

Upgrade **Get Certified Create Website** Sign Up

PYTHON

XML HttpRequest

CSS

JAVASCRIPT

HTML

< Previous</p>

Next >

Q

All modern browsers have a built-in XMLHttpRequest object to request data from a server.

SQL

The XMLHttpRequest Object

The XMLHttpRequest object can be used to request data from a web server.

The XMLHttpRequest object is **a developers dream**, because you can:

- Update a web page without reloading the page
- Request data from a server after the page has loaded
- Receive data from a server after the page has loaded
- Send data to a server in the background

XMLHttpRequest Example

When you type a character in the input field below, an XMLHttpRequest is sent to the server, and some name suggestions are returned (from the server):

Example

Start typing a name in the input field below	Start	tvpina	a name	in the	input	field	below:
--	-------	--------	--------	--------	-------	-------	--------

Name:	Suggestions:
name:	Suggestions:

The example above is explained in the AJAX chapters of this tutorial.

Sending an XMLHttpRequest

A common JavaScript syntax for using the XMLHttpRequest object looks much like this:

Example

```
var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {
```

```
if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {
    // Typical action to be performed when the document is ready:
    document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = xhttp.responseText;
}
};
xhttp.open("GET", "filename", true);
xhttp.send();
Try it Yourself »
```

Example Explained

The first line in the example above creates an **XMLHttpRequest** object:

```
var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
```

The **onreadystatechange** property specifies a function to be executed every time the status of the XMLHttpRequest object changes:

```
xhttp.onreadystatechange = function()
```

When readyState property is 4 and the status property is 200, the response is ready:

```
if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200)
```

The **responseText** property returns the server response as a text string.

The text string can be used to update a web page:

```
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = xhttp.responseText;
```

You will learn a lot more about the XMLHttpRequest object in the AJAX chapters of this tutorial.

Previous

Log in to track progress

Next >



COLOR PICKER







Spaces

Upgrade

Newsletter

Get Certified

Report Error

Top Tutorials

HTML Tutorial
CSS Tutorial
JavaScript Tutorial
How To Tutorial
SQL Tutorial
Python Tutorial
W3.CSS Tutorial
Bootstrap Tutorial
PHP Tutorial
Java Tutorial
jQuery Tutorial

Top Examples

HTML Examples
CSS Examples
JavaScript Examples
How To Examples
SQL Examples
Python Examples
W3.CSS Examples
Bootstrap Examples
PHP Examples
Java Examples
XML Examples
jQuery Examples

Top References

HTML Reference CSS Reference JavaScript Reference SQL Reference Python Reference W3.CSS Reference Bootstrap Reference PHP Reference HTML Colors Java Reference Angular Reference jQuery Reference

Get Certified

HTML Certificate
CSS Certificate
JavaScript Certificate
Front End Certificate
SQL Certificate
Python Certificate
PHP Certificate
jQuery Certificate
Java Certificate
C++ Certificate
C# Certificate
XML Certificate

FORUM | ABOUT

W3Schools is optimized for learning and training. Examples might be simplified to improve reading and learning. Tutorials, references, and examples are constantly reviewed to avoid errors, but we cannot warrant full correctness of all content. While using W3Schools, you agree to have read and accepted our terms of use, cookie and privacy policy.

Copyright 1999-2023 by Refsnes Data. All Rights Reserved. W3Schools is Powered by W3.CSS.

