NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

**KOMBINASI B:** 

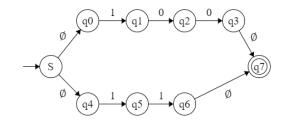
Essay (100 %)  $\rightarrow$  Tiap soal berbobot 25%

# 1. Gambarkan $\epsilon$ -NFA dengan menggunakan Thompson Construction dari RE dibawah ini :

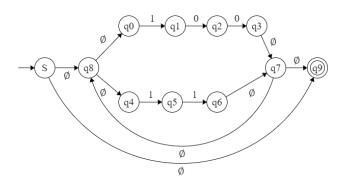
a. (100|11)\* 1 0+

Jawaban:

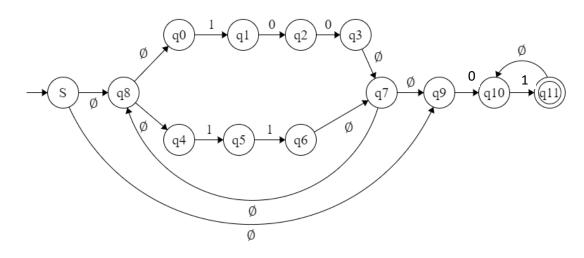
Langkah 1: (100|11)



Langkah 2: (100 |11)\*



Langkah 3: (100|11)\* 01+



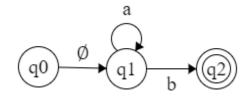
NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

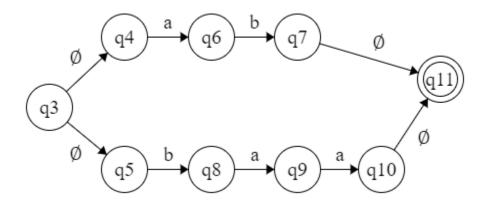
b. a\*b (ab|baa)?

Jawaban:

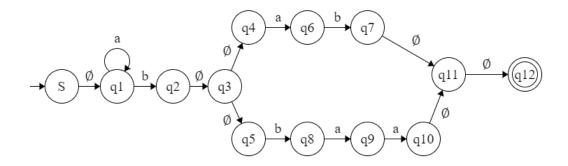
Langkah 1: a\*b



Langkah 2: (ab|baa)



Langkah 3: a\*b (ab|baa)?



NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

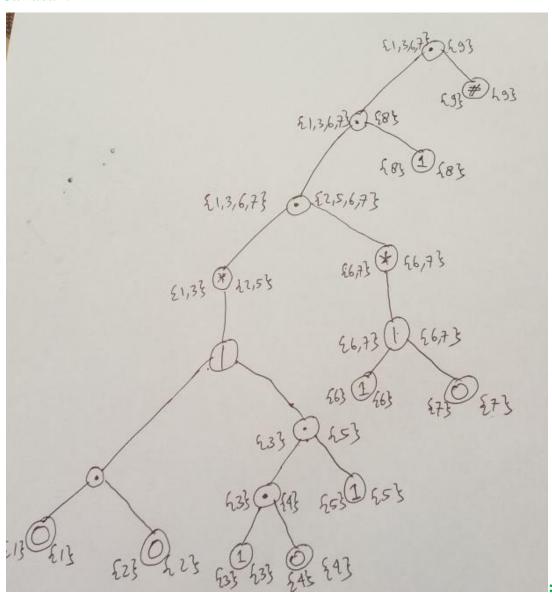
KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

2. Lakukan konversi RE to DFA directly dari RE dibawah ini :

(00|101)\* (1|0)\* 1

a. Buatlah Syntax tree lengkap dengan firstpos dan lastpos

#### Jawaban:



NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

b. Tentukan firstpos root dan followpos

## Jawaban:

**Firstpost Root** =  $\{1, 3, 6, 7\}$ .

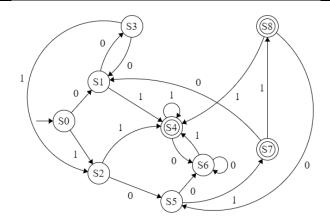
# **FollowPost of the Tree:**

Character	Nodes (n)	FollowPost (n)		
0	1	{2}		
0	2	{1, 3, 6, 7, 8}		
1	3	{4}		
0	4	{5}		
1	5	{1, 3, 6, 7, 8}		
1	6	{6, 7, 8}		
0	7	{6, 7, 8}		
1	8	{9}		
#	9	-		

## c. Buatlah DFAnya dan gambarkan hasilnya

#### Jawaban:

STATES	0	1
S0 = 1,3,6,7	S1 = 2,6,7,8	S2 = 4,6,7,8
S1 = 2,6,7,8	S3 = 1,3,6,7,8	*S4 = 6,7,8,9
S2 = 4,6,7,8	S5 = 5,6,7,8	*S4
S3 = 1,3,6,7,8	S1	S2
*S4 = 6,7,8,9	S6 = 6,7,8	*S4
S5 = 5,6,7,8	S6	*S7 = 1,3,6,7,8,9
S6 = 6,7,8	S6	*S4
*S7 = 1,3,6,7,8,9	S1	*S8 = 4,6,7,8,9
*S8 = 4,6,7,8,9	S5	*S4



NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

- 3. Untuk CFG di bawah ini, lakukan left recursion elimination/left factoring
  - a.  $S \rightarrow SAA \mid ab \mid aa \mid BCA \mid BC$

$$A \rightarrow AbA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow SAB \mid b$$

#### Jawaban:

- Left Recursion:
- Langkah 1:

Lakukan left recursion dari S → SAA | ab | aa | BCA | BC

Setelah Eliminasi Left Recursion, hasilnya menjadi:

$$S' \rightarrow AAS' \mid \epsilon$$

#### Sekarang, Keseluruhan Grammar menjadi:

$$S' \rightarrow AAS' \mid \epsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow AbA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow SAB \mid b$$

#### • Langkah 2:

Lakukan Left Recursion dari A → AbA | a

#### Sekarang, Keseluruhan Grammar menjadi:

$$S' \rightarrow AAS' \mid \epsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow aA'$$

$$A' \rightarrow bAA' \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow SAB \mid b$$

NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

## • Langkah 3:

Ubah B  $\rightarrow$  SAB | b di dalam grammar.

#### Sekarang, Keseluruhan Grammar menjadi:

$$S \rightarrow abS' \mid aaS' \mid BCAS' \mid BCS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow AAS' \mid \epsilon$$

A→aA'

 $A' \rightarrow bAA' \mid \epsilon$ 

 $B \rightarrow SaA'B \mid b$ 

#### • Langkah 4:

#### Hasil Akhir Grammar setelah menghilangkan Left Recursion:

$$S {\longrightarrow} abS' \mid aaS' \mid BCAS' \mid BCS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow AAS' \mid \epsilon$$

 $A \rightarrow aA'$ 

 $A' \rightarrow bAA' \mid \epsilon$ 

 $B \rightarrow SaA'B \mid b$ 

#### • Left Factoring:

#### • Langkah 1:

Mulai dari  $S \rightarrow SAA \mid ab \mid aa \mid BCA \mid BC$ 

#### Hasil nya menjadi:

$$S \rightarrow SAA \mid ab \mid aa \mid BCS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow A \mid \epsilon$$

#### • Langkah 2:

#### Lakukan Left Factoring lagi menjadi:

$$S \rightarrow SAA \mid aD \mid BCS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow A \mid \epsilon$$

$$D \rightarrow b \mid a$$

NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

#### • Langkah 3:

## **Hasil Akhir Grammar Setelah Left Factoring:**

$$S \rightarrow SAA \mid aD \mid BCS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow A \mid \epsilon$$

$$D \rightarrow b \mid a$$

$$A \rightarrow AbA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow SAB \mid b$$

## b. $S \rightarrow aAB \mid aaBC \mid Aab \mid ABc \mid c$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid b$$

$$B \rightarrow baC \mid baA \mid b$$

$$C \rightarrow c$$

#### Jawaban:

#### • Left Recursion:

$$S \rightarrow aAB$$

$$S \rightarrow aaBC$$

$$S \rightarrow Aab$$

$$S \to ABc$$

$$S \rightarrow c$$

$$A \rightarrow aA$$

$$A \rightarrow b$$

$$B \rightarrow baC$$

$$B \rightarrow baA$$

$$B \rightarrow b$$

$$C \rightarrow c$$

Tidak ada Left Recursion Secara Langsung maupun Secara Tidak Langsung dalam Grammar.

NAMA: Edward NIM

: 2201741971

**KELAS: LB-08** 

Mata Kuliah : Compilation Techniques

**Kode Mata Kuliah** : COMP6062

Fakultas / Departemen : School of Computer Science

## • Left Factoring:

### • Langkah 1:

 $B \rightarrow baC$ 

 $B \rightarrow baA$ 

 $B \to b$ 

## Mengandung Left Factoring dan dapat disederhanakan menjadi:

$$B \rightarrow bB'$$

$$B' \rightarrow aB'' | \epsilon$$

$$B'' \rightarrow C|D$$
.

#### • Langkah 2:

$$S \rightarrow aAB$$

$$S \rightarrow aaBC$$

#### Mengandung Left Factoring dan dapat disederhanakan menjadi:

$$S' \rightarrow AB \mid aBC$$

#### • Langkah 3:

#### **Hasil Akhir Grammar Setelah Left Factoring:**

$$S\rightarrow aS'$$

$$S' \rightarrow AB \mid aBC$$

$$S \rightarrow Aab$$

$$S \to ABc \\$$

$$S \rightarrow c$$

$$A \rightarrow aA$$

$$A \rightarrow b$$

$$B \rightarrow bB'$$

$$B' \rightarrow aB'' | \epsilon$$

$$B'' \rightarrow C|D$$
.

$$C \rightarrow c$$

NIM : 2201741971 Kode Mata Kuliah : COMP6062

KELAS: LB-08 Fakultas / Departemen: School of Computer Science

4. Di ketahui Grammar sbb:

$$E \rightarrow TR$$
  $T \rightarrow FP$   $F \rightarrow n \mid (E)$ 

$$R \rightarrow + E \mid \epsilon$$
  $P \rightarrow * T \mid \epsilon$ 

# a. Buatlah Predictive Parsing Table

## Jawaban:

TERMINAL		*	,	,		ć
NON-TERMINAL	+	*	(	)	n	\$
E			E→TR		E→TR	
R	R → + E			R → ε		R → ε
Т			T→FP		T → F P	
Р	P <b>→</b> ε	P <del>→</del> * T		P <b>→</b> ε		Ρ → ε
F			F → (E)		F <del>→</del> n	

## **b.** Buatlah Stack Implementation untuk string: n \* (n + n)

## Jawaban:

Stack	Input	Rule
\$ E	n *( n + n ) \$	
\$ R T	n *( n + n ) \$	$E \rightarrow TR$
\$ R P F	n *( n + n ) \$	$T \rightarrow FP$
\$ R P n	n *( n + n ) \$	$F \rightarrow n$
\$ R P	*( n + n ) \$	