# **CP Snippets**

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#### **About**

A collection of CPP Snippets to aid in competetive programming.

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The old version of site is available here.

This site is also available in the form of a PDF book for your convenience, you can download it from here.

#### **DSU**

```
    DSU
```

- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/DSU
- github-snip-file

```
class DSU {
private:
    vector<int> parent, size;
public:
    DSU(int n) {
        parent = vector<int>(n);
        size = vector<int>(n, 1);
        iota(begin(parent), end(parent), 0);
    }
    int getParent(int x) {
```

```
if (parent[x] == x) return x;
        return parent[x] = getParent(parent[x]);
    }
    void join(int x, int y) {
        x = getParent(x);
        y = getParent(y);
        if (size[x] > size[y])
            swap(x, y);
        if (x == y) return;
        parent[x] = y;
        size[y] += size[x];
    }
    int getSize(int x) {
        return size[x] = size[getParent(x)];
    }
};
arr-inp
  arr-inp

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-inp

  • github-snip-file
vector<int> a(n, 0);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin>>a[i];
arr-pref
  arr-pref
```

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-pref
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> pre(n, 0);
for(int i=1;i<n;i++) pre[i]=a[i]+pref[i-1];
binpow
  binpow
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binpow
  • github-snip-file
ll binpow(ll x, ll y){
    ll res = 1;
    while (y>0){
        if (y&1) res = (11)(res*x);
        y = y >> 1;
        x = (11)(x*x);
    }
    return res;
}
binsearch

    binsearch

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binsearch
  • github-snip-file
int lo = 0, hi = n-1;
```

while(hi-lo>1) {

```
int mid = 10 + ((hi-10) >> 1);
    // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
    auto check = [&](ll mid) {
      return (/*condition here*/);
    };
    if(check(mid)){
        // do stuff here
        lo = mid;
    }
    else {
        hi = mid;
    }
}
bp

    bp

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bp
  • github-snip-file
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
#include "debug.h"
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#else
#define dbg(x...) "11-111"
#endif
using namespace std;
```

```
#define ll long long
#define int long long // because mai bevakoof hu
#define logCont(arr,f,l) { auto start=arr.begin(), end=arr.be
"; }
#define uniq(x) x.erase(unique(all(x)), x.end());
#define tr(s, args...) transform(s.begin(), s.end(), args)
#define sz(x) (ll)x.size()
// variadic lambda
#define f(u, args...) [&](auto &&u) { return args; }
#define g(u, v, args...) [&](auto &&u, auto &&v) { return args
// precesion
#define precise(n)
                          cout<<fixed<<setprecision((n))</pre>
// bits
#define bpc(n)
                          std::popcount((unsigned long long)(n)
#define hsb(n)
                          std::has_single_bit((unsigned long lc
                          std::bit_floor((unsigned long long)(r
#define MSB(n)
#define ctz(n)
                          ((n) ? __builtin_ctzll((unsigned long
#define clz(n)
                          ((n) ? __builtin_clzll((unsigned long
#define LSB(n)
                          ((n)&(-(n)))
// general amax, amin for any ds, to be able to use swap in gra
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amax(T &a, T1 b){ i
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amin(T &a, T1 b){ i
// comparison struct for maps (or use decltype)
template<typename T> struct Comp { bool operator()(const T& 1,
constexpr ll Inf = 4e18;
constexpr int mod = 1e9+7;
// constexpr int mod = 998244353;
```

```
constexpr int maxn = 1e6+5;
// sasta mint
ll inv(ll i) {if (i == 1) return 1; return (mod - ((mod / i) *
11 \mod_{mul}(11 \ a, \ 11 \ b) \{a = a \% \mod; b = b \% \mod; return (((a * b))) \}
11 \mod_{add}(11 a, 11 b) {a = a % mod; b = b % mod; return (((a +
ll\ gcd(ll\ a,\ ll\ b)\ \{\ if\ (b==0)\ return\ a;\ return\ gcd(b,\ a\ %\ b)\ \}
ll ceil_div(ll a, ll b) \{return a \% b == 0 ? a / b : a / b + 1;
ll pwr(ll a, ll b) {a \%= mod; ll res = 1; while (b > 0) {if (b
// pows
inline ll po(ll a, ll b) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b >>= 1) { if
inline ll modpow(ll a, ll b, ll mod) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b
void pre_process(){
}
int solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    dbg(n);
    return 2*n;
}
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0);
    pre_process();
    int t; cin>>t;
    while(t--) cout<<solve()<<'</pre>
}
```

# clock\_for\_TL

```
clock

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/clock_for_TL

  • github-snip-file
auto start = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
// code goes here
auto stop = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
auto duration = chrono::duration_cast<chrono::milliseconds>(stc
cout << duration.count() << " ms</pre>
" ,
combination-non-mod

    combination-non-mod

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-no

    github-snip-file

vector<vector<int>> dp(n+1, vector<int> (k+1));
int binomalCoeff(int n, int k){
    for (int i=0; i<=n; i++){
        for (int j=0; j <= k; j++){
              if (!j | | j == i) dp[i][j] = 1;
              // binomial coefficient approach
              else dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + dp[i - 1][j];
         }
     }
     return dp[n][k];
}
```

### combination-small

- · combination-small
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-sm
- github-snip-file

```
int C(int n,int r){
    r = min(r,n-r);
    int ans = 1;
    for(int i=1;i<=r;i++,n--){
        ans *=n;
        ans/=i;
    }
    return ans;
}</pre>
```

#### combination

- combination
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination
- github-snip-file

```
int C(int n, int r){
    int v = (fac[n] * inv[r])%mod;
    v = (v * inv[n-r])%mod;
    return v;
}
```

#### crt

```
crt

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/crt

    github-snip-file

/**
 * Chinese remainder theorem.
 * Find z such that z \% x[i] = a[i] for all i.
 * */
long long crt(vector<long long> &a, vector<long long> &x) {
  long long z = 0;
  long long n = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); ++i)
    n *= x[i];
  for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    long long tmp = (a[i] * (n / x[i])) % n;
    tmp = (tmp * mod_inv(n / x[i], x[i])) % n;
    z = (z + tmp) \% n;
  }
  return (z + n) \% n;
}
cute-lcm
```

- [a,b,c]=abc(a,b,c)/(a,b)(b,c)(c,a), where []=lcm adn ()=gcd or [a,b,c]=abc/gcd(ab,bc,ca)
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/cute-lcm
- github-snip-file

```
"https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1579/n-ary-version-of
"N-ary versions of gcd and lcm"
"proof is heavy lattice ordered smthing based or use inclusion
derangments

    derangments

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/derangments

  • github-snip-file
int countDerangements(int n){
    int dp[n + 1];
    if (n < 3) return (dp[n]=(n % 2)?1:0);
    dp[0] = 1, dp[1] = 0, dp[2] = 1;
    for (int i=3; i< n; i++) dp[i] = (i-1)*(dp[i-1]+dp[i-2]);
    return dp[n];
}
dfs
  · weird ass dfs

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dfs

    github-snip-file

map<int, int> dfs(int cur, int par, vi&a){
    // stuff
    for(auto child:adj[cur]){
        if(child==par)continue;
        // stuff
        dfs(child,cur,a);
```

```
// or return smthing and use it
        auto smthing = dfs(child,cur,a);
        // stuff
    }
    // stuff and then return smthing or not, meh
    return cur_prime;
}
diophantine

    linear diophantine

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/diophantine

    github-snip-file

long long gcd(long long a, long long b, long long &x, long long
  if (a == 0) {
    x = 0;
    y = 1;
    return b;
  long long x1, y1;
  long long d = gcd(b \% a, a, x1, y1);
  x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
  y = x1;
  return d;
}
bool find_any_solution(long long a, long long b, long long c, l
    long long &y0, long long &g) {
  g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
  if (c % g) {
```

```
return false;
 }
 x0 *= c / q;
 y0 *= c / g;
 if (a < 0) \times 0 = -x0;
 if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
  return true;
}
long long cnt) {
 x += cnt * b;
 y -= cnt * a;
}
long long find_all_solutions(long long a, long long b, long lor
   long long minx, long long maxx, long long miny,
   long long maxy) {
 long long x, y, g;
 if (!find_any_solution(a, b, c, x, y, g)) return 0;
 a /= g;
 b /= g;
 long long sign_a = a > 0 ? +1 : -1;
  long long sign_b = b > 0 ? +1 : -1;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (minx - x) / b);
 if (x < minx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_b);</pre>
  if (x > maxx) return 0;
  long long 1x1 = x;
```

```
shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (maxx - x) / b);
  if (x > maxx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_b);
  long long rx1 = x;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(miny - y) / a);
  if (y < miny) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_a);</pre>
  if (y > maxy) return 0;
  long long 1x2 = x;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(maxy - y) / a);
  if (y > maxy) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_a);
  long long rx2 = x;
  if (1x2 > rx2) swap(1x2, rx2);
  long long lx = max(lx1, lx2);
  long long rx = min(rx1, rx2);
  if (1x > rx) return 0;
  return (rx - lx) / abs(b) + 1;
}
dsu-rr
  dsu-rr

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dsu-rr

    github-snip-file

class Solution {
    struct DSU
    {
        vector<int> siz,parent;
```

```
void init()
    {
        siz.resize(26);
        parent.resize(26);
        for(int i=0;i<26;i++)
        {
             siz[i]=1;
             parent[i]=i;
        }
    }
    int leader(int ex)
    {
        if(ex==parent[ex])
             return ex;
        return parent[ex]=leader(parent[ex]);
    }
    void merge(int a,int b)
    {
        a=leader(a);
        b=leader(b);
        if(a==b)
             return;
        if(siz[a]<siz[b])</pre>
             swap(a,b);
        siz[a]+=siz[b];
        parent[b]=parent[a];
    }
};
```

# easy\_seive

easy\_seive

```
    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/easy_seive

  • github-snip-file
void ez_seive(int n){
     vector<bool> prime(n,1);
     for (int p = 2; p*p <= n; p++){
         if (prime[p]){
            for (int i = p * p; i \le n; i += p) prime[i] = fals
         }
     }
}
for (int p = 2; p \le n; p++){
      // do whatever you want with those primes${1}
      if (prime[p]) cout << p << " ";
}
euclid
  euclid

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/euclid

    github-snip-file

int euclid_gcd(int a, int b){
    if (b==0) return a;
    return gcd(b, a % b);
}
int euclid_gcdExtended(int a, int b, int *x, int *y){
    if (a == 0){
        *x = 0;
        *y = 1;
```

```
return b;
    }
    int x1, y1;
    int gcd = gcdExtended(b \% a, a, &x1, &y1);
    *x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
    *v = x1;
    return gcd;
}
explanation_binsearch

    explanation binsearch

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/explanation_bi

    github-snip-file

int lo = 0, hi = n-1; // see constraints for lo and hi, nahi mi
while(hi-lo>1) {
    int mid = lo + ((hi-lo) >> 1); // to avoid overflows
    // lo will become the last index that satisfies X condition
    // hi is the first element that doesn't satisfy X condition
    // lower_bound = <</pre>
    // upper_bound = <=</pre>
    // upper using lower = lo, < + ek for loop to traverse the
    // essence ->
    // remember, lo ke left mai condition always true, lo last
    // hi ke right mai condition always false, hi first one jis
    // hi will probably be the answer in most cases
```

// hi+1, lo, lo-1 are also potential answers (maybe, mujhe

```
// always make condition such that when it's true, left seg
    // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
    auto check = [\&](ll mid) {
        // this is where majority is what you wanna write happe
      return (/*condition here*/);
    };
    if(check(mid)){
        // do stuff here
        lo = mid;
    }
    else {
        hi = mid;
    }
}
fac
  fac

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fac

    github-snip-file

int fac[maxn];
int inv[maxn];
fac[1] = inv[1] = 1;
for (int i=2; i<maxn; i++){
  fac[i] = (fac[i-1] * i)%mod;
  inv[i] = power(fac[i], mod - 2);
}
```

### factorization

```
    factorization

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/factorization
  • github-snip-file
void printFactors(int n) {
    for (int i=1; i * i<=n; i++){}
        if (n%i == 0) {
            if (n/i == i) cout << i << " ";
            else cout << i << " " << n/i << " ";
        }
    }
    cout << "
" ,
}
void printPrimeFactors(int n){
 set<int> f;
 for (int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++){
     while (n \% i == 0){
         f.insert(i);
         n /= i;
      }
 }
for (auto &i : f){
     cout << i << " ";
 cout << "
}
```

fenwick

```
    binary indexed tree

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fenwick

    github-snip-file

// 0-indexed BIT (binary indexed tree / Fenwick tree) (i : [0,
template <class T>
struct BIT{
    int n;
    vector<T> data;
    BIT(int len = 0) : n(len), data(len) {}
    void reset() { fill(data.begin(), data.end(), T(0)); }
    void add(int pos, T v){
        // a[pos] += v
        pos++;
        while (pos > 0 and pos <= n)
            data[pos - 1] += v, pos += pos & -pos;
    }
    T sum(int k) const{
        // a[0] + ... + a[k - 1]
        T res = 0;
        while (k > 0)
            res += data[k - 1], k -= k & -k;
        return res;
    }
    T sum(int 1, int r) const { return sum(r) - sum(1); } // a[
    // dbg functions
    template <class OStream>
    friend OStream &operator<<(OStream &os, const BIT &bit){</pre>
        T prv = 0;
        os << '[';
```

```
for (int i = 1; i \le bit.n; i++){
             T now = bit.sum(i);
             os << now - prv << ',', prv = now;
        return os << ']';
    }
};
file_io

    for coding competetions

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/file_io
  • github-snip-file
void file_i_o(){
    freopen("./tests/test01.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("./tests/output01.txt", "w", stdout);
}
freq-map

    freq-map

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/freq-map
  • github-snip-file
map<int, int> m;
for(int i=0; i<n;i++){</pre>
  if(m.find(a[i])==m.end()) m[a[i]]=1;
  else m[a[i]]++;
}
```

# gr-inp-Fwt

```
· graph input weight

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp-Fwt

  • github-snip-file
int e=f(n);
vector<vector<pair<int,int>>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
  int u, v, wt; cin>>u>>v>>wt;
  g[u].push_back({v,wt});
  g[v].push_back({u,wt});
}
gr-inp

    graph input

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp

    github-snip-file

int e=f(n);
vector<vector<int>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
  int u, v; cin>>u>>v;
  g[u].push_back(v);
  g[v].push_back(u);
}
```

# highest\_exponent

```
    power in fac

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/highest_expone
  • github-snip-file
int highest_exponent(int p, const int &n){
  int ans = 0;
  int t = p;
  while(t \le n){
    ans += n/t;
    t*=p;
  }
  return ans;
}
interactive

    essential measures for interactive problems

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/interactive

    github-snip-file

void solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    auto querySystem = [&](int 1, int r) {
        // print your query
        cout<<r-l+1<<endl;
        cout << end1;
        // receive and return reply from system
        int wt; cin>>wt;
        return wt;
```

```
};
    // write your logic here and use querySystem to receive ans
    // do a cout<<endl after each cout
    cout << endl;
}
ip-overloads

    I/O Overloads that I don't use

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/ip-overloads

    github-snip-file

template<typename T1, typename T2> inline istream& operator >>
template<typename T1, typename T2> inline ostream& operator <<
template<typename T> istream& operator >> (istream& in, vector<
void read(auto&... args) { ((cin>>args), ...); }
void put(auto&&... args) { ((cout<<args<<" "), ...);}</pre>
#define get(T,args...) T args; read(args);
#define putn(args...) { put(args); cout<<"</pre>
"; }
#define pute(args...) { put(args); cout<<endl; }</pre>
#define putr(args...) { putn(args) return ;}
```

#### kadane

max subarray sum O(n)

```
    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kadane

    github-snip-file

int maxSubArraySum(vector<int> &v, int size){
    int max_so_far=INT_MIN, max_ending_here = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){
        max_ending_here += a[i];
        if (max_so_far<max_ending_here) max_so_far=max_ending_h
        if (max_ending_here < 0) max_ending_here = 0;</pre>
    return max_so_far;
}
kosaraju

    kosaraju

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kosaraju

    github-snip-file

class Graph {
 int V;
 vector<int> *adj;
 void fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s);
 void dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]);
public:
 Graph(int V) : V(V)
   adj = new vector<int>[V];
```

```
}
 ~Graph()
 {
    delete[] adj;
 }
 void addEdge(int v, int w);
 void printSCCs();
 Graph getTranspose();
};
void Graph::dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]) {
visited[v] = true;
 cout << v << " ";
for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
        dfsUtil(it, visited);
}
Graph Graph::getTranspose() {
 Graph g(V);
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
     for (auto &it : adj[i])
         g.adj[it].push_back(i);
 }
 return g;
}
void Graph::addEdge(int v, int w) {
 adj[v].push_back(w);
```

```
}
void Graph::fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s) {
 visited[v] = true;
for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
         fillOrder(it, visited, s);
 s.push(v);
}
void Graph::printSCCs() {
 stack<int> s;
 bool visited[V] = {0};
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
      if (!visited[i])
        fillOrder(i, visited, s);
 Graph gr = getTranspose();
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
     visited[i] = false;
 while (!s.empty()) {
     int v = s.top();
     s.pop();
     if (!visited[v]){
        gr.dfsUtil(v, visited);
        cout << "
     }
}
```

### kruskal

```
    kruskal
```

```
    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kruskal
```

• github-snip-file

```
auto kruskalMST(vector<Edge> &edges, int V){
   int cost = 0;
   DSU dsu(V);
   sort(begin(edges), end(edges));
   vector<Edge> tree;
   for (const auto &[u, v, w] : edges){
      if (dsu.getParent(u) != dsu.getParent(v)) {
        cost += w;
        tree.emplace_back(u, v, w);
        dsu.join(u, v);
   }
   }
   return make_pair(tree, cost);
}
```

## lambda\_function

- lambda function
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lambda\_functio
- github-snip-file

```
auto check = [&](ll mid) {
  return mid - (mid / n) >= k;
};
```

#### Ica

- LCA path satisfying some condition
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lca

```
• github-snip-file
constexpr int N = 5; // No. of vertices
constexpr int L = 4; // ceil(logN / log2) + 1
// Vertices from 1 to N.
vector<int> adj[N + 1];
int up[N + 1][L];
int level[N + 1];
void dfs(int u, int prev = 0){
up[u][0] = prev;
for (auto &v : adj[u]){
     if (v == prev) continue;
     level[v] = level[u] + 1;
     dfs(v, u);
}
}
void binaryLift(){
 dfs(1);
for (int i = 1; i < L; i++)
     for (int j = 1; j \le N; j++)
          up[j][i] = up[up[j][i - 1]][i - 1];
}
```

```
int LCA(int a, int b){
 if (level[a] > level[b])
     swap(a, b);
 int diff = level[b] - level[a];
 for (int i = 0; i < L; i++){
     if ((diff & (1 << i)))
         b = up[b][i];
 }
 if (a == b) return a;
 for (int i = L - 1; i \ge 0; i--){
     if (up[a][i] != up[b][i]){
        a = up[a][i];
        b = up[b][i];
     }
 }
return up[a][0];
}
void addEdge(int u, int v){
adj[u].push_back(v);
adj[v].push_back(u);
}
int dist(int a, int b){
return level[a] + level[b] - 2 * level[LCA(a, b)];
}
```

# log

```
log

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/log

    github-snip-file

// Computes x which a ^{\wedge} x = b mod n.
long long d_log(long long a, long long b, long long n) {
  long long m = ceil(sqrt(n));
  long long aj = 1;
  map<long long, long long> M;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    if (!M.count(aj))
      M[aj] = i;
    aj = (aj * a) % n;
  }
  long long coef = mod_pow(a, n - 2, n);
  coef = mod_pow(coef, m, n);
  // coef = a \wedge (-m)
  long long gamma = b;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    if (M.count(gamma)) {
      return i * m + M[gamma];
    } else {
      gamma = (gamma * coef) % n;
    }
  return -1;
}
```

#### matrix

```
    matrix

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/matrix

    github-snip-file

const int MN = 111;
const int mod = 10000;
struct matrix {
  int r, c;
  int m[MN][MN];
  matrix (int _r, int _c) : r (_r), c (_c) {
    memset(m, 0, sizeof m);
  }
  void print() {
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i) {
      for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
        cout << m[i][j] << " ";</pre>
      cout << endl;</pre>
    }
  }
  int x[MN][MN];
  matrix & operator *= (const matrix &o) {
    memset(x, 0, sizeof x);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
      for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
        if (m[i][k] != 0)
          for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
            x[i][j] = (x[i][j] + ((m[i][k] * o.m[k][j]) % mod)
```

```
memcpy(m, x, sizeof(m));
    return *this;
  }
};
void matrix_pow(matrix b, long long e, matrix &res) {
  memset(res.m, 0, sizeof res.m);
  for (int i = 0; i < b.r; ++i)
    res.m[i][i] = 1;
  if (e == 0) return;
  while (true) {
    if (e & 1) res *= b;
    if ((e >>= 1) == 0) break;
    b *= b;
  }
}
mint

    modular integer

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/mint

    github-snip-file

struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % n
    mi() \{ v = 0; \}
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v & v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
```

```
friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
    return a.v == b.v; }
friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
    return !(a == b); }
friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
    return a.v < b.v; }
mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
    v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
    mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
    for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
    return ans;
}
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
    return pow(a, mod-2); }
mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp
mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp
friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
```

```
friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
    friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
        os << m.v; return os;
    }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
modpow

    modpow

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/modpow

  • github-snip-file
ll modpow(ll a, ll b){
    a \% = m;
    ll res = 1;
    while (b > 0) {
        if (b & 1) res = res * a % m;
        a=a*a%m;
        b>>=1;
    }
    return res;
}
```

## pbds

- pbds
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pbds
- github-snip-file

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
// pbds = find_by_value(), order_of_key()
// find_by_order(k) returns iterator to kth element starting f
// order_of_key(k) returns count of elements strictly smaller t
template<class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,gr
template<class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T>
template<class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key>> us
```

#### pq

- pq
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pq
- · github-snip-file

```
priority_queue<int> pq;
priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<>> pq;
```

## prime-related-stuff

- implements prime fac, fac list and is\_prime in both space optimized and time optimized ways
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/prime-related-

```
• github-snip-file
vector<int> smallest_factor;
vector<bool> prime;
vector<int> primes;
void sieve(int maximum)
{
    maximum = max(maximum, 1);
    smallest_factor.assign(maximum + 1, 0);
    prime.assign(maximum + 1, true);
    prime[0] = prime[1] = false;
    primes = \{\};
    for (int p = 2; p \le maximum; p++)
        if (prime[p])
        {
            smallest_factor[p] = p;
            primes.push_back(p);
            for (int64_t i = int64_t(p) * p; i <= maximum; i +=
                if (prime[i])
                {
                     prime[i] = false;
                     smallest_factor[i] = p;
                }
        }
}
// Determines whether n is prime in worst case O(sqrt n / log r
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(1) time.
bool is_prime(int64_t n)
{
    int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
```

```
assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
    if (n <= sieve_max)</pre>
        return prime[n];
    for (int64_t p : primes)
    {
        if (p * p > n)
            break;
        if (n \% p == 0)
            return false;
    }
    return true;
}
// Prime factorizes n in worst case O(sqrt n / log n). Requires
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(log n) time.
template <typename T>
vector<pair<T, int>> prime_factorize(T n)
{
    int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
    assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
    vector<pair<T, int>> result;
    if (n <= sieve_max)</pre>
    {
        while (n != 1)
        {
             int p = smallest_factor[n];
             int exponent = 0;
             do
```

```
n /= p;
                 exponent++;
            } while (n \% p == 0);
            result.emplace_back(p, exponent);
        return result;
    }
    for (int p : primes)
    {
        if (int64_t(p) * p > n)
            break;
        if (n \% p == 0)
        {
            result.emplace_back(p, 0);
            do
            {
                n /= p;
                result.back().second++;
            } while (n \% p == 0);
        }
    }
    if (n > 1)
        result.emplace_back(n, 1);
    return result;
}
template <typename T>
vector<T> generate_factors(const vector<pair<T, int>> &prime_fa
    // See http://oeis.org/A066150 and http://oeis.org/A036451
```

```
static vector<T> buffer;
    int product = 1;
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
        product *= pf.second + 1;
    vector<T> factors = {1};
    factors.reserve(product);
    if (sorted)
        buffer.resize(product);
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
    {
        T p = pf.first;
        int exponent = pf.second;
        int before size = int(factors.size());
        for (int i = 0; i < exponent * before_size; i++)
            factors.push_back(factors[factors.size() - before_s
        if (sorted && factors[before_size - 1] > p)
            for (int section = before_size; section < int(factor)</pre>
                for (int i = 0; i + section < int(factors.size(</pre>
                {
                    int length = min(2 * section, int(factors.s
                     merge(factors.begin() + i, factors.begin()
                           factors.begin() + i + section, factor
                           buffer.begin());
                    copy(buffer.begin(), buffer.begin() + lengt
                }
    }
    assert(int(factors.size()) == product);
    return factors;
}
void pre_process() {
```

```
sieve(1e6+5);
}
// mint
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % n
    mi() { v = 0; }
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v & v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    }
    friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return !(a == b); }
    friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v < b.v; }
    mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
        v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
    mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
    friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
        mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
        for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
```

```
return ans;
    }
    friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
        return pow(a, mod-2); }
    mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
    mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
    mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
    mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp;
    mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp;
    friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
    friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
    friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
    friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
        os << m.v; return os;
    }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
```

#### re-write

 a bunch of re and write functions based on template meta programming heklpful in cp. • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/read-write-fn-

• github-snip-file

```
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p);
template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a);
template <class T, size_t SZ> void re(array<T, SZ> &a);
template <class T> void re(T &x) { cin >> x; }
void re(double &x) { string t;re(t); x = stod(t);}
template <class Arg, class... Args> void re(Arg &first, Args &.
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p) { re(p.f template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a) {for (int i = 0; i < s template <class T> void re(array<T, SZ> &a) { for (ir template <class T> void write(T x) { cout << x << " "; }
template <class T> void writen(T x) { cout << x << n1; }
template <class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T, vector<T>, gr template <class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T> template <class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key> us
```

### recur-binsearch

- recursive binary search implementation to make intution easier ig
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-binsearc
- github-snip-file

```
auto check = [&](int mid) {
      // smthing here
      return bool ();
};
function<int(int,int)> recur_binsearch = [&](int lo, int hi) {
   if(hi<=lo) return lo;</pre>
```

```
int mid=(lo+hi)/2;
  if(check(mid)) return recur_binsearch(lo, mid-1);
  return recur_binsearch(mid+1, hi);
}
recur-modpow

    recur-modpow

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-modpow
  • github-snip-file
int power(int x, int y){
    if (y==0) return 1;
    int v = power(x, y/2);
    v *= v;
    v \% = mod;
    if (y&1) return (v*x)%mod;
    else return v;
}
rng
  • rng

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rng

  • github-snip-file
//random generator
mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().cour
ll rnd(ll a, ll b){if(a > b){return -1;}return a + (ll)rng() % (
```

# rr-segtree

```
    best segtree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rr-segtree
  • github-snip-file
int phi[N+1];
struct node
{
     long long sum, max, lca, size;
     node()
     {
           lca=-1;
           max=-1;
           sum=-1;
           size=0;
     };
};
struct Segment_Tree
{
     vector<node> segtree;
     int n;
     node identity;
     void init(int _n)
           identity.lca=-1;
           identity.sum=0;
           identity.max=-1;
```

```
identity.size=0;
     n=1;
     while(n<_n)
          n=n*2;
     segtree.resize(2*n);
}
node merge(node a, node b)
{
       if(a.lca<1)
           return b;
       if(b.lca<1)
           return a;
       node ans;
       ans.max=std::max(a.max,b.max);
       ans.sum=a.sum+b.sum;
       ans.size=a.size+b.size;
       int ex=50;
       int A=a.lca;
       int B=b.lca;
       while(true)
       {
           if(A==B)
                break;
           if(A>B)
           {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+a.size;
               A=phi[A];
```

```
}
           else
           {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+b.size;
                B=phi[B];
           }
       }
       ans.lca=A;
       return ans;
}
void build(int curr,int left,int right,vector<int>&ar)
{
     if(right-left==1)
     {
          if(left<ar.size())</pre>
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=ar[left];
                segtree[curr].lca=ar[left];
                segtree[curr].size=1;
          }
          else
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=-1;
                segtree[curr].lca=-1;
                segtree[curr].size=0;
          }
          return;
```

```
}
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     build(2*curr+1, left, mid, ar);
     build(2*curr+2, mid, right, ar);
     segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1],segtree[2*curr+
 }
node sum(int lq,int rq,int node,int left,int right)
{
     if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
          return identity;
     if(left>=lq && rq>=right)
          return segtree[node];
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     return merge(sum(lq,rq,2*node+1,left,mid),sum(lq,rq,2
}
void operate(int lq,int rq,int curr,int left,int right)
{
     if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
                return;
     if(right-left==1)
     {
          int val=segtree[curr].lca;
          val=phi[val];
          segtree[curr].lca=val;
          segtree[curr].max=val;
```

```
segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].size=1;
                return;
          }
          if(segtree[curr].max<=1)</pre>
                return;
          int mid=(left+right)/2;
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+1,left,mid);
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+2,mid,right);
          segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1], segtree[2*curr+
     }
};
segtree

    sextree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/segtree

    github-snip-file

template<class T, class U>
// T -> node, U->update.
struct Lsegtree{
    vector<T>st;
    vector<U>lazy;
    11 n;
    T identity_element;
    U identity_update;
```

```
/*
    Definition of identity_element: the element I such that
    for all x
    Definition of identity_update: the element I such that
    for all x
* /
Lsegtree(ll n, T identity_element, U identity_update){
    this->n = n;
    this->identity_element = identity_element;
    this->identity_update = identity_update;
    st.assign(4*n,identity_element);
    lazy.assign(4*n, identity_update);
}
T combine(T 1, T r){
    // change this function as required.
    T \text{ ans} = (1 + r);
    return ans;
}
void buildUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, vector<T>&a){
    if(tl == tr){
        st[v] = a[t1];
        return;
    }
    11 tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
    buildUtil(2*v + 1, tl, tm,a);
    buildUtil(2*v + 2, tm+1, tr, a);
    st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v + 2]);
```

```
}
// change the following 2 functions, and you're more or les
T apply(T curr, U upd, ll tl, ll tr){
    T ans = (tr-tl+1)*upd;
    // increment range by upd:
    // T ans = curr + (tr - tl + 1)*upd
    return ans;
}
U combineUpdate(U old_upd, U new_upd, ll tl, ll tr){
    U ans = old_upd;
    ans=new upd;
    return ans;
}
void push_down(ll v, ll tl, ll tr){
    //for the below line to work, make sure the "==" operat
    if(lazy[v] == identity_update)return;
    st[v] = apply(st[v], lazy[v], tl, tr);
    if(2*v + 1 \le 4*n){
        11 tm = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
        lazy[2*v + 1] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+1], lazy[v],
        lazy[2*v + 2] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+2], lazy[v],
    }
    lazy[v] = identity_update;
}
T queryUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(l > r)return identity_element;
    if(tr < l or tl > r){
```

```
return identity_element;
    }
    if(1 \le t1 \text{ and } r \ge tr)
         return st[v];
    }
    11 \text{ tm} = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
    return combine(queryUtil(2*v+1,tl,tm,l,r), queryUtil(2*
}
void updateUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r, U upd){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(tr < 1 or tl > r)return;
    if(tl >= l and tr <= r)
        lazy[v] = combineUpdate(lazy[v], upd, tl, tr);
        push_down(v,tl,tr);
    } else{
        11 tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
        updateUtil(2*v+1, tl, tm, l, r, upd);
        updateUtil(2*v+2, tm+1, tr, 1, r, upd);
        st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v+2]);
    }
}
void build(vector<T>a){
    assert((11)a.size() == n);
    buildUtil(0,0,n-1,a);
}
T query(ll l, ll r){
    return queryUtil(0,0,n-1,l,r);
}
```

```
void update(ll 1,ll r, U upd){
        updateUtil(0,0,n-1,1,r,upd);
    }
};
seive
  seive
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/seive
  • github-snip-file
vector<bool> Prime;
vector<int> spf;
void sieve(int s = maxn) {
    Prime.resize(s + 1, 1);
    spf.resize(s + 1, s + 1);
    for(int i = 2 ; i \le s ; i++) if(Prime[i]) {
        spf[i] = min(spf[i], i);
        for(int j = i; (l1)j * i <= s; j++)
            Prime[j * i] = 0, spf[j * i] = min(i, spf[j * i]);
    }
}
tokenizer

    tokenizer that has no use

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/tokenizer

    github-snip-file

vec(string) tokenizer(string str,char ch) {std::istringstream v
```

## totient-seive

- totient-seive
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient-seive
- github-snip-file

```
for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  phi[i] = i;

for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  if (!sieve[i]) // is prime
    for (int j = i; j < MN; j += i)
    phi[j] -= phi[j] / i;</pre>
```

### totient

- totient
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient
- github-snip-file

```
long long totient(long long n) {
  if (n == 1) return 0;
  long long ans = n;
  for (int i = 0; primes[i] * primes[i] <= n; ++i) {
    if ((n % primes[i]) == 0) {
      while ((n % primes[i]) == 0) n /= primes[i];
      ans -= ans / primes[i];
    }
  }
  if (n > 1) {
```

```
ans -= ans / n;
  }
  return ans;
}
trie
  trie
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/trie
  • github-snip-file
struct Trie{
    struct node{
        node* next[10];
        node(){
            for(int i=0;i<10;i++) next[i]=NULL;</pre>
        }
    };
    node root;
    void add(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
        for(auto ele : val){
             if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) temp->next[ele]=new node(
             temp=temp->next[ele];
        }
    }
    int query(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
```

```
int ans=0;
        for(auto ele : val){
             if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) break;
             ans++;
             temp=temp->next[ele];
        return ans;
    }
};
troll
  troll
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/troll
  • github-snip-file
// Assembly Generator: gcc -S -o temp.s fileName.cpp
// Executable: gcc -o temp.exe fileName.cpp
#define assembler(x) __asm__(R"(x)");
// real source -
two-sat (kosaraju)

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  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/two-sat (kosar

    github-snip-file

/**
    Given a set of clauses (a1 v a2)^(a2 v \neg a3)...
    this algorithm find a solution to it set of clauses.
```

```
* test: http://lightoj.com/volume_showproblem.php?problem=125
 **/
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 100000
#define endl '
vector<int> G[MAX];
vector<int> GT[MAX];
vector<int> Ftime;
vector<vector<int> > SCC;
bool visited[MAX];
int n;
void dfs1(int n){
  visited[n] = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < G[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = G[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs1(curr);
  }
  Ftime.push_back(n);
}
void dfs2(int n, vector<int> &scc) {
  visited[n] = 1;
  scc.push_back(n);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < GT[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = GT[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs2(curr, scc);
 }
}
void kosaraju() {
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i) {
    if (!visited[i]) dfs1(i);
  }
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = Ftime.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    if (visited[Ftime[i]]) continue;
    vector<int> _scc;
    dfs2(Ftime[i],_scc);
    SCC.push_back(_scc);
  }
}
 * After having the SCC, we must traverse each scc, if in one
 * Otherwise we build a solution, making the first "node" that
 **/
bool two_sat(vector<int> &val) {
```

```
kosaraju();
  for (int i = 0; i < SCC.size(); ++i) {
    vector<bool> tmpvisited(2 * n, false);
    for (int j = 0; j < SCC[i].size(); ++j) {
      if (tmpvisited[SCC[i][j] ^ 1]) return 0;
      if (val[SCC[i][j]] != -1) continue;
      else {
       val[SCC[i][j]] = 0;
       val[SCC[i][j] ^ 1] = 1;
      }
      tmpvisited[SCC[i][j]] = 1;
    }
  }
  return 1;
}
// Example of use
int main() {
  int m, u, v, nc = 0, t; cin >> t;
  // n = "nodes" number, m = clauses number
  while (t--) {
    cin >> m >> n;
    Ftime.clear();
    SCC.clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i) {
      G[i].clear();
     GT[i].clear();
    }
```

```
// (a1 v a2) = (\nega1 -> a2) = (\nega2 -> a1)
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    cin >> u >> v;
    int t1 = abs(u) - 1;
    int t2 = abs(v) - 1;
    int p = t1 * 2 + ((u < 0)? 1 : 0);
    int q = t2 * 2 + ((v < 0)? 1 : 0);
    G[p \land 1].push_back(q);
    G[q \land 1].push_back(p);
    GT[p].push_back(q \land 1);
    GT[q].push_back(p \land 1);
  }
  vector<int> val(2 * n, -1);
  cout << "Case " << ++nc <<": ";
  if (two_sat(val)) {
    cout << "Yes" << endl;
    vector<int> sol;
    for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i)
      if (i \% 2 == 0 \text{ and } val[i] == 1)
        sol.push_back(i / 2 + 1);
    cout << sol.size();</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < sol.size(); ++i) {
      cout << " " << sol[i];
    }
    cout << endl;
  } else {
    cout << "No" << endl;</pre>
  }
}
```

```
return 0;
}
xor-basis

    xor-basis

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/xor-basis
  • github-snip-file
struct XorBasis{
    private:
    vector<ll> basis;
    int lg;
    int sz = 0;
    public:
    XorBasis(int lg) : lg(lg){
        basis.resize(lg);
    }
    void add(ll x){
        if(x >= (111 << lg)) return;
        for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 basis[i] = x;
                 ++SZ;
             }
             x^=basis[i];
        }
    }
    bool contains(ll x){
```

```
for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){</pre>
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 return false;
             x^=basis[i];
        return true;
    }
    int size(){
        return sz;
    }
    const vector<ll>::iterator begin(){
        return basis.begin();
    }
    const vector<ll>::iterator end(){
        return basis.end();
    }
};
```