# **CP Snippets**

About Codeforces GitHub LinkedIn

#### **About**

A collection of CPP Snippets to aid in competetive programming.

This site was auto generated with the help of marked.

The old version of site is available here.

This site is also available in the form of a PDF book for your convenience, you can download it from here.

#### **DSU**

- DSU
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/DSU
- github-snip-file

```
class DSU {
private:
    vector<int> parent, size;
public:
    DSU(int n) {
        parent = vector<int>(n);
        size = vector<int>(n, 1);
        iota(begin(parent), end(parent), 0);
    }
    int getParent(int x) {
```

```
if (parent[x] == x) return x;
        return parent[x] = getParent(parent[x]);
    }
    void join(int x, int y) {
        x = getParent(x);
        y = getParent(y);
        if (size[x] > size[y])
            swap(x, y);
        if (x == y) return;
        parent[x] = y;
        size[y] += size[x];
    }
    int getSize(int x) {
        return size[x] = size[getParent(x)];
    }
};
arr-inp
  arr-inp
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-inp
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> a(n, 0);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin>>a[i];
arr-pref
  • arr-pref
```

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/arr-pref
  • github-snip-file
vector<int> pre(n, 0);
for(int i=1;i<n;i++) pre[i]=a[i]+pref[i-1];</pre>
bfs-dist

    bfs that measures levels/dist

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bfs-dist
  • github-snip-file
queue<int> q;
vector<int> dist, visG(n+1, 0);
q.push(1); visG[1]=1;
while(!q.empty()){
    int curr = q.front();
    q.pop();
    for(auto i: g[curr]){
        if(!visG[i]) continue;
        dist[i] = dist[curr] + 1;
```

### binpow

}

}

- binpow
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binpow
- github-snip-file

q.push(i);

```
ll binpow(ll x, ll y){
    11 \text{ res} = 1;
    while (y>0){
        if (y&1) res = (11)(res*x);
        y = y >> 1;
        x = (11)(x*x);
    }
    return res;
}
binsearch

    binsearch

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/binsearch
  • github-snip-file
int lo = 0, hi = n-1;
while(hi-lo>1) {
    int mid = lo + ((hi-lo) >> 1);
    // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
    auto check = [&](ll mid) {
      return (/*condition here*/);
    };
    if(check(mid)){
        // do stuff here
        lo = mid;
    }
    else {
        hi = mid;
    }
}
```

## bp-small

```
bp-small
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bp-small
  • github-snip-file
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
#include "debug.h"
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#else
#define dbg(x...) "11-111"
#endif
using namespace std;
#define ll long long
#define int long long // because mai bevakoof hu
constexpr int mod = 1e9+7;
// constexpr int mod = 998244353;
constexpr int maxn = 1e6+5;
// pows
inline ll po(ll a, ll b) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b >>= 1) { if
inline ll modpow(ll a, ll b, ll mod) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b
void pre_process(){
```

```
int solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    dbg(n);
    return 2*n;
}
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0);
    pre_process();
    int t; cin>>t;
    while(t--) cout<<solve()<<'</pre>
}
bp

    bp

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/bp
  • github-snip-file
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
#include "debug.h"
#pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops")
#pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
#else
#define dbg(x...) "11-111"
#endif
using namespace std;
```

```
#define ll long long
#define int long long // because mai bevakoof hu
#define logCont(arr,f,l) { auto start=arr.begin(), end=arr.be
"; }
#define uniq(x) x.erase(unique(all(x)), x.end());
#define tr(s, args...) transform(s.begin(), s.end(), args)
#define sz(x) (11)x.size()
// variadic lambda
#define f(u, args...) [&](auto &&u) { return args; }
#define g(u, v, args...) [&](auto &&u, auto &&v) { return args
// precesion
#define precise(n)
                          cout<<fixed<<setprecision((n))</pre>
// bits
                          std::popcount((unsigned long long)(n)
#define bpc(n)
                          std::has_single_bit((unsigned long lc
#define hsb(n)
#define MSB(n)
                          std::bit_floor((unsigned long long)(r
#define ctz(n)
                          ((n) ? __builtin_ctzll((unsigned long
                          ((n) ? __builtin_clzll((unsigned long
#define clz(n)
#define LSB(n)
                          ((n)&(-(n)))
// general amax, amin for any ds, to be able to use swap in gra
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amax(T &a, T1 b){ i
template<typename T, typename T1> inline bool amin(T &a, T1 b){ i
// comparison struct for maps (or use decltype)
template<typename T> struct Comp { bool operator()(const T& 1,
constexpr ll Inf = 4e18;
constexpr int mod = 1e9+7;
```

```
// constexpr int mod = 998244353;
constexpr int maxn = 1e6+5;
// sasta mint
ll inv(ll i) {if (i == 1) return 1; return (mod - ((mod / i) *
11 \mod_{mul}(11 \ a, \ 11 \ b) \{a = a \% \ mod; \ b = b \% \ mod; \ return (((a * b))) \}
11 \mod_{add}(11 a, 11 b) \{a = a \% \mod; b = b \% \mod; return (((a + a + b )))\}
ll\ gcd(ll\ a,\ ll\ b)\ \{\ if\ (b==0)\ return\ a;\ return\ gcd(b,\ a\ %\ b)
ll ceil_div(ll a, ll b) {return a % b == 0 ? a / b : a / b + 1;
ll pwr(ll a, ll b) {a \%= mod; ll res = 1; while (b > 0) {if (b
// pows
inline ll po(ll a, ll b) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b >>= 1) { if
inline ll modpow(ll a, ll b, ll mod) { ll res = 1; for (; b; b
void pre_process(){
}
int solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
    dbg(n);
    return 2*n;
}
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0);
    pre_process();
    int t; cin>>t;
    while(t--) cout<<solve()<<'</pre>
```

## clock\_for\_TL

- clock
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/clock\_for\_TL
- github-snip-file

```
auto start = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
// code goes here
auto stop = chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
auto duration = chrono::duration_cast<chrono::milliseconds>(stocout << duration.count() << " ms
";</pre>
```

### combi-mint

- · combi template with mint
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combi-mint
- github-snip-file

```
const int mod=1e9+7;
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % m
    mi() { v = 0; }
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < _v && _v < mod) ? _v : _v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    }
    friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
```

```
return !(a == b); }
friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
    return a.v < b.v; }
mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
    v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
    mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
    for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
    return ans;
}
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
    return pow(a, mod-2); }
mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp;
mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp;
friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
    os << m.v; return os;
```

```
friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
const int maxn=2e5+5;
vector<mi> fct(maxn, 1), invf(maxn, 1);
void calc fact() {
    for(int i = 1 ; i < maxn ; i++) {
        fct[i] = fct[i - 1] * i;
    }
    invf.back() = mi(1) / fct.back();
    for(int i = \max - 1; i; i--)
        invf[i - 1] = i * invf[i];
}
mi choose(int n, int r) { // choose r elements out of n element
    if(r > n) return mi(0);
    assert(r <= n);</pre>
    return fct[n] * invf[r] * invf[n - r];
}
```

#### combi-struct

- combi-struct
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combi-struct

```
• github-snip-file
struct Comb {
    int n;
    std::vector<int> _fac;
    std::vector<int> _invfac;
    std::vector<int> _inv;
    Comb() : n{0}, _fac{1}, _invfac{1}, _inv{0} {}
    Comb(int n) : Comb() {
        init(n);
    }
    void init(int m) {
        if (m <= n) return;</pre>
        _{fac.resize(m + 1);}
        invfac.resize(m + 1);
        _inv.resize(m + 1);
        for (int i = n + 1; i \le m; i++) {
            _{fac[i]} = _{fac[i - 1]} * i;
        _{invfac[m]} = _{fac[m].inv();}
        for (int i = m; i > n; i--) {
            _invfac[i - 1] = _invfac[i] * i;
            _inv[i] = _invfac[i] * _fac[i - 1];
        }
        n = m;
    }
    int fac(int m) {
        if (m > n) init(2 * m);
```

```
return _fac[m];
    }
    int invfac(int m) {
        if (m > n) init(2 * m);
        return _invfac[m];
    }
    int inv(int m) {
        if (m > n) init(2 * m);
        return _inv[m];
    }
    int binom(int n, int r) {
        if (n < r | | r < 0) return 0;
        return fac(n) * invfac(r) * invfac(n - r);
    }
};
combination-non-mod

    combination-non-mod

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-no
  • github-snip-file
vector<vector<int>> dp(n+1, vector<int> (k+1));
int binomalCoeff(int n, int k){
    for (int i=0; i<=n; i++){
        for (int j=0; j <= k; j++){
             if (!j || j == i) dp[i][j] = 1;
             // binomial coefficient approach
             else dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + dp[i - 1][j];
         }
     }
```

```
return dp[n][k];
}
combination-small
  • combination-small
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination-sm
  • github-snip-file
int C(int n,int r){
    r = min(r, n-r);
    int ans = 1;
    for(int i=1;i<=r;i++,n--){
        ans *=n;
        ans/=i;
    return ans;
}
combination

    combination

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/combination
  • github-snip-file
int C(int n, int r){
    int v = (fac[n] * inv[r]) mod;
    v = (v * inv[n-r]) mod;
```

```
return v;
}
crt
  • crt
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/crt
  • github-snip-file
 * Chinese remainder theorem.
 * Find z such that z \% x[i] = a[i] for all i.
 * */
long long crt(vector<long long> &a, vector<long long> &x) {
  long long z = 0;
  long long n = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); ++i)
    n *= x[i];
  for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    long long tmp = (a[i] * (n / x[i])) % n;
    tmp = (tmp * mod_inv(n / x[i], x[i])) % n;
    z = (z + tmp) \% n;
  }
  return (z + n) \% n;
}
```

#### cute-lcm

- [a,b,c]=abc(a,b,c)/(a,b)(b,c)(c,a), where []=lcm adn ()=gcd or [a,b,c]=abc/gcd(ab,bc,ca)
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/cute-lcm
- github-snip-file

```
"https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1579/n-ary-version-of
"N-ary versions of gcd and lcm"
"proof is heavy lattice ordered smthing based or use inclusion
```

## derangments

- derangments
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/derangments
- github-snip-file

```
int countDerangements(int n){
   int dp[n + 1];
   if (n < 3) return (dp[n]=(n % 2)?1:0);
   dp[0] = 1, dp[1] = 0, dp[2] = 1;
   for (int i=3; i< n; i++) dp[i] = (i-1)*(dp[i-1]+dp[i-2]);
   return dp[n];
}</pre>
```

#### dfs-full

- · dfs with lots of stuff implemented
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dfs-full
- github-snip-file

```
auto dfs = [&](auto &&dfs, int curr, int parent, vector<int> &v
    for(auto i: adj[curr]){
        if(visPath[i]) cycle_directed|=1;
        if(i==parent || visG[i]) continue;
        dfs(dfs, i, curr, visG, visPath, comp, cycle_directed,
        topo.push(i);
    }
};
int cnt comp=0;
vector<int> visG(n+1, 0), visPath(n+1, 0), comp;
vector<vector<int>> components;
stack<int> topo;
bool cycle directed=0;
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){
    if(visG[i]) continue;
    visG[i]=visPath[i]=1;
    comp.push_back(i);
    dfs(dfs, 1, -1, visG, visPath, comp, cycle_directed, topo,
    components.push_back(comp);
    comp.clear();
    visPath.assign(n+1, 0);
    cnt_comp++;
}
dfs

    weird ass dfs
```

• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dfs

• github-snip-file

```
map<int, int> dfs(int cur, int par, vi&a){
    // stuff
    for(auto child:adj[cur]){
        if(child==par)continue;
        // stuff
        dfs(child,cur,a);
        // or return smthing and use it
        auto smthing = dfs(child,cur,a);
        // stuff
    }
    // stuff and then return smthing or not, meh
    return cur_prime;
}
diophantine
  • linear diophantine
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/diophantine
  • github-snip-file
long long gcd(long long a, long long b, long long &x, long long
  if (a == 0) {
    x = 0;
    y = 1;
    return b;
  }
  long long x1, y1;
  long long d = gcd(b \% a, a, x1, y1);
  x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
  y = x1;
  return d;
```

```
bool find_any_solution(long long a, long long b, long long c, l
    long long &y0, long long &g) {
  g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
  if (c % g) {
    return false;
  }
  x0 *= c / g;
  y0 *= c / g;
  if (a < 0) \times 0 = -x0;
  if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
  return true;
}
void shift_solution(long long &x, long long &y, long long a, lc
    long long cnt) {
  x += cnt * b;
  y -= cnt * a;
}
long long find_all_solutions(long long a, long long b, long lor
    long long minx, long long maxx, long long miny,
    long long maxy) {
  long long x, y, g;
  if (!find_any_solution(a, b, c, x, y, g)) return 0;
  a /= g;
  b /= g;
  long long sign_a = a > 0 ? +1 : -1;
  long long sign_b = b > 0 ? +1 : -1;
```

```
shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (minx - x) / b);
 if (x < minx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_b);</pre>
 if (x > maxx) return 0;
 long long lx1 = x;
 shift_solution(x, y, a, b, (maxx - x) / b);
 if (x > maxx) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_b);
 long long rx1 = x;
 shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(miny - y) / a);
 if (y < miny) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -sign_a);</pre>
 if (y > maxy) return 0;
 long long 1x2 = x;
 shift_solution(x, y, a, b, -(maxy - y) / a);
 if (y > maxy) shift_solution(x, y, a, b, sign_a);
 long long rx2 = x;
 if (1x2 > rx2) swap(1x2, rx2);
 long long lx = max(lx1, lx2);
 long long rx = min(rx1, rx2);
 if (lx > rx) return 0;
 return (rx - lx) / abs(b) + 1;
}
```

#### dsu-rr

- dsu-rr
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/dsu-rr

```
• github-snip-file
class Solution {
    struct DSU
    {
        vector<int> siz,parent;
        void init()
        {
            siz.resize(26);
            parent.resize(26);
            for(int i=0;i<26;i++)
             {
                 siz[i]=1;
                 parent[i]=i;
            }
        }
        int leader(int ex)
        {
            if(ex==parent[ex])
                 return ex;
             return parent[ex]=leader(parent[ex]);
        void merge(int a,int b)
        {
            a=leader(a);
            b=leader(b);
            if(a==b)
                 return;
            if(siz[a]<siz[b])</pre>
                 swap(a,b);
             siz[a]+=siz[b];
            parent[b]=parent[a];
```

```
};
easy_seive
  easy_seive
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/easy_seive
  • github-snip-file
void ez_seive(int n){
     vector<bool> prime(n,1);
     for (int p = 2; p*p <= n; p++){
         if (prime[p]){
            for (int i = p * p; i \le n; i += p) prime[i] = fals
         }
     }
}
for (int p = 2; p <= n; p++){
      // do whatever you want with those primes${1}
      if (prime[p]) cout << p << " ";</pre>
}
euclid

    euclid

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/euclid
  • github-snip-file
int euclid_gcd(int a, int b){
    if (b==0) return a;
```

```
return gcd(b, a % b);
}
int euclid_gcdExtended(int a, int b, int *x, int *y){
    if (a == 0){
        *x = 0;
        *v = 1;
        return b;
    }
    int x1, y1;
    int gcd = gcdExtended(b % a, a, &x1, &y1);
    *x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
    *v = x1;
    return gcd;
}
explanation_binsearch
  • explanation binsearch
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/explanation_bi
  • github-snip-file
int lo = 0, hi = n-1; // see constraints for lo and hi, nahi mi
while(hi-lo>1) {
    int mid = lo + ((hi-lo) >> 1); // to avoid overflows
    // lo will become the last index that satisfies X condition
    // hi is the first element that doesn't satisfy X condition
    // lower_bound = <</pre>
    // upper_bound = <=</pre>
    // upper using lower = lo, < + ek for loop to traverse the</pre>
```

```
// essence ->
    // remember, lo ke left mai condition always true, lo last
    // hi ke right mai condition always false, hi first one jis
    // hi will probably be the answer in most cases
    // hi+1, lo, lo-1 are also potential answers (maybe, mujhe
    // always make condition such that when it's true, left sec
    // if condition true toh bas right segment mai search hoga,
    auto check = [\&](11 \text{ mid}) {
        // this is where majority is what you wanna write happe
      return (/*condition here*/);
    };
    if(check(mid)){
        // do stuff here
        lo = mid;
    }
    else {
        hi = mid;
    }
}
fac
  fac
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fac
  • github-snip-file
int fac[maxn];
int inv[maxn];
fac[1] = inv[1] = 1;
```

```
for (int i=2; i<maxn; i++){</pre>
  fac[i] = (fac[i-1] * i)%mod;
  inv[i] = power(fac[i], mod - 2);
}
factorization

    factorization

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/factorization
  • github-snip-file
void printFactors(int n) {
    for (int i=1; i * i<=n; i++){}
        if (n\%i == 0) {
            if (n/i == i) cout << i << " ";
            else cout << i << " " << n/i << " ";
        }
    }
    cout << "
· ;
}
void printPrimeFactors(int n){
 set<int> f;
 for (int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++){
     while (n \% i == 0){
         f.insert(i);
         n /= i;
      }
 }
 for (auto &i : f){
```

```
cout << i << " ";
 }
 cout << "
}
fenwick

    binary indexed tree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/fenwick
  • github-snip-file
// 0-indexed BIT (binary indexed tree / Fenwick tree) (i : [0,
template <class T>
struct BIT{
    int n;
    vector<T> data;
    BIT(int len = 0) : n(len), data(len) {}
    void reset() { fill(data.begin(), data.end(), T(0)); }
    void add(int pos, T v){
        // a[pos] += v
        pos++;
        while (pos > 0 and pos <= n)
            data[pos - 1] += v, pos += pos & -pos;
    }
    T sum(int k) const{
        // a[0] + ... + a[k - 1]
        T res = 0;
        while (k > 0)
            res += data[k - 1], k -= k \& -k;
        return res;
```

```
}
    T sum(int 1, int r) const { return sum(r) - sum(1); } // a[
    // dbg functions
    template <class OStream>
    friend OStream &operator<<(OStream &os, const BIT &bit){</pre>
        T prv = 0;
        os << '[';
        for (int i = 1; i \le bit.n; i++){
            T now = bit.sum(i);
            os << now - prv << ',', prv = now;
        }
        return os << ']';
    }
};
file_io
  • for coding competetions
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/file_io
  • github-snip-file
void file_i_o(){
    freopen("./tests/test01.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("./tests/output01.txt", "w", stdout);
}
freq-map
  • freq-map
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/freq-map
```

```
• github-snip-file
map<int, int> m;
for(int i=0; i<n;i++){
  if(m.find(a[i])==m.end()) m[a[i]]=1;
  else m[a[i]]++;
}
gr-inp-Fwt
  • graph input weight
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp-Fwt
  • github-snip-file
int e=f(n);
vector<vector<pair<int,int>>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
  int u,v,wt; cin>>u>>v>>wt;
  g[u].push_back({v,wt});
  g[v].push_back({u,wt});
}
gr-inp

    graph input

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/gr-inp
  • github-snip-file
int e=f(n);
vector<vector<int>> g(n+1);
for(int i=1;i<=e;i++){
```

```
int u,v; cin>>u>>v;
  g[u].push_back(v);
  g[v].push_back(u);
}
highest_exponent
  power_in_fac
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/highest_expone
  • github-snip-file
int highest_exponent(int p, const int &n){
  int ans = 0;
  int t = p;
  while(t \le n){
    ans += n/t;
    t*=p;
  return ans;
}
interactive
  • essential measures for interactive problems
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/interactive
  • github-snip-file
void solve(){
    int n; cin>>n;
```

```
auto querySystem = [\&](int 1, int r) {
        // print your query
        cout<<r-l+1<<endl;
        cout<<endl;
        // receive and return reply from system
        int wt; cin>>wt;
        return wt;
    };
    // write your logic here and use querySystem to receive ans
    // do a cout<<endl after each cout
    cout<<endl;
}
ip-overloads

    I/O Overloads that I don't use

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/ip-overloads

  • github-snip-file
template<typename T1, typename T2> inline istream& operator >>
template<typename T1, typename T2> inline ostream& operator <<
template<typename T> istream& operator >> (istream& in, vector<
void read(auto&... args) { ((cin>>args), ...); }
void put(auto&&... args) { ((cout<<args<<" "), ...);}</pre>
#define get(T, args...) T args; read(args);
#define putn(args...) { put(args); cout<<"</pre>
```

```
#define pute(args...) { put(args); cout<<endl; }</pre>
#define putr(args...) { putn(args) return ;}
kadane

    max subarray sum O(n)

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kadane

  • github-snip-file
int maxSubArraySum(vector<int> &v, int size){
    int max_so_far=INT_MIN, max_ending_here = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
        max_ending_here += a[i];
        if (max_so_far<max_ending_here) max_so_far=max_ending_r</pre>
        if (max_ending_here < 0) max_ending_here = 0;</pre>
    return max_so_far;
}
kahn's algo

    toposort using bfs (kahn's algo)

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/topo-bfs

  • github-snip-file
queue<int> q;
vector<int> in(n+1, 0), topo, visG(n+1, 0);
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) for(auto child: adj[i]) in[child]++;</pre>
for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) if(in[i]==0) q.push(i);
```

```
while(!q.empty()){
    int curr = q.front(); q.pop();
    topo.push_back(curr);
    for(auto i: g[curr]){
        if(!visG[i]) continue;
        in[i]--;
        if(in[i]==0) q.push(i);
    }
}
if(topo.size()==n) for(auto i: topo) cout<<i<<" ";</pre>
else cout<<"cycle in und graph";</pre>
kosaraju

    kosaraju

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kosaraju
  • github-snip-file
class Graph {
 int V;
 vector<int> *adj;
 void fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s);
 void dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]);
public:
 Graph(int V) : V(V)
 {
   adj = new vector<int>[V];
 }
```

```
~Graph()
 {
    delete[] adj;
}
 void addEdge(int v, int w);
 void printSCCs();
Graph getTranspose();
};
void Graph::dfsUtil(int v, bool visited[]) {
visited[v] = true;
 cout << v << " ";
 for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
        dfsUtil(it, visited);
}
Graph Graph::getTranspose() {
Graph g(V);
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
     for (auto &it : adj[i])
         g.adj[it].push_back(i);
 }
 return g;
void Graph::addEdge(int v, int w) {
 adj[v].push_back(w);
```

```
void Graph::fillOrder(int v, bool visited[], stack<int> &s) {
 visited[v] = true;
 for (auto &it : adj[v])
     if (!visited[it])
         fillOrder(it, visited, s);
 s.push(v);
}
void Graph::printSCCs() {
 stack<int> s;
 bool visited[V] = {0};
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
      if (!visited[i])
        fillOrder(i, visited, s);
 Graph gr = getTranspose();
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
     visited[i] = false;
 while (!s.empty()) {
     int v = s.top();
     s.pop();
     if (!visited[v]){
        gr.dfsUtil(v, visited);
        cout << "
     }
```

#### kruskal

```
    kruskal

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/kruskal

  • github-snip-file
auto kruskalMST(vector<Edge> &edges, int V){
    int cost = 0;
    DSU dsu(V);
    sort(begin(edges), end(edges));
    vector<Edge> tree;
    for (const auto &[u, v, w] : edges){
        if (dsu.getParent(u) != dsu.getParent(v)) {
            cost += w;
            tree.emplace_back(u, v, w);
            dsu.join(u, v);
        }
    }
    return make_pair(tree, cost);
}
lambda_function
  • lambda_function
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lambda_functio
  • github-snip-file
auto check = [\&](ll mid) {
  return mid - (mid / n) >= k;
};
Ica
```

```
• LCA path satisfying some condition

    https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/lca

  • github-snip-file
constexpr int N = 5; // No. of vertices
constexpr int L = 4; // ceil(logN / log2) + 1
// Vertices from 1 to N.
vector<int> adj[N + 1];
int up[N + 1][L];
int level[N + 1];
void dfs(int u, int prev = 0){
up[u][0] = prev;
for (auto &v : adj[u]){
     if (v == prev) continue;
     level[v] = level[u] + 1;
     dfs(v, u);
}
}
void binaryLift(){
 dfs(1);
 for (int i = 1; i < L; i++)
     for (int j = 1; j \le N; j++)
          up[j][i] = up[up[j][i - 1]][i - 1];
}
int LCA(int a, int b){
 if (level[a] > level[b])
```

```
swap(a, b);
 int diff = level[b] - level[a];
 for (int i = 0; i < L; i++){
     if ((diff & (1 << i)))
         b = up[b][i];
}
 if (a == b) return a;
 for (int i = L - 1; i \ge 0; i--){
     if (up[a][i] != up[b][i]){
         a = up[a][i];
         b = up[b][i];
     }
}
return up[a][0];
}
void addEdge(int u, int v){
adj[u].push_back(v);
adj[v].push_back(u);
}
int dist(int a, int b){
return level[a] + level[b] - 2 * level[LCA(a, b)];
}
```

# log

log

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/log
  • github-snip-file
// Computes x which a ^ x = b \mod n.
long long d_log(long long a, long long b, long long n) {
  long long m = ceil(sqrt(n));
  long long aj = 1;
  map<long long, long long> M;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
   if (!M.count(aj))
      M[aj] = i;
    aj = (aj * a) % n;
  }
  long long coef = mod_pow(a, n - 2, n);
  coef = mod_pow(coef, m, n);
  // coef = a \wedge (-m)
  long long gamma = b;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
    if (M.count(gamma)) {
      return i * m + M[gamma];
   } else {
      gamma = (gamma * coef) % n;
    }
  }
  return -1;
}
```

### matrix

matrix

```
• https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/matrix
 • github-snip-file
const int MN = 111;
const int mod = 10000;
struct matrix {
 int r, c;
 int m[MN][MN];
 matrix (int _r, int _c) : r (_r), c (_c) {
    memset(m, 0, sizeof m);
 }
 void print() {
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i) {
      for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
        cout << m[i][j] << " ";</pre>
      cout << endl;</pre>
   }
 }
 int x[MN][MN];
 matrix & operator *= (const matrix &o) {
    memset(x, 0, sizeof x);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
      for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
        if (m[i][k] != 0)
          for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
            x[i][j] = (x[i][j] + ((m[i][k] * o.m[k][j]) % mod)
          }
```

```
memcpy(m, x, sizeof(m));
    return *this;
 }
};
void matrix_pow(matrix b, long long e, matrix &res) {
  memset(res.m, 0, sizeof res.m);
  for (int i = 0; i < b.r; ++i)
    res.m[i][i] = 1;
  if (e == 0) return;
  while (true) {
    if (e & 1) res *= b;
    if ((e >>= 1) == 0) break;
    b *= b;
  }
}
mint

    modular integer

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/mint
  • github-snip-file
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % n
    mi() \{ v = 0; \}
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v & v < mod) ? v : v < mod
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    }
```

```
friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
    return a.v == b.v; }
friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
    return !(a == b); }
friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
    return a.v < b.v; }
mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
    if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
    return *this; }
mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
    v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
    mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
    for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
    return ans;
friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
    return pow(a, mod-2); }
mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
mi& operator--() { return *this -= 1; }
mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp;
mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp;
friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
```

```
friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
        os << m.v; return os;
    }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
modpow
  modpow
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/modpow
  • github-snip-file
11 modpow(ll a, ll b){
    a \% = m;
    ll res = 1;
    while (b > 0) {
        if (b & 1) res = res * a % m;
        a=a*a%m;
        b>>=1;
    }
    return res;
}
```

# pbds

- pbds
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pbds
- github-snip-file

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
// pbds = find_by_value(), order_of_key()
// find_by_order(k) returns iterator to kth element starting f
// order_of_key(k) returns count of elements strictly smaller t
template<class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,gr
template<class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T>
template<class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key>> us
```

### pq

- pq
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/pq
- github-snip-file

```
priority_queue<int> pq;
priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<>> pq;
```

### prime-related-stuff

- implements prime fac, fac list and is\_prime in both space optimized and time optimized ways
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/prime-related-

```
• github-snip-file
vector<int> smallest_factor;
vector<bool> prime;
vector<int> primes;
void sieve(int maximum)
{
    maximum = max(maximum, 1);
    smallest_factor.assign(maximum + 1, 0);
    prime.assign(maximum + 1, true);
    prime[0] = prime[1] = false;
    primes = {};
    for (int p = 2; p \le maximum; p++)
        if (prime[p])
        {
            smallest_factor[p] = p;
            primes.push_back(p);
            for (int64_t i = int64_t(p) * p; i \le maximum; i +=
                if (prime[i])
                {
                     prime[i] = false;
                    smallest_factor[i] = p;
                }
        }
}
// Determines whether n is prime in worst case O(sqrt n / log r
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(1) time.
bool is_prime(int64_t n)
{
    int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
```

```
assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
    if (n <= sieve_max)</pre>
        return prime[n];
    for (int64_t p : primes)
    {
        if (p * p > n)
            break;
        if (n \% p == 0)
            return false;
    }
    return true;
}
// Prime factorizes n in worst case O(sqrt n / log n). Requires
// If we've run `sieve` up to at least n, takes O(log n) time.
template <typename T>
vector<pair<T, int>> prime_factorize(T n)
{
    int64_t sieve_max = int64_t(smallest_factor.size()) - 1;
    assert(1 <= n && n <= sieve_max * sieve_max);</pre>
    vector<pair<T, int>> result;
    if (n <= sieve_max)</pre>
    {
        while (n != 1)
        {
            int p = smallest_factor[n];
             int exponent = 0;
             do
```

```
n /= p;
                exponent++;
            } while (n \% p == 0);
            result.emplace_back(p, exponent);
        }
        return result;
    }
    for (int p : primes)
    {
        if (int64_t(p) * p > n)
            break;
        if (n \% p == 0)
        {
            result.emplace_back(p, 0);
            do
            {
                n /= p;
                result.back().second++;
            } while (n \% p == 0);
        }
    }
    if (n > 1)
        result.emplace_back(n, 1);
    return result;
}
template <typename T>
vector<T> generate_factors(const vector<pair<T, int>> &prime_fa
    // See http://oeis.org/A066150 and http://oeis.org/A036451
```

```
static vector<T> buffer;
    int product = 1;
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
        product *= pf.second + 1;
    vector<T> factors = {1};
    factors.reserve(product);
    if (sorted)
        buffer.resize(product);
    for (auto &pf : prime_factors)
    {
        T p = pf.first;
        int exponent = pf.second;
        int before size = int(factors.size());
        for (int i = 0; i < exponent * before_size; i++)</pre>
            factors.push_back(factors[factors.size() - before_s
        if (sorted && factors[before_size - 1] > p)
            for (int section = before_size; section < int(factor)</pre>
                for (int i = 0; i + section < int(factors.size(</pre>
                 {
                     int length = min(2 * section, int(factors.s
                     merge(factors.begin() + i, factors.begin()
                           factors.begin() + i + section, factor
                           buffer.begin());
                     copy(buffer.begin(), buffer.begin() + lengt
                }
    }
    assert(int(factors.size()) == product);
    return factors;
}
void pre_process() {
```

```
sieve(1e6+5);
}
// mint
struct mi {
    int64_t v; explicit operator int64_t() const { return v % m
    mi() { v = 0; }
    mi(int64_t _v) {
        v = (-mod < v \& v < mod) ? v : v % mod;
        if (v < 0) v += mod;
    }
    friend bool operator==(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return a.v == b.v; }
    friend bool operator!=(const mi& a, const mi& b) {
        return !(a == b); }
    friend bool operator<(const mi& a, const mi& b) {</pre>
        return a.v < b.v; }
    mi& operator+=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v += m.v) >= mod) v -= mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator-=(const mi& m) {
        if ((v -= m.v) < 0) v += mod;
        return *this; }
    mi& operator*=(const mi& m) {
        v = v*m.v%mod; return *this; }
    mi& operator/=(const mi& m) { return (*this) *= inv(m); }
    friend mi pow(mi a, int64_t p) {
        mi ans = 1; assert(p \ge 0);
        for (; p; p /= 2, a *= a) if (p&1) ans *= a;
```

```
return ans;
    }
    friend mi inv(const mi& a) { assert(a.v != 0);
        return pow(a, mod-2); }
    mi operator-() const { return mi(-v); }
    mi& operator++() { return *this += 1; }
    mi& operator -- () { return *this -= 1; }
    mi operator++(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v++; return temp
    mi operator--(int32_t) { mi temp; temp.v = v--; return temp;
    friend mi operator+(mi a, const mi& b) { return a += b; }
    friend mi operator-(mi a, const mi& b) { return a -= b; }
    friend mi operator*(mi a, const mi& b) { return a *= b; }
    friend mi operator/(mi a, const mi& b) { return a /= b; }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const mi& m) {</pre>
        os << m.v; return os;
    }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mi& m) {
        int64_t x; is >> x;
        m.v = x;
        return is;
    }
    friend void __print(const mi &x) {
        cerr << x.v;
    }
};
```

### re-write

 a bunch of re and write functions based on template meta programming heklpful in cp.

- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/read-write-fn-
- github-snip-file

```
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p);
template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a);
template <class T, size_t SZ> void re(array<T, SZ> &a);
template <class T> void re(T &x) { cin >> x; }
void re(double &x) { string t;re(t); x = stod(t);}
template <class Arg, class... Args> void re(Arg &first, Args &.
template <class T1, class T2> void re(pair<T1, T2> &p) { re(p.f
template <class T> void re(vector<T> &a) {for (int i = 0; i < s
template <class T> void re(array<T, SZ> &a) { for (ir
template <class T>
void write(T x) { cout << x << " "; }
template <class T> void writen(T x) { cout << x << n1; }
template <class T> using minheap = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,gr
template<class T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type,less<T>
template<class key, class value, class cmp = std::less<key>> us
```

### recur-binsearch

- recursive binary search implementation to make intution easier ig
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-binsearc
- github-snip-file

```
auto check = [&](int mid) {
      // smthing here
      return bool ();
};
function<int(int,int)> recur_binsearch = [&](int lo, int hi) {
   if(hi<=lo) return lo;</pre>
```

```
int mid=(lo+hi)/2;
  if(check(mid)) return recur_binsearch(lo, mid-1);
  return recur_binsearch(mid+1, hi);
}
recur-modpow

    recur-modpow

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/recur-modpow
  • github-snip-file
int power(int x, int y){
    if (y==0) return 1;
    int v = power(x, y/2);
    v *= v;
    v \% = mod;
    if (y&1) return (v*x)%mod;
    else return v;
}
rng
  • rng
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rng
  • github-snip-file
//random generator
mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().cour
ll\ rnd(ll\ a, ll\ b){if(a > b){return -1;}return\ a + (ll)rng() % (
```

```
rr-segtree
```

```
    best segtree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/rr-segtree
  • github-snip-file
int phi[N+1];
struct node
{
     long long sum, max, lca, size;
     node()
     {
          lca=-1;
           max=-1;
           sum=-1;
           size=0;
     };
};
struct Segment_Tree
{
     vector<node> segtree;
     int n;
     node identity;
     void init(int _n)
           identity.lca=-1;
           identity.sum=0;
           identity.max=-1;
```

```
identity.size=0;
     n=1;
     while(n<_n)</pre>
          n=n*2;
     segtree.resize(2*n);
}
node merge(node a, node b)
{
       if(a.lca<1)
            return b;
       if(b.lca<1)
            return a;
       node ans;
       ans.max=std::max(a.max,b.max);
       ans.sum=a.sum+b.sum;
       ans.size=a.size+b.size;
       int ex=50;
       int A=a.lca;
       int B=b.lca;
       while(true)
       {
            if(A==B)
                break;
            if(A>B)
            {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+a.size;
                A=phi[A];
```

```
else
           {
                ans.sum=ans.sum+b.size;
                B=phi[B];
           }
       ans.lca=A;
       return ans;
}
void build(int curr,int left,int right,vector<int>&ar)
{
     if(right-left==1)
     {
          if(left<ar.size())</pre>
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=ar[left];
                segtree[curr].lca=ar[left];
                segtree[curr].size=1;
          }
          else
          {
                segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].max=-1;
                segtree[curr].lca=-1;
                segtree[curr].size=0;
          return;
```

```
}
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     build(2*curr+1, left, mid, ar);
     build(2*curr+2, mid, right, ar);
     segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1], segtree[2*curr+
 }
node sum(int lq,int rq,int node,int left,int right)
{
     if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
          return identity;
     if(left>=lq && rq>=right)
          return segtree[node];
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     return merge(sum(lq,rq,2*node+1,left,mid),sum(lq,rq,2
}
void operate(int lq,int rq,int curr,int left,int right)
{
     if(lq>=right || rq<=left)</pre>
                return;
     if(right-left==1)
     {
          int val=segtree[curr].lca;
          val=phi[val];
          segtree[curr].lca=val;
          segtree[curr].max=val;
```

```
segtree[curr].sum=0;
                segtree[curr].size=1;
                return;
          }
          if(segtree[curr].max<=1)</pre>
                return;
          int mid=(left+right)/2;
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+1,left,mid);
          operate(lq,rq,2*curr+2,mid,right);
          segtree[curr]=merge(segtree[2*curr+1], segtree[2*curr+
     }
};
segtree

    sextree

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/segtree
  • github-snip-file
template<class T, class U>
// T -> node, U->update.
struct Lsegtree{
    vector<T>st;
    vector<U>lazy;
    11 n;
    T identity_element;
    U identity_update;
```

```
/*
    Definition of identity_element: the element I such that
    for all x
    Definition of identity_update: the element I such that
    for all x
*/
Lsegtree(ll n, T identity_element, U identity_update){
    this->n = n;
    this->identity_element = identity_element;
    this->identity_update = identity_update;
    st.assign(4*n,identity_element);
    lazy.assign(4*n, identity_update);
}
T combine(T 1, T r){
    // change this function as required.
    T \text{ ans} = (1 + r);
    return ans;
}
void buildUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, vector<T>&a){
    if(t1 == tr){
        st[v] = a[t1];
        return;
    11 \text{ tm} = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
    buildUtil(2*v + 1, tl, tm,a);
    buildUtil(2*v + 2, tm+1, tr, a);
    st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v + 2]);
```

```
}
// change the following 2 functions, and you're more or les
T apply(T curr, U upd, ll tl, ll tr){
    T ans = (tr-tl+1)*upd;
    // increment range by upd:
    // T ans = curr + (tr - tl + 1)*upd
    return ans;
}
U combineUpdate(U old_upd, U new_upd, 11 t1, 11 tr){
    U ans = old upd;
    ans=new upd;
    return ans;
}
void push_down(ll v, ll tl, ll tr){
    //for the below line to work, make sure the "==" operat
    if(lazy[v] == identity_update)return;
    st[v] = apply(st[v], lazy[v], tl, tr);
    if(2*v + 1 \le 4*n){
        11 tm = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
        lazy[2*v + 1] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+1], lazy[v],
        lazy[2*v + 2] = combineUpdate(lazy[2*v+2], lazy[v],
    }
    lazy[v] = identity_update;
}
T queryUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(1 > r)return identity_element;
    if(tr < l or tl > r){
```

```
return identity_element;
    }
    if(1 \le t1 \text{ and } r \ge tr)
        return st[v];
    }
    11 \text{ tm} = (t1 + tr) >> 1;
    return combine(queryUtil(2*v+1,tl,tm,l,r), queryUtil(2*
}
void updateUtil(ll v, ll tl, ll tr, ll l, ll r, U upd){
    push_down(v,tl,tr);
    if(tr < 1 or tl > r)return;
    if(tl >= l and tr <= r)
        lazy[v] = combineUpdate(lazy[v], upd, tl, tr);
        push_down(v,tl,tr);
    } else{
        11 tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
        updateUtil(2*v+1, tl, tm, l, r, upd);
        updateUtil(2*v+2, tm+1, tr, 1, r, upd);
        st[v] = combine(st[2*v + 1], st[2*v+2]);
    }
}
void build(vector<T>a){
    assert((ll)a.size() == n);
    buildUtil(0,0,n-1,a);
}
T query(ll l, ll r){
    return queryUtil(0,0,n-1,1,r);
}
```

```
void update(ll l,ll r, U upd){
        updateUtil(0,0,n-1,1,r,upd);
    }
};
seive
  seive
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/seive
  • github-snip-file
vector<bool> Prime;
vector<int> spf;
void sieve(int s = maxn) {
    Prime.resize(s + 1, 1);
    spf.resize(s + 1, s + 1);
    for(int i = 2 ; i <= s ; i++) if(Prime[i]) {
        spf[i] = min(spf[i], i);
        for(int j = i ; (11)j * i <= s ; j++)
            Prime[j * i] = 0, spf[j * i] = min(i, spf[j * i]);
    }
}
tokenizer

    tokenizer that has no use

  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/tokenizer
  • github-snip-file
vec(string) tokenizer(string str,char ch) {std::istringstream v
```

## totient-seive

- totient-seive
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient-seive
- github-snip-file

```
for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  phi[i] = i;

for (int i = 1; i < MN; i++)
  if (!sieve[i]) // is prime
    for (int j = i; j < MN; j += i)
     phi[j] -= phi[j] / i;</pre>
```

### totient

- totient
- https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/totient
- github-snip-file

```
long long totient(long long n) {
  if (n == 1) return 0;
  long long ans = n;
  for (int i = 0; primes[i] * primes[i] <= n; ++i) {
    if ((n % primes[i]) == 0) {
      while ((n % primes[i]) == 0) n /= primes[i];
      ans -= ans / primes[i];
    }
  }
  if (n > 1) {
```

```
ans -= ans / n;
  }
  return ans;
}
trie
  trie
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/trie
  • github-snip-file
struct Trie{
    struct node{
        node* next[10];
        node(){
            for(int i=0;i<10;i++) next[i]=NULL;</pre>
        }
    };
    node root;
    void add(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
        for(auto ele : val){
            if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) temp->next[ele]=new node(
            temp=temp->next[ele];
        }
    }
    int query(vector<int>&val){
        node* temp=&root;
```

```
int ans=0;
        for(auto ele : val){
            if(temp->next[ele]==NULL) break;
            ans++;
            temp=temp->next[ele];
        }
        return ans;
};
troll
  troll
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/troll
  • github-snip-file
// Assembly Generator: gcc -S -o temp.s fileName.cpp
// Executable: gcc -o temp.exe fileName.cpp
#define assembler(x) \_asm\_(R"(x)");
// real source -
two-sat (kosaraju)
  • two-sat (kosaraju)
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/two-sat (kosar
  • github-snip-file
/**
    Given a set of clauses (a1 v a2)^(a2 v \neg a3)...
    this algorithm find a solution to it set of clauses.
```

```
* test: http://lightoj.com/volume_showproblem.php?problem=125
 **/
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 100000
#define endl '
vector<int> G[MAX];
vector<int> GT[MAX];
vector<int> Ftime;
vector<vector<int> > SCC;
bool visited[MAX];
int n;
void dfs1(int n){
  visited[n] = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < G[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = G[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs1(curr);
  }
  Ftime.push_back(n);
}
void dfs2(int n, vector<int> &scc) {
  visited[n] = \overline{1;}
  scc.push_back(n);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < GT[n].size(); ++i) {
    int curr = GT[n][i];
    if (visited[curr]) continue;
    dfs2(curr, scc);
 }
}
void kosaraju() {
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n ; ++i) {
    if (!visited[i]) dfs1(i);
  }
  memset(visited, 0, sizeof visited);
  for (int i = Ftime.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    if (visited[Ftime[i]]) continue;
    vector<int> _scc;
    dfs2(Ftime[i],_scc);
    SCC.push_back(_scc);
 }
}
 * After having the SCC, we must traverse each scc, if in one
 * Otherwise we build a solution, making the first "node" that
 **/
bool two_sat(vector<int> &val) {
```

```
kosaraju();
  for (int i = 0; i < SCC.size(); ++i) {
    vector<bool> tmpvisited(2 * n, false);
    for (int j = 0; j < SCC[i].size(); ++j) {
      if (tmpvisited[SCC[i][j] ^ 1]) return 0;
      if (val[SCC[i][j]] != -1) continue;
      else {
        val[SCC[i][j]] = 0;
        val[SCC[i][j] ^ 1] = 1;
      }
      tmpvisited[SCC[i][j]] = 1;
    }
  }
  return 1;
}
// Example of use
int main() {
  int m, u, v, nc = 0, t; cin >> t;
  // n = "nodes" number, m = clauses number
  while (t--) {
    cin >> m >> n;
    Ftime.clear();
    SCC.clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i) {
      G[i].clear();
     GT[i].clear();
```

```
// (a1 v a2) = (\nega1 -> a2) = (\nega2 -> a1)
for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
  cin >> u >> v;
  int t1 = abs(u) - 1;
  int t2 = abs(v) - 1;
  int p = t1 * 2 + ((u < 0)? 1 : 0);
  int q = t2 * 2 + ((v < 0)? 1 : 0);
  G[p \land 1].push_back(q);
  G[q \land 1].push_back(p);
  GT[p].push_back(q ^ 1);
  GT[q].push_back(p \land 1);
}
vector<int> val(2 * n, -1);
cout << "Case " << ++nc <<": ";
if (two_sat(val)) {
  cout << "Yes" << endl;</pre>
  vector<int> sol;
  for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i)
    if (i \% 2 == 0 \text{ and } val[i] == 1)
      sol.push_back(i / 2 + 1);
  cout << sol.size();</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < sol.size(); ++i) {
    cout << " " << sol[i];
  }
  cout << endl;</pre>
} else {
  cout << "No" << endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
variadic
  • variadic lambdas with 1 and 2 arguments
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/variadic
  • github-snip-file
#define f(u, args...) [&](auto &&u) { return args; }
#define g(u, v, args...) [&](auto &&u, auto &&v) { return args
xor-basis
  xor-basis
  • https://thesobersobber.github.io/CP-Snippets/xor-basis
  • github-snip-file
struct XorBasis{
    private:
    vector<ll> basis;
    int lg;
    int sz = 0;
    public:
    XorBasis(int lg) : lg(lg){
        basis.resize(lg);
    }
    void add(ll x){
        if(x >= (111 << lg)) return;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){</pre>
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 basis[i] = x;
                 ++SZ;
             x^=basis[i];
        }
    }
    bool contains(ll x){
        for(int i=0;i<lg;i++){</pre>
             if(~x&(1ll<<i)) continue;</pre>
             if(!basis[i]){
                 return false;
             }
             x^=basis[i];
         }
        return true;
    }
    int size(){
         return sz;
    }
    const vector<ll>::iterator begin(){
        return basis.begin();
    }
    const vector<ll>::iterator end(){
        return basis.end();
    }
};
```