

```

        totalQuestions: this.questions.length
    }
}

```

Then, in the `Quiz` component, you can create a method called `nextQuestion` that will be called each time the user selects an answer:

kotlin

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```

methods: {
    nextQuestion(selectedAnswer) {
        // Save the user's answer
        this.userAnswers[this.currentQuestionIndex] = selectedAnswer;

        // Increment the current question index
        this.currentQuestionIndex++;

        // If we've answered all the questions, emit the finishQuiz event
        if (this.currentQuestionIndex === this.totalQuestions) {
            this.$emit('finishQuiz', this.userAnswers);
        }
    }
}

```

This method first saves the user's answer in the `userAnswers` array, then increments the `currentQuestionIndex`. If the `currentQuestionIndex` is equal to the `totalQuestions`, it means that we've answered all the questions, so we emit the `finishQuiz` event with the `userAnswers` array as an argument.

Finally, in the parent component, you can listen for the `finishQuiz` event and update the `currentStep` value to display the `Result` component:

ruby

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```

<Quiz v-if="currentStep === 1"
    :questions="questions"
    @finishQuiz="finishQuiz"
/>

<Result v-else-if="currentStep === 2"
    :questions="questions"
    :userAnswers="userAnswers"
/>

```

Note that we use `v-if` and `v-else-if` to conditionally render either the `Quiz` or `Result` component based on the value of `currentStep`. When `currentStep` is `1`, we render the `Quiz` component, and when `currentStep` is `2`, we render the `Result` component. When the `finishQuiz` event is emitted from the `Quiz` component, the `finishQuiz` method in the parent component will be called, which will update the `currentStep` value to `2`, causing the `Result` component to be rendered.