15.4 Inner Classes

An *inner class* is a class defined within another class.

Advantages:

- They make the outer class more self contained.
 - » If WindowDestroyer is used, must make sure that class is available.
 - » If InnerDestroyer (inner class version of WindowDestroyer) is used, it will always be available.
- Inner class has access to all instance variables and methods of outer class, including private ones.
- Avoid name conflicts.
 - » You could have another (outer) class called InnerDestroyer
 - » Completely ignore the inner class of the same name.
 - » and there would not be a conflict.

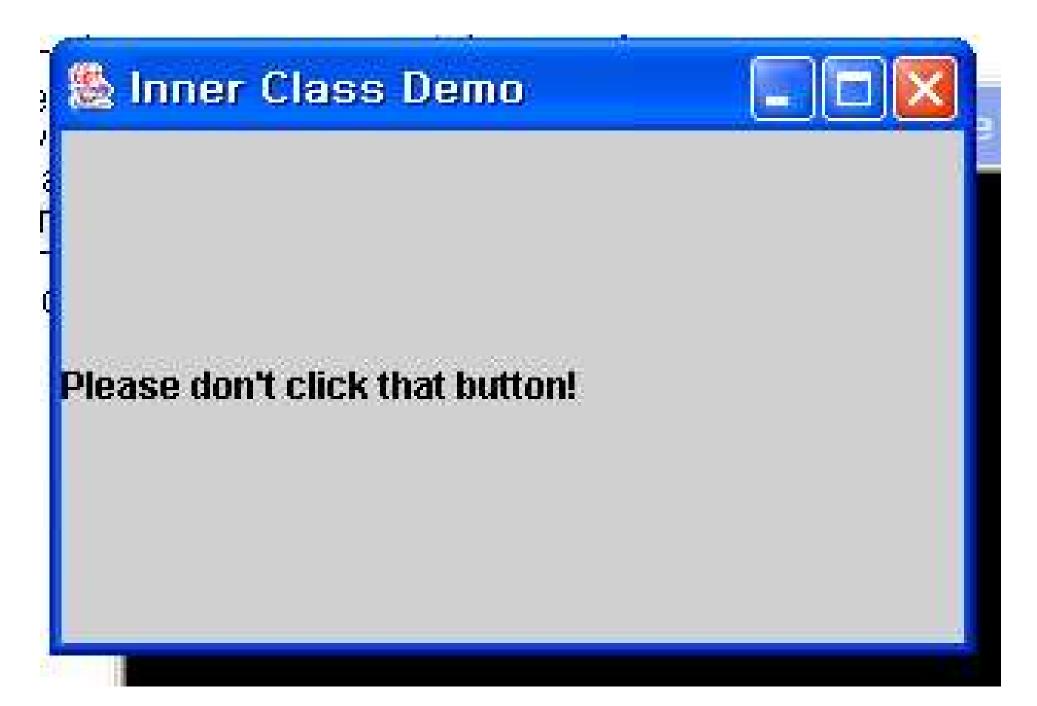


Listing 15.8 An Inner Class - Inner Class Demo.java

```
// Listing 15.8 An Inner Class
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class InnerClassDemo extends JFrame
  public static final int WIDTH = 300;
  public static final int HEIGHT = 200;
  /**
  Creates and displays a window of the class InnerClassDemo.
  public static void main(String[] args)
    InnerClassDemo sampleGUI = new InnerClassDemo();
    sampleGUI.setVisible(true);
```



```
public InnerClassDemo()
   setSize(WIDTH, HEIGHT);
   setTitle("Inner Class Demo");
   Container contentPane = getContentPane();
   contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
   JLabel label = new JLabel(
              "Please don't click that button!");
   contentPane.add(label, BorderLayout.CENTER);
   addWindowListener(new InnerDestroyer());
 //An inner class with the same functionality
 //as the class WindowDestroyer.
 private class InnerDestroyer extends WindowAdapter
   public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e)
      System.exit(0);
```



Invoking a Method of the Outer Class

- innerClassDemo2.java

```
/**
Demonstration of invoking a method of the outer
class within an inner class.
public class InnerClassDemo2 extends JFrame
  public static final int WIDTH = 300;
  public static final int HEIGHT = 200;
  public static void main(String[] args)
    InnerClassDemo2 gui = new InnerClassDemo2();
    gui.setVisible(true);
```



```
public InnerClassDemo2()
   setSize(WIDTH, HEIGHT);
   setDefaultCloseOperation(
        WindowConstants.DO_NOTHING_ON_CLOSE);
   addWindowListener(new InnerDestroyer());
   setTitle("Close Window Demo");
   Container contentPane = getContentPane();
   contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
   JLabel message = new JLabel(
             "Please don't click that button.");
   contentPane.add(message, BorderLayout.CENTER);
 public void blushMainWindow() // private ???
   Container contentPane = getContentPane();
   contentPane.setBackground(Color.PINK);
   repaint();
```



```
public void unBlushMainWindow()
   Container contentPane = getContentPane();
   contentPane.setBackground(Color.WHITE);
   repaint();
 //Displays a window that checks if the user wants to exit.
 private class InnerDestroyer extends WindowAdapter
   public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e)
      ConfirmWindow askWindow = new ConfirmWindow();
     askWindow.setVisible(true);
```

```
//Designed to be used with the inner class InnerDestroyer in
 //the class CloseWindowDemo. Checks if the user wants to exit.
 private class ConfirmWindow extends JFrame
                 implements ActionListener
    public static final int WIDTH = 200;
    public static final int HEIGHT = 100;
    public ConfirmWindow()
      blushMainWindow(); ///
      setSize(WIDTH, HEÏGHT);
      Container confirmContent = getContentPane();
      confirmContent.setBackground(Color.WHITE);
      confirmContent.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
      JLabel msgLabel = new JLabel(
              "Are you sure you want to exit?");
      confirmContent.add(msgLabel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
      JPanel buttonPanel = new JPanel();
      buttonPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
      JButton exitButton = new JButton("Yes");
      exitButton.addActionListener(this);
      buttonPanel.add(exitButton);
```



```
JButton cancelButton = new JButton("No");
      cancelButton.addActionListener(this);
      buttonPanel.add(cancelButton);
      confirmContent.add(buttonPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
      if (e.getActionCommand().equals("Yes"))
        System.exit(0);
      else if (e.getActionCommand().equals("No"))
         unBlushMainWindow();
        dispose();//Destroys only the ConfirmWindow.
      else
        System.out.println("Error in Confirm Window.");
```



Close Window Demo



Please don't click that button.



