











A

Project Report

on

Mr. Taskmaster

submitted for partial fulfillment for the award of

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY DEGREE

in

Computer Science

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Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University, Lucknow May 2024

DECLARATION

We hereby declare that this submission is our own work and that, to the best of our

knowledge and belief, it contains no material previously published or written by another

person nor material which to a substantial extent has been accepted for the award of any other

degree or diploma of the university or other institute of higher learning, except where due

acknowledgment has been made in the text.

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Innovation Rank Band (51-100)









CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Project Report entitled "Mr. Taskmaster: an on-demand home services platform" which is submitted by Mayank Gupta, Manvendra Kumar, Naman Nagaria in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of degree B. Tech. in Department of Computer Science of Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University, Lucknow is a record of the candidates own work carried out by them under my supervision. The matter embodied in this report is original and has not been submitted for the award of any other degree.

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during B. Tech. Final Year. We owe special debt of gratitude to Professor Sreesh Gaur,

Department of Computer Science, KIET, Ghaziabad, for his constant support and guidance

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to acknowledge the contribution of all the faculty members of the department for their kind

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Last but not the least, we acknowledge our friends for their contribution in the completion of

the project.

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ABSTRACT

This project report describes the creation of an on-demand home services application that connects homeowners with service providers. The app makes it easy to book various services like cleaning, plumbing, and electrical work. Users can search for services, view profiles and reviews of providers, and book appointments. Key features include real-time tracking, secure payments, and a rating system to ensure a smooth user experience.

The development process included market research and user feedback to tailor the app to users' needs. Advanced algorithms match users with suitable professionals based on their needs and location. The report covers the entire development lifecycle, from concept and design to testing and deployment, highlighting the challenges faced and solutions implemented.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

SDK Software Development Kit

XML eXtensible Markup Language

IDE Integrated Development Environment

APK Android Package

ADB Android Debug Bridge

VCS Version Control System

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

The project aims to develop an innovative Android application catering to the burgeoning demand for on-demand home services. In today's fast-paced world, individuals are increasingly seeking convenient solutions to meet their household needs efficiently. This application serves as a comprehensive platform, allowing users to seamlessly access a wide array of home services, ranging from cleaning and maintenance to repairs and renovations. By harnessing the power of mobile technology, the application aims to revolutionize the way users engage with domestic services, offering unparalleled convenience, transparency, and reliability. Through this project, we endeavor to address the evolving needs of modern consumers, enhance their quality of life, and establish a prominent presence in the dynamic home services market.

1.2 Project Category

This project falls under the category of "Android Application Development" with a focus on on-demand service platforms. It leverages modern technology to facilitate seamless connections between users and home service providers, enhancing convenience and efficiency in managing household tasks.

1.3 Objectives

The project aims to develop an easy-to-use app for booking home services.

The main objectives of our proposed system are as follows:

- Making Booking Easy
- Build Trust and Safety
- Help Service providers
- Improvement with feedback

1.4 Structure of the report

Preliminary Pages:

Declaration: Statement of authenticity by the author(s) regarding the work presented in the report.

Certificate: Confirmation of the completion of the project under specified supervision.

Acknowledgement: Recognition of individuals or organizations that contributed to the project.

Abstract: Brief summary highlighting the objectives, methodology, and key findings of the report.

List of Figures: Enumeration of all figures (diagrams, charts, etc.) included in the report.

List of Tables: Compilation of all tables included in the report for quick reference.

List of Abbreviations: Catalog of abbreviations used throughout the report with their definitions.

Chapter 1: Introduction:

Introduction to Project: Overview of the On-demand Home Services application.

Project Category: Classification of the project within the field of research or application.

Objectives: Clear statement of the project's goals and objectives.

Structure of the Report: Outline of how the report is organized and what each chapter covers.

Chapter 2: Literature Review:

Literature Review: Comprehensive analysis of existing literature related to Android application, On-demand home services platforms.

Research Gaps: Identification of gaps in current research that the project aims to address.

Problem Formulation: Definition and articulation of the specific problem being tackled by the project.

Chapter 3: Proposed System:

Proposed System: Description of the designed On-demand Home services application.

Unique Features of the System: Highlighting innovative aspects and functionalities of the proposed system.

Chapter 4: Requirement Analysis and System Specification:

Feasibility: Assessment of the feasibility (technical, economic, operational) of the proposed system.

Software Requirement Specification Document: Detailed specifications including data, functional, performance, maintainability, and security requirements.

SDLC Model to be Used: Selection and justification of the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) model.

System Design: Detailed design aspects including data flow diagrams, use case diagrams, and database design (ER diagrams).

Chapter 5: Implementation, Testing, and Maintenance:

Introduction to Languages, Tools, and Technologies Used: Overview of technologies employed for system implementation.

Testing Techniques and Test Cases Used: Description of methodologies and test cases used for system validation.

Chapter 6: Results and Discussions:

Description of Modules with Snapshots: Detailed breakdown of system modules with visual representations.

Key Findings of the Project: Presentation and analysis of project outcomes and findings. Brief Description of Database with Snapshots: Overview of the project's database structure with visual aids.

Chapter 7: Conclusion and Future Scope:

Conclusion: Summary of project achievements, implications, and contributions.

Future Scope: Potential areas for further research, development, or enhancement of the proposed system.

References: Comprehensive list of all sources referenced or cited throughout the report to acknowledge scholarly contributions.

Appendices: Includes additional materials such as research paper acceptance proof, published research paper, or patent publication proof, if applicable.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Literature Review

Reference	Year	Author(s)	Key Findings
[1]	2020	Hegde Sharaj Bhaskar	The rising demand for home services
		Shyamala,	in Asia is driven by an aging
		Krishnamoorthy Rao,	population, but other consumer groups
		Padmanabha	also benefit from new offerings.
		Bhandarakar, Prateek	Services can be provided in person or
		Prakash Vetekar,	unattended, with unattended reception
		Geetha Laxmi	boxes being convenient for customers
			and cost-effective for logistics
			providers
[2]	2023	Miss. Pallavi Shejwal,	The research concludes that the Home
		Rohit Mane, Sahil	Service app "Fixify" effectively
		Thorat, Diapk More,	addresses the challenge of finding
		Gaurav Suryawanshi	trustworthy service providers with its
			diverse services, secure payments, and
			user-friendly features like provider
			ratings and pricing. This highlights the
			importance of technology in improving
			service quality in the household repairs
			and maintenance industry.
[3]	2023	Prof. Mr. A.T. Bhosale,	The proposed At-Your-Service Mobile
		Mr. G.V Kale, Mr. S.S.	Application provides an alternative for
		Dange, Mr. A.D. Mane,	skilled workers to find job
		Mr. T.D. Sawant	opportunities. This app connects
			skilled workers with customers
			needing services such as electrical
			work, plumbing, automotive repair,
			and other home services. The system's

			implementation, including
			development and testing, takes 90
			days. Revenue is primarily generated
			from commissions and quarterly
			membership fees from the skilled
			workers.
[4]	2022	Kesar Gadiya, Tanishq	The Booking Home and Individual
		Kundiya, Avadooth	Services application offers frequently
		Dhumal, Akshad	used home services, adapting to the
		Kalashetti, Prof. Sunil	changing needs of users. The system
		Sonawane	can easily expand to include more
			services and payment methods.
			Currently, it provides services like
			handyman, babysitter, driver, and
			technician, and can extend to include
			mobile and computer repair, laundry,
			and catering. The payment system,
			which now supports PayPal, can also
			be expanded to include Visa payments.
[5]	2018	Neha Verma, Sarita	Cab applications have significantly
		Kansal, Huned Malvi	eased daily life, with some apps
			providing drivers within five minutes
			of booking. Passengers expect a safe
			and comfortable journey and these app-
			based services should honor that
			expectation. Investing in safety
			measures is crucial, as fulfilling social
			responsibility will benefit these
			companies in the long run.
[6]	2016	Mrs. Prachi Sasankar,	Android, as a comprehensive, open,
		Mrs. Usha Kosarkar	and free mobile device platform, has
			quickly become the most popular
			mobile operating system due to its

			powerful functionality and excellent
			user experience. This article provides a
			detailed introduction to the Android
			application framework and the working
			principles of Android applications.
			Finally, a music player on the Android
			platform is presented as an example to
			illustrate this mechanism.
[7]	2022	Sharma Sagar, Gosai	Android, being a full, open, and free
		Dron, Gaikwad Ritesh,	mobile device platform, has swiftly
		Baviskar Jay	evolved into the most popular mobile
			operating system due to its robust
			features and superior user experience.
			This article thoroughly explains the
			Android application framework and the
			principles behind Android applications.
			Additionally, it uses a music player on
			the Android platform as a practical
			example to demonstrate these concepts.
[8]	2016	Akshay Singh, Sakshi	This paper explores Android's
		Sharma, Shashwat	integration with XML, JSON, and API
		Singh	using Java, detailing the development
			environment setup and the emulator. It
			discusses Android Application
			Development's focus, versioning, and
			the advantages of the Android software
			environment for developers. Looking
			ahead, Android promises vast
			possibilities with its continuous
			evolution, fostering a new era of open-
			source sharing and mobile innovation.
[9]	2022	P.Neelaveni, Tarun.S,	In the modern era of rapid
		Santosh.M, Vignesh.R	technological advancement, people

			increasingly seek convenience and
			efficiency to meet their quality of life
			expectations. This system offers a
			solution for home services, efficiently
			connecting service providers with
			individuals seeking assistance, thereby
			ensuring regular job opportunities and
			fair compensation, ultimately leading
			to job satisfaction.
[10]	2016	Sheetal Bandekar,	The 'Domestic Android Application for
		Avril D'Silva	Home Services' utilizes cutting-edge
			technologies such as Android SDK,
			Eclipse, Java, and MySQL for
			development. Offering electrical,
			plumbing, and carpentry services, it
			stands out from 'FacilityKart' by
			dynamically assigning the nearest
			service provider using GPS, enhancing
			its dynamism, effectiveness, and
			efficiency.

TABLE 2.1 Literature Review

2.2 Research Gaps

Reference	Year	Author(s)	Research Gap
[1]	2020	Hegde Sharaj	The research gap lies in investigating the
		Bhaskar Shyamala,	specific challenges and opportunities
		Krishnamoorthy Rao,	within the burgeoning home services
		Padmanabha	sector, particularly in Asian markets
		Bhandarakar, Prateek	experiencing a surge in demand due to
		Prakash Vetekar,	demographic shifts. While highlighting
		Geetha Laxmi	the convenience of unattended service
			delivery options, such as reception boxes,

			and the interests of stakeholders in new services and cost savings, there remains a need to delve deeper into factors influencing consumer preferences and service provider dynamics within this
[0]	2022	M' D 11 '	evolving landscape.
[2]	2023	Miss. Pallavi	The research gap lies in exploring the
		Shejwal, Rohit Mane,	specific challenges and opportunities
		Sahil Thorat, Diapk	within the burgeoning home services
		More, Gaurav	sector, particularly in Asian markets
		Suryawanshi	experiencing a surge in demand due to
			demographic shifts. While highlighting
			the convenience of unattended service
			delivery options, such as reception boxes,
			and the interests of stakeholders in new
			services and cost savings, there remains a
			need to delve deeper into factors
			influencing consumer preferences and
			service provider dynamics within this
F03	2022	D 6 16	evolving landscape.
[3]	2023	Prof. Mr. A.T.	The research gap lies in evaluating the
			effectiveness and scalability of the
		Kale, Mr. S.S.	proposed At-Your-Service Mobile
		Dange, Mr. A.D.	Application in addressing the challenges
		Mane, Mr. T.D.	faced by skilled workers in accessing job
		Sawant	opportunities and connecting with
			customers for home services. While the
			system's implementation timeline and
			revenue model are outlined, further
			investigation is needed to understand its
			impact on job accessibility, service
			quality, and user satisfaction, as well as
			potential barriers to adoption and long-

			term sustainability.
[4]	2022	Kesar Gadiya,	The research gap lies in exploring the
		Tanishq Kundiya,	specific challenges and opportunities
		Avadooth Dhumal,	within the expanding home services
		Akshad Kalashetti,	sector, particularly regarding the
		Prof. Sunil Sonawane	scalability and adaptability of booking
			applications to meet evolving user needs.
			While the current system offers a range
			of services and payment methods, further
			investigation is needed to understand
			how it can effectively accommodate
			additional services, enhance payment
			options, and maintain user satisfaction
			amidst changing market dynamics and
			technological advancements.
[5]	2018	Neha Verma, Sarita	The research gap lies in investigating the
		Kansal, Huned Malvi	specific challenges and opportunities
			within the burgeoning home services
			sector, particularly in Asian markets
			experiencing a surge in demand due to
			demographic shifts. While highlighting
			the convenience of unattended service
			delivery options, such as reception boxes,
			and the interests of stakeholders in new
			services and cost savings, there remains a
			need to delve deeper into factors
			influencing consumer preferences and
			service provider dynamics within this
			evolving landscape.
[6]	2016	Mrs. Prachi	The research gap exists in exploring the
		Sasankar, Mrs. Usha	implications of Android's rapid evolution
		Kosarkar	and widespread adoption, particularly in
			terms of its impact on user experience

			and developer practices. While the article
			provides detailed insights into the
			Android application framework and
			principles, there is a need for further
			examination of how these aspects
			influence the development of innovative
			features and the overall ecosystem of
			Android applications.
[7]	2022	Sharma Sagar, Gosai	The research gap lies in delving deeper
		Dron, Gaikwad	into the specific challenges or limitations
		Ritesh, Baviskar Jay	within the rapid evolution of Android as
			the dominant mobile operating system,
			particularly in terms of addressing
			potential gaps in its robust features and
			user experience. While the article
			provides a comprehensive overview of
			the Android application framework and
			principles, further investigation is needed
			to understand how these aspects impact
			user satisfaction and developer
			engagement.
[8]	2016	Akshay Singh,	The research gap lies in exploring the
		Sakshi Sharma,	comprehensive functionality of Android
		Shashwat Singh	in conjunction with XML, JSON, and
			APIs, alongside Java, and detailing the
			creation of a development environment
			and emulator (AVD). While addressing
			the focus of Android Application
			Development and its evolution through
			different versions and SDK
			advancements, the paper emphasizes
			developers' utilization of open-source
			APIs. It underscores the advantages of

			the Android software environment for developers and anticipates a broad future scope for Android, highlighting its transformative impact on open-source software sharing and the widespread adoption of mobile devices. However, the paper lacks a detailed examination of
			potential challenges or limitations within the Android development landscape, presenting an opportunity for further research in this area.
[9]	2022	P.Neelaveni, Tarun.S, Santosh.M, Vignesh.R	The research gap lies in addressing the increasing demand for quality of life and efficiency in home services amidst rapid technological advancement. This system offers a solution by efficiently connecting service providers with users seeking home services, potentially providing regular job opportunities, fair compensation, and job satisfaction.
[10]	2016	Sheetal Bandekar, Avril D'Silva	The research gap lies in the utilization of state-of-the-art technologies like Android SDK, Eclipse, Java, and MySQL for the development of the "Domestic Android Application for Home Services." This application offers electrical, plumbing, and carpentry services, distinguishing itself from existing solutions like "FacilityKart" by employing GPS to dynamically assign the nearest service provider based on the user's location, thus enhancing its dynamism and efficiency.

2.3 Problem Formulation

The problem formulation of the project revolves around addressing the inefficiencies and inconvenience inherent in accessing home services through traditional methods. Despite the increasing demand for on-demand services, users often encounter challenges such as difficulty in finding reliable service providers, lack of transparency in pricing and service quality, and inconvenience in scheduling appointments. This project seeks to tackle these issues by developing an intuitive Android application that streamlines the process of booking home services. By leveraging technology, including AI-driven recommendations, blockchain-enabled trust mechanisms, and augmented reality features, the application aims to provide users with a seamless and transparent platform for accessing a wide range of home services. The overarching goal is to enhance user experience, improve service quality, and ultimately revolutionize the way individuals engage with domestic services in today's fast-paced world.

CHAPTER 3

PROPOSED SYSTEM

3.1 Proposed System

Proposed System for Customers:

- 1. User Registration and Authentication: Customers can create accounts by providing necessary details like name, email, and password. They can then log in securely to access the platform.
- 2. Service Listings and Search: Customers can browse through a comprehensive list of available services such as cleaning, plumbing, and electrical work. They can search for specific services based on their requirements and preferences.
- 3. Booking and Scheduling: Customers can select their desired service, choose a convenient time slot, and book appointments with service providers. The system will handle scheduling conflicts and provide confirmation notifications to customers.
- 4. Secure Payments: Customers can make secure online payments for services rendered, using various payment methods like credit/debit cards or digital wallets.
- 5. Rating and Review System: After the service is completed, customers can rate and leave feedback for the service provider. This helps maintain service quality and builds trust within the community.
- 6. Profile Management: Customers can manage their profiles, including personal information, preferences, and service history. They can also view their upcoming and past bookings.
- 7. Notifications and Alerts: The system will send timely notifications and alerts to customers regarding booking confirmations, reminders, and updates on service status.

Proposed System for Service Providers:

- 1. Service Provider Registration and Authentication: Service providers can create accounts by providing necessary details like name, email, and password. They can then log in securely to access the platform.
- 2. Service Offerings and Availability: Service providers can list the services they offer, along with their availability schedule. They can specify details like service types, pricing, and service areas.

- 3. Booking Management: Service providers can view incoming booking requests, accept or reject them based on their availability, and manage their appointment schedule.
- 4. Real-Time Updates: Service providers receive real-time updates on new bookings, changes in appointment status, and customer feedback.
- 5. Earnings and Payments: Service providers can track their earnings, view payment history, and receive payouts securely through the platform.
- 6. Profile Management: Service providers can manage their profiles, including updating their service offerings, availability, and contact information.
- 7. Notifications and Alerts: The system will send timely notifications and alerts to service providers regarding new booking requests, changes in appointment status, and other important updates.

3.2 Unique Features of this system

Unique Features of the Proposed System:

- 1. Built-in Chat: Customers and service providers can chat directly within the app for easy communication and coordination.
- 2. Customizable Services: Customers can personalize their service packages according to their preferences, ensuring a tailored experience.
- 3. Predictive Maintenance Alerts: The system sends alerts to customers for proactive maintenance of appliances and systems based on usage patterns.
- 4. Community Recommendations: Customers can share positive experiences and recommend trusted providers to others within the app.

CHAPTER 4

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS AND SYSTEM SPECIFICATION

4.1 Feasibility Study

4.1.1 Technical Feasibility

- 1. Compatibility with Existing Technology: The proposed system leverages widely used technologies such as Android Studio, Kotlin/Java programming languages, and the Android SDK, ensuring compatibility with existing development tools and frameworks. This compatibility streamlines the development process and allows for seamless integration with other systems or platforms.
- **2. Scalability and Performance**: The system architecture is designed to be scalable, capable of handling a growing user base and increasing volumes of service requests without compromising performance. Utilizing cloud-based infrastructure and scalable databases enables the system to adapt to changing demands and maintain responsiveness even during peak usage periods.
- **3. Integration of Advanced Features**: The feasibility of integrating advanced features such as real-time tracking, augmented reality visualization, and predictive maintenance alerts depends on the availability of relevant APIs, libraries, and development expertise. Conducting thorough research and prototyping can help assess the technical feasibility of implementing these features within the project timeline and resource constraints.

4.1.2 Economic Feasibility

- 1. Cost of Development: The economic feasibility of the project hinges on the initial investment required for development, including expenses for hiring developers, purchasing software licenses, and acquiring necessary hardware infrastructure. Conducting a comprehensive cost analysis to estimate development expenses and comparing them against the projected return on investment (ROI) will help determine the viability of the project from an economic standpoint.
- **2. Revenue Generation Opportunities**: Evaluating potential revenue streams such as service fees, subscription plans, or commission-based models is essential to assess the economic feasibility of the project. Conducting market research to understand

customer preferences, pricing trends, and competitive landscape will provide insights into revenue generation opportunities and help formulate a sustainable business model.

3. Market Demand and Growth Potential: Analyzing market demand for ondemand home services and projecting future growth potential will help gauge the economic feasibility of the project. Factors such as demographic trends, consumer behavior, and market saturation should be considered to assess the viability of capturing a significant market share and sustaining business growth over time.

4.1.3 Operational Feasibility

- 1. User Adoption and Acceptance: Assessing the willingness of customers and service providers to adopt the new on-demand home services platform is crucial for operational feasibility. Conducting surveys, focus groups, or pilot tests to gather feedback and gauge user acceptance can help identify potential challenges and refine the platform to better meet user needs and expectations.
- 2. Availability of Service Providers: Ensuring an adequate pool of service providers available to meet customer demand is essential for operational feasibility. Conducting market research to identify potential service providers, evaluating their availability, qualifications, and service offerings, and establishing partnerships or recruitment strategies to onboard them onto the platform is necessary to ensure sufficient service coverage and timely fulfillment of customer requests.

4.2 Software Requirement Specifications

4.2.1 Data Requirement

The data requirements for the project encompass various categories essential for its functionality and user experience. Firstly, user data is crucial, including basic information such as name, contact details, and location, facilitating service bookings and effective communication between users and service providers. Service provider data is equally vital, encompassing qualifications, certifications, and reviews to ensure transparency and reliability in the selection process. Transaction data plays a pivotal role, recording details of service bookings, payments, and feedback to maintain a comprehensive service history and improve service quality over time. Geographic data is necessary to optimize service allocation and routing, utilizing addresses and coordinates to match users with nearby service providers efficiently. Lastly, preference data is essential for personalization, capturing user preferences and past service history

to tailor recommendations and enhance the overall user experience, ensuring satisfaction and loyalty to the platform.

4.2.2 Functional Requirement

The functional requirements of the project entail user registration and authentication for secure access, service booking functionalities allowing users to select and confirm services, and service provider management tools for administrators. A feedback and rating system allows users to provide input on service quality, and a notification system keeps users informed about booking status. Finally, an admin dashboard provides administrators with oversight and management capabilities for user accounts, service providers, and system performance

4.2.3 Performance Requirement

The performance requirements of the project demand a highly responsive and scalable system capable of handling concurrent user requests efficiently. This necessitates optimizing loading times for the application and minimizing latency during service bookings and interactions. The system should be able to accommodate a large number of users simultaneously without experiencing degradation in performance. Response times for user actions, such as booking confirmations and service provider selections, should be kept to a minimum to ensure a seamless user experience. Additionally, the application should be designed to scale horizontally to handle increasing user traffic and service demand effectively. Continuous monitoring and optimization of system performance are essential to meet user expectations and maintain high levels of satisfaction.

4.2.4 Maintainability Requirement

The project must prioritize maintainability to ensure long-term viability and adaptability. This involves designing clean, modular code with clear documentation to facilitate ease of understanding and modification by future developers. Implementing coding standards and best practices, conducting regular code reviews, and establishing version control practices will promote consistency and facilitate collaborative development efforts. Additionally, incorporating automated testing frameworks and continuous integration practices will streamline the testing and deployment process, enabling quick identification and resolution of issues. Regular updates and maintenance cycles should be planned to address evolving user needs, technological advancements,

and security vulnerabilities, ensuring the sustainability and relevance of the platform over time.

4.2.5 Security Requirement

Security is paramount in the project, necessitating robust measures to safeguard user data, financial transactions, and system integrity. This includes implementing encryption protocols to protect sensitive information during transmission and storage, as well as enforcing stringent authentication mechanisms to prevent unauthorized access to user accounts and system resources. Regular security audits and vulnerability assessments should be conducted to identify and address potential threats or weaknesses in the system. Furthermore, proactive measures such as intrusion detection systems and real-time monitoring are essential to detect and mitigate security breaches promptly. Overall, a comprehensive approach to security is crucial to instill user trust and confidence in the application.

4.3 SDLC Model used

The Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) model used for the project is the Agile methodology. Agile is chosen for its iterative and incremental approach, allowing for flexibility and adaptability to changing requirements throughout the development process. This model enables frequent collaboration between developers, stakeholders, and end-users, facilitating rapid feedback and iteration cycles. By breaking down the project into smaller, manageable increments known as sprints, Agile promotes continuous improvement and delivery of working software, ensuring that features are delivered incrementally and prioritized based on user feedback and business needs. This approach is well-suited for dynamic projects like mobile application development, where requirements may evolve over time, and responsiveness to change is critical for success.

The development of our project follows the Agile SDLC model to ensure effective and efficient project development. The six steps involved are:

- Requirements Analysis: Gathering and prioritizing user and system requirements.
- **Planning:** Defining tasks, timelines, and resources needed for the project.
- **Design:** Creating the system architecture and detailed design specifications.
- **Develop:** Writing and compiling the code to build the system.
- **Release:** Deploying the system for user testing and feedback.

• Track and Monitor: Continuously observing system performance and making necessary improvements.



Fig 4.1 Agile (SDLC Model)

While Agile is known for its iterative and incremental approach, it is important to note that it does not follow a strictly sequential development process like the waterfall model. Instead, Agile emphasizes adaptability, responsiveness to change, and continuous improvement, making it an ideal choice for dynamic and innovative projects.

4.4 System Design

4.4.1 Data Flow Diagram

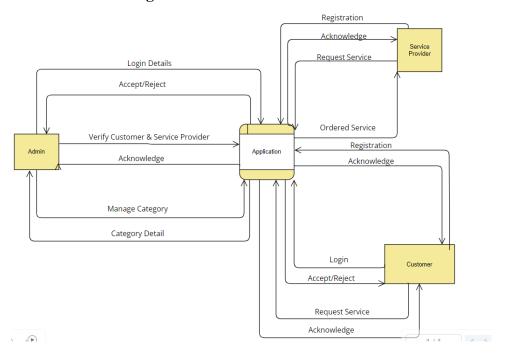


FIG 4.1 DFD Level 0

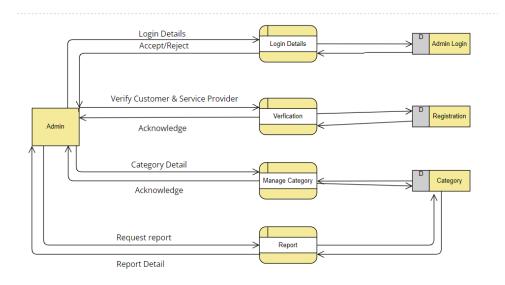


FIG 4.2 DFD Level 1 - Admin

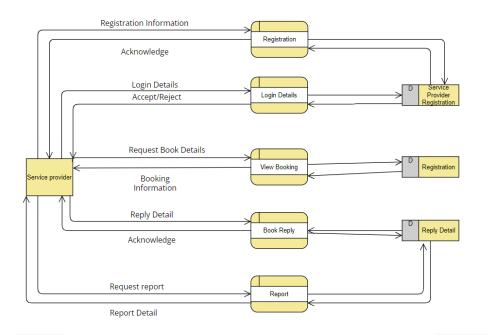


FIG 4.3 DFD Level 1 – Service Provider

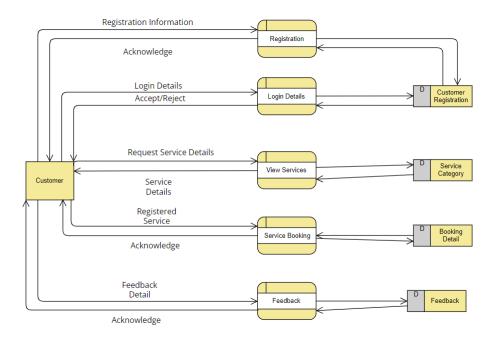


FIG 4.4 DFD Level 1 – Customer

4.4.2 Use Case Diagrams

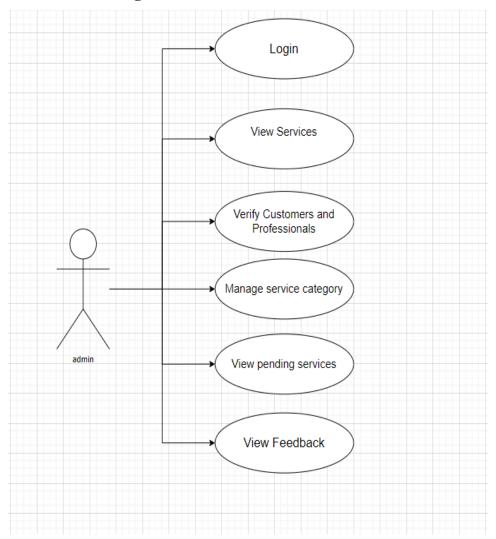


FIG 4.5 USE CASE – Admin

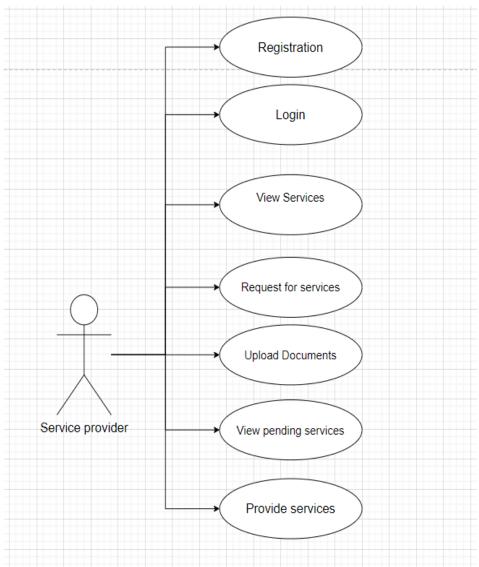


FIG 4.6 USE CASE – Service Provider

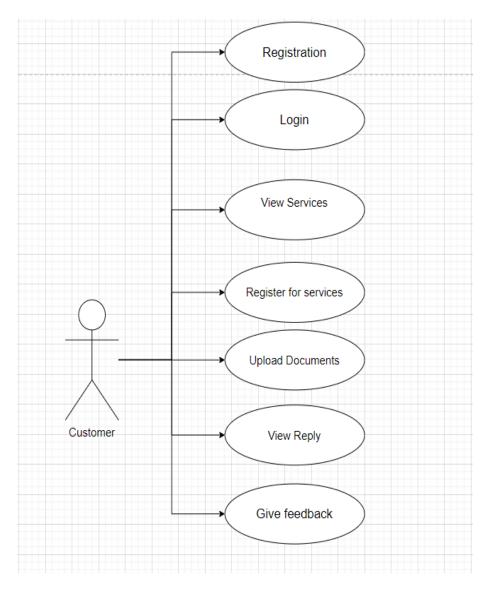


FIG 4.7 USE CASE – Customer

4.5 Database Design

4.5.1 E-R Diagram

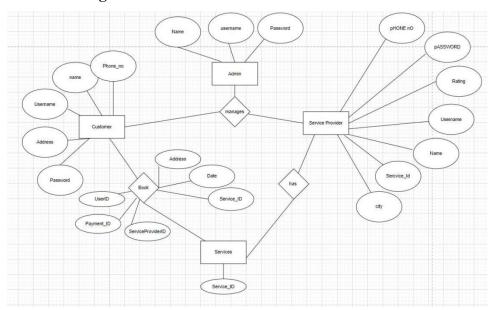


FIG 4.8 ER DIAGRAM

IMPLEMENTATION

5.1 Introduction to languages, tools and technologies used for implementation

5.1.1 Language used:

Kotlin: Kotlin revolutionizes Android development by offering a concise, expressive, and interoperable alternative to Java. Endorsed by Google as an official language for Android, Kotlin simplifies development with its modern syntax, reducing boilerplate code and enhancing readability. Its seamless compatibility with existing Java codebases allows for a smooth transition and integration. With features like null safety, extension functions, and coroutines, Kotlin empowers developers to build robust, efficient, and maintainable Android applications, accelerating the development process and improving overall productivity.

XML: XML (eXtensible Markup Language) plays a crucial role in Android development as it serves as the foundation for defining user interface layouts and resources. In Android, XML is used to describe the structure and appearance of user interface elements such as views, layouts, and drawable resources. It offers a declarative approach, allowing developers to specify UI components and their properties in a clear and organized manner. XML files are utilized in conjunction with Java or Kotlin code to create dynamic and interactive user interfaces for Android applications. By separating the presentation layer from the application logic, XML facilitates easier maintenance, customization, and localization of Android apps, contributing to a more efficient and structured development process.

5.1.2 Toolkit:

Android Studio: The official integrated development environment (IDE) for Android development, providing tools for coding, debugging, and testing Android apps.

Android Software Development Kit (SDK): The Android SDK includes libraries, tools, and APIs necessary for developing Android applications, enabling access to device features and functionalities.

Gradle: Gradle is a build automation tool used to compile, package, and deploy Android apps, managing dependencies and customizing the build process efficiently.

Emulator: Android developers use emulator for testing and debugging their applications, ensuring compatibility and performance across different screen sizes and versions of Android.

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5.1.3 Coding Environment:

Android Studio: Android Studio is the official integrated development environment (IDE) for Google's Android operating system. Built on JetBrains' IntelliJ IDEA software, Android Studio provides powerful tools for building, testing, and debugging Android applications. It features a rich layout editor, real-time code editing with smart code completion, and robust performance analysis tools. With seamless integration with various Android SDKs, emulators, and extensive support for version control, Android Studio is designed to streamline the development process and enhance productivity for developers.

TESTING AND MAINTENANCE

6.1 Testing techniques and Test Cases Used

6.1.1 Testing Techniques:

Hybrid Approach is used. It can be effective when your project has a mix of well-defined and evolving requirements. You can combine aspects of both Agile and waterfall to suit your project's unique needs. This approach allows you to maintain a structured plan while accommodating changes and feedback as necessary. Careful planning and coordination between phases are crucial to make the hybrid model work effectively.

6.1.2 Testing Cases Used:

TABLE 6.1 Test Cases for User Registration

Scenario	Input	Output	Expected output	Result
Valid	Name, Email,	POPUP:	POPUP:	PASS
registration	Username,	"Registered	"Registered	
	Password	successfully"	successfully"	
Email	Email	POPUP:	POPUP:	PASS
verification		"Account	"Account	
		activated"	activated"	
Password	Password	ACTION:	ACTION:	PASS
Strength of less		Strong	Strong password	
than 15		password	suggestion	
characters		Suggestion		
Unique email	Email (already	WARNING:	WARNING:	PASS
address	registered)	"Already	"Already	
		registered"	registered"	
Login after	Username or	ACTION:	ACTION:	PASS
registration	email, password	Direct to	Direct to homepage	
		homepage		
Missing required	-	WARNING:	WARNING:	PASS
fields		"Fill all	"Fill all required	
		required field"	field"	

TABLE 6.2 Test Cases for Password Strength

Scenario	Password Strength	Output	Expected output	Result
0	0	"Enter a password"	"Enter a password"	PASS
MIN – 1	7	"Password is too short"	"Password is too short"	PASS
8<=N<=15	8	Suggest Strong password	Suggest strong password	PASS
More than 15	15	Depends on module	-	PASS

TABLE 6.3 Test Cases for service booking

Scenarios	Input	Output	Expected output	Result
Invalid	Time, Date	WARNING:	WARNING:	PASS
Time and		"Invalid Time and	"Invalid Time and	
Date		Date"	Date"	
Unavailable	Service	WARNING:	WARNING:	PASS
Service	Provider	"Time slot is	"Time slot is	
Provider		unavailable for	unavailable for	
		service Provider"	service Provider"	
Booking	(too long to	POPUP:	POPUP:	PASS
timeout	book a service)	"Session timeout"	"Session timeout"	
Unavailable	Service	WARNING:	WARNING:	PASS
Service		"Sorry, This	"Sorry, this service	
		service is	is unavailable"	
		unavailable''		
Multiple	"ADD MORE	-	-	PASS
services	SERVICES"			
Booking	Complete	MESSAGE:	MESSAGE:	PASS
confirmation	booking details	"Booking	"Booking	
		confirmed"	confirmed"	
Cancel	-	MESSAGE:	MESSAGE:	PASS
Booking		"Booking	"Booking	
		cancelled"	cancelled"	

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

7.1 Brief description of various modules of the system with snapshots

Sign Up Module: Creating a signup module involves implementing a system that allows new users to register and create accounts on your application. Using Firebase Authentication, you can streamline this process with various authentication methods, including email and password. First, set up a Firebase project in the Firebase Console and enable the "Email/Password" sign-in method. Then, add Firebase to your app by following the provided instructions to include the Firebase SDK and initialize Firebase in your project. This setup provides a foundation for integrating Firebase Authentication into your signup module.

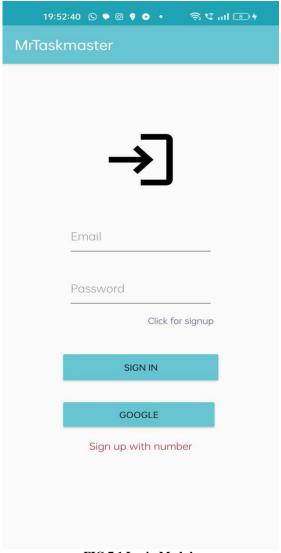


FIG 7.1 Login Module

OTP Verification: We implemented an OTP verification module to enhance security by generating a unique one-time password for user authentication. The OTP is sent to the user's registered mobile number via SMS and users must enter the received code within a specified time frame to verify their identity. This process ensures that only authorized users can access sensitive features and complete transactions.

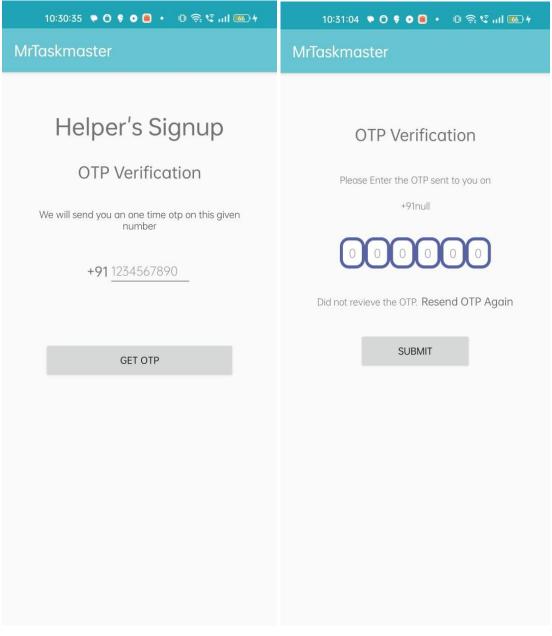


FIG 7.2(a) FIG 7.2(b)

Services Module: A services module encompasses various offerings provided by an application, such as user authentication, data storage, cloud messaging, and analytics. This module integrates different functionalities like Firebase Authentication for secure user login and registration, Firebase Cloud Messaging for push notifications, and Firebase Analytics for tracking user behavior and engagement. By consolidating these services into a single module, developers can efficiently manage and deploy comprehensive features, enhancing the overall functionality and user experience of the application.

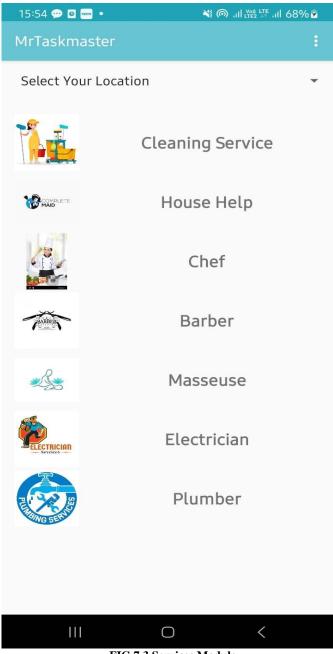


FIG 7.3 Services Module

Booking Module: A service booking module allows users to schedule and manage appointments or services through an application. This module typically includes features like a calendar interface for selecting available times, user authentication to ensure secure access, and integration with payment gateways for seamless transactions. It also provides notifications and reminders to both users and service providers, ensuring timely updates. By automating the booking process and maintaining detailed records, the service booking module enhances efficiency and user convenience, streamlining the overall service management.

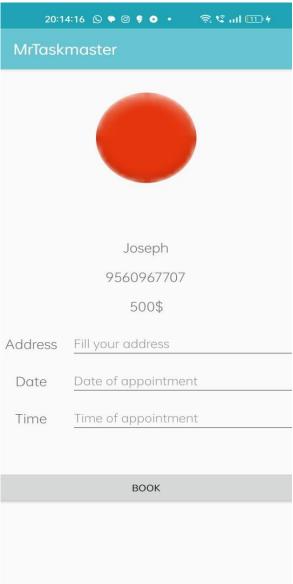


FIG 7.4 Booking Module

7.2 Key Findings of the Project

- **1. High Demand for Convenience**: Users show a strong preference for the convenience offered by an on-demand home services app, valuing the ability to book services quickly and efficiently through a mobile platform.
- **2. Customization is Key**: Users appreciate the ability to customize service packages according to their specific needs. Offering flexible options allows users to tailor services to their preferences, increasing overall satisfaction.
- **3. Technological Integration**: The integration of advanced technologies like real-time tracking, chat functionality, and predictive maintenance alerts adds significant value, improving user experience and operational efficiency.
- **4. Sustainability Matters**: There is a growing interest in eco-friendly service options among users. Providing green alternatives can differentiate the app in the market and attract environmentally conscious customers.
- **5. User Feedback Mechanisms**: Incorporating user feedback mechanisms within the app allows for continuous improvement. Users can easily provide ratings, reviews, and suggestions, which are valuable for refining services and addressing any issues promptly.
- **6. Service Provider Support**: Providing robust support for service providers, including profile management, performance tracking, and access to customer feedback, helps them improve their services and maintain high standards. This support is crucial for retaining quality service providers on the platform.
- **7. Market Competitiveness**: The app's comprehensive feature set, including smart matchmaking, secure payments, real-time tracking, and customizable services, positions it competitively in the market. Continuous innovation and responsiveness to user needs are key to maintaining this competitive edge.
- **8. Customer Engagement**: High levels of customer engagement are achieved through features like loyalty programs, community recommendations, and virtual consultations. These features not only enhance user experience but also foster a sense of community and repeat usage.
- **9. Emergency Response Capability**: The ability to handle emergency service requests effectively, providing rapid response times and prioritizing urgent needs, is a significant value addition. This capability is particularly appreciated in scenarios involving critical home repairs.

7.3 Brief Description of database with snapshots

Firebase: Firebase is a comprehensive platform by Google that offers a suite of cloud-based tools to help developers build, improve, and grow their apps. It includes features like real-time databases for instant data syncing, authentication for secure user sign-ins, cloud storage, and hosting. Firebase also provides analytics to track user behavior and engagement, and cloud messaging for push notifications. Its Firestore database supports scalable and flexible document storage, making it ideal for complex data needs. Overall, Firebase streamlines app development and enhances functionality and user experience.

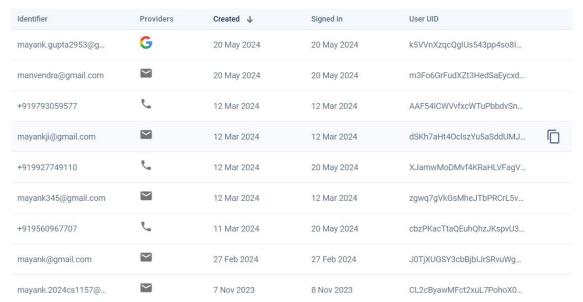


FIG 7.5 LoginDetails In Firebase

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE

8.1 Conclusion and Future Scope

An android application is developed that provides seamless access to a wide range of home services at users' fingertips. Through this project, we have successfully addressed the growing need for efficient and reliable solutions in the home services sector. By leveraging the power of mobile technology, our application offers users unparalleled convenience, allowing them to effortlessly book services, manage appointments, and track service providers' progress in real-time. Furthermore, the incorporation of advanced features such as AI-driven recommendations, blockchain-enabled trust mechanisms, and augmented reality for service previews ensures a highly personalized and secure user experience. With a steadfast commitment to innovation, quality, and customer satisfaction, our on-demand home services application is poised to revolutionize the way individuals engage with domestic services, ultimately enhancing their overall quality of life. As we continue to refine and expand our offerings in line with evolving market trends and user feedback, we are confident that our application will emerge as a market leader, setting new standards of excellence in the home services industry.

This Android application presents a promising future scope with opportunities for market expansion, service diversification, and integration with smart home technology. By gradually expanding to new regions and offering a wider range of services, the application can attract a larger user base and increase revenue streams. Implementing subscription models, AI-powered recommendations, and blockchain technology for trust and transparency can further enhance user experience and retention. Augmented reality features for service previews, partnerships with complementary businesses, and robust feedback mechanisms contribute to maintaining service quality and user satisfaction. Additionally, fostering community engagement through interactive features can cultivate a loyal user base and solidify the application's position in the market. Overall, continuous innovation and adaptation to market trends are crucial for ensuring the long-term success and sustainability of the on-demand home services application.

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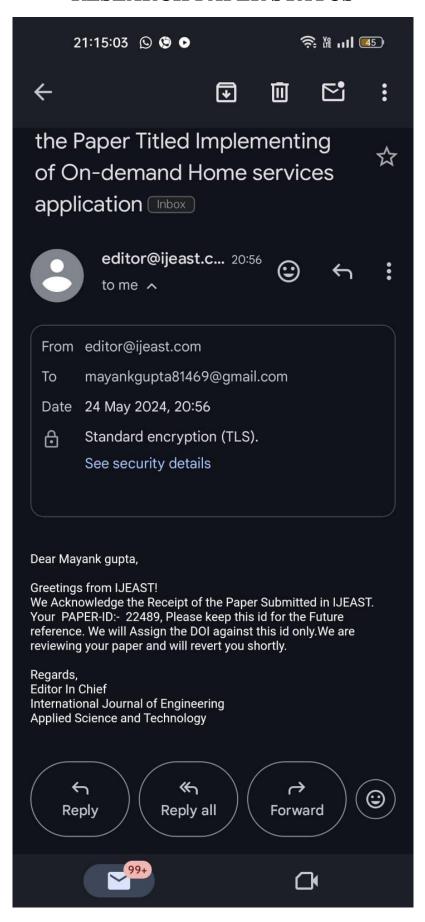
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GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/mayank-g-u-p-t-a/Mrtaskmaster

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Main Applicant: KIET GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS DELHI - NCR

Co-applicant / INVENTOR: SREESH GAUR (CS) MANVENDRA KUMAR (2024CS1149) MAYANK GUPTA (2024CS1157) NAMAN NAGARIA (2024IT1189)

I/We have in the course of my study/ employment invented titled, <u>Ondemand Home Services</u> by using the facilities of Institute and I/We are the true and first inventor.

I/We hereby abide by the IPR Policy which was approved by the management and now public to all stakeholders. Also, the intent of research policy of KIET is towards promoting and encouraging Students/Faculties for recognition of their work by promoting their invention through filing patent/copyright/trademark.

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I/We hereby state that we shall be abide by the IPR policy clause no. 8.2, 8.3, 9, 9.1, 9.2, 10, 10.1, a, b, c and 10.2 approved by college management.

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I/We have given this undertaking at my/our own will and without having any kind of compulsion and pressure by and on behalf of the Institute.