CP Snippets

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About

A collection of CPP Snippets to aid in competetive programming.

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The old version of site is available here.

This site is also available in the form of a PDF book for your convenience, you can download it from here.

BIT-general

- easy BIT general with range updates by diff array too
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/BIT-general
- github-snip-file

```
template <class T>
class BIT
{
    static_assert(is_integral<T>::value, "Integer required");

private:
    const size_t N;
    vector<T> data;

public:
    // Binary indexed tree or fenwick tree
```

```
// O (log n) all operations except order
// order complexity - 0 (log n)
// 1 based indexing
BIT() : N(0) {}
BIT(const size_t _N) : N(_N), data(_N + 1) {}
size_t size()
{
    return N;
}
// sum of [1, idx]
// range sum query
T sum(size_t idx)
{
    T ans = 0;
    for (; idx > 0; idx -= (idx & -idx))
    {
        ans += data[idx];
    }
    return ans;
}
T sum(size_t l, size_t r)
{
    return sum(r) - sum(l - 1);
}
// Point update
void add(size_t idx, T val)
{
    for (; idx \le N; idx += (idx \& -idx))
        data[idx] += val;
```

```
}
    }
    // Range update
    void range_add(size_t l, size_t r, T val)
    {
        add(1, val);
        add(r + 1, -val);
    }
    template <class OStream>
    friend OStream &operator<<(OStream &os, BIT &bit)</pre>
    {
        T prv = 0;
        os << '[';
        for (int i = 1; i <= bit.N; i++)
        {
            T now = bit.sum(i);
            os << now - prv << ',', prv = now;
        }
        return os << ']';</pre>
    }
};
DSU
  • DSU
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/DSU
  • github-snip-file
```

class DSU {

private:

```
vector<int> parent, size;
public:
    DSU(int n) {
        parent = vector<int>(n);
        size = vector<int>(n, 1);
        iota(begin(parent), end(parent), 0);
    }
    int getParent(int x) {
        if (parent[x] == x) return x;
        return parent[x] = getParent(parent[x]);
    }
    void join(int x, int y) {
        x = getParent(x);
        y = getParent(y);
        if (size[x] > size[y])
            swap(x, y);
        if (x == y) return;
        parent[x] = y;
        size[y] += size[x];
    }
    int getSize(int x) {
        return size[x] = size[getParent(x)];
    }
};
```

ExtendedGcdDiophantine

• Diophantine any and all soln

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/Extended GCD D
  • github-snip-file
int _abs(int a) {
    if(a < 0) return -a;
    return a;
}
void shift_solution(int & x, int & y, int a, int b, int cnt) {
    x += cnt * b;
    y -= cnt * a;
}
int gcd(int a, int b, int& x, int& y) {
    if (b == 0) {
        x = 1;
        y = 0;
        return a;
    }
    int x1, y1;
    int d = gcd(b, a \% b, x1, y1);
    x = y1;
    y = x1 - y1 * (a / b);
    return d;
}
int64_t X, Y;
bool find_any_solution(int a, int b, int c, int &x0, int &y0, i
    g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
    if (c % g) {
```

```
return false;
    }
    x0 *= c / g;
    y0 *= c / g;
    if (a < 0) \times 0 = -x0;
    if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
    X = (int64_t)x0;
    Y = (int64_t)y0;
    return true;
}
int find_all_solutions(int a, int b, int c, int minx, int maxx,
    int x, y, g;
    if (!find_any_solution(a, b, c, x, y, g))
        return 0;
    a /= g;
    b /= g;
    int sign_a = a > 0 ? +1 : -1;
    int sign_b = b > 0 ? +1 : -1;
    shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (minx - x) / b);
    if (x < minx)
        shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_b);
    if (x > maxx)
        return 0;
    int lx1 = x;
    shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (maxx - x) / b);
    if (x > maxx)
        shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_b);
```

```
int rx1 = x;
    shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(miny - y) / a);
    if (y < miny)</pre>
        shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_a);
    if (y > maxy)
        return 0;
    int 1x2 = x;
    shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(maxy - y) / a);
    if (y > maxy)
        shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_a);
    int rx2 = x;
    if (1x2 > rx2)
        swap(1x2, rx2);
    int lx = max(lx1, lx2);
    int rx = min(rx1, rx2);
    if (1x > rx)
        return 0;
    return (rx - lx) / \_abs(b) + 1;
}
// EXAMPLE USAGE
// void solve(){
       int64_t a, b; cin >> a >> b;
//
//
       swap(a, b);
       if(a == 0) {
```

```
//
           if(2 % b == 0) {
//
                cout << 0 << " " << 2 / b << "
                return;
//
//
           }
       }
//
//
       swap(a, b);
//
       if(a == 0) {
//
           if(2 % b == 0) {
                cout << 2 / b << " " << 0 << "
//
//
                return;
//
           }
       }
//
//
       if(
                                                   find_all_soluti
           cout << "-1";
//
//
//
       else {
           cout << X << " " << Y << "
//
//
       }
// }
```

General-Hash

 General Hash functions that returns two hashes, takes in 0 indexed arr or string, allows hash query on range, beware that this uses the decreasing power convention

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/General-Hash
  • github-snip-file
struct PolyHash {
    /*
        WARNING: make sure the values in the array or string ar
    vector<long long> powers;
    vector<long long> powers2;
    vector<long long> hashes;
    vector<long long> hashes2;
    long long seed = 500002961;
    long long seed2 = 500003263;
    const long long mod = (long long)1e9 + 7;
    const long long mod2 = 998244353;
    vector<long long> arr;
    void init(long long n){
        powers.resize(n + 5);
        powers[0] = 1;
        powers2.resize(n + \overline{5});
        powers2[0] = 1;
        hashes.resize(n + 5);
        hashes[0] = arr[0];
        hashes2.resize(n + 5);
        hashes2[0] = arr[0];
        for (long long i = 1; i \le n; i++){
            powers[i] = powers[i - 1] * seed;
            powers[i] %= mod;
            powers2[i] = powers2[i - 1] * seed2;
            powers2[i] %= mod2;
        }
```

```
for (long long i = 1; i \le n; i++){
        hashes[i] = hashes[i - 1] * seed + arr[i];
        hashes[i] %= mod;
        hashes2[i] = hashes2[i - 1] * seed2 + arr[i];
        hashes2[i] %= mod2;
    }
}
void init(long long n, string s){ //string is 0 indexed
    arr.resize(n + 5);
    for (long long i = 1; i \le n; i++){
        arr[i] = s[i - 1];
    }
    init(n);
}
void init(long long n, vector<long long> a){ //a is 0 index
    arr.resize(n + 5);
    for (long long i = 1; i \le n; i++){
        arr[i] = a[i - 1];
    }
    init(n);
}
// returns hash like a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 a10
// 2,5 query will yeild: a2*p^3 + a3*p^2 + a4*p^1 + a5 and
// no need of power combi manually
pair<long long, long long> subhash(long long l, long long r
    long long hsh = hashes[r] - hashes[l - 1] * powers[r -
    hsh += mod;
    hsh %= mod;
    long long hsh2 = hashes2[r] - hashes2[l - 1] * powers2[
    hsh2 += mod2;
    hsh2 %= mod2;
    return {hsh, hsh2};
```

```
};
// Example Usage:
// PolyHash hsh;
// int n = word.size();
// hsh.init(n,word);
// subhash is inclusive of l and r remember that
Segtree-General
  • General segree, needs node struct (with members def and epsilon(default) for
    all of them) and operation lambda (merge)

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/Segtree-Genera

  • github-snip-file
template <typename T>
class segtree
public:
    // 0 based indexing
    // def= default value
    vector<T> t;
    int n;
    T def;
    function<T(T, T)> merge;
    void build(int _n, T _def, function<T(T, T)> _fx)
    {
        n = _n;
        def = _def;
        merge = _fx;
```

```
t.assign(n * 2, def);
    for (int i = n - 1; i; i---)
        t[i] = merge(t[i * 2], t[i * 2 + 1]);
void build(vector<T> &a, T _def, function<T(T, T)> _fx)
{
    n = a.size();
    def = _def;
    merge = _fx;
    t.assign(n * 2, def);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        t[i + n] = T(a[i]);
    for (int i = n - 1; i; i--)
        t[i] = merge(t[i * 2], t[i * 2 + 1]);
}
void update(int i, T v)
{
    for (t[i += n] = T(v); i;)
    {
        i /= 2;
        t[i] = merge(t[i * 2], t[i * 2 + 1]);
    }
}
// this query is made on [1, r]
T query(int 1, int r)
{
    T lans = def, rans = def;
    for (1 += n, r += n + 1; 1 < r; 1 /= 2, r /= 2)
    {
        if (1 % 2)
            lans = merge(lans, t[l++]);
        if (r % 2)
```

```
rans = merge(t[--r], rans);
        return merge(lans, rans);
    }
};
// demo usage
struct node
{
    int val;
    node(int x)
    {
        val = x;
    // default value
    node()
    {
        val = 1e18;
    }
};
segtree<node> seg;
seg.build(n + 1, node(), [\&](node x, node y){ return node(min(x))
```

Simpler-Segtree

- Init with an array simply using the build fn, customize operation and epslion in the struct itself, supports point updates and range queries
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/Simpler-Segtre
- github-snip-file

```
struct segtree {
   vector<int> t;
   int emptyans = -1e18;
   int n;
   int op(int a, int b){
        return max(a, b); // custom operation
   }
   int construct(int v, int l, int r, vi &a){
        if(1 == r){
            t[v] = a[1];
            return t[v];
        }
        int mid = (r + 1)/2;
        return t[v] = op(construct(2*v+1, 1, mid, a), construct
   }
   void build(vi &a){
        n = a.size();
        t = vector < int > (4*n);
        construct(0, 0, n-1, a);
   }
   int queryans(int v, int curl, int curr, int l, int r){
        if(curl >= 1 && curr <= r){
            return t[v];
        }
        if(curr < 1 \mid | curl > r){
            return emptyans;
        }
        int mid = (curl + curr)/2;
        return op(queryans(2*v+1, curl, mid, l, r), queryans(2*
   int query(int 1, int r){
        return queryans(0, 0, n-1, l, r);
```

```
int updateval(int v, int i, int x, int l, int r){
        if(r < i | | 1 > i){
            return t[v];
        if(1 == r \&\& 1 == i){
             return t[v] = x;
        int mid = (r + 1)/2;
        return t[v] = op(updateval(2*v+1, i, x, l, mid), update
    }
    void update(int i, int x){
        updateval(0, i, x, 0, n-1);
    }
};
Weird_Lazy_Segtree
  • A lazy segtree taken from a abc340 E mridulahi submission, it's supposed to be
   able to do range updates and point queries
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/Lazy Segtree
  • github-snip-file
// I can see a merge operation but not default values where to
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define all(x) begin(x), end(x)
```

#define sz(x) static_cast<int>((x).size())

```
#define int long long
const int INF = 1e18;
struct lazy {
        int val, lazyy;
};
struct SegtreeLazy {
        int size;
        vector<lazy> val;
        void init (int n) {
                size = 1;
                while (size < n) size *= 2;
                val.resize (2 * size - 1);
        }
        lazy merge (int x, int y) {
                return {min (val[x].val, val[y].val), 0};
        }
        void propagate (int x) {
                val[2 * x + 1].val += val[x].lazyy;
                val[2 * x + 2].val += val[x].lazyy;
                val[2 * x + 1].lazyy += val[x].lazyy;
                val[2 * x + 2].lazyy += val[x].lazyy;
                val[x].lazyy = 0;
        }
        void build (vector<int> &a, int x, int lx, int rx) {
                if (rx - lx == 1) {
                        if (1x < sz(a)) val[x] = {a[1x], 0};
```

```
else val[x] = \{INF, 0\};
                return;
        int m = (1x + rx) / 2;
        build (a, 2 * x + 1, 1x, m);
        build (a, 2 * x + 2, m, rx);
        val[x] = merge (2 * x + 1, 2 * x + 2);
}
void build (vector<int> &a) {
        build (a, 0, 0, size);
}
void RangeUpdate (int 1, int r, int x, int lx, int rx,
        if (rx - lx == 1) {
                val[x].val += v;
                return;
        }
        if (1x >= 1 && rx <= r) {
                val[x].val += v;
                val[x].lazyy += v;
                return;
        }
        int m = (1x + rx) / 2;
        propagate (x);
        if (m > 1) {
                RangeUpdate (1, r, 2 * x + 1, lx, m, v)
        if (m < r) {
                RangeUpdate (1, r, 2 * x + 2, m, rx, v)
        val[x] = merge (2 * x + 1, 2 * x + 2);
```

```
}
void update (int 1, int r, int v) {
        if (r <= 1) return;</pre>
        RangeUpdate (1, r, 0, 0, size, v);
}
int get (int 1, int r, int x, int lx, int rx) {
        if (rx - lx == 1) {
                return val[x].val;
        }
        if (lx >= l && rx <= r) {
                return val[x].val;
        }
        int m = (1x + rx) / 2;
        propagate (x);
        int a1 = INF, a2 = INF;
        if (m > 1) {
                a1 = get (1, r, 2 * x + 1, 1x, m);
        }
        if (m < r) {
                a2 = get (1, r, 2 * x + 2, m, rx);
        }
        return min (a1, a2);
}
int get (int 1, int r) {
        return get (1, r, 0, 0, size);
void out () {
        for (int i = 0; i < sz(val); i++) cout << val[i]
```

```
}
};
// EXAMPLE USAGE
// signed main() {
//
           ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
//
           cin.tie(0);
//
           cout.tie(0);
           int n, m;
//
           cin >> n >> m;
//
//
           vector<int> a(n);
//
           for (auto &x : a) cin >> x;
           int b[m];
//
           for (auto &x : b) cin >> x;
//
                                                           SegtreeL
//
                                                            seg.init
//
//
                                                            seg.buil
//
           for (auto i : b) {
//
                    int x = seg.get(i, i + 1);
//
                    int y = (i + 1) \% n, z = (i + x) \% n;
//
                    if (y \le z) {
//
                                                            seg.upda
//
                    }
//
                    else {
//
                                                            seg.upda
//
                                                           seg.upda
//
                    }
                                                            seg.upda
```

```
seg.upda
//
//
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) cout <<
                                                          seg.get(
// }
arr-inp
  • arr-inp
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-inp
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> a(n, 0);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin>>a[i];
arr-pref
  arr-pref
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-pref
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> pre(n, 0);
for(int i=1;i<n;i++) pre[i]=a[i]+pref[i-1];
bfs-dist

    bfs that measures levels/dist
```

• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bfs-dist

```
• github-snip-file
queue<int> q;
vector<int> dist, visG(n+1, 0);
q.push(1); visG[1]=1;
while(!q.empty()){
    int curr = q.front();
    q.pop();
    for(auto i: g[curr]){
        if(!visG[i]) continue;
        dist[i] = dist[curr] + 1;
        q.push(i);
    }
}
binpow
  binpow
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binpow
  • github-snip-file
ll binpow(ll x, ll y){
    ll res = 1;
    while (y>0){
        if (y&1) res = (11)(res*x);
        y = y >> 1;
        x = (11)(x*x);
    }
    return res;
}
```

binsearch

- binsearch
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binsearch
- github-snip-file

```
int lo = 0, hi = n-1;
while(hi-lo>1) {
   int mid = lo + ((hi-lo) >> 1);
   // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
   auto check = [&](ll mid) {
     return (/*condition here*/);
   };
   if(check(mid)){
        // do stuff here
        lo = mid;
   }
   else {
        hi = mid;
   }
}
```

bp-small

- bp-small
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bp-small
- github-snip-file

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
```

```
#include "debug.h"
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#else
#define dbg(x...) "11-111"
#endif
using namespace std;
#define ll long long
#define int long long // because mai bevakoof hu
constexpr int mod = 1e9+7;
// constexpr int mod = 998244353;
constexpr int maxn = 1e6+5;
// pows
inline ll po(ll a, ll b) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b >>= 1) { if
inline ll modpow(ll a, ll b, ll mod) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b
void pre_process(){
}
int solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    dbg(n);
    return 2*n;
}
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0);
```

```
pre_process();
    int t; cin>>t;
    while(t--) cout<<solve()<<'</pre>
}
bp

    bp

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bp
  • github-snip-file
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
#include "debug.h"
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#else
#define dbg(x...) "11-111"
#endif
using namespace std;
#define ll long long
#define int long long // because mai bevakoof hu
#define logCont(arr,f,l) { auto start=arr.begin(), end=arr.be
"; }
#define uniq(x) x.erase(unique(all(x)), x.end());
#define tr(s, args...) transform(s.begin(), s.end(), args)
#define sz(x) (ll)x.size()
```

```
// variadic lambda
#define f(u, args...) [&](auto &&u) { return args; }
#define g(u, v, args...) [&](auto &&u, auto &&v) { return args
// precesion
#define precise(n)
                           cout<<fixed<<setprecision((n))</pre>
// bits
#define bpc(n)
                           std::popcount((unsigned long long)(n)
#define hsb(n)
                           std::has_single_bit((unsigned long lc
#define MSB(n)
                           std::bit_floor((unsigned long long)(r
                           ((n) ? __builtin_ctzll((unsigned long
#define ctz(n)
                           ((n) ? __builtin_clzll((unsigned long
#define clz(n)
                           ((n)&(-(n))
#define LSB(n)
// general amax, amin for any ds, to be able to use swap in gra
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amax(T &a, T1 b){ i
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amin(T &a, T1 b){ i
// comparison struct for maps (or use decltype)
template<typename T> struct Comp { bool operator()(const T& 1,
constexpr ll Inf = 4e18;
constexpr int mod = 1e9+7;
// constexpr int mod = 998244353;
constexpr int maxn = 1e6+5;
// sasta mint
ll inv(ll i) {if (i == 1) return 1; return (mod - ((mod / i) *
11 \mod_{mul}(11 \ a, \ 11 \ b) \{a = a \% \mod; b = b \% \mod; return (((a * b))) \}
11 \mod_{add}(11 \ a, \ 11 \ b) \{a = a \% \mod; b = b \% \mod; return (((a + a))) \}
ll gcd(ll a, ll b) { if (b == 0) return a; return gcd(b, a \% b)
ll ceil_div(ll a, ll b) {return a % b == 0 ? a / b : a / b + 1;
```

```
ll pwr(ll a, ll b) {a \%= mod; ll res = 1; while (b > 0) {if (b
// pows
inline ll po(ll a, ll b) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b >>= 1) { if
inline ll modpow(ll a, ll b, ll mod) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b
void pre_process(){
}
int solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    dbg(n);
    return 2*n;
}
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0);
    pre_process();
    int t; cin>>t;
    while(t--) cout<<solve()<<'</pre>
}
clock_for_TL
  clock
```

• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/clock_for_TL

• github-snip-file

```
auto start = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
// code goes here
auto stop = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
auto duration = chrono::duration_cast<chrono::milliseconds>(stc
cout << duration.count() << " ms</pre>
combi-mint

    combi template with mint

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combi-mint

    github-snip-file

const int mod=1e9+7;
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % n
    mi() \{ v = 0; \}
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v \& v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return !(a == b); }
    friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
        return a.v < b.v; }
    mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
        return *this; }
```

```
mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
    v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
    mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
    for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
    return ans;
}
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
    return pow(a, mod-2); }
mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp
mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp
friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {
    os << m.v; return os;
}
friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
    int64_t x; is >> x;
    m.v = x;
    return is;
friend void __print(const mi &x) {
```

```
cerr << x.v;
    }
};
const int maxn=2e5+5;
vector<mi> fct(maxn, 1), invf(maxn, 1);
void calc_fact() {
    for(int i = 1 ; i < maxn ; i++) {
        fct[i] = fct[i - 1] * i;
    }
    invf.back() = mi(1) / fct.back();
    for(int i = maxn - 1 ; i ; i--)
        invf[i - 1] = i * invf[i];
}
mi choose(int n, int r) { // choose r elements out of n element
    if(r > n) return mi(0);
    assert(r <= n);</pre>
    return fct[n] * invf[r] * invf[n - r];
}
combi-struct

    combi-struct

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combi-struct

    github-snip-file

struct Comb {
    int n;
    std::vector<int> _fac;
    std::vector<int> _invfac;
    std::vector<int> _inv;
```

```
Comb() : n{0}, _fac{1}, _invfac{1}, _inv{0} {}
Comb(int n) : Comb() {
    init(n);
}
void init(int m) {
    if (m <= n) return;</pre>
    _{fac.resize(m + 1);}
    _invfac.resize(m + 1);
    _inv.resize(m + 1);
    for (int i = n + 1; i \le m; i++) {
        _{fac[i]} = _{fac[i - 1]} * i;
    }
    _invfac[m] = _fac[m].inv();
    for (int i = m; i > n; i--) {
        _{invfac[i - 1] = _{invfac[i]} * i;}
        _inv[i] = _invfac[i] * _fac[i - 1];
    }
    n = m;
}
int fac(int m) {
    if (m > n) init(2 * m);
    return _fac[m];
}
int invfac(int m) {
    if (m > n) init(2 * m);
    return _invfac[m];
int inv(int m) {
```

```
if (m > n) init(2 * m);
    return _inv[m];
}
int binom(int n, int r) {
    if (n < r || r < 0) return 0;
    return fac(n) * invfac(r) * invfac(n - r);
}
};</pre>
```

combination-non-mod

- combination-non-mod
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-no
- github-snip-file

combination-small

- combination-small
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-sm

```
• github-snip-file
int C(int n,int r){
    r = min(r, n-r);
    int ans = 1;
    for(int i=1;i<=r;i++,n--){
        ans *=n;
        ans/=i;
    }
    return ans;
}
combination

    combination

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination
  • github-snip-file
int C(int n, int r){
    int v = (fac[n] * inv[r])%mod;
    v = (v * inv[n-r]) mod;
    return v;
}
crt
  • crt
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/crt
  • github-snip-file
```

```
/**
 * Chinese remainder theorem.
 * Find z such that z \% x[i] = a[i] for all i.
long long crt(vector<long long> &a, vector<long long> &x) {
  long long z = 0;
  long long n = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); ++i)
    n *= x[i];
  for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    long long tmp = (a[i] * (n / x[i])) % n;
    tmp = (tmp * mod_inv(n / x[i], x[i])) % n;
    z = (z + tmp) \% n;
  }
  return (z + n) \% n;
}
cute-Icm
```

- [a,b,c]=abc(a,b,c)/(a,b)(b,c)(c,a), where []=lcm adn ()=gcd or [a,b,c]=abc/gcd(ab,bc,ca)
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/cute-lcm
- github-snip-file

```
"https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1579/n-ary-version-of "N-ary versions of gcd and lcm"
```

"proof is heavy lattice ordered smthing based or use inclusion

derangments

```
    derangments

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/derangments

  • github-snip-file
int countDerangements(int n){
    int dp[n + 1];
    if (n < 3) return (dp[n]=(n % 2)?1:0);
    dp[0] = 1, dp[1] = 0, dp[2] = 1;
    for (int i=3; i< n; i++) dp[i] = (i-1)*(dp[i-1]+dp[i-2]);
    return dp[n];
}
dfs-full

    dfs with lots of stuff implemented

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dfs-full

  • github-snip-file
auto dfs = [&](auto &&dfs, int curr, int parent, vector<int> &v
    for(auto i: adj[curr]){
        if(visPath[i]) cycle_directed|=1;
        if(i==parent || visG[i]) continue;
        dfs(dfs, i, curr, visG, visPath, comp, cycle_directed,
        topo.push(i);
    }
};
int cnt_comp=0;
vector<int> visG(n+1, 0), visPath(n+1, 0), comp;
vector<vector<int>> components;
stack<int> topo;
```

```
bool cycle_directed=0;
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){
    if(visG[i]) continue;
    visG[i]=visPath[i]=1;
    comp.push_back(i);
    dfs(dfs, 1, -1, visG, visPath, comp, cycle_directed, topo,
    components.push_back(comp);
    comp.clear();
    visPath.assign(n+1, 0);
    cnt_comp++;
}
dfs

    weird ass dfs

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dfs

  • github-snip-file
map<int, int> dfs(int cur, int par, vi&a){
    // stuff
    for(auto child:adj[cur]){
        if(child==par)continue;
        // stuff
        dfs(child,cur,a);
        // or return smthing and use it
        auto smthing = dfs(child, cur, a);
        // stuff
    }
    // stuff and then return smthing or not, meh
    return cur_prime;
}
```

diophantine

y = x1;

return d;

• linear diophantine
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/diophantine
• github-snip-file
long long gcd(long long a, long long b, long long &x, long long
if (a == 0) {
 x = 0;
 y = 1;
 return b;
}
long long x1, y1;
long long d = gcd(b % a, a, x1, y1);
 x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;

```
bool find_any_solution(long long a, long long b, long long c, l
        long long &y0, long long &g) {
        g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
        if (c % g) {
            return false;
        }

        x0 *= c / g;
        y0 *= c / g;
        if (a < 0) x0 = -x0;
        if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
        return true;</pre>
```

```
long long cnt) {
 x += cnt * b;
 y -= cnt * a;
}
long long find_all_solutions(long long a, long long b, long lor
   long long minx, long long maxx, long long miny,
   long long maxy) {
 long long x, y, g;
 if (!find_any_solution(a, b, c, x, y, g)) return 0;
 a /= g;
 b /= g;
 long long sign_a = a > 0 ? +1 : -1;
 long long sign_b = b > 0 ? +1 : -1;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (minx - x) / b);
 if (x < minx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_b);</pre>
 if (x > maxx) return 0;
 long long lx1 = x;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (maxx - x) / b);
 if (x > maxx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_b);
 long long rx1 = x;
  shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(miny - y) / a);
 if (y < miny) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_a);</pre>
  if (y > maxy) return 0;
  long long 1x2 = x;
```

```
shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(maxy - y) / a);
  if (y > maxy) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_a);
  long long rx2 = x;
  if (1x2 > rx2) swap(1x2, rx2);
  long long lx = max(lx1, lx2);
  long long rx = min(rx1, rx2);
  if (1x > rx) return 0;
  return (rx - lx) / abs(b) + 1;
}
dsu-rr
  dsu-rr
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dsu-rr
  • github-snip-file
class Solution {
    struct DSU
    {
        vector<int> siz,parent;
        void init()
        {
            siz.resize(26);
            parent.resize(26);
            for(int i=0;i<26;i++)
            {
                siz[i]=1;
                parent[i]=i;
```

```
int leader(int ex)
        {
             if(ex==parent[ex])
                 return ex;
             return parent[ex]=leader(parent[ex]);
        void merge(int a,int b)
        {
             a=leader(a);
             b=leader(b);
             if(a==b)
                 return;
             if(siz[a]<siz[b])</pre>
                 swap(a,b);
             siz[a]+=siz[b];
             parent[b]=parent[a];
        }
    };
easy_seive

    easy seive

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/easy_seive
  • github-snip-file
void ez_seive(int n){
     vector<bool> prime(n,1);
     for (int p = 2; p*p <= n; p++){
         if (prime[p]){
```

```
for (int i = p * p; i \le n; i += p) prime[i] = fals
         }
     }
}
for (int p = 2; p <= n; p++){
      // do whatever you want with those primes${1}
      if (prime[p]) cout << p << " ";</pre>
}
euclid

    euclid

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/euclid
  • github-snip-file
int euclid_gcd(int a, int b){
    if (b==0) return a;
    return gcd(b, a % b);
}
int euclid_gcdExtended(int a, int b, int *x, int *y){
    if (a == 0){
        *x = 0;
        *y = 1;
        return b;
    }
    int x1, y1;
    int gcd = gcdExtended(b % a, a, &x1, &y1);
    *x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
    *y = x1;
    return gcd;
```

```
}
```

explanation_binsearch

- explanation binsearch
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/explanation_bi
- github-snip-file

```
int lo = 0, hi = n-1; // see constraints for lo and hi, nahi mi
while(hi-lo>1) {
    int mid = lo + ((hi-lo) >> 1); // to avoid overflows
    // lo will become the last index that satisfies X condition
    // hi is the first element that doesn't satisfy X condition
    // lower bound = <</pre>
    // upper bound = <=</pre>
    // upper using lower = lo, < + ek for loop to traverse the
    // essence ->
    // remember, lo ke left mai condition always true, lo last
    // hi ke right mai condition always false, hi first one jis
    // hi will probably be the answer in most cases
    // hi+1, lo, lo-1 are also potential answers (maybe, mujhe
    // always make condition such that when it's true, left seg
    // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
    auto check = [\&](11 \text{ mid}) {
        // this is where majority is what you wanna write happe
      return (/*condition here*/);
    };
    if(check(mid)){
```

```
// do stuff here
        lo = mid;
    }
    else {
        hi = mid;
    }
}
fac
  fac
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fac
  • github-snip-file
int fac[maxn];
int inv[maxn];
fac[1] = inv[1] = 1;
for (int i=2; i<maxn; i++){</pre>
  fac[i] = (fac[i-1] * i) mod;
  inv[i] = power(fac[i], mod - 2);
}
factorization

    factorization

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/factorization
  • github-snip-file
void printFactors(int n) {
    for (int i=1; i * i<=n; i++){}
```

```
if (n%i == 0) {
            if (n/i == i) cout << i << " ";</pre>
            else cout << i << " " << n/i << " ";
        }
    }
    cout << "
}
void printPrimeFactors(int n){
 set<int> f;
 for (int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++){
     while (n \% i == 0){
         f.insert(i);
         n /= i;
      }
 }
for (auto &i : f){
     cout << i << " ";
 }
 cout << "
}
```

fenwick

- binary indexed tree
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fenwick
- github-snip-file

```
// 0-indexed BIT (binary indexed tree / Fenwick tree) (i : [0,
template <class T>
struct BIT{
   int n;
    vector<T> data;
   BIT(int len = 0) : n(len), data(len) {}
   void reset() { fill(data.begin(), data.end(), T(0)); }
   void add(int pos, T v){
        // a[pos] += v
        pos++;
        while (pos > 0 and pos <= n)
            data[pos - 1] += v, pos += pos & -pos;
   }
   T sum(int k) const{
        // a[0] + ... + a[k - 1]
        T res = 0;
        while (k > 0)
            res += data[k - 1], k -= k & -k;
        return res;
   }
   T sum(int 1, int r) const { return sum(r) - sum(1); } // a[
    // dbg functions
    template <class OStream>
    friend OStream &operator<<(OStream &os, const BIT &bit){</pre>
        T prv = 0;
        os << '[';
        for (int i = 1; i \le bit.n; i++){
            T now = bit.sum(i);
            os << now - prv << ',', prv = now;
        return os << ']';
```

```
};
file_io
  • for coding competetions
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/file_io
  • github-snip-file
void file_i_o(){
    freopen("./tests/test01.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("./tests/output01.txt", "w", stdout);
}
freq-map
  • freq-map
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/freq-map
  • github-snip-file
map<int, int> m;
for(int i=0; i<n;i++){
  if(m.find(a[i])==m.end()) m[a[i]]=1;
  else m[a[i]]++;
}
gr-inp-Fwt
  • graph input weight
```

• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp-Fwt

```
• github-snip-file
int e=f(n);
vector<vector<pair<int,int>>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
  int u,v,wt; cin>>u>>v>>wt;
  g[u].push_back({v,wt});
  g[v].push_back({u,wt});
}
gr-inp
  · graph input
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp
  • github-snip-file
int e=f(n);
vector<vector<int>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
  int u,v; cin>>u>>v;
  g[u].push_back(v);
  g[v].push_back(u);
}
highest_exponent
  power_in_fac
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/highest_expone
  • github-snip-file
```

```
int highest_exponent(int p, const int &n){
  int ans = 0;
  int t = p;
  while(t \leq n){
    ans += n/t;
    t*=p;
  return ans;
interactive
  • essential measures for interactive problems
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/interactive
  • github-snip-file
void solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    auto querySystem = [&](int 1, int r) {
        // print your query
        cout<<r-1+1<<endl;
        cout<<endl;
        // receive and return reply from system
        int wt; cin>>wt;
        return wt;
    };
    // write your logic here and use querySystem to receive ans
    // do a cout<<endl after each cout
```

```
cout<<endl;
}</pre>
```

ip-overloads

- I/O Overloads that I don't use
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/ip-overloads
- github-snip-file

kadane

- max subarray sum O(n)
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kadane
- github-snip-file

```
int maxSubArraySum(vector<int> &v, int size){
    int max_so_far=INT_MIN, max_ending_here = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
        max_ending_here += a[i];
        if (max_so_far<max_ending_here) max_so_far=max_ending_r</pre>
        if (max_ending_here < 0) max_ending_here = 0;</pre>
    return max_so_far;
}
kahn's algo

    toposort using bfs (kahn's algo)

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/topo-bfs

    github-snip-file

queue<int> q;
vector<int> in(n+1, 0), topo, visG(n+1, 0);
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) for(auto child: adj[i]) in[child]++;</pre>
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) if(in[i]==0) q.push(i);
while(!q.empty()){
    int curr = q.front(); q.pop();
    topo.push_back(curr);
    for(auto i: g[curr]){
        if(!visG[i]) continue;
        in[i]--;
        if(in[i]==0) q.push(i);
    }
if(topo.size()==n) for(auto i: topo) cout<<i<<" ";</pre>
else cout<<"cycle in und graph";
```

kosaraju

```
    kosaraju

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kosaraju
  • github-snip-file
class Graph {
 int V;
 vector<int> *adj;
 void fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s);
void dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]);
public:
 Graph(int V) : V(V)
{
   adj = new vector<int>[V];
 }
 ~Graph()
 {
    delete[] adj;
 }
 void addEdge(int v, int w);
 void printSCCs();
 Graph getTranspose();
};
```

```
void Graph::dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]) {
 visited[v] = true;
 cout << v << " ";
 for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
        dfsUtil(it, visited);
}
Graph Graph::getTranspose() {
Graph g(V);
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
     for (auto &it : adj[i])
         g.adj[it].push_back(i);
 }
 return g;
void Graph::addEdge(int v, int w) {
adj[v].push_back(w);
}
void Graph::fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s) {
visited[v] = true;
for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
         fillOrder(it, visited, s);
 s.push(v);
void Graph::printSCCs() {
 stack<int> s;
 bool visited[V] = {0};
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
      if (!visited[i])
        fillOrder(i, visited, s);
Graph gr = getTranspose();
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
     visited[i] = false;
while (!s.empty()) {
     int v = s.top();
     s.pop();
     if (!visited[v]){
        gr.dfsUtil(v, visited);
        cout << "
";
     }
kruskal

    kruskal

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kruskal
  • github-snip-file
auto kruskalMST(vector<Edge> &edges, int V){
    int cost = 0;
    DSU dsu(V);
    sort(begin(edges), end(edges));
    vector<Edge> tree;
    for (const auto &[u, v, w] : edges){
```

```
if (dsu.getParent(u) != dsu.getParent(v)) {
    cost += w;
    tree.emplace_back(u, v, w);
    dsu.join(u, v);
  }
}
return make_pair(tree, cost);
}
```

lambda_function

- lambda function
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lambda_functio
- github-snip-file

```
auto check = [&](ll mid) {
  return mid - (mid / n) >= k;
};
```

Ica-isAncestor

- Ica that uses isAncestor instead of level jumping, sets a level upper limit of 25 itself since 2^25 is bigger than any N give anyways
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lca-isAncestor
- github-snip-file

```
for(int i=1;i<25;i++)
      up[ node ][i] = up[ up[node][i-1] ][i-1];
   tin[node]=timer++;
   for(auto &[child,wt] : g[node])
         if(child==parent)
               continue;
         depth[child]=depth[node]+1;
         dp[child]=dp[node];
         dp[child][wt]++;
         dfs(child, node, g, up, dp, tin, tout, depth);
   }
   tout[node]=timer++;
}
bool is_ancestor(int u,int v,vector<int>&tin,vector<int>&tout)
{
   return tin[u]<=tin[v] && tout[u]>=tout[v];
}
int LCAquery(int u,int v,vector<vector<int>>&up,vector<int>&tir
{
      if( is_ancestor(u, v, tin, tout) )
            return u;
      if( is_ancestor(v,u,tin,tout) )
            return v;
      for(int i=24;i>=0;i--)
```

```
{
           if (!is_ancestor(up[u][i], v,tin,tout))
           {
                 u = up[u][i];
           }
      }
      return up[u][0];
}
Ica

    LCA path satisfying some condition

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lca
  • github-snip-file
constexpr int N = 5; // No. of vertices
constexpr int L = 4; // ceil(logN / log2) + 1
// Vertices from 1 to N.
vector<int> adj[N + 1];
int up[N + 1][L];
int level[N + 1];
void dfs(int u, int prev = 0){
 up[u][0] = prev;
 for (auto \&v : adj[u]){}
     if (v == prev) continue;
     level[v] = level[u] + 1;
     dfs(v, u);
 }
```

```
void binaryLift(){
dfs(1);
for (int i = 1; i < L; i++)
     for (int j = 1; j \le N; j++)
          up[j][i] = up[up[j][i - 1]][i - 1];
}
int LCA(int a, int b){
if (level[a] > level[b])
     swap(a, b);
 int diff = level[b] - level[a];
 for (int i = 0; i < L; i++){
     if ((diff & (1 << i)))
         b = up[b][i];
}
 if (a == b) return a;
 for (int i = L - 1; i \ge 0; i--){
     if (up[a][i] != up[b][i]){
         a = up[a][i];
         b = up[b][i];
     }
 }
return up[a][0];
void addEdge(int u, int v){
 adj[u].push_back(v);
```

```
adj[v].push_back(u);
}
int dist(int a, int b){
 return level[a] + level[b] - 2 * level[LCA(a, b)];
}
log
  log

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/log

    github-snip-file

// Computes x which a ^ \times = b mod n.
long long d_log(long long a, long long b, long long n) {
  long long m = ceil(sqrt(n));
  long long aj = 1;
  map<long long, long long> M;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    if (!M.count(aj))
      M[aj] = i;
    aj = (aj * a) % n;
  }
  long long coef = mod_pow(a, n - 2, n);
  coef = mod_pow(coef, m, n);
  // coef = a \wedge (-m)
  long long gamma = b;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    if (M.count(gamma)) {
```

```
return i * m + M[gamma];
    } else {
      gamma = (gamma * coef) % n;
  }
  return -1;
matrix

    matrix

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/matrix
  • github-snip-file
const int MN = 111;
const int mod = 10000;
struct matrix {
  int r, c;
  int m[MN][MN];
  matrix (int _r, int _c) : r (_r), c (_c) {
    memset(m, 0, sizeof m);
  }
  void print() {
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i) {
      for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
        cout << m[i][j] << " ";</pre>
      cout << endl;</pre>
    }
```

```
}
  int x[MN][MN];
  matrix & operator *= (const matrix &o) {
    memset(x, 0, sizeof x);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
      for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
        if (m[i][k] != 0)
          for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
            x[i][j] = (x[i][j] + ((m[i][k] * o.m[k][j]) % mod)
          }
    memcpy(m, x, sizeof(m));
    return *this;
 }
};
void matrix_pow(matrix b, long long e, matrix &res) {
 memset(res.m, 0, sizeof res.m);
  for (int i = 0; i < b.r; ++i)
    res.m[i][i] = 1;
  if (e == 0) return;
 while (true) {
   if (e & 1) res *= b;
   if ((e >>= 1) == 0) break;
    b *= b;
  }
mint
```

modular integer

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/mint
```

```
    github-snip-file

struct mi {
   int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % m
   mi() \{ v = 0; \}
   mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v \& v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
   friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return !(a == b); }
    friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
        return a.v < b.v; }
   mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
        v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
   mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
   friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
        mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
        for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
        return ans;
    }
```

```
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
        return pow(a, mod-2); }
    mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
    mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
    mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
    mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp
    mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp;
    friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
    friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
    friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
    friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
        os << m.v; return os;
    }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
```

modpow

- modpow
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/modpow
- github-snip-file

```
11 modpow(ll a, ll b){
    a \% = m;
    ll res = 1;
    while (b > 0) {
        if (b & 1) res = res * a % m;
        a=a*a%m;
        b>>=1;
    return res;
}
pbds
  pbds
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pbds
  • github-snip-file
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
// pbds = find_by_value(), order_of_key()
// find_by_order(k) returns iterator to kth element starting f
// order_of_key(k) returns count of elements strictly smaller t
template<class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T, vector<T>, gr
template<class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T>
template<class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key>> us
pq

    pq

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pq
```

```
• github-snip-file
priority_queue<int> pq;
priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<>> pq;
prime-related-stuff
  • implements prime fac, fac list and is_prime in both space optimized and time
    optimized ways
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/prime-related-
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> smallest_factor;
vector<bool> prime;
vector<int> primes;
void sieve(int maximum)
{
    maximum = max(maximum, 1);
    smallest_factor.assign(maximum + 1, 0);
    prime.assign(maximum + 1, true);
    prime[0] = prime[1] = false;
    primes = {};
    for (int p = 2; p \le maximum; p++)
        if (prime[p])
        {
            smallest_factor[p] = p;
             primes.push_back(p);
            for (int64_t i = int64_t(p) * p; i \le maximum; i +=
                 if (prime[i])
                 {
                     prime[i] = false;
```

```
smallest_factor[i] = p;
                }
        }
}
// Determines whether n is prime in worst case O(sqrt n / log r
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(1) time.
bool is_prime(int64_t n)
{
    int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
    assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
    if (n <= sieve max)</pre>
        return prime[n];
    for (int64_t p : primes)
    {
        if (p * p > n)
            break;
        if (n \% p == 0)
            return false;
    return true;
}
// Prime factorizes n in worst case O(sqrt n / log n). Requires
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(log n) time.
template <typename T>
vector<pair<T, int>> prime_factorize(T n)
```

```
int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
vector<pair<T, int>> result;
if (n <= sieve_max)</pre>
{
    while (n != 1)
    {
        int p = smallest_factor[n];
        int exponent = 0;
        do
        {
             n /= p;
            exponent++;
        } while (n % p == 0);
        result.emplace_back(p, exponent);
    }
    return result;
}
for (int p : primes)
{
    if (int64_t(p) * p > n)
        break;
    if (n \% p == 0)
    {
        result.emplace_back(p, 0);
        do
        {
             n /= p;
             result.back().second++;
        } while (n \% p == 0);
    }
```

```
if (n > 1)
        result.emplace_back(n, 1);
    return result;
}
template <typename T>
vector<T> generate_factors(const vector<pair<T, int>> &prime_fa
{
    // See http://oeis.org/A066150 and http://oeis.org/A036451
    static vector<T> buffer;
    int product = 1;
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
        product *= pf.second + 1;
    vector<T> factors = {1};
    factors.reserve(product);
    if (sorted)
        buffer.resize(product);
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
    {
        T p = pf.first;
        int exponent = pf.second;
        int before_size = int(factors.size());
        for (int i = 0; i < exponent * before_size; i++)
            factors.push_back(factors[factors.size() - before_s
        if (sorted && factors[before_size - 1] > p)
            for (int section = before_size; section < int(factor)</pre>
                for (int i = 0; i + section < int(factors.size(</pre>
                {
                    int length = min(2 * section, int(factors.s
                    merge(factors.begin() + i, factors.begin()
```

```
factors.begin() + i + section, factor
                          buffer.begin());
                    copy(buffer.begin(), buffer.begin() + lengt
                }
    }
    assert(int(factors.size()) == product);
    return factors;
}
void pre_process() {
    sieve(1e6+5);
}
// mint
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % m
   mi() { v = 0; }
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v & v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    }
    friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return !(a == b); }
    friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
        return a.v < b.v; }
    mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
```

```
if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
    v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
    mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
    for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
    return ans;
}
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
    return pow(a, mod-2); }
mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp
mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp
friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
    os << m.v; return os;
friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
    int64_t x; is >> x;
    m.v = x;
    return is;
```

```
}
friend void __print(const mi &x) {
    cerr << x.v;
}
</pre>
```

re-write

- a bunch of re and write functions based on template meta programming heklpful in cp.
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/read-write-fn-
- github-snip-file

```
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p);
template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a);
template <class T, size_t SZ> void re(array<T, SZ> &a);
template <class T> void re(T &x) { cin >> x; }
void re(double &x) { string t;re(t); x = stod(t);}
template <class Arg, class... Args> void re(Arg &first, Args &.
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p) { re(p.f
template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a) {for (int i = 0; i < s
template <class T> void re(array<T, SZ> &a) { for (ir
template <class T>
void write(T x) { cout << x << " "; }
template <class T> void writen(T x) { cout << x << n1; }
template <class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,gr
template<class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T>
template<class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key> us
```

recur-binsearch

```
· recursive binary search implementation to make intution easier ig

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-binsearc

  • github-snip-file
auto check = [\&](int mid) {
      // smthing here
      return bool ();
};
function<int(int,int)> recur_binsearch = [&](int lo, int hi) {
  if(hi<=lo) return lo;</pre>
  int mid=(lo+hi)/2;
  if(check(mid)) return recur_binsearch(lo, mid-1);
  return recur_binsearch(mid+1, hi);
}
recur-modpow

    recur-modpow

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-modpow
  • github-snip-file
int power(int x, int y){
    if (y==0) return 1;
    int v = power(x, y/2);
    v *= v;
    v %= mod;
    if (y&1) return (v*x)%mod;
    else return v;
}
```

```
rng
  • rng
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rng
  • github-snip-file
//random generator
mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().cour
ll rnd(ll a, ll b){if(a > b){return -1;}return a + (ll)rng() % (
rr-segtree

    best segtree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rr-segtree
  • github-snip-file
int phi[N+1];
struct node
{
     long long sum, max, lca, size;
     node()
     {
           lca=-1;
           max=-1;
           sum=-1;
           size=0;
     };
};
```

```
struct Segment_Tree
{
     vector<node> segtree;
     int n;
     node identity;
     void init(int _n)
          identity.lca=-1;
          identity.sum=0;
          identity.max=-1;
          identity.size=0;
          n=1;
          while(n<_n)
               n=n*2;
          segtree.resize(2*n);
     }
     node merge(node a, node b)
     {
            if(a.lca<1)
                return b;
            if(b.lca<1)
                return a;
            node ans;
            ans.max=std::max(a.max,b.max);
            ans.sum=a.sum+b.sum;
            ans.size=a.size+b.size;
            int ex=50;
```

```
int A=a.lca;
       int B=b.lca;
       while(true)
       {
            if(A==B)
                break;
            if(A>B)
            {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+a.size;
                A=phi[A];
           }
            else
            {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+b.size;
                B=phi[B];
            }
       }
       ans.lca=A;
       return ans;
}
void build(int curr,int left,int right,vector<int>&ar)
{
     if(right-left==1)
     {
          if(left<ar.size())</pre>
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=ar[left];
```

```
segtree[curr].lca=ar[left];
                segtree[curr].size=1;
          }
          else
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=-1;
                segtree[curr].lca=-1;
                segtree[curr].size=0;
          }
          return;
     }
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     build(2*curr+1, left, mid, ar);
     build(2*curr+2, mid, right, ar);
     segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1], segtree[2*curr+
}
node sum(int lq,int rq,int node,int left,int right)
{
     if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
          return identity;
     if(left>=lq && rq>=right)
          return segtree[node];
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     return merge(sum(lq,rq,2*node+1,left,mid),sum(lq,rq,2
}
```

```
void operate(int lq,int rq,int curr,int left,int right)
     {
          if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
                     return;
          if(right-left==1)
          {
                int val=segtree[curr].lca;
                val=phi[val];
                segtree[curr].lca=val;
                segtree[curr].max=val;
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].size=1;
                return;
          }
          if(segtree[curr].max<=1)</pre>
                return;
          int mid=(left+right)/2;
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+1,left,mid);
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+2,mid,right);
          segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1], segtree[2*curr+
     }
};
segtree

    sextree
```

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/segtree
  • github-snip-file
template<class T, class U>
// T -> node, U->update.
struct Lsegtree{
   vector<T>st;
   vector<U>lazy;
   11 n;
   T identity_element;
   U identity_update;
    /*
        Definition of identity_element: the element I such that
        for all x
        Definition of identity_update: the element I such that
        for all x
    * /
    Lsegtree(ll n, T identity_element, U identity_update){
        this->n = n;
        this->identity_element = identity_element;
        this->identity_update = identity_update;
        st.assign(4*n,identity_element);
        lazy.assign(4*n, identity_update);
   }
   T combine(T l, T r){
        // change this function as required.
        T \text{ ans} = (1 + r);
```

```
return ans;
}
void buildUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, vector<T>&a){
    if(tl == tr){
        st[v] = a[t1];
        return;
    }
    11 \text{ tm} = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
    buildUtil(2*v + 1, tl, tm,a);
    buildUtil(2*v + 2,tm+1,tr,a);
    st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v + 2]);
}
// change the following 2 functions, and you're more or les
T apply(T curr, U upd, ll tl, ll tr){
    T ans = (tr-tl+1)*upd;
    // increment range by upd:
    // T ans = curr + (tr - tl + 1)*upd
    return ans;
}
U combineUpdate(U old_upd, U new_upd, 11 t1, 11 tr){
    U ans = old_upd;
    ans=new_upd;
    return ans;
}
void push_down(ll v, ll tl, ll tr){
    //for the below line to work, make sure the "==" operat
    if(lazy[v] == identity_update)return;
    st[v] = apply(st[v], lazy[v], tl, tr);
```

```
if(2*v + 1 \le 4*n){
        11 tm = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
        lazy[2*v + 1] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+1], lazy[v],
        lazy[2*v + 2] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+2], lazy[v],
    }
    lazy[v] = identity_update;
}
T queryUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(1 > r)return identity_element;
    if(tr < 1 or tl > r)
        return identity_element;
    }
    if(1 \le t1 \text{ and } r >= tr)
        return st[v];
    }
    11 tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
    return combine(queryUtil(2*v+1,tl,tm,l,r), queryUtil(2*
}
void updateUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r, U upd){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(tr < 1 or tl > r)return;
    if(tl >=l and tr <=r){
        lazy[v] = combineUpdate(lazy[v], upd, tl, tr);
        push_down(v,tl,tr);
    } else{
        11 tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
        updateUtil(2*v+1, t1, tm, 1, r, upd);
        updateUtil(2*v+2, tm+1, tr, l, r, upd);
        st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v+2]);
```

```
}
    }
    void build(vector<T>a){
        assert((11)a.size() == n);
        buildUtil(0,0,n-1,a);
    }
    T query(ll 1, ll r){
        return queryUtil(0,0,n-1,1,r);
    }
    void update(ll l,ll r, U upd){
        updateUtil(0,0,n-1,l,r,upd);
    }
};
seive
  seive
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/seive
  • github-snip-file
vector<bool> Prime;
vector<int> spf;
void sieve(int s = maxn) {
    Prime.resize(s + 1, 1);
    spf.resize(s + 1, s + 1);
    for(int i = 2 ; i <= s ; i++) if(Prime[i]) {
        spf[i] = min(spf[i], i);
        for(int j = i ; (11)j * i <= s ; j++)
```

```
Prime[j * i] = 0, spf[j * i] = min(i, spf[j * i]);
}
```

tokenizer

- tokenizer that has no use
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/tokenizer
- github-snip-file

```
vec(string) tokenizer(string str,char ch) {std::istringstream \
```

totient-seive

- totient-seive
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient-seive
- github-snip-file

```
for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  phi[i] = i;

for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  if (!sieve[i]) // is prime
    for (int j = i; j < MN; j += i)
    phi[j] -= phi[j] / i;</pre>
```

totient

- totient
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient

```
• github-snip-file
long long totient(long long n) {
  if (n == 1) return 0;
  long long ans = n;
  for (int i = 0; primes[i] * primes[i] <= n; ++i) {</pre>
    if ((n % primes[i]) == 0) {
      while ((n % primes[i]) == 0) n /= primes[i];
      ans -= ans / primes[i];
    }
  }
  if (n > 1) {
    ans -= ans / n;
  }
  return ans;
}
trie
  trie
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/trie
  • github-snip-file
struct Trie{
    struct node{
        node* next[10];
        node(){
             for(int i=0;i<10;i++) next[i]=NULL;</pre>
        }
    };
```

```
node root;
    void add(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
        for(auto ele : val){
            if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) temp->next[ele]=new node(
            temp=temp->next[ele];
        }
    }
    int query(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
        int ans=0;
        for(auto ele : val){
            if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) break;
            ans++;
            temp=temp->next[ele];
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
troll
  troll
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/troll
  • github-snip-file
// Assembly Generator: gcc -S -o temp.s fileName.cpp
// Executable: gcc -o temp.exe fileName.cpp
```

```
#define assembler(x) \_asm\_(R"(x)");
// real source -
two-sat (kosaraju)

    two-sat (kosaraju)

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/two-sat (kosar
  • github-snip-file
 * Given a set of clauses (a1 v a2)^{(a2 v \neg a3)}....
 * this algorithm find a solution to it set of clauses.
 * test: http://lightoj.com/volume_showproblem.php?problem=125
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 100000
#define endl '
vector<int> G[MAX];
vector<int> GT[MAX];
vector<int> Ftime;
vector<vector<int> > SCC;
bool visited[MAX];
int n;
void dfs1(int n){
  visited[n] = 1;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < G[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = G[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs1(curr);
  }
  Ftime.push_back(n);
}
void dfs2(int n, vector<int> &scc) {
  visited[n] = 1;
  scc.push_back(n);
  for (int i = 0; i < GT[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = GT[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs2(curr, scc);
  }
}
void kosaraju() {
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n ; ++i) {
    if (!visited[i]) dfs1(i);
  }
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = Ftime.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    if (visited[Ftime[i]]) continue;
```

```
vector<int> _scc;
    dfs2(Ftime[i],_scc);
    SCC.push_back(_scc);
}
/**
 * After having the SCC, we must traverse each scc, if in one
 * Otherwise we build a solution, making the first "node" that
 **/
bool two_sat(vector<int> &val) {
  kosaraju();
  for (int i = 0; i < SCC.size(); ++i) {
    vector<bool> tmpvisited(2 * n, false);
    for (int j = 0; j < SCC[i].size(); ++j) {
      if (tmpvisited[SCC[i][j] ^ 1]) return 0;
      if (val[SCC[i][j]] != -1) continue;
      else {
       val[SCC[i][j]] = 0;
        val[SCC[i][j] ^ 1] = 1;
      }
      tmpvisited[SCC[i][j]] = 1;
    }
  }
  return 1;
}
// Example of use
int main() {
```

```
int m, u, v, nc = 0, t; cin >> t;
// n = "nodes" number, m = clauses number
while (t--) {
  cin >> m >> n;
  Ftime.clear();
  SCC.clear();
  for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i) {
   G[i].clear();
   GT[i].clear();
  }
  // (a1 v a2) = (\nega1 -> a2) = (\nega2 -> a1)
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    cin >> u >> v;
    int t1 = abs(u) - 1;
    int t2 = abs(v) - 1;
    int p = t1 * 2 + ((u < 0)? 1 : 0);
    int q = t2 * 2 + ((v < 0)? 1 : 0);
    G[p \land 1].push_back(q);
    G[q \land 1].push_back(p);
    GT[p].push_back(q ^ 1);
    GT[q].push_back(p ^ 1);
  }
  vector<int> val(2 * n, -1);
  cout << "Case " << ++nc <<": ";
  if (two_sat(val)) {
    cout << "Yes" << endl;</pre>
    vector<int> sol;
    for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i)
```

variadic

- variadic lambdas with 1 and 2 arguments
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/variadic
- github-snip-file

```
#define f(u, args...) [&](auto &&u) { return args; }
#define g(u, v, args...) [&](auto &&u, auto &&v) { return args
```

xor-basis

- xor-basis
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/xor-basis
- github-snip-file

```
struct XorBasis{
    private:
    vector<ll> basis;
    int lg;
    int sz = 0;
    public:
    XorBasis(int lg) : lg(lg){
        basis.resize(lg);
    }
    void add(ll x){
        if(x >= (111 << lg)) return;
        for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){</pre>
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 basis[i] = x;
                 ++SZ;
             }
             x^=basis[i];
        }
    bool contains(ll x){
        for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){</pre>
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 return false;
             }
             x^=basis[i];
        }
        return true;
    int size(){
```

```
return sz;
}
const vector<ll>::iterator begin(){
    return basis.begin();
}
const vector<ll>::iterator end(){
    return basis.end();
}
};
```