

# Final Project

Secure Cryptographic Application

**Course:** MAT364 - Cryptography

**Instructor:** Adil Akhmetov

**University:** SDU

**Points:** 20 points

**Team Size:** 3 students per group

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# Project Overview

## Objective

Design and implement a **secure cryptographic application** that demonstrates practical understanding of multiple cryptographic concepts covered in this course.

## Key Requirements

- **Working code** with proper documentation
- **Multiple cryptographic techniques** integrated
- **Security analysis** and threat modeling
- **Presentation** demonstrating the system
- **GitHub repository** with clean commit history

## Project Goals

- Apply cryptographic algorithms in a real-world scenario
- Integrate multiple cryptographic primitives
- Demonstrate secure programming practices
- Create a functional, user-friendly application

# Project Options

# Option 1: Secure Messaging Application

## Core Features

- **End-to-end encryption** for messages
- **User authentication** with secure key management
- **Digital signatures** for message integrity
- **Forward secrecy** (optional bonus)
- **Group messaging** support (optional bonus)

## Technical Requirements

- Implement **AES-256** for message encryption
- Use **RSA** or **ECDH** for key exchange
- Implement **HMAC** or **digital signatures** for authentication
- Secure password hashing with **bcrypt/Argon2**
- **TLS/HTTPS** for transport security (if web-based)

## Implementation Suggestions

```
# Example structure
class SecureMessaging:
    def __init__(self):
        self.rsa_key = RSA.generate(2048)
        self.aes_key = None

    def encrypt_message(self, message, recipient_pubkey):
        # Generate ephemeral AES key
        # Encrypt message with AES
        # Encrypt AES key with RSA
        # Sign with digital signature
        pass
```

## Deliverables

- Command-line or web-based interface
- Key exchange protocol implementation
- Message encryption/decryption system
- User authentication system

# Option 2: Secure File Encryption System

## Core Features

- **File encryption/decryption** with multiple algorithms
- **Key derivation** from passwords (PBKDF2/Argon2)
- **Digital signatures** for file integrity verification
- **Key management** system
- **Metadata protection** (file names, sizes)

## Technical Requirements

- Support **AES-256** in CBC/GCM mode
- Implement **RSA** for key encryption
- **SHA-256** for file hashing and integrity
- **Digital signatures** (RSA or ECDSA)
- Secure **key storage** mechanism

## Implementation Suggestions

```
class SecureFileEncryption:  
    def encrypt_file(self, filepath, password):  
        # Derive key from password  
        key = PBKDF2(password, salt, iterations=100000)  
  
        # Generate file encryption key  
        file_key = os.urandom(32)  
  
        # Encrypt file with AES  
        encrypted = AES_GCM_encrypt(file_key, file_data)  
  
        # Encrypt file key with password-derived key  
        encrypted_key = AES_encrypt(key, file_key)
```

## Deliverables

- File encryption/decryption tool
- Key management interface
- Integrity verification system
- Password-based key derivation

# Option 3: Secure Authentication System

## Core Features

- **Multi-factor authentication** (password + TOTP)
- **JWT token** generation and validation
- **Session management** with secure cookies
- **Password reset** with secure tokens
- **Account recovery** mechanisms

## Technical Requirements

- **bcrypt/Argon2** for password hashing
- **HMAC-SHA256** for JWT signing
- **TOTP** (Time-based One-Time Password) implementation
- **RSA** or **ECDSA** for token signing
- **Secure session** storage

## Implementation Suggestions

```
class SecureAuthSystem:  
    def register_user(self, username, password):  
        # Hash password with bcrypt  
        password_hash = bcrypt.hashpw(password, salt)  
  
        # Generate TOTP secret  
        totp_secret = pyotp.random_base32()  
  
        # Store user credentials securely  
        pass  
  
    def login(self, username, password, totp_code):  
        # Verify password
```

## Deliverables

- User registration/login system
- JWT token management
- TOTP implementation
- Session management

# Option 4: Blockchain-Based Voting System

## Core Features

- **Cryptographic voting** with privacy preservation
- **Blockchain** for vote immutability
- **Digital signatures** for voter authentication
- **Zero-knowledge proofs** (optional bonus)
- **Vote verification** without revealing choices

## Technical Requirements

- **SHA-256** for blockchain hashing
- **ECDSA** or **RSA** for digital signatures
- **Merkle trees** for vote aggregation
- **Public key infrastructure** for voter identity
- **Consensus mechanism** (Proof of Work/Stake)

## Implementation Suggestions

```
class VotingBlockchain:  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.chain = []  
        self.pending_votes = []  
  
    def create_vote(self, voter_id, choice, private_key):  
        # Create vote transaction  
        vote_data = {  
            'voter_id': voter_id,  
            'choice': encrypt_choice(choice), # Encrypted choi  
            'timestamp': time.time()  
        }
```

## Deliverables

- Blockchain implementation
- Vote encryption system
- Digital signature verification
- Vote counting mechanism

# Technical Requirements

# Mandatory Cryptographic Components

## Required Elements (All Projects)

- **Symmetric encryption** (AES-128/256)
- **Asymmetric encryption** (RSA or ECC)
- **Hash functions** (SHA-256 or SHA-3)
- **Digital signatures** (RSA or ECDSA)
- **Key exchange protocol** (Diffie-Hellman or RSA)
- **Password hashing** (bcrypt, Argon2, or PBKDF2)

## Additional Requirements

- **Secure random number generation**
- **Proper key management**
- **Error handling** for cryptographic operations
- **Input validation** and sanitization
- **Documentation** of security assumptions
- **Threat model** analysis

**Note:** You may use cryptographic libraries (e.g., `cryptography` for Python, `crypto` for Node.js), but you must demonstrate understanding of the underlying concepts and implement at least one cryptographic primitive from scratch.

# Programming Languages & Libraries

## Recommended Languages

- **Python 3.8+** (recommended)
  - `cryptography` library
  - `pycryptodome` library
  - `bcrypt` for password hashing
- **JavaScript/Node.js**
  - `crypto` (built-in)
  - `bcrypt` or `argon2`
  - `jsonwebtoken` for JWT
- **Java**
  - `javax.crypto` package
  - Bouncy Castle library

## Allowed Libraries

- ✓ **Cryptographic libraries** (`cryptography`, `pycryptodome`, etc.)
- ✓ **Web frameworks** (`Flask`, `Express`, `FastAPI`, etc.)
- ✓ **Database libraries** (`SQLite`, `PostgreSQL`, etc.)
- ✓ **Testing frameworks** (`pytest`, `jest`, etc.)
- ✗ **Pre-built cryptographic applications**
- ✗ **Copying code without attribution**

**Important:** While you can use libraries, you must understand and explain how each cryptographic component works. Include comments and documentation explaining the cryptographic operations.

# Deliverables & Submission

# Required Deliverables

## 1. GitHub Repository

- **Public repository** with all source code
- **Clean commit history** showing development process
- **README.md** with:
  - Project description
  - Installation instructions
  - Usage examples
  - Team member contributions
- **Code documentation** (comments, docstrings)
- **License** file (MIT, Apache, etc.)

## 2. Source Code

- **Working implementation** of chosen project
- **Well-structured** and modular code
- **Error handling** and input validation
- **Unit tests** (at least basic test coverage)
- **Configuration files** (requirements.txt, package.json, etc.)

## 3. Documentation

- **Architecture document** explaining system design
- **Security analysis** document:
  - Threat model
  - Security assumptions
  - Potential vulnerabilities
  - Mitigation strategies
- **User manual** (if applicable)
- **API documentation** (if applicable)

## 4. Presentation

- **10-15 minute** presentation
- **Live demonstration** of the application
- **Slides** covering:
  - Problem statement
  - Architecture overview
  - Cryptographic components used
  - Security analysis
  - Demo
  - Challenges faced
  - Future improvements

# GitHub Repository Structure

## Recommended Structure

```
project-name/
├── README.md          # Project overview
├── LICENSE             # License file
├── requirements.txt    # Python dependencies
├── .gitignore           # Git ignore file
└── src/
    ├── main.py          # Source code
    ├── crypto/           # Cryptographic modules
    ├── utils/            # Utility functions
    └── tests/             # Unit tests
└── docs/
    ├── architecture.md  # System design
    └── security.md       # Security analysis
```

## README.md Template

```
# Project Name

## Description
Brief description of your project

## Features
- Feature 1
- Feature 2
- Feature 3

## Installation
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

# Presentation Requirements

## Presentation Structure

### 1. Introduction (1-2 min)

- Team members
- Project overview
- Problem statement

### 2. Architecture (3-4 min)

- System design
- Component overview
- Data flow diagrams

### 3. Cryptographic Components (4-5 min)

- Algorithms used
- Implementation details
- Security considerations

### 4. Live Demo (3-4 min)

- Working application
- Key features demonstration
- Security features

### 5. Conclusion (1-2 min)

- Challenges faced
- Lessons learned

## Presentation Tips

- **Practice** your demo beforehand
- **Prepare** backup slides/videos if demo fails
- **Explain** cryptographic concepts clearly
- **Show** code snippets of key implementations
- **Discuss** security trade-offs
- **Answer** questions confidently

## Evaluation Criteria

- **Technical implementation** (40%)
- **Cryptographic correctness** (30%)
- **Code quality** (15%)
- **Presentation** (15%)

# Evaluation Criteria

# Grading Rubric (20 points)

## Code Implementation (8 points)

- **Functionality** (3 pts): Application works as intended
- **Code Quality** (2 pts): Clean, readable, well-structured
- **Documentation** (2 pts): Comments, docstrings, README
- **Testing** (1 pt): Unit tests or manual testing evidence

## Cryptographic Implementation (7 points)

- **Correct Usage** (3 pts): Algorithms used correctly
- **Security** (2 pts): Proper key management, secure practices
- **Completeness** (2 pts): All required components implemented

**Important:** Projects that copy code without understanding, have security vulnerabilities, or don't meet minimum requirements will receive significant point deductions or may fail.

## Documentation (3 points)

- **Architecture** (1 pt): Clear system design explanation
- **Security Analysis** (1.5 pts): Threat model, vulnerabilities
- **User Guide** (0.5 pt): Usage instructions

## Presentation (2 points)

- **Clarity** (1 pt): Clear explanation of project
- **Demo** (1 pt): Working demonstration

# Common Mistakes to Avoid

## Security Issues

- ✗ Hardcoded keys or passwords
- ✗ Weak random number generation
- ✗ Improper key management
- ✗ No input validation
- ✗ Insecure password storage
- ✗ Missing error handling

## Code Quality Issues

- ✗ No documentation or comments
- ✗ Poor code organization
- ✗ No version control or messy commits
- ✗ Copy-pasted code without attribution
- ✗ No testing or error handling

## Presentation Issues

- ✗ No live demo or broken demo
- ✗ Cannot explain cryptographic concepts
- ✗ Missing security analysis
- ✗ Unclear architecture explanation
- ✗ Poor time management

## Best Practices

- ✓ Use secure defaults (AES-256, RSA-2048+)
- ✓ Implement proper key derivation
- ✓ Validate all inputs
- ✓ Use established libraries correctly
- ✓ Document security assumptions
- ✓ Test thoroughly

# Getting Started

## Step 1: Form Your Team

- Find 2 other students
- Discuss project interests
- Assign roles (e.g., backend, frontend, crypto)

## Step 2: Choose Your Project

- Review all 4 options
- Consider your team's strengths
- Select the most interesting option

## Step 3: Submit Proposal

- Write 1-page project proposal
- Include: project choice, team members, basic architecture
- Submit via [method TBD]

## Step 4: Set Up Repository

```
# Create GitHub repository
git init
git remote add origin https://github.com/username/project-name.

# Create initial structure
mkdir -p src/crypto src/utils docs tests
touch README.md requirements.txt .gitignore

# Make initial commit
git add .
git commit -m "Initial project setup"
git push -u origin main
```

## Step 5: Start Coding!

- Implement one component at a time
- Commit frequently with meaningful messages
- Test as you go
- Document your code

# Resources & Help

## Course Materials

- **Lecture slides** and notes
- **Lab exercises** and examples
- **Cryptographic libraries** documentation
- **NIST cryptographic standards**

## Recommended Reading

- "Real-World Cryptography" - David Wong
- "Serious Cryptography" - Jean-Philippe Aumasson
- **OWASP Cryptographic Storage Cheat Sheet**
- **NIST Cryptographic Standards**

## Getting Help

- **Office hours:** [TBD]
- **Email:** [adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz](mailto:adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz)
- **GitHub Discussions:** [If available]
- **Course forum:** [If available]

## Useful Tools

- **Cryptography libraries:** Python `cryptography`, Node.js `crypto`
- **Testing:** `pytest`, `jest`, `unittest`
- **Documentation:** Sphinx, JSDoc, Markdown
- **Version control:** Git, GitHub

# Example: Project Proposal Template

## Project Proposal Format

**Project Title:** [Your project name]

### Team Members:

- [Name 1] (GitHub: @username1) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]
- [Name 2] (GitHub: @username2) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]
- [Name 3] (GitHub: @username3) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]

**Project Option:** [Option 1/2/3/4]

**Brief Description:** [2-3 sentences describing your project]

### Cryptographic Components:

- 
- 
- 
- ...

**Architecture Overview:** [Brief description of system architecture]

# Questions & Support

# Frequently Asked Questions

**Q:** Can we use existing cryptographic libraries?

**A:** Yes! You're encouraged to use established libraries like `cryptography` (Python) or `crypto` (Node.js). However, you must understand and explain how the algorithms work.

**Q:** Do we need to implement everything from scratch?

**A:** No. You can use libraries, but you should implement at least one cryptographic primitive from scratch to demonstrate understanding.

**Q:** What if our demo doesn't work during presentation?

**A:** Prepare backup videos or screenshots. Explain what went wrong and how you would fix it. Partial credit may be given.

**Q:** Can we modify a project option?

**A:** Yes, with instructor approval. Submit your modified proposal early.

**Q:** How do we handle team conflicts?

**A:** Communicate early and often. Use GitHub issues to track tasks. If conflicts arise, contact the instructor.

**Q:** What if we finish early?

**A:** Add bonus features! Implement additional security measures, improve UI/UX, add more tests, or explore advanced topics.

# Academic Integrity

## Allowed

- Using cryptographic libraries**
- Referencing course materials**
- Using online documentation**
- Collaborating within your team**
- Asking for help** (with attribution)

## Not Allowed

- Copying code** from other teams
- Using code** from online without attribution
- Submitting work** you didn't contribute to
- Sharing code** with other teams
- Plagiarism** of any kind

## Attribution

If you use code from:

- **Stack Overflow:** Include link and attribution
- **GitHub repositories:** Include license and attribution
- **Documentation:** Mention source
- **Course materials:** Acknowledge instructor

## Consequences

Violations of academic integrity will result in:

- **Zero points** for the project
- **Academic misconduct** report
- **Potential course failure**

**Remember:** The goal is learning. It's better to submit incomplete work that you understand than perfect code you copied without comprehension.

Good Luck! 

Start early, test often, and document everything!

We're excited to see what you build!

Questions? Contact: [adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz](mailto:adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz) 