	Course Name:	Object Oriented Programming	Course Code:	CS217
	Degree Program:	BS (CS, SE, DS)	Semester:	Spring 2022
	Exam Duration:	180 Minutes	Total Marks:	65
	Paper Date:	13-June-2022	Weight	40
	Section:	ALL	Page(s):	13
	Exam Type:	Final Exam		

Student : Name: _____ **Roll No.** _____ **Section:** _____

Instruction/Notes: Attempt all questions. Answer in the space provided. **Answers written on rough sheet will not be marked.** Do not use pencil or red ink to answer the questions. In case of confusion or ambiguity make a reasonable assumption. Properly comment your code in Q1, Q2 and Q3.

Question 1: (CLO:3,4)

(Marks: 15)

Suppose you are working as an intern in a large company that does a lot of text processing and your team lead wants you to write a small function that takes an array of tweets as input and create an index of important key words in all the tweets. According to the guidelines given by your boss, important key words are all the words separated by white space. For simplicity you can assume that all the letters are in lower case.

Consider the following example:

Tweet 1 breakthrough drug schizophrenia drug released July

Tweet 2 new schizophrenia drug breakthrough drug

Tweet 3 new approach treatment schizophrenia

Tweet 4 new hopes schizophrenia patients schizophrenia cure

Important key words are: breakthrough, drug, schizophrenia, released, july, new, approach, treatment, hopes, patients, cure

An index contains key words and for each key word it stores the tweet ids in which that key word appears. Below is an example of an index

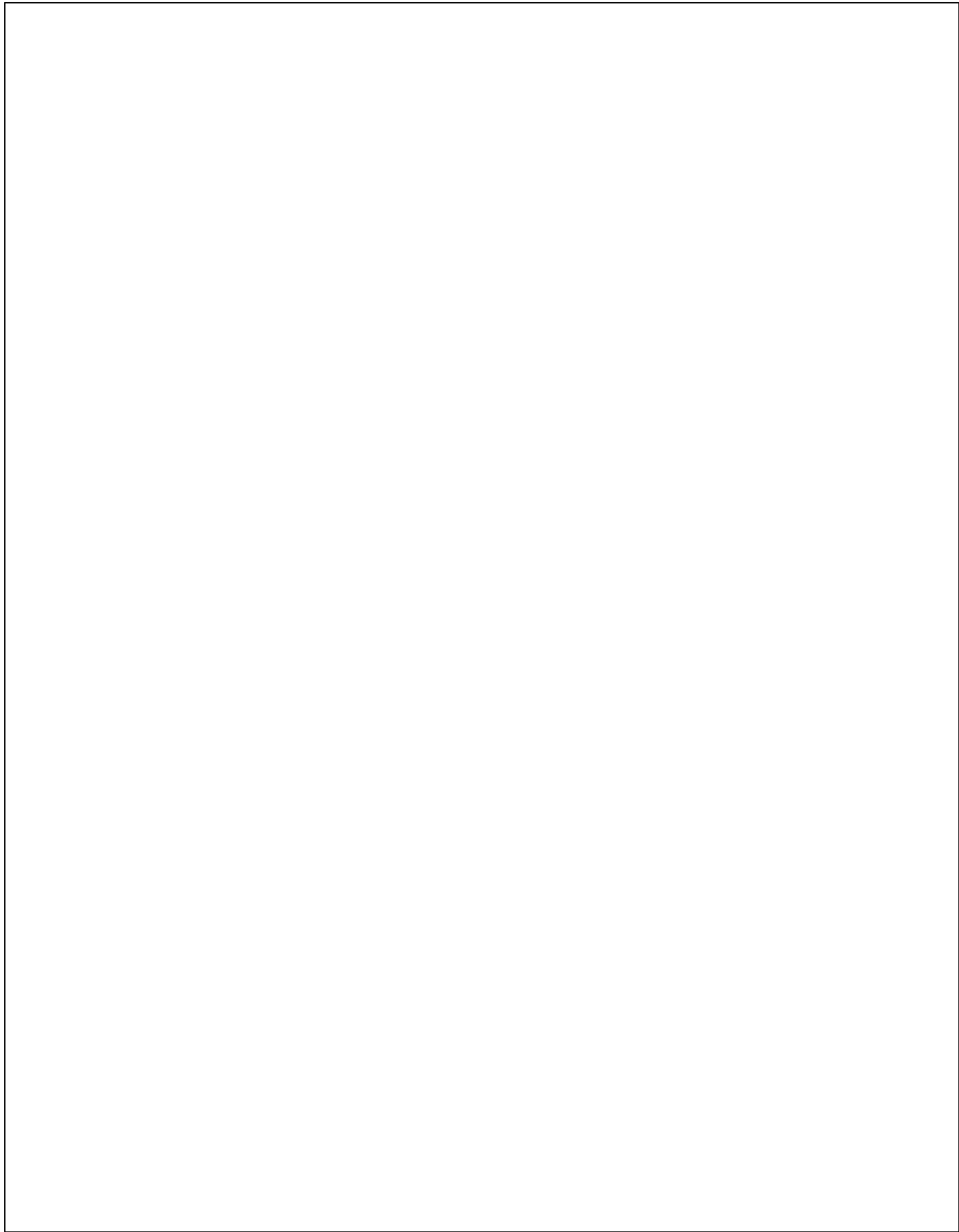
breakthrough	1	2		
drug	1	2		
schizophrenia	1	2	3	4
released	1			
july	1			
new	2	3	4	
approach	3			
treatment	3			
hopes	4			
patients	4			
cure	4			

Write a C++ function ***createIndex*** that takes an array of strings (`char**`) named ***tweets*** and its size ***n*** as parameters. This function will first extract all the unique key words and store them in a dynamically created array of strings (`char** keyWords`). It must also create another dynamic 2D array "***IDs***" of integers such that for each key word in the array ***keyWords*** there is a row that stores the tweet ids of all those tweets in which that word appears, followed by -1. The tweet id is the position(index+1) of a tweet in the array ***tweets***. The size of the row must be precisely equal to the number of tweets in which that key word appears + 1. You also have to return both the arrays: ***keyWords***, ***IDs*** and their ***size*** from the function ***createIndex***.

You can divide the tasks into smaller subtasks. You can also use built-in functions for string processing.

Sample Output:

keyWords	IDs					
breakthrough	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	1	2	-1		
1	2	-1				
Drug	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	1	2	-1		
1	2	-1				
schizophrenia	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	1	2	3	4	-1
1	2	3	4	-1		
Released	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	1	-1			
1	-1					
July	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	1	-1			
1	-1					
New	<table><tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	2	3	4	-1	
2	3	4	-1			
Approach	<table><tr><td>3</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	3	-1			
3	-1					
Treatment	<table><tr><td>3</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	3	-1			
3	-1					
Hopes	<table><tr><td>4</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	4	-1			
4	-1					
Patients	<table><tr><td>4</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	4	-1			
4	-1					
Cure	<table><tr><td>4</td><td>-1</td></tr></table>	4	-1			
4	-1					



Question 2 (CLO:3,4)**(Marks: 15)**

A digital image is a representation of a real image which is stored in a matrix format. Each cell of matrix is called pixel (picture element) which contains an integer value. Your task is to provide the functionality for class image that includes: **implementation of default and parameterized constructor, destructor and a public method (filtering)**. Consider the partial definition of class Image.

```
class Image
```

```
{
```

```
    int rows, cols;
```

```
    int **img;
```

```
public:
```

```
    ... // Complete the code
```

```
};
```

1. Create default constructor

[2]

2. Create a parameterized(overloaded) constructor that takes rows, columns, and a 2D pointer **img_ptr** to a 2D array as parameters and dynamically create the array **img** and initialize **img** to **img_ptr**.

[3]

3. Destructor

[2]

4. Create a Function Filtering which takes a 2D matrix named **filter** of size **m_{xn}** and an integer stride as parameters, and return the filtered image by following the steps given below:

[8]

- a. Calculate *divisor* by adding all the values in the filter.

- Slide the *filter* onto the image by the jump as per *stride*(jump in both directions row and column).
- Multiply the corresponding elements of filter and image and then add them. After that divide the answer by *divisor* and get new value.
- Repeat this procedure until all values of the image has been calculated.
- The new value should be placed in a new 2D array which will be returned from the function. The calculated value should be placed at the exact center point where the filter is applied. To ensure an exact center point, the size of filter must be in odd number. (you can assume it's odd in number)
- The size of the new filtered image and input image should remain the same. To accomplish it the boundaries should have the old values as per the original input image.

Example: If filter is applied on the part that is within the black boundary of the image given above, then the updation would be as follows:

Divisor = $0+1+0+1+2+1+0+1+0=6$

The values in image where *filter* will be updated [47, 22, 25, 52, 51, 50, 35, 47, 49]

Corresponding values in *filter* [0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0]

New Value = $[47 \times 0 + 22 \times 1 + 25 \times 0 + 52 \times 1 + 51 \times 2 + 50 \times 1 + 35 \times 0 + 47 \times 1 + 49 \times 0] / 6 = 45$

The new value, which is 45, should be updated in the resultant new image.

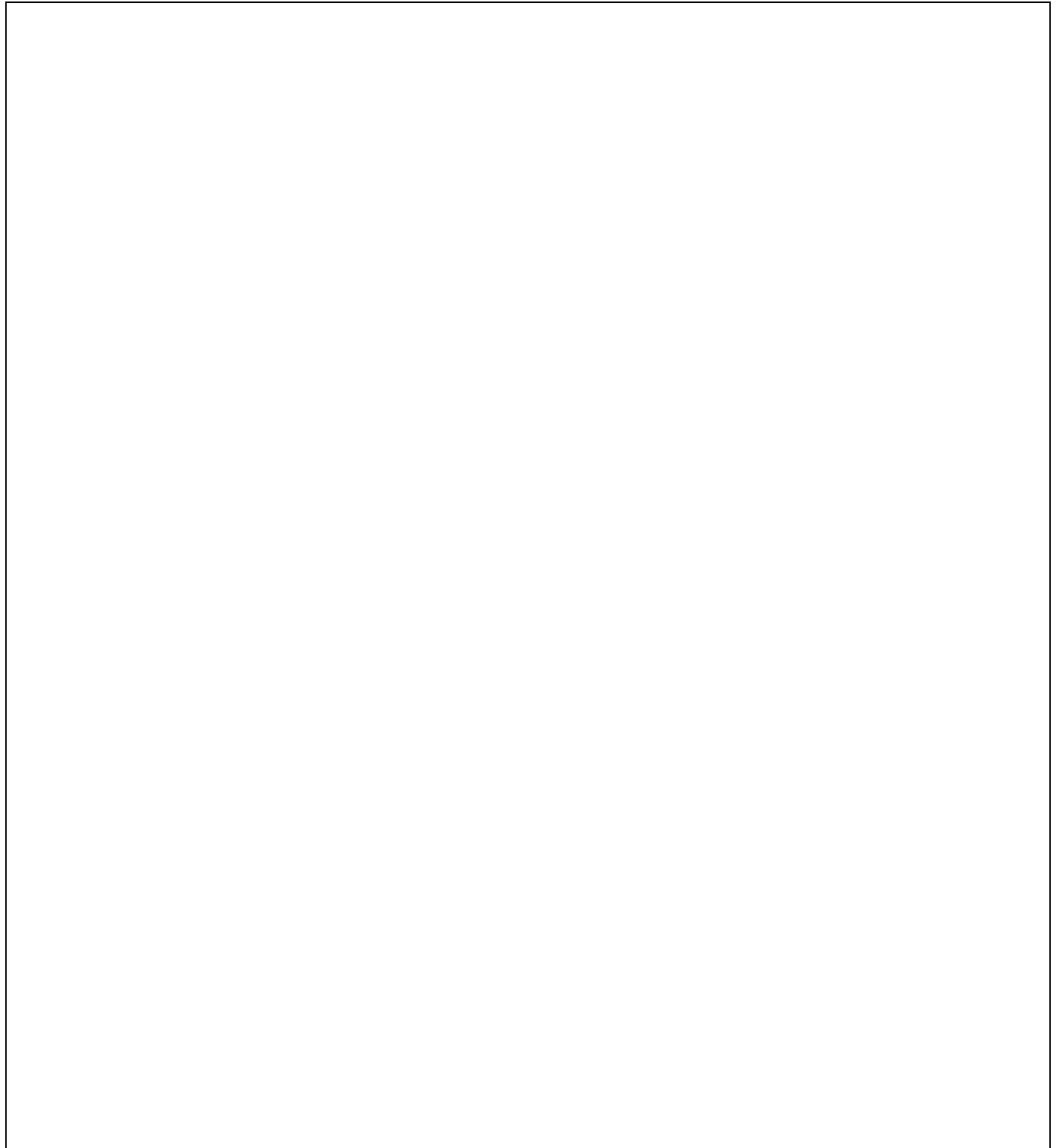
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Complete Example for stride = 2

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Filtered Image:

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53	62	63	66	70



Question 3 (CLO:2)**(Marks: 15)**

Consider a calendar management application that can track events (e.g. course lecture, workshop, seminar, recruitment drive, etc.). Every event has a title and date. Some events are recurring events that repeat based upon frequency (such as daily meeting, weekly lecture, etc). The goal is to handle and find occurrence dates of such recurring events using inheritance and polymorphism. The class definitions of **Date**, **Event** and **RecurringEvent** are given to you. You need to work out **DailyEvent**, **WeeklyEvent** and **MonthlyEvent** class definitions as well as proper implementation of necessary functions in order to satisfy the given main and achieve the output as illustrated below.

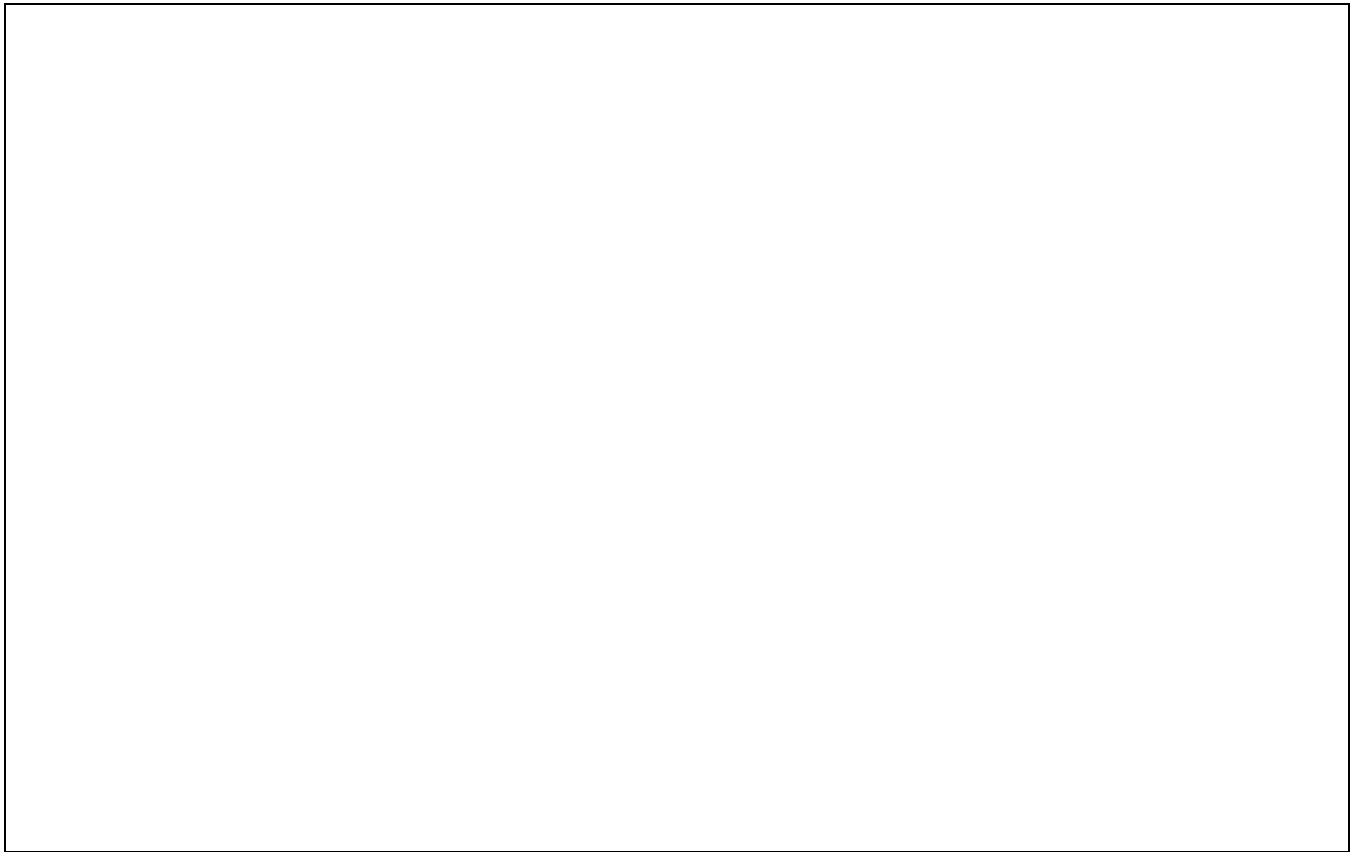
<pre> class Date { protected: int year; int month; int day; public: Date (int,int,int); void addDay(int); void addMonth(int); void addYear(int); void print(); }; </pre>	<pre> class Event { protected: string title; Date date; public: Event(string,const Date&); virtual void print(); }; class RecurringEvent : public Event { public: RecurringEvent(string,const Date&); virtual Event** occurrences(int) = 0; }; </pre>
<pre> int main(){ RecurringEvent** rec = new RecurringEvent*[3]; rec[0] = new DailyEvent("client meeting",Date(2022,06,08)); rec[1] = new WeeklyEvent("lecture",Date(2022,06,08)); rec[2] = new MonthlyEvent("project monitoring",Date(2022,06,08)); for (int i=0; i < 3; i++){ Event** occur = rec[i]->occurrences(3); for(int j=0; j < 3; j++){ occur[j]->print(); cout << endl; } } // ... return 0; } </pre>	
<p>Output: client meeting: 2022-06-08; client meeting: 2022-06-09; client meeting: 2022-06-10 lecture: 2022-06-08; lecture: 2022-06-15; lecture: 2022-06-22 project monitoring: 2022-06-08; project monitoring: 2022-07-08; project monitoring: 2022-08-08;</p>	

Provide your solution for each class within the space given below:

// DailyEvent class definition and implementation

// WeeklyEvent class definition and implementation

// MonthlyEvent class definition and implementation



Part a. Show the output of the given code.

```
class A
{
    public:
        virtual void funA(){
            cout<<"funA"<<endl;}
        void funB(){
            cout<<"funB"<<endl; }
        void funC (){
            cout<<"funC"<<endl; }
        void funD(){
            cout<<"funD"<<endl;
            funC();
            funA(); }
        virtual ~A(){
            cout<<"Virtual Destructor -ClassA"<<endl; }
};
```

```
class B:public A
{
    public:
        void funA(){
            cout<<"funA-ClassB"<<endl; }
        void funB() {
            cout<<"funB-ClassB"<<endl; }
        ~B() {
            cout<<"Destructor -ClassB"<<endl; }
};
int main()
{
    A *aptr=new B;
    aptr->funA();
    aptr->funB();
    aptr->funC();
    aptr->funD();
    delete aptr;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Part b. There is no syntax error in this code. Determine the output

```
class addressType{
    string address;
    string city;
    string state;
    int ZIP_code;
public:
    addressType(){
        cout<<"Address storage"<<endl;
        address="pak";
        city="Lahore";
        state="Punjab";
        ZIP_code=54000;
    }
    void set_address(){
        address = "123 abc xyz";
        city = "Lahore";
        state = "Punjab";
        ZIP_code = 54000;
    }
    void display(){
        cout<<address<<" ";
        cout<<city<<" ";
        cout<<state<<" ";
        cout<<ZIP_code<<endl;
    }
    ~addressType(){
        cout<<"Ending"<<endl;
    }
};

Class Person
{
    string name;
    string lastname;
    addressType *addr[3];
public:
    Person(){
        name="Anthony";
        lastname="Lance";
        for (int i=0;i<3;i++)
            addr[i]=new addressType();
    }
    void setter(){
        name="Tim" ;
        lastname="white" ;
    }
    void display(){
        for (int i=0;i<3;i++)
            addr[i]->display() ;
        cout<<name;
        cout<<" "<<lastname<<endl;
    }
    ~Person(){
        for (int i=0;i<3;i++){
            delete addr[i] ;
            cout<<i<<" deleted"<<endl;
        }
    }
};
```

```
void sett(Person **pp)
{
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
    {
        if(i==1)
        {
            pp[i]->setter();
            pp[i]->display();
            return;
        }
        pp[i]->display();
    }
}

int main()
{
    Person *p[2];
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
    {
        p[i]=new Person();
    }
    sett(p);
    for (int i=0;i<2;i++)
    {
        delete p[i] ;
    }
}
```

Output:

Part c: Partial output of the code is given in right column, write the output in rows with question mark? Assume that a class Person is already defined which is not a template class.

Code	Output
<code>#include "Person.h";// it' s a fully functional class</code>	
<code>//template function</code>	
<code>template <class T></code>	
<code>void my_swap(T &one, T &two)</code>	
<code>{</code>	
<code> T temp = one;</code>	
<code> one = two;</code>	
<code> two = temp;</code>	
<code> cout << "Swap successful";</code>	
<code>}</code>	
<code>template <></code>	
<code>void my_swap(Person &one, Person &two)</code>	
<code>{</code>	
<code> cout << "You cannot swap Person ";</code>	
<code>}</code>	
<code>int main()</code>	
<code>{</code>	
<code> int a=10, b=20;</code>	
<code> cout <<a<< " "<<b<<endl;</code>	10 20
<code> my_swap(a,b);</code>	?
<code> cout <<a<< " "<<b<<endl;</code>	?
<code> double *x= new double(10.5);</code>	
<code> double *y= new double(11.5);</code>	
<code> cout <<*x<< " "<<*y<<endl;</code>	10.5 11.5
<code> my_swap(*x,*y);</code>	?
<code> cout <<*x<< " "<<*y<<endl;</code>	?
<code> //overloaded constructor takes account name as input</code>	
<code> Person P1("Ron"), Person P2("Harry");</code>	
<code> cout<<P1<< " "<<P2;</code>	Ron Harry
<code> my_swap(P1, P2);</code>	?
<code> cout<<P1<< " "<<P2;</code>	?
<code>}</code>	
How many instances (copies) of my_swap functions are created at compile time in above code?	

Part d. The main function in code asks user to enter the type of transaction and then the amount, what will be the output of code given the user wants to enter following inputs.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
#include<string>
void getTransType(char &a){
    cout << "Enter W for withdraw and D for deposit" << endl;
    cin >> a;
    if (a != 'W' && a != 'D'){
        string s = "Incorrect Transaction type";
        throw s;
    }
}
void getAmount(int &amount){
    cout << "Enter the amount";
    cin >> amount;

    if (amount<1){
        string s = "Enter positive number";
        throw s;
    }

    else if (amount>5000){
        string s = "Amount should be less than 5001";
        throw s;
    }
}
int main(){
    try{
        char a;
        getTransType(a);
        try{
            int amount;
            getAmount(amount);
            cout << "Successful transaction";
        }
        catch (string e){
            cout << e;
        }
    }
    catch (string ia) {
        cout << ia;
    }
}
```

1) User enters 'W' and then 0

2) User wants to enters 'D' and then 6000

3) User want to enter 'S' and then 6000