx_Rx_char(UART_5);

UARTx_Rx_Dis(UART_5);
```

```
return 0;
}
void USART1_IRQHandler() {
    //TODO
}
```