

# Knowledge Graphs

## Lecture 4 - Knowledge Representation with Ontologies

### 4.4 - More OWL

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# Knowledge Graphs

## Lecture 4: Knowledge Representation with Ontologies

4.1 A Brief History of Ontologies

4.2 Why we do need Logic

Excursion 4: A Brief Recap of Essential Logics

Excursion 5: Description Logics

4.3 First Steps in OWL

**4.4 More OWL**

4.5 OWL and beyond

4.6 How to Design your own Ontology

# The Semantic Web Technology Stack (not a piece of cake...)

Most apps use only a subset of the stack

Querying allows fine-grained data access

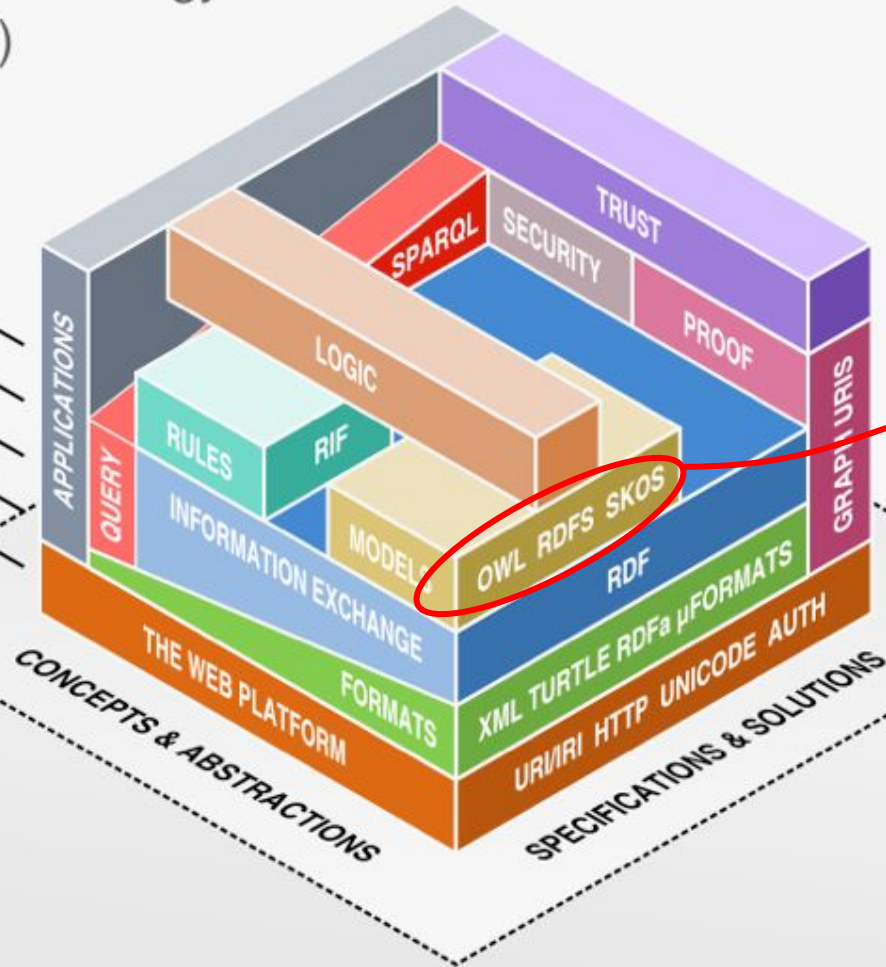
Standardized information exchange is key

Formats are necessary, but not too important

The Semantic Web is based on the Web

Linked Data uses a small  
selection of technologies

LINKED DATA



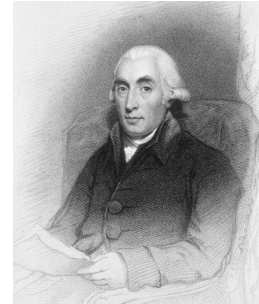
Web  
Ontology  
Language  
(OWL)

# OWL Complex Classes - Nominals

```

:Chemist    a owl:Class .
:Physicist  a owl:Class .
:JosephFourier a :Physicist .
:Jan_Baptist_van_Helmont a :Physicist .
:JosephBlack a Chemist .

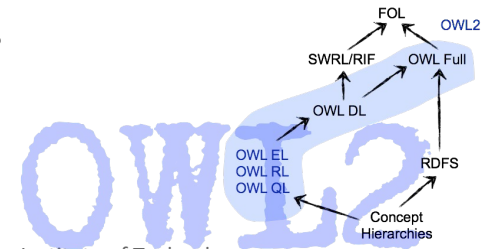
:CarbonDioxideClub a owl:Class ;
  owl:oneOf
    ( :JosephFourier
      :Jan_Baptist_van_Helmont
      :JosephBlack ) .
  
```



[2,3,4]

CarbonDioxideClub  $\sqsubseteq$  { JosephFourier,  
JanBaptistVanHelmont,  
JosepBlack }

- There are only three scientists in the Carbon Dioxide Club.



# OWL Logical Class Constructors

- logical AND (conjunction):
- logical OR (disjunction):
- logical negation:

`owl:intersectionOf`

□

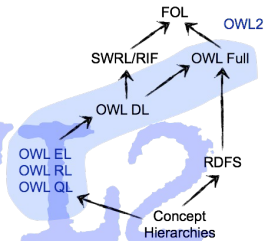
`owl:unionOf`

⊔

`owl:complementOf`

¬

used to create complex  
classes from atomic classes



OWL2

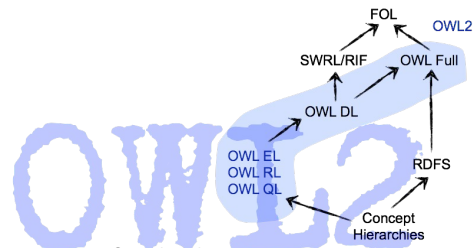


# OWL Logical Class Constructors - Intersection

```
:Scientist a owl:Class .  
:ClimateActivist a owl:Class .  
:Scientists4Future a owl:Class ;  
    owl:intersectionOf (:Scientist :ClimateActivist) .
```

`Scientists4Future`  $\equiv$  `Scientist`  $\sqcap$  `ClimateActivist`

- The class `:Scientists4Future` results from the intersection of all individuals of the classes `:Scientist` and `:ClimateActivist`

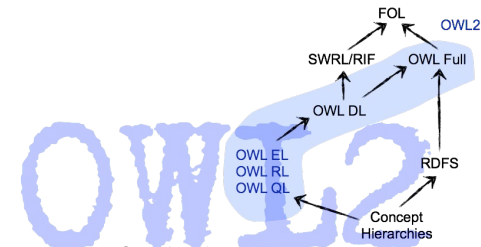


# OWL Logical Class Constructors - Union

```
:Environmentalist a owl:Class ;  
  owl:equivalentClass [  
    owl:unionOf ( :ClimateActivist  
                  :AnimalRightsActivist  
                  :EnergySaver )  
  ] .
```

Environmentalist  $\equiv$  ClimateActivist  $\sqcup$  AnimalRightsActivist  
 $\sqcup$  EnergySaver

- Climate Activists, Animal Rights Activists, and Energy Savers are all Environmentalists

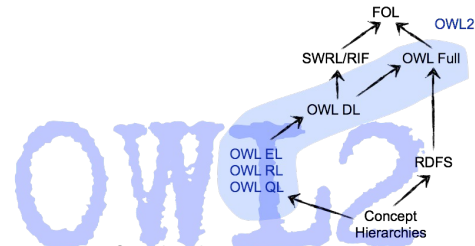


# OWL Logical Class Constructors - Negation

```
:Pacifist a owl:Class .  
:Warmonger a owl:Class ;  
    owl:complementOf (:Pacifist) .
```

Warmonger  $\equiv$   $\neg$ Pacifist

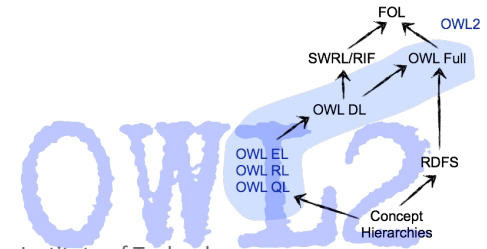
- The class **:Warmonger** results from the complement of the class **:Pacifist**





# OWL Property Restrictions

- **OWL property restrictions** are used to describe **complex classes** via **properties**
- restrictions on values:
  - `owl:hasValue`
  - `owl:allValuesFrom`
  - `owl:someValuesFrom`
- restrictions on cardinality:
  - `owl:cardinality`
  - `owl:minCardinality`
  - `owl:maxCardinality`



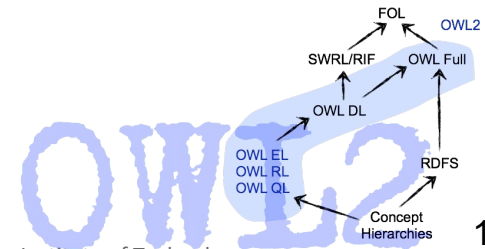
# OWL Property Restrictions with Constants

```

:FouriersDiscoveries a owl:Class ;
    rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :discoverer ;
      owl:hasValue :JosephFourier ] .
  
```

FouriersDiscoveries  $\sqsubseteq$  discoverer.(JosephFourier)

- The class **:FouriersDiscoveries** is described via fixed value assignment (=constant) of the individual **:JosephFourier** to the property **:discoverer**



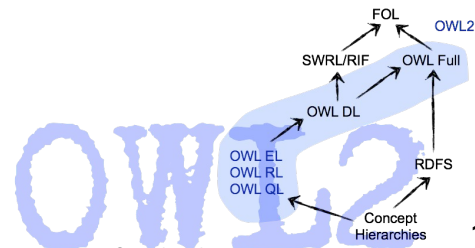
# OWL Properties Restriction with Strict Binding

```

:VegetarianDish a owl:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :ingredient ;
      owl:allValuesFrom :VegetarianFood ] .
  
```

VegetarianDish  $\sqsubseteq$   
 $\forall \text{ingredient. VegetarianFood}$

- **owl:allValuesFrom**  
 fixes all instances of a specific class C  
 as allowed range for a property p  
 (strict binding)  $\forall p.C$

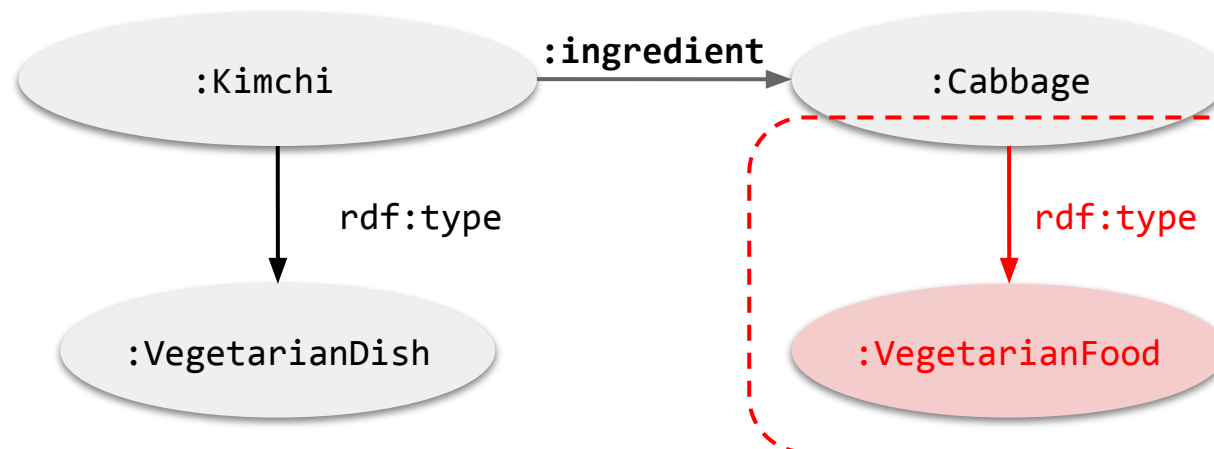


# OWL Properties Restriction with Strict Binding

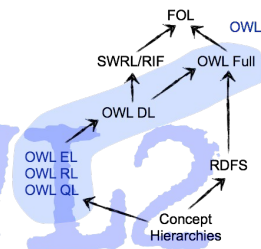
```

:VegetarianDish a owl:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :ingredient ;
      owl:allValuesFrom :VegetarianFood ] .

```



Logical inference





# OWL Property Restriction with Loose Binding

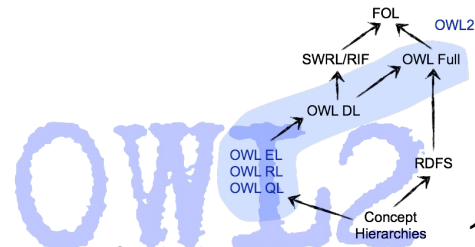
```

:Reader a owl:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :reads ;
      owl:someValuesFrom :Book ] .

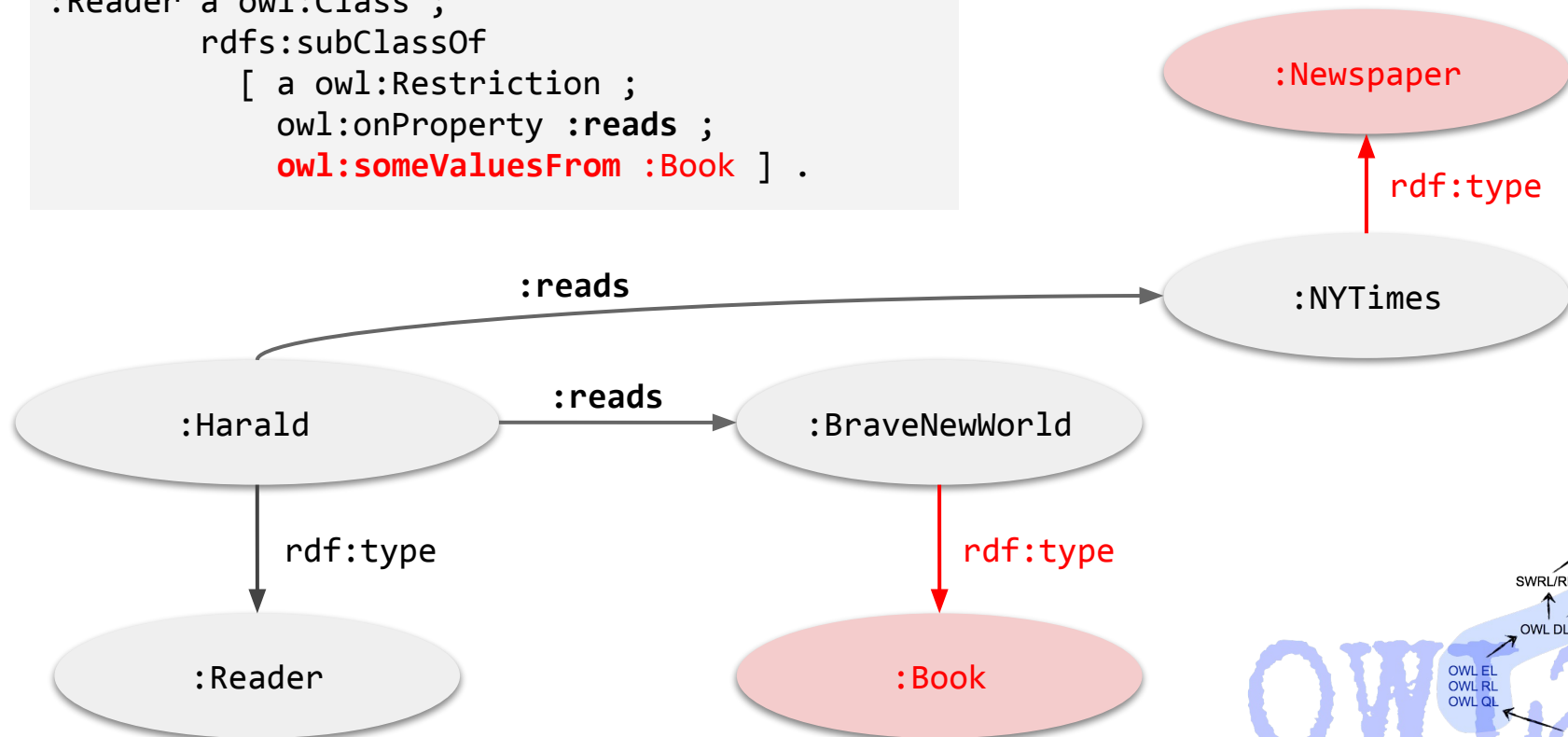
```

Reader  $\sqsubseteq \exists \text{reads}.\text{Book}$

- **owl:someValuesFrom**  
describes that there must exist an individual for p  
and fixes its range to class C (loose binding)  $\exists p.C$

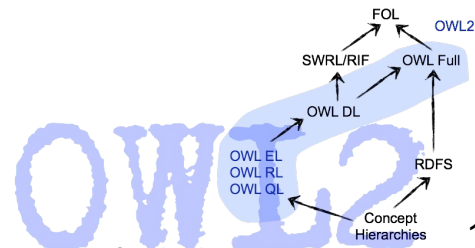


```
:Reader a owl:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :reads ;
      owl:someValuesFrom :Book ] .
```



# OWL Property Restrictions

- OWL property restrictions are used to describe complex classes via properties
- restrictions on values:
  - `owl:hasValue`
  - `owl:allValuesFrom`
  - `owl:someValuesFrom`
- restrictions on cardinality:
  - `owl:cardinality`
  - `owl:minCardinality`
  - `owl:maxCardinality`



# OWL Property Restrictions with Cardinality

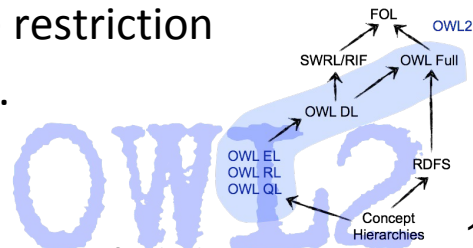
```

:StringQuartett a owl:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf
    [ a owl:Restriction ;
      owl:onProperty :member ;
      owl:cardinality "4"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#int> ] .

```

StringQuartett  $\sqsubseteq$  =4.member. $\top$

- Class `:StringQuartett` is restricted to exactly 4 members, i.e. any instance of `:StringQuartett` must have exactly 4 values for the property `:member`
- For `owl:maxCardinality` and `owl:minCardinality` the restriction gives upper and lower bounds on property value cardinalities.







# OWL and Beyond

Next Lecture...

### Picture References:

- [1] Benjamin Nowack, *The Semantic Web - Not a Piece of cake...*, at bnode.org, 2009-07-08 , [CC BY 3.0]  
<http://bnode.org/blog/2009/07/08/the-semantic-web-not-a-piece-of-cake>
- [2] Louis-Léopold Boilly, Engraved portrait of French mathematician Jean Baptiste Joseph Fourier, early 19th century, [Public Domain]  
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Fourier2.jpg>
- [3] Mary Beale, Jan Baptist van Helmont, 1647, [Public Domain]  
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Jan\\_Baptist\\_van\\_Helmont\\_portrait.jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Jan_Baptist_van_Helmont_portrait.jpg)
- [4] Joseph Black, Günther Bugge: *Das Buch Der Grossen Chemiker*, Band 1, Verlag Chemie Weinheim 1929, [Public Domain]  
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Joseph\\_Black2.JPG](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Joseph_Black2.JPG)
- [5] Museum of Fine Arts of Lyon, Owl standing right, head facing. Reverse of a silver tetradrachm from Athens, ca. 480–420 BC.  
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