

# How to implement DHCP in W5200

Version 0.9Beta



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## 1 Introduction

DHCP server uses DHCP to assign details like IP address or settings to the client that uses the DHCP. This application note will explain how to implement DHCP client by using W5200.

## 2 DHCP

DHCP uses UDP (User Datagram Protocol) through Transport Layer, and communicates with the DHCP server using UDP broadcast. Fig.1 describes the communication between the DHCP server and client.

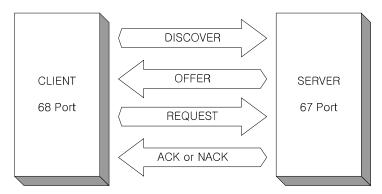


Fig. 1 DHCP Message

DHCP Client broadcasts the 'DISCOVERY message' on the connected network. If a DHCP Server exists on the computer network, the DHCP Server will receive the 'DISCOVERY message' and send the 'OFFER message' to the DHCP client. 'OFFER message' consists of an IP that can be used by DHCP client, Gateway(G/W), network information that is the same as the DNS server IP, and information like lease time. DHCP Client can acknowledge the DHCP Server by receiving the 'OFFER message,' and send the 'REQEUST message' to use the information suggested by the server. Then after the 'REQUEST message' is received, the DHCP Server decides whether the Lease duration (the period of time where the DHCP client IP address can be used) and Network configuration can be used or not. If the above information can be used, the DHCP Server will send an ACK message to the DHCP Client; or a NACK message if the information can't be used.



### 3 DHCP Client

#### 3.1 Demonstration

Fig.2 shows the result of DHCP Client Test by connecting W5200E01-M3 and network gear. The DISCOVER/OFFER/REQUEST/ACK messages can be checked. The DHCP Client network configuration assigned by the DHCP Server can be checked also.

```
DHCP Client for W5200
                                                     DHCP Client for W5200
MAC: 0x00.0x08.0xDC.0x01.0x02.0x03
                                                   MAC: 0x00.0x08.0xDC.0x01.0x02.0x03
DHCP socket 0
                                                   DHCP socket 0
                                                                       ok.
DHCP SetIP.
                                                   DHCP SetIP.
sent DHCP DISCOVER
                                                   sent DHCP_DISCOVER
DHCP MSG received.
                                                    retry nubmer=1<<timeout>> state : STATE_DHCP_DISCOVER
yiaddr: 192.168.0.66
                                                   sent DHCP DISCOVER
sent DHCP REQUEST
                                                   retry nubmer=2<<timeout>> state : STATE DHCP DISCOVER
state : STATE_DHCP_REQUEST
                                                   sent DHCP DISCOVER
DHCP MSG received.
                                                   retry nubmer=3<<timeout>> state : STATE_DHCP_DISCOVER
yiaddr: 192.168.0.66
                                                   sent DHCP_DISCOVER
state: STATE_DHCP_LEASED
                                                   sent DHCP DISCOVER
Get network information from DHCP Server...
                                                   timeout
                                                   state : STATE_DHCP_DISCOVER
  -----
                                                   Fail to get a IP adress from DHCP server
 W5200 SPI mode Net Config Information
                                                    Apply the default network information!!!
MAC ADDRESS
                                                     W5200 SPI mode Net Config Information
00.08.dc.01.02.03
SUBNET MASK
                                                   MAC ADDRESS
255.255.255.0
                                                   00.08.dc.01.02.03
                                                   SUBNET MASK
G/W IP ADDRESS :
192.168.0.1
                                                   0.0.0.0
LOCAL IP ADDRESS
                                                   G/W IP ADDRESS :
192.168.0.66
                                                   0.0.0.0
                                                   LOCAL IP ADDRESS :
                                                   0.0.0.0
```

Figure 2 DHCP processing (Left:success & Right:timeout)

If there is no DHCP server in you network, DHCP processing will time out (See Figure 2, right). By default, W5200 will retry 3 times until the response of DHCP\_DISCOVER (Offer) is received, otherwise W5200 will use zero as network parameters (IP: 0.0.0.0, subnet: 0.0.0.0, G/W: 0.0.0.0)



## 4. Software

#### 3.2 Socket

#### 3.2.1 OPEN

Since the internet connection is not required between the DHCP Server and DHCP Client, DHCP needs to be opened by UDP. Use Sn\_MR\_UDP as shown below to OPEN the socket (line886).

```
dhcp.h

/* UDP port numbers for DHCP */

25  #define DHCP_SERVER_PORT 67 /* from server to client */

26  #define DHCP_CLIENT_PORT 68 /* from client to server */

dhcp.c

886: socket(SOCK_DHCP, Sn_MR_UDP, DHCP_CLIENT_PORT, 0x0)
```

#### 4.1.2 SEND

The user must set the other user's IP address and port before sending the DHCP data. The DHCP\_SERVER\_PORT is fixed to 67. When DISCOVER or REQUEST is operated, The IP address uses the BROADCAST address (255.255.255.255) to send data. After receiving the DHCP Server IP from the DHCP message, use the parsed DHCP Server IP (DHCP\_SIP[]) to send data (line287).

```
dhcp.c
/* DST IP: BroadCasting*/
     270:
                  if(dhcp_state < STATE_DHCP_LEASED)
                   {
                              ip[0] = 255;
                              ip[1] = 255;
                              ip[2] = 255;
                              ip[3] = 255;
                   }
                    else
                    {
                              ip[0] = DHCP_SIP[0];
                              ip[1] = DHCP_SIP[1];
                              ip[2] = DHCP_SIP[2];
                              ip[3] = DHCP_SIP[3];
                    }
```



```
// send MSG to Broadcasting
285: sendto(s, (u_char*)pRIPMSG, sizeof(RIP_MSG), ip, DHCP_SERVER_PORT)
```

#### 4.1.3 RECEIVE

This section is identical with the RECEIVE section of UDP. Please refer to 'How to implement UDP in W5200.'

```
dhcp.c

415: len = recvfrom(s, (u_char *)pRIPMSG, length, svr_addr, &svr_port);
```

# 4.1.4 DHCP Message Format

The structure below is composed of codes that work with the DHCP message. (Please refer to the RFC1541 document for more details on DHCP Message Format and each Field). The fileds below the ciaddr field are used to send network information; and the options field is used to send message type and information like client identifier.

```
dhcp.h
128:/**
       * @brief for the DHCP message
    typedef struct _RIP_MSG
    {
         u_char
                  op;
         u_char
                  htype;
         u_char
                  hlen;
         u_char
                  hops;
                  xid;
         u_long
         u_int
                  secs;
         u_int
                  flags;
         u_char
                  ciaddr[4];
         u_char
                  yiaddr[4];
                  siaddr[4];
         u_char
         u_char
                  giaddr[4];
         u_char
                  chaddr[16];
         u_char
                  sname[64];
         u_char
                  file[128];
                   OPT[312];
         u_char
   }RIP_MSG;
```



#### 4.2 DHCP Functions

The functions for implementing the DHCP client are listed under dhcp.h and dhcp.c below.

```
dhcp.h
     void init_dhcp_client(SOCKET s, void (*ip_update)(void),void (*ip_conflict)(void)); // Initialize the
     DHCP client
     u_int init_dhcpc_ch(SOCKET s);
                                        // Initialize the socket for DHCP client
     u_int getIP_DHCPS(void);
                                        //Get the network configuration from the DHCP server
     void check_DHCP_state(SOCKET s);
                                              // Check the DHCP state
dhcp.c
     static void send_DHCP_DISCOVER(SOCKET s); /* Send the discovery message to the DHCP server */
     static void send_DHCP_REQUEST(SOCKET s); /* Send the request message to the DHCP server */
     static char parseDHCPMSG(SOCKET s, u_int length); /* Receive the message from DHCP server
     and parse it. */
     static void reset_DHCP_time(void);
                                               /* Initialize DHCP Timer */
                                               /* Check DHCP Timeout */
     static void check_DHCP_Timeout(void);
                                               /* Apply the leased IP address to LP-NetCAM II */
     static void set_DHCP_network(void);
     static void proc_ip_conflict(void);
                                               /* called when the leased IP address is conflict */
```



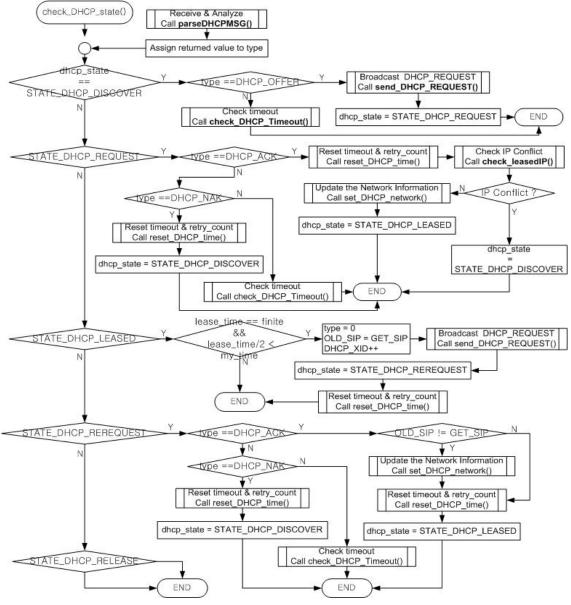


Fig. 2 check\_dhcp function

Fig.3 shows the flowchart of check\_dhcp(). DHCP\_OFFER, DHCP\_ACK, and DHCP\_REQUEST are operated depending on the change (transition) of dhcp\_state. Fig.4 shows the flowchart of parseDHCPMSG(). parseDHCPMSG() is used to phishing (parsing) DHCP messages. Fig.5 shows the flowchart of check\_LeaseIP() and send\_DHCP\_REQUEST().



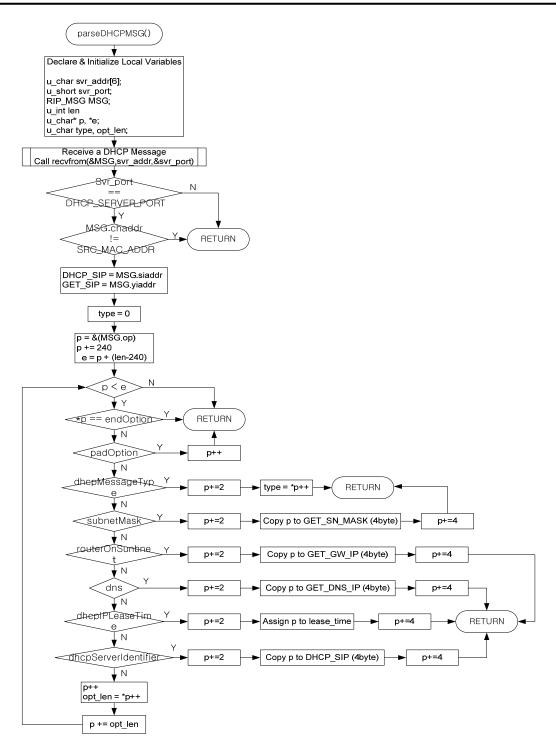


Fig. 3 parseDHCPMSG() function flowchart



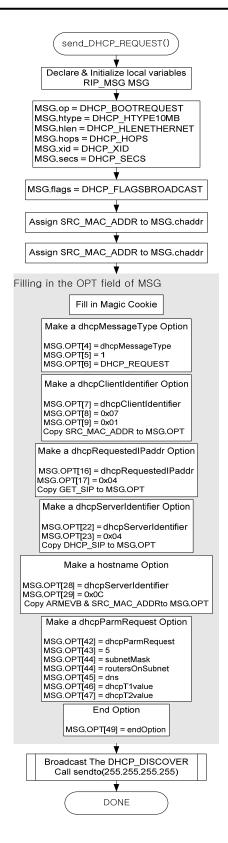


Fig. 4 send\_DHCP\_REQUEST() funciton flowchart



# **Document History Information**

Version	Date	Descriptions
Ver. 0.9Beta	Sep, 2011	

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