

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Islamic University of Technology (IUT)

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Laboratory Report

CSE 4412: Data Communication and Networking Lab

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Section: B

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Title: Configuring Switch Port Security and Switch Port Analyzer (SPAN) in Cisco Devices

Objective:

- 1. Describe the concept of Switch Port Security
- 2. Explain importance of Switch Port Security in securing an organization
- 3. Configure Switch Port Security in CISCO devices
- 4. Use Switch Port Security feature to achieve varying degrees of protection
- 5. Describe the concept of port mirroring
- 6. Implement port mirroring using Cisco Switch Port Analyzer (SPAN)
- 7. Explain use cases of SPAN in real-life

Devices/ software Used:

1. Cisco Packet Tracer

Theory:

Port Mirroring:

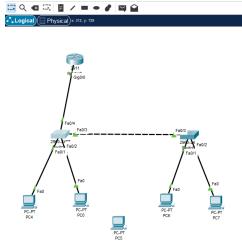
It mirrors traffic from one port to another port. The packets from one port are copied and sent to another port, where a packet analyzer is connected. This packet analyzer can be a purpose-built hardware or it can be an application like Wireshark or an Intrusion Detection System (IDS) running on a host device. Technically, these are Ethernet frames which will be mirrored.

Local SPAN:

When traffic on a switch port is mirrored to another port on that switch, then it's Local SPAN.

Diagram of the experiment(s):

(Provide screenshot of the final network topology. Make sure to label the network components.)



Working Procedure:

(Explain in brief how you completed the tasks. Provide necessary screenshots of used commands for each task.)

1) Implemented the vlans:

3.1 Creating Vlan

- 1. To create a Vlan with Vlan ID 10: switch(config)# vlan 10
- To assign name to vlan:
 Switch(config-vlan)# name [Vlan_name]

3.2 Configure Access Link

- Select the interface: Switch(config)# interface Fast-Ethernet 0/1
- configure the interface as an access link: Switch(config-if)# switchport mode access
- 3. Select the vlan to have access to the access link: Switch(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10
- No shutdown: Switch(config-if)# no shutdown

3.3 Configure Trunk Link

- Select the interface: Switch(config)# interface Fast-Ethernet 0/4
- 2. configure the interface as a trunk link: Switch(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
- Specify the list of VLANs specified on the trunk port: Switch(config-if)# switchport trunk allowed vlan all
- No shutdown: Switch(config-if)# no shutdown

2) Implemented Inter-Vlan Communication

4.1 Using Router

1. Keep The Router Running:

Router(config)# int g0/0

Router(config-if)# no shutdown

Assign virtual VLAN to the router interface:

Router(config)# int g0/0.10

Router(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 10

Router(config-subif)# IP address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

- 3. Don't Forget to implement trunk link
- 4. Don't Forget the default gateway

3) Configured switch port security

S1(config)# interface range f0/1 - 2

S1(config-if-range)# switchport port-security maximum 1

S1(config-if-range)# switchport port-security mac-address sticky

S1(config-if-range)# switchport port-security violation restrict

	show show show	port-secur	ddr CurrentAddı	r SecurityViolation (Count)	Security Action
	Fa0,	/1 1	. 1	0	Protect
	Fa0,	/2 1	. 1	2	Restrict
Switch#	<u> </u>				

4) Configured Span

S1(config)# monitor session 1 source interface f0/2 S1(config)# monitor session 1 destination interface f0/1

Switch#show monitor Session 1

Type : Local Session

Description : -

Source Ports

Both : Fa0/2
Destination Ports : Fa0/1
Encapsulation : Native

Ingress : Disabled

Switch#

Observation:

Challenges (if any):