Queries and Functional Dependencies of Flickr.com(Part-2)

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Table	Functional Dependency	Minimal Cover	Candidate Keys
User Table	User_ID->	User_ID->Name	{User ID},
	Name,Password,Web_Address	User_ID->Password	{Web_Address}
	Web_Address->User_ID	User_ID->Web_Address	
		Web_Address->User_ID	
Album Table	Album_ID->	Album_ID->Album_Name	{Album ID}
	Album_Name,Owner_User_Id,	Album_ID->Owner_User_ID	
	Date_Created,Description	Album_ID->Date_Created	
		Album_ID->Description	
Photos	Photo_ID->	Photo_ID->Date_Created	{Photo ID}
	Date_Created,Privacy,Who_can_com	Photo_ID->Privacy	
	ment,Description,Owner_User_ID	Photo_ID->	
		Who_can_comment	
		Photo_ID->Description	
		Photo_ID->	
		Owner_User_ID	
Group	Group_ID->	Group_ID->Group_Name	{Group ID}
	Group_Name,Date_Created	Group_ID->Date_Created	
Belongs_to_Album	Trivial FD	Trivial Dependencies	{Album_ID,Photo_ID}
Belongs_to_Group	Trivial FD	Trivial Dependencies	{Group_ID,Photo_ID}
Profile_pic	Photo_ID->User_ID,User_ID->	Photo_ID->User_ID	{User ID},{Photo ID}
	Photo_ID	User_ID->Photo_ID	
Likes	Trivial FD	Trivial Dependencies	{Photo_ID,User_ID}
Member	User_ID,Group_ID->Type	User_ID,Group_ID->Type	{User_ID,Group_ID}
Follows	Trivial FD	Trivial Dependencies	{User_ID,Follow_ID}
Followed_ID	Trivial Fd	Trivial Dependencies	{User_ID,Following_ID}

We can see that all the tables are already in BCNF. So, none of them needs to be decomposed. However, all tables are in BCNF as we have created E-R diagram and Relational Schema keeping in mind a little bit of normalization and by luck we have got all in BCNF.

Assumptions:

- 1. Profile Pic has to be from the same user account
- 2.User can't hold more than one tags ("Member", "Admin", "Moderator") for attribute Member_Type of Member table
- 3. Since there was no attribute for favourite photos in our E-R diagram, we included that by allowing user to like his own photo.

Basic Operations of the Website along with queries and its results:

• It shows stats tab for each user like groups in which they are admins. Query1: List the users that are admin of at least one group.

• It keeps track of popular personalities or figures by analyzing number of their followers. Query2: Find the name of all the users having more followers than the people they follow

• It keeps track of favorite photos in the favorite tab (Favorite photos is that one which is liked by his own user).

Query3: Find favorite photos of user ID u1.

• It shows number of likes on the profile pic of each user and decides whose profile pic is trending. Query4: All users having number of likes on their profile pic greater than 2.

```
CREATE VIEW PP as
(SELECT Photo ID, User ID as PPUser
FROM User NATURAL JOIN Profile Pic);
SELECT PPUser
FROM PP JOIN Likes on Likes. Photo ID=PP. Photo ID
group by PPUser
having count(Likes.User ID) > 1;
mysql> drop view PP;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> CREATE VIEW PP as
    -> (SELECT Photo_ID, User_ID as PPUser
     -> FROM User NATURAL JOIN Profile_Pic);
 Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
mysql> SELECT PPUser
     -> FROM PP JOIN Likes on Likes.Photo ID=PP.Photo ID
     -> group by PPUser
     -> having count(Likes.User_ID) > 1;
  PPUser
  u1
  u7
  rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

• It also shows in the groups tab in which group you are joined Query5: Show the names of groups joined by any particular user with User_ID "u2".

• It shows top contributors from each group.

Query6: List the top contributors of each group along with user ID and group ID.

```
CREATE VIEW TopGroup as
(SELECT GroupFLickr.Group_ID,User_ID,count(Photo_ID)as countphoto
FROM Photo NATURAL JOIN Belongs_to_Group,GroupFlickr
WHERE GroupFlickr.Group_ID=Belongs_to_Group.Group_ID
group by GroupFlickr.Group_ID,User_ID);

SELECT Group_ID,User_ID
FROM TopGroup as TG
WHERE countphoto >= all(SELECT countphoto from TopGroup where TopGroup.Group_ID=TG.Group_ID);
```

Query7: List all the users whose Privacy of all the photos in any of their album is marked as private.

```
SELECT User_ID

FROM Album

WHERE Album_ID in (SELECT Album_ID FROM Album as al

WHERE EXISTS (Select * From Belongs_to_Album natural join Photo

where Album_ID=al.Album_ID and Privacy="Private"));

mysql> SELECT User_ID

-> FROM Album
-> WHERE Album_ID in (SELECT Album_ID FROM Album as al

-> WHERE EXISTS (Select * From Belongs_to_Album natural join Photo

-> where Album_ID=al.Album_ID and Privacy="Private"));

+-----+

User_ID |

+-----+

User_ID |

+-----+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```