

Final Project

Secure Cryptographic Application

Course: MAT364 - Cryptography

Instructor: Adil Akhmetov

University: SDU

Points: 20 points

Team Size: 3 students per group

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Project Overview

Objective

Design and implement a **secure cryptographic application** that demonstrates practical understanding of multiple cryptographic concepts covered in this course.

Project Goals

- Apply cryptographic algorithms in a real-world scenario
- Integrate multiple cryptographic primitives
- Demonstrate secure programming practices
- Create a functional, user-friendly application

Key Requirements

- **Working code** with proper documentation
- **Multiple cryptographic techniques** integrated
- **Security analysis** and threat modeling
- **Presentation** demonstrating the system
- **GitHub repository** with clean commit history

Project Options

Option 1: Secure Messaging Application

Core Features

- **End-to-end encryption** for messages
- **User authentication** with secure key management
- **Digital signatures** for message integrity
- **Forward secrecy** (optional bonus)
- **Group messaging** support (optional bonus)

Technical Requirements

- Implement **AES-256** for message encryption
- Use **RSA** or **ECDH** for key exchange
- Implement **HMAC** or **digital signatures** for authentication
- Secure password hashing with **bcrypt/Argon2**
- **TLS/HTTPS** for transport security (if web-based)

Implementation Suggestions

```
# Example structure
class SecureMessaging:
    def __init__(self):
        self.rsa_key = RSA.generate(2048)
        self.aes_key = None

    def encrypt_message(self, message, recipient_pubkey):
        # Generate ephemeral AES key
        # Encrypt message with AES
        # Encrypt AES key with RSA
        # Sign with digital signature
        pass
```

Deliverables

- Command-line or web-based interface
- Key exchange protocol implementation
- Message encryption/decryption system
- User authentication system

Option 2: Secure File Encryption System

Core Features

- **File encryption/decryption** with multiple algorithms
- **Key derivation** from passwords (PBKDF2/Argon2)
- **Digital signatures** for file integrity verification
- **Key management** system
- **Metadata protection** (file names, sizes)

Technical Requirements

- Support **AES-256** in CBC/GCM mode
- Implement **RSA** for key encryption
- **SHA-256** for file hashing and integrity
- **Digital signatures** (RSA or ECDSA)
- Secure **key storage** mechanism

Implementation Suggestions

```
class SecureFileEncryption:
    def encrypt_file(self, filepath, password):
        # Derive key from password
        key = PBKDF2(password, salt, iterations=100000)

        # Generate file encryption key
        file_key = os.urandom(32)

        # Encrypt file with AES
        encrypted = AES_GCM_encrypt(file_key, file_data)

        # Encrypt file key with password-derived key
        encrypted_key = AES_encrypt(key, file_key)
```

Deliverables

- File encryption/decryption tool
- Key management interface
- Integrity verification system
- Password-based key derivation

Option 3: Secure Authentication System

Core Features

- **Multi-factor authentication** (password + TOTP)
- **JWT token** generation and validation
- **Session management** with secure cookies
- **Password reset** with secure tokens
- **Account recovery** mechanisms

Technical Requirements

- **bcrypt/Argon2** for password hashing
- **HMAC-SHA256** for JWT signing
- **TOTP** (Time-based One-Time Password) implementation
- **RSA** or **ECDSA** for token signing
- **Secure session** storage

Implementation Suggestions

```
class SecureAuthSystem:
    def register_user(self, username, password):
        # Hash password with bcrypt
        password_hash = bcrypt.hashpw(password, salt)

        # Generate TOTP secret
        totp_secret = pyotp.random_base32()

        # Store user credentials securely
        pass

    def login(self, username, password, totp_code):
        # Verify password
```

Deliverables

- User registration/login system
- JWT token management
- TOTP implementation
- Session management

Option 4: Blockchain-Based Voting System

Core Features

- **Cryptographic voting** with privacy preservation
- **Blockchain** for vote immutability
- **Digital signatures** for voter authentication
- **Zero-knowledge proofs** (optional bonus)
- **Vote verification** without revealing choices

Technical Requirements

- **SHA-256** for blockchain hashing
- **ECDSA** or **RSA** for digital signatures
- **Merkle trees** for vote aggregation
- **Public key infrastructure** for voter identity
- **Consensus mechanism** (Proof of Work/Stake)

Implementation Suggestions

```
class VotingBlockchain:
    def __init__(self):
        self.chain = []
        self.pending_votes = []

    def create_vote(self, voter_id, choice, private_key):
        # Create vote transaction
        vote_data = {
            'voter_id': voter_id,
            'choice': encrypt_choice(choice), # Encrypted choice
            'timestamp': time.time()
        }
```







Deliverables

- Blockchain implementation
- Vote encryption system
- Digital signature verification
- Vote counting mechanism







Technical Requirements

Mandatory Cryptographic Components

Required Elements (All Projects)

-  **Symmetric encryption** (AES-128/256)
-  **Asymmetric encryption** (RSA or ECC)
-  **Hash functions** (SHA-256 or SHA-3)
-  **Digital signatures** (RSA or ECDSA)
-  **Key exchange protocol** (Diffie-Hellman or RSA)
-  **Password hashing** (bcrypt, Argon2, or PBKDF2)

Additional Requirements

-  **Secure random number generation**
-  **Proper key management**
-  **Error handling** for cryptographic operations
-  **Input validation** and sanitization
-  **Documentation** of security assumptions
-  **Threat model** analysis

Note: You may use cryptographic libraries (e.g., `cryptography` for Python, `crypto` for Node.js), but you must demonstrate understanding of the underlying concepts and implement at least one cryptographic primitive from scratch.

Programming Languages & Libraries

Recommended Languages

- **Python 3.8+** (recommended)
 - `cryptography` library
 - `pycryptodome` library
 - `bcrypt` for password hashing
- **JavaScript/Node.js**
 - `crypto` (built-in)
 - `bcrypt` or `argon2`
 - `jsonwebtoken` for JWT
- **Java**
 - `javax.crypto` package
 - Bouncy Castle library

Allowed Libraries

- ✓ **Cryptographic libraries** (cryptography, pycryptodome, etc.)
- ✓ **Web frameworks** (Flask, Express, FastAPI, etc.)
- ✓ **Database libraries** (SQLite, PostgreSQL, etc.)
- ✓ **Testing frameworks** (pytest, jest, etc.)
- ✗ **Pre-built cryptographic applications**
- ✗ **Copying code without attribution**

Important: While you can use libraries, you must understand and explain how each cryptographic component works. Include comments and documentation explaining the cryptographic operations.

Deliverables & Submission

Required Deliverables

1. GitHub Repository

- **Public repository** with all source code
- **Clean commit history** showing development process
- **README.md** with:
 - Project description
 - Installation instructions
 - Usage examples
 - Team member contributions
- **Code documentation** (comments, docstrings)
- **License** file (MIT, Apache, etc.)

2. Source Code

- **Working implementation** of chosen project
- **Well-structured** and modular code
- **Error handling** and input validation
- **Unit tests** (at least basic test coverage)
- **Configuration files** (requirements.txt, package.json, etc.)

3. Documentation

- **Architecture document** explaining system design
- **Security analysis** document:
 - Threat model
 - Security assumptions
 - Potential vulnerabilities
 - Mitigation strategies
- **User manual** (if applicable)
- **API documentation** (if applicable)

4. Presentation

- **10-15 minute** presentation
- **Live demonstration** of the application
- **Slides** covering:
 - Problem statement
 - Architecture overview
 - Cryptographic components used
 - Security analysis
 - Demo
 - Challenges faced
 - Future improvements

GitHub Repository Structure

Recommended Structure

```
project-name/
├── README.md          # Project overview
├── LICENSE            # License file
├── requirements.txt    # Python dependencies
├── .gitignore         # Git ignore file
├── src/              # Source code
│   ├── main.py        # Entry point
│   ├── crypto/        # Cryptographic modules
│   ├── utils/         # Utility functions
│   └── tests/         # Unit tests
├── docs/             # Documentation
│   ├── architecture.md # System design
│   └── security.md     # Security analysis
```

README.md Template

```
# Project Name

## Description
Brief description of your project

## Features
- Feature 1
- Feature 2
- Feature 3

## Installation
    pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Presentation Requirements

Presentation Structure

1. Introduction (1-2 min)

- Team members
- Project overview
- Problem statement

2. Architecture (3-4 min)

- System design
- Component overview
- Data flow diagrams

3. Cryptographic Components (4-5 min)

- Algorithms used
- Implementation details
- Security considerations







4. Live Demo (3-4 min)

- Working application
- Key features demonstration
- Security features

5. Conclusion (1-2 min)

- Challenges faced
- Lessons learned

Presentation Tips

-  **Practice** your demo beforehand
-  **Prepare** backup slides/videos if demo fails
-  **Explain** cryptographic concepts clearly
-  **Show** code snippets of key implementations
-  **Discuss** security trade-offs
-  **Answer** questions confidently

Evaluation Criteria

- **Technical implementation** (40%)
- **Cryptographic correctness** (30%)
- **Code quality** (15%)
- **Presentation** (15%)

Evaluation Criteria

Grading Rubric (20 points)

Code Implementation (8 points)

- **Functionality** (3 pts): Application works as intended
- **Code Quality** (2 pts): Clean, readable, well-structured
- **Documentation** (2 pts): Comments, docstrings, README
- **Testing** (1 pt): Unit tests or manual testing evidence

Cryptographic Implementation (7 points)

- **Correct Usage** (3 pts): Algorithms used correctly
- **Security** (2 pts): Proper key management, secure practices
- **Completeness** (2 pts): All required components implemented

Documentation (3 points)

- **Architecture** (1 pt): Clear system design explanation
- **Security Analysis** (1.5 pts): Threat model, vulnerabilities
- **User Guide** (0.5 pt): Usage instructions

Presentation (2 points)

- **Clarity** (1 pt): Clear explanation of project
- **Demo** (1 pt): Working demonstration

Important: Projects that copy code without understanding, have security vulnerabilities, or don't meet minimum requirements will receive significant point deductions or may fail.

Common Mistakes to Avoid

Security Issues

- ✗ **Hardcoded keys** or passwords
- ✗ **Weak random number generation**
- ✗ **Improper key management**
- ✗ **No input validation**
- ✗ **Insecure password storage**
- ✗ **Missing error handling**

Code Quality Issues

- ✗ **No documentation** or comments
- ✗ **Poor code organization**
- ✗ **No version control** or messy commits
- ✗ **Copy-pasted code** without attribution
- ✗ **No testing** or error handling

Presentation Issues

- ✗ **No live demo** or broken demo
- ✗ **Cannot explain** cryptographic concepts
- ✗ **Missing security analysis**
- ✗ **Unclear architecture** explanation
- ✗ **Poor time management**

Best Practices

- ✓ **Use secure defaults** (AES-256, RSA-2048+)
- ✓ **Implement proper key derivation**
- ✓ **Validate all inputs**
- ✓ **Use established libraries** correctly
- ✓ **Document security assumptions**
- ✓ **Test thoroughly**

Getting Started

Step 1: Form Your Team

- Find 2 other students
- Discuss project interests
- Assign roles (e.g., backend, frontend, crypto)

Step 2: Choose Your Project

- Review all 4 options
- Consider your team's strengths
- Select the most interesting option

Step 3: Submit Proposal

- Write 1-page project proposal
- Include: project choice, team members, basic architecture
- Submit via [method TBD]

Step 4: Set Up Repository

```
# Create GitHub repository
git init
git remote add origin https://github.com/username/project-name.

# Create initial structure
mkdir -p src/crypto src/utils docs tests
touch README.md requirements.txt .gitignore

# Make initial commit
git add .
git commit -m "Initial project setup"
git push -u origin main
```

Step 5: Start Coding!

- Implement one component at a time
- Commit frequently with meaningful messages
- Test as you go
- Document your code

Resources & Help

Course Materials

- **Lecture slides** and notes
- **Lab exercises** and examples
- **Cryptographic libraries** documentation
- **NIST cryptographic standards**

Recommended Reading

- **"Real-World Cryptography"** - David Wong
- **"Serious Cryptography"** - Jean-Philippe Aumasson
- **OWASP Cryptographic Storage Cheat Sheet**
- **NIST Cryptographic Standards**

Getting Help

- **Office hours:** [TBD]
- **Email:** adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz
- **GitHub Discussions:** [If available]
- **Course forum:** [If available]

Useful Tools

- **Cryptography libraries:** Python `cryptography` , Node.js `crypto`
- **Testing:** pytest, jest, unittest
- **Documentation:** Sphinx, JSDoc, Markdown
- **Version control:** Git, GitHub

Example: Project Proposal Template

Project Proposal Format

Project Title: [Your project name]

Team Members:

- [Name 1] (GitHub: @username1) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]
- [Name 2] (GitHub: @username2) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]
- [Name 3] (GitHub: @username3) - Role: [Backend/Crypto/Frontend]

Project Option: [Option 1/2/3/4]

Brief Description: [2-3 sentences describing your project]

Cryptographic Components:

-
-
-
- ...

Architecture Overview: [Brief description of system architecture]

Questions & Support

Frequently Asked Questions

Q: Can we use existing cryptographic libraries?

A: Yes! You're encouraged to use established libraries like `cryptography` (Python) or `crypto` (Node.js). However, you must understand and explain how the algorithms work.

Q: Do we need to implement everything from scratch?

A: No. You can use libraries, but you should implement at least one cryptographic primitive from scratch to demonstrate understanding.

Q: What if our demo doesn't work during presentation?

A: Prepare backup videos or screenshots. Explain what went wrong and how you would fix it. Partial credit may be given.

Q: Can we modify a project option?

A: Yes, with instructor approval. Submit your modified proposal early.

Q: How do we handle team conflicts?

A: Communicate early and often. Use GitHub issues to track tasks. If conflicts arise, contact the instructor.

Q: What if we finish early?

A: Add bonus features! Implement additional security measures, improve UI/UX, add more tests, or explore advanced topics.

Academic Integrity

Allowed

- ✓ **Using cryptographic libraries**
- ✓ **Referencing course materials**
- ✓ **Using online documentation**
- ✓ **Collaborating within your team**
- ✓ **Asking for help** (with attribution)

Not Allowed

- ✗ **Copying code** from other teams
- ✗ **Using code** from online without attribution
- ✗ **Submitting work** you didn't contribute to
- ✗ **Sharing code** with other teams
- ✗ **Plagiarism** of any kind

Attribution

If you use code from:

- **Stack Overflow:** Include link and attribution
- **GitHub repositories:** Include license and attribution
- **Documentation:** Mention source
- **Course materials:** Acknowledge instructor

Consequences

Violations of academic integrity will result in:

- **Zero points** for the project
- **Academic misconduct** report
- **Potential course failure**

Remember: The goal is learning. It's better to submit incomplete work that you understand than perfect code you copied without comprehension.

Good Luck! 🚀

Start early, test often, and document everything!

We're excited to see what you build!

Questions? Contact: adil.akhmetov@sdu.edu.kz ✉️