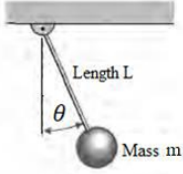


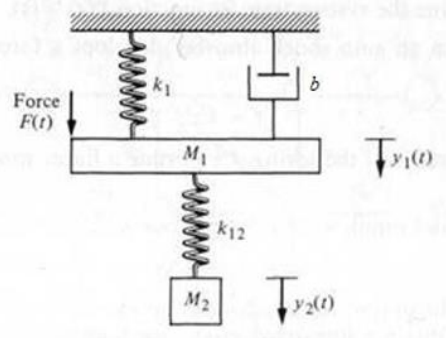
Questions

Tower – MATLAB and Simulink

Que 1.	Tower – Simulink	Block – Math Modeling
<p>The dynamics of the suspension of a vehicle are defined by this equation:</p> $\ddot{y}(t) = -\frac{C_D}{M}\dot{y}(t) - \frac{C_s}{M}y(t)$ <p>Create a Simulink model of the system and simulate it with a stop time of 15 seconds. Use these parameters and initial conditions:</p> <p>$M = 1 \text{ Kg}$, $C_D = 1 \frac{N-s}{m}$, $y_0 = 0 \text{ m}$, $C_s = 2 \frac{N}{m}$, $\dot{y}_0 = 0 \text{ m}$</p>		

Que 2.	Tower – Simulink	Block – Math Modeling
<p>Consider the pendulum oscillator shown in Figure. The torque on the mass is $T = mgL\sin\theta$ where g is the gravitational constant. The equilibrium condition for the mass is $\theta_0 = 0^\circ$. This approximation is reasonably accurate for $-\pi/4 < \theta < \pi/4$. Create a Simulink model for the Pendulum Oscillator considering the above conditions.</p>  <p>Equation –</p> $I\ddot{\theta} + mgL\theta = T_{in}$ <p>Where,</p> <p>$m = 1 \text{ Kg}$, $I_0 = 0.088 \text{ Kg.m}^2$, $L = 0.43 \text{ m}$, $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$</p>		

Que 3.	Tower – Simulink	Block – Math Modeling
<p>Dynamic Vibration Absorbers are based on the concept of attaching a secondary mass to a primary vibrating system such that the secondary mass dissipates the energy and thus reduce the amplitude of vibration of the primary mass system.</p> <p>In the given figure, the primary system is assumed to be a damped single-degree-of-freedom system of mass M_1, stiffness k_1 and damper b. The secondary system (Neutralizer) consists of mass M_2 attached to the primary system using a spring of stiffness k_{12}. The primary system is subjected to harmonic excitation $F(t) = 1 \cdot \sin(2 \cdot t)$. Develop a Simulink Model of dynamic vibration absorber based on the given equations and data below.</p>		



Equation-

$$M_1 \frac{d^2 y_1}{dt^2} + k_{12}(y_1 - y_2) + b \frac{dy_1}{dt} + k_1 y_1 = F(t)$$

$$M_2 \frac{d^2 y_2}{dt^2} + k_{12}(y_2 - y_1) = 0$$

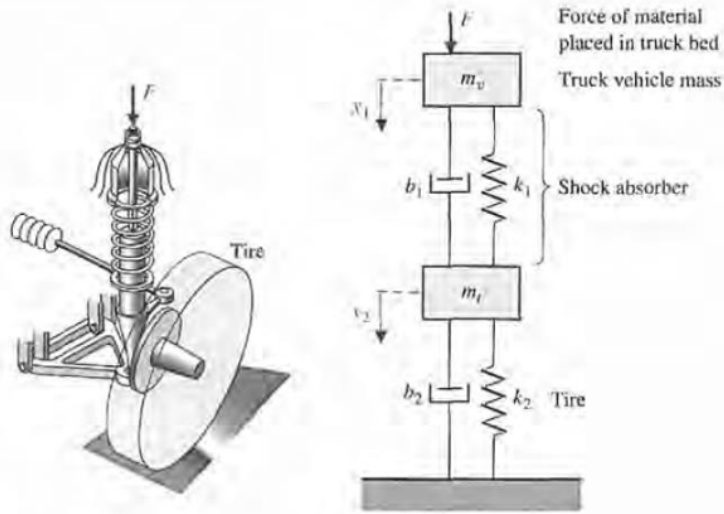
Where,
 $M_1 = 20 \text{ Kg}$, $M_2 = 200 \text{ Kg}$, $k_1 = 100 \text{ N/m}$, $b = 100 \text{ N-s/m}$

Que 4.

Tower – Simulink

Block – Math Modeling

A load added to a truck result in a force F on the support spring, and the tire flexes as shown in Figure. The model for the tire movement is shown in Figure. Develop a Simulink Model of truck support system based on the given equations and data below.



➤ Equation-

$$m_v \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} = F - k_1(x_1 - x_2) - b_1 \frac{d}{dt} (x_1 - x_2)$$

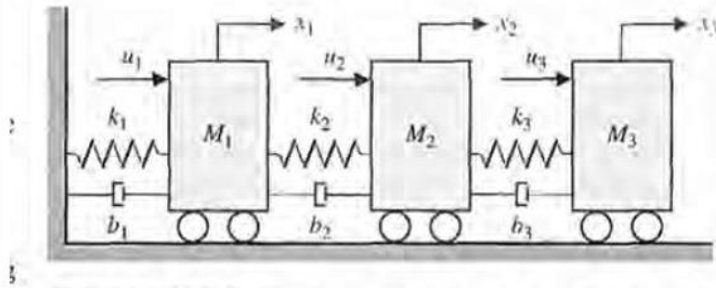
$$m_t \frac{d^2 x_2}{dt^2} = k_1(x_1 - x_2) + b_1 \frac{d}{dt} (x_1 - x_2) - k_2 x_2 - b_2 \frac{d}{dt} x_2$$

Where,

$$m_v = 2500 \text{ kg}, m_t = 200 \text{ kg}, k_1 = 80 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}, k_2 = 500 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}, b_1 = 350 \text{ N} \cdot \frac{\text{s}}{\text{m}}, b_2 = 15020 \text{ N} \cdot \frac{\text{s}}{\text{m}}$$

Que 5.	Tower – Simulink	Block – Math Modeling
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For the three-cart system illustrated in Figure, obtain the equations of motion. The system has three inputs u_1 , u_2 and u_3 and three outputs x_1 , x_2 and x_3 . Obtain three second-order ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients. Develop a Simulink Model of three cart system based on the given equations and data below.



➤ Equation-

$$1. \quad M_3 \frac{d^2 x_3}{dt^2} + b_3 \frac{dx_3}{dt} + k_3 x_3 = u_3 + b_3 \frac{dx_2}{dt} + k_3 x_2$$

$$2. \quad M_2 \frac{d^2 x_2}{dt^2} + (b_2 + b_3) \frac{dx_2}{dt} + (k_2 + k_3) x_2 = u_2 + b_3 \frac{dx_3}{dt} + k_3 x_3 + b_2 \frac{dx_1}{dt} + k_2 x_1$$

$$3. \quad M_1 \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} + (b_1 + b_2) \frac{dx_1}{dt} + (k_1 + k_2) x_1 = u_1 + b_2 \frac{dx_2}{dt} + k_2 x_2$$

Where,

$$M_1 = 4 \text{ Kg}, M_2 = 2 \text{ Kg}, M_3 = 1 \text{ Kg}$$

$$k_1 = 3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{s}}, k_2 = 1 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{s}}, k_3 = 1 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{s}},$$

$$b_1 = b_2 = b_3 = 1 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{sec}}{\text{m}}$$